

Sauls Wharf House Crittens Road Great Yarmouth Norfolk NR31 0AG

MCOT256064BA-	·YM 2	256 x 64		OLED Module
			Specification	
Versio	on: 2		Date: 06/06/2015	
			Revision	
1	13/05/20	14	First Revision.	
2	04/06/20	15	Updated Revision.	

Display F	eatures	\bigcirc	
Resolution	256 x 64		
Appearance	Yellow on Black		
Logic Voltage	2.8V		RoHS compliant
Interface	Multi		compliant
Module Size	88.00 x 27.80 x 2.00mm		
Operating Temperature	-30°C ~ +85°C	Box Quantity	Weight / Display
Construction	Сот С		

* - For full design functionality, please use this specification in conjunction with the SSD1322 specification.(Provided Separately)

DESIGN · MANUFACTURE · SUPPLY

Display Accessories				
Part Number	Description			
MPBV4-Iss2	Interface board compatible with any display that requires a direct solder connection to 0.7, 0.8, 0.845 or 1 mm. Supports any driver board that can be wired to a 2mm pitch 44-way DIL.			

Optional Variants				
Appearance	Voltage			

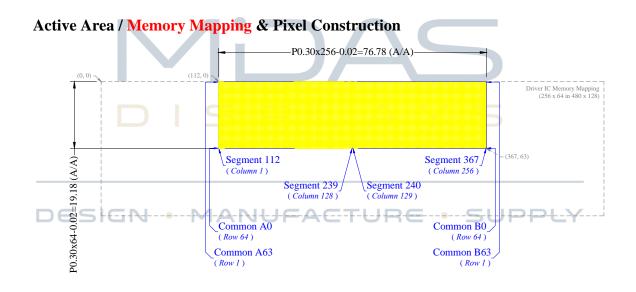
1. Basic Specifications

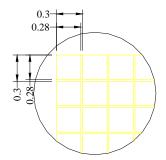
Display Specifications

- 1) Display Mode: Passive Matrix
- 2) Display Color: Monochrome (Yellow)
- 3) Drive Duty: 1/64 Duty

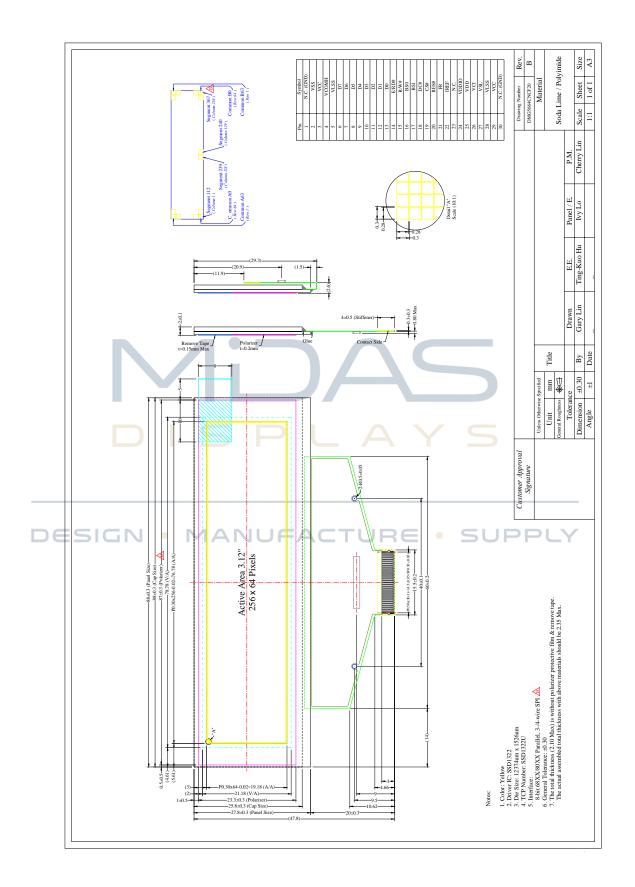
Mechanical Specifications

- 1) Outline Drawing: According to the annexed outline drawing
- 2) Number of Pixels: 256×64
- 3) Panel Size: $88.00 \times 27.80 \times 2.00 \text{ (mm)}$
- 4) Active Area: 76.78 × 19.18 (mm)
- 5) Pixel Pitch: 0.30×0.30 (mm)
- 6) Pixel Size: 0.28×0.28 (mm)
- 7) Weight: 9.95 (g)





Mechanical Drawing



Pin Definition

Pin Number	Symbol	Туре	Function
Power Suppl	у		
26	VCI	Р	<i>Power Supply for Operation</i> This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source & always be equal to or higher than VDD & VDDIO.
25	VDD	Р	<i>Power Supply for Core Logic Circuit</i> This is a voltage supply pin. It can be supplied externally (within the range of 2.4~2.6V) or regulated internally from VCI. A capacitor should be connected between this pin & VSS under all circumstances.
24	VDDIO	Р	<i>Power Supply for I/O Pin</i> This pin is a power supply pin of I/O buffer. It should be connected to VDD or external source. All I/O signa should have VIH reference to VDDIO. When I/O signa pins (BS0~BS1, D0~D7, control signals) pull high they should be connected to VDDIO.
2	VSS	Р	<i>Ground of Logic Circuit</i> This is a ground pin. It also acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be connected to external ground.
3, 29	VCC	Р	<i>Power Supply for OEL Panel</i> These are the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. They must be connected to external source.
5, 28	VLSS	Р	Ground of Analog Circuit These are the analog ground pins. They should be connected to VSS externally.
Driver			
22	IREF	I	<i>Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment</i> This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and VSS. Set the current lower than 10uA.
4	VCOMH	P	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high leve for COM signals. A tantalum capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
27	VSL	Р	Voltage Output Low Level for SEG Signal This is segment voltage reference pin. When external VSL is not used, this pin should be lef open. When external VSL is used, this pin should connect with resistor and diode to ground.
Testing Pads			
21	FR	0	Frame Frequency Triggering Signal This pin will send out a signal that could be used to identify the driver status. Nothing should be connected to this pin. It should be left open individually.

Pin Definition (Continued)

Pin Number	Symbol	I/O	Function		
Interface			·		
16 17	BS0 BS1	Ι	Communicating Protocol Select These pins are MCU interface select following table: 3-wire SPI 4-wire SPI		. See the BS1 0 0
			8-bit 68XX Parallel 8-bit 80XX Parallel Power Reset for Controller and	1 0	1 1
20	RES#	Ι	This pin is reset signal input. We initialization of the chip is executed.	when the p	oin is low
19	CS#	Ι	Chip Select This pin is the chip select input. T. MCU communication only when CS		
18	D/C#	Ι	Data/Command Control This pin is Data/Command control p pulled high, the input at D7~D0 is tr When the pin is pulled low, the inp transferred to the command re relationship to MCU interface signa Timing Characteristics Diagrams.	eated as di out at D7~ gister.	splay data D0 will b For detai
14	E/RD#	P	Read/Write Enable or Read This pin is MCU interface input. 1 68XX-series microprocessor, this pi Enable (E) signal. Read/write opera this pin is pulled high and the CS# is When connecting to an 80XX-mic	n will be u tion is init pulled low	used as th iated whe
ESIGN	• MAN	JUF	receives the Read (RD#) signal. If initiated when this pin is pulled lo low. TURE • SU When serial mode is selected, this p to VSS.	Data read o w and CS	peration i # is pulle
15	R/W#	Ι	Read/Write Select or Write This pin is MCU interface input. V 68XX-series microprocessor, this Read/Write (R/W#) selection inpu "High" for read mode and pull it mode. When 80XX interface mode is sele the Write (WR#) input. Data write when this pin is pulled low and the C When serial mode is selected, this p to VSS.	pin will b it. Pull t to "Low" ceted, this p operation CS# is pulle	be used a his pin t ' for writ pin will b is initiate ed low.
6~13	D7~D0	I/O	Host Data Input/Output Bus These pins are 8-bit bi-direction connected to the microprocessor's da mode is selected, D1 will be the se and D0 will be the serial clock input Unused pins must be connected to serial mode.	ata bus. W erial data in SCLK.	Vhen seri nput SDI

Pin Definition (Continued)

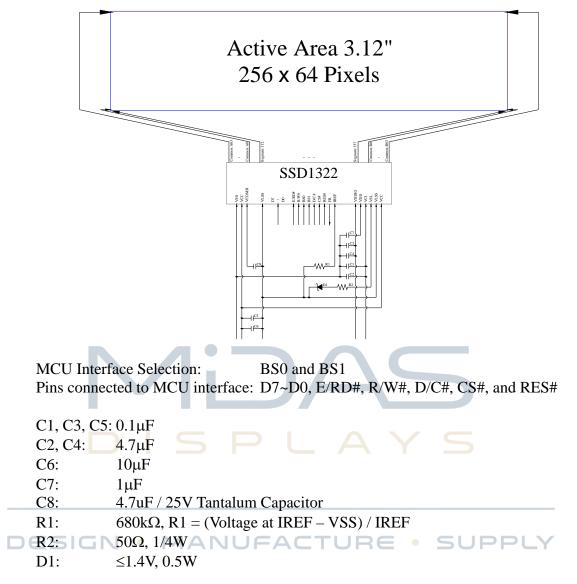
Pin Number	Symbol	I/O	Function
Reserve			
23	N.C.	_	<i>Reserved Pin</i> The N.C. pin between function pins are reserved for compatible and flexible design.
1, 30	N.C. (GND)	-	<i>Reserved Pin (Supporting Pin)</i> The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function pins. These pins must be connected to external ground.

MDAS DISPLAYS

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Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Operation	V _{CI}	-0.3	4	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Logic	V_{DD}	-0.5	2.75	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for I/O Pins	V _{DDIO}	-0.5	V _{CI}	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Display	V _{CC}	-0.5	16	V	1, 2
Operating Current for V _{CC}	I _{CC}	_	55	mA	1, 2
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	-30	85	°C	_
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-40	90	°C	_

Lifetime 60cd/m2, 100,000 hours (TYP) Note 3.

- Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".
- Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 3. "Optics & Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.
- Note 3: $V_{CC} = 12V$, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$, 50% Checkerboard. Software configuration follows Section 4.4 Initialization. End of lifetime is specified as 50% of initial brightness reached. The average operating lifetime at room temperature is estimated by the accelerated operation at high temperature conditions.

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Optics & Electrical Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Brightness	L _{br}	Note 4	60	80	-	cd/m^2
	(x)	CIE 1021	0.47	0.50	0.53	
C.I.E. (Yellow)	(y)	C.I.E. 1931	0.46	0.49	0.52	
Dark Room Contrast	CR		-	>2000:1	-	
View Angle			>160	-	-	degree

Optics Characteristics

* Optical measurement taken at $V_{CI} = 2.8V$, $V_{CC} = 12V$.

Software configuration follows Section 4.4 Initialization.

DC Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Operation	V _{CI}		2.4	2.8	3.5	V
Supply Voltage for Logic	V_{DD}		2.4	2.5	2.6	V
Supply Voltage for I/O Pins	V _{DDIO}		1.65	1.8	V _{CI}	V
Supply Voltage for Display	V _{CC}	Note 4	11.5	12	12.5	V
High Level Input	V _{IH}		0.8×V _{DDIO}	5	V_{DDIO}	V
Low Level Input	V_{IL}		0	-	0.2×V _{DDIO}	V
High Level Output	V _{OH}	$I_{out} = 100 \mu A, 3.3 MHz$	0.9×V _{DDIO}	-	V _{DDIO}	V
 Low Level Output	V _{OL}	$I_{out} = 100 \mu A, 3.3 MHz$	0	-	0.1×V _{DDIO}	V
Operating Current for V _{CI}	I _{CI}			180	300	μA
Operating Current for V _{CC}		Note 5	-	28.1	35.1	mA
Operating Current for V _{CC}	I _{CC}	Note 6	-	47.7	59.7	mA
Sleep Mode Current for V_{CI}	$I_{CI, SLEEP}$		-	20	100	μΑ
Sleep Mode Current for V_{CC}	I _{CC, SLEEP}		_	2	10	μΑ

Note 4: Brightness (L_{br}) and Supply Voltage for Display (V_{CC}) are subject to the change of the panel characteristics and the customer's request.

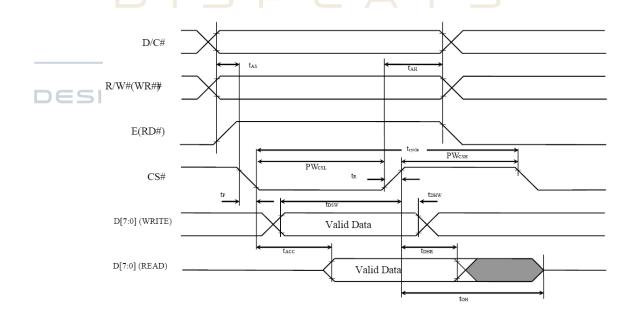
Note 5: $V_{CI} = 2.8V$, $V_{CC} = 12V$, 50% Display Area Turn on. Note 6: $V_{CI} = 2.8V$, $V_{CC} = 12V$, 100% Display Area Turn on.

* Software configuration follows Section 4.4 Initialization.

AC Characteristics

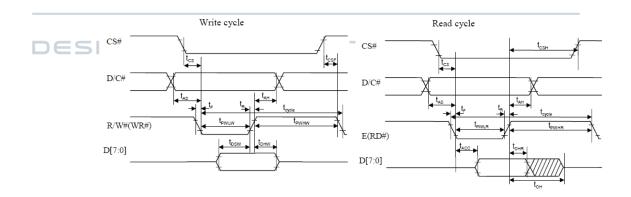
Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	300	-	ns
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time	10	-	ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	0	-	ns
t _{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	40	-	ns
t _{DHW}	Write Data Hold Time	7	-	ns
t _{DHR}	Read Data Hold Time	20	-	ns
t _{OH}	Output Disable Time	-	70	ns
t _{ACC}	Access Time	-	140	ns
DW	Chip Select Low Pulse Width (Read)	120		
PW _{CSL}	Chip Select Low Pulse Width (Write)	60	_	ns
DW	Chip Select High Pulse Width (Read)	60		
PW _{CSH}	Chip Select High Pulse Width (Write)	60	-	ns
t _R	Rise Time	_	15	ns
t _F	Fall Time	-)	15	ns

68XX-Series MPU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics:



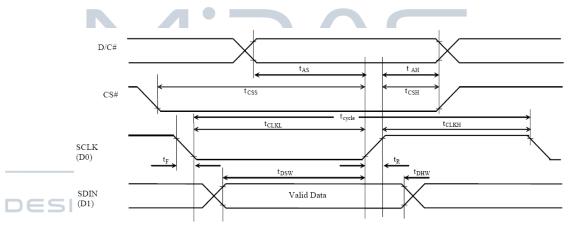
Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	300	-	ns
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time	10	-	ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	0	-	ns
t _{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	40	-	ns
t _{DHW}	Write Data Hold Time	7	-	ns
t _{DHR}	Read Data Hold Time	20	-	ns
t _{OH}	Output Disable Time	-	70	ns
t _{ACC}	Access Time	_	140	ns
t _{PWLR}	Read Low Time	150	-	ns
t _{PWLW}	Write Low Time	60	-	ns
t _{PWHR}	Read High Time	60	-	ns
t _{PWHW}	Write High Time	60	_	ns
t _{CS}	Chip Select Setup Time	0	-	ns
t _{CSH}	Chip Select Hold Time to Read Signal	0	-	ns
t _{CSF}	Chip Select Hold Time	20	-	ns
t _R	Rise Time	_	15	ns
t _F	Fall Time D A		15	ns

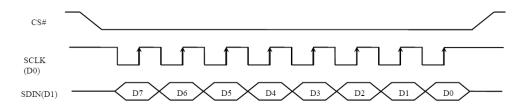
80XX-Series MPU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics:



Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	100	-	ns
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time	15	-	ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	15	-	ns
t _{CSS}	Chip Select Setup Time	20	-	ns
t _{CSH}	Chip Select Hold Time	10	-	ns
t _{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	15	-	ns
t _{DHW}	Write Data Hold Time	15	-	ns
t _{CLKL}	Clock Low Time	20	-	ns
t _{CLKH}	Clock High Time	20	-	ns
t _R	Rise Time	_	15	ns
t _F	Fall Time	_	15	ns

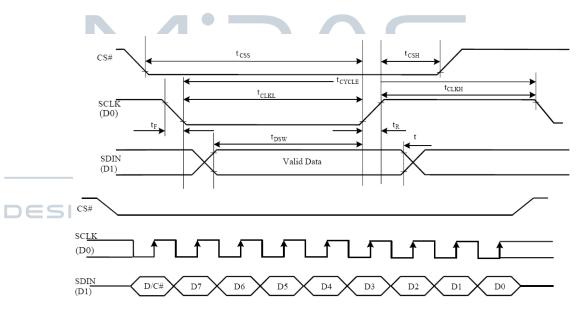
Serial Interface Timing Characteristics: (4-wire SPI)





Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	100	-	ns
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time	15	-	ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	15	-	ns
t _{CSS}	Chip Select Setup Time	20	-	ns
t _{CSH}	Chip Select Hold Time	10	-	ns
t _{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	15	-	ns
t _{DHW}	Write Data Hold Time	15	-	ns
t _{CLKL}	Clock Low Time	20	-	ns
t _{CLKH}	Clock High Time	20	-	ns
t _R	Rise Time	_	15	ns
t _F	Fall Time	_	15	ns

Serial Interface Timing Characteristics: (3-wire SPI)



Functional Specification

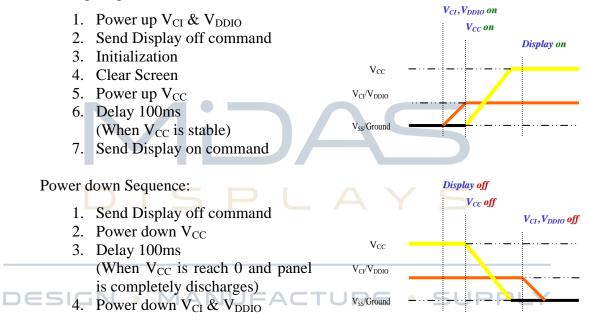
Commands

Refer to the Technical Manual for the SSD1322

Power down and Power up Sequence

To protect OEL panel and extend the panel life time, the driver IC power up/down routine should include a delay period between high voltage and low voltage power sources during turn on/off. It gives the OEL panel enough time to complete the action of charge and discharge before/after the operation.

Power up Sequence:



Reset Circuit

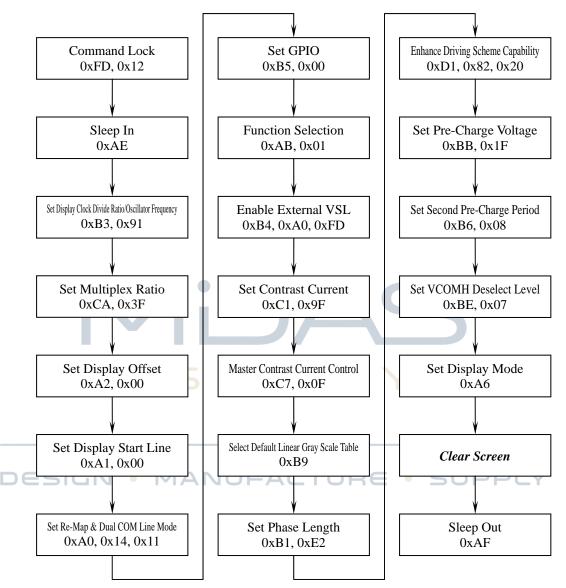
When RES# input is low, the chip is initialized with the following status:

- 1. Display is OFF
- 2. 480×128 Display Mode
- 3. Normal segment and display data column and row address mapping (SEG0 mapped to column address 00h and COM0 mapped to row address 00h)
- 4. Display start line is set at display RAM address 0
- 5. Column address counter is set at 0
- 6. Normal scan direction of the COM outputs
- 7. Contrast control registers is set at 7Fh

Actual Application Example

Command usage and explanation of an actual example

<Initialization>



If the noise is accidentally occurred at the displaying window during the operation, please reset the display in order to recover the display function.

Reliability

Contents of Reliability Tests

Item	Conditions	Criteria
High Temperature Operation	85°C, 500 hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	-30°C, 500 hrs	
High Temperature Storage	90°C, 500 hrs	The operational functions work.
Low Temperature Storage	-40°C, 500 hrs	
High Temperature/Humidity Operation	60°C, 90% RH, 240 hrs	
Thermal Shock	$-40^{\circ}C \Leftrightarrow 85^{\circ}C$, 100 cycles 30 mins dwell	

* The samples used for the above tests do not include polarizer.

* No moisture condensation is observed during tests.

Failure Check Standard

After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at $23\pm5^{\circ}$ C; $55\pm15^{\circ}$ RH.



Outgoing Quality Control Specifications

Environment Required

Customer's test & measurement are required to be conducted under the following conditions:

Temperature:	$23 \pm 5^{\circ}C$
Humidity:	55 ± 15 %RH
Fluorescent Lamp:	30W
Distance between the Panel & Lamp:	≥ 50 cm
Distance between the Panel & Eyes of the Inspector:	≥ 30 cm
Finger glove (or finger cover) must be worn by the inspector.	
Inspection table or jig must be anti-electrostatic.	

Sampling Plan

Level II, Normal Inspection, Single Sampling, MIL-STD-105E

Criteria & Acceptable Quality Level

Partition	AQL	Definition	
Major	0.65	Defects in Pattern Check (Display On)	
Minor	1.0	Defects in Cosmetic Check (Display Off)	

Cosmetic Check (Display Off) in Non-Active Area

	Check Item	Classification	Criteria
DES	GN • MANL	JFACT	X > 6 mm (Along with Edge) Y > 1 mm (Perpendicular to edge)
	Panel General Chipping	Minor	

	Check Item	Classification	Criteria
	Panel Crack	Minor	Any crack is not allowable.
	Cupper Exposed (Even Pin or Film)	Minor	Not Allowable by Naked Eye Inspection
	Film or Trace Damage	Minor	
	Glue or Contamination on Pin (Couldn't Be Removed by Alcohol)	Minor	
DES	Terminal Lead Prober Mark	Acceptable	
	Ink Marking on Back Side of panel (Exclude on Film)	Acceptable	Ignore for Any

Cosmetic Check (Display Off) in Non-Active Area (Continued)

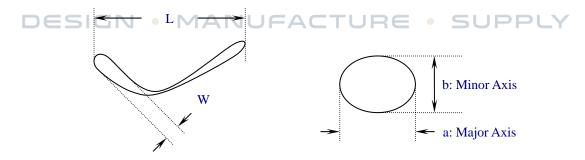
Cosmetic Check (Display Off) in Active Area

Check Item	Classification	Criteria	
Any Dirt & Scratch on Polarizer's Protective Film	Acceptable	Ignore for not Aff Polarizer	ect the
Scratches, Fiber, Line-Shape	Minon	$W \le 0.1$	Ignore
Defect (On Polarizer)	Minor	$W > 0.1, L \le 2$ L > 2	$\begin{array}{l} n \leq 1 \\ n = 0 \end{array}$
Dirt, Black Spot, Foreign Material, (On Polarizer)	Minor	$\Phi \le 0.1$ 0.1 < $\Phi \le 0.25$ 0.25 < Φ	Ignore $n \le 1$ n = 0
Dent, Bubbles, White spot (Any Transparent Spot on Polarizer)	Minor	Φ ≤ 0.5 → Ignore if no Inf Display 0.5 < Φ	luence on n = 0
Fingerprint, Flow Mark (On Polarizer)	U Minor	Not Allowab	le

It is recommended to execute in clear room environment (class 10k) if actual in necessary.

* Protective film should not be tear off when cosmetic check.

** Definition of W & L & Φ (Unit: mm): $\Phi = (a + b) / 2$



	Check Item	Classification	Criteria
	No Display	Major	
	Missing Line	Major	
	Pixel Short	Major	
DES	DISF Darker Pixel		
	Wrong Display	Major	
	Un-uniform	Major	

Pattern Check (Display On) in Active Area

8. Precautions When Using These OEL Display Modules

Handling Precautions

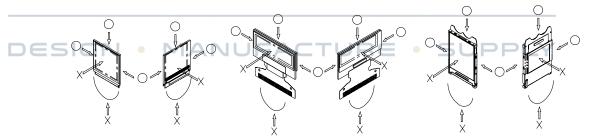
- 1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- 2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- 3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OEL display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- 4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OEL display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OEL display module.
- 5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OEL display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.

* Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.

Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer: * Water

- * Ketone
- * Aromatic Solvents
- 6) Hold OEL display module very carefully when placing OEL display module into the system housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OEL display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- 7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- 8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OEL display module.
- 9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- 10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OEL display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
 - * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OEL display modules.
 - * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
 - * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
 - * Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OEL display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- 11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes

the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OEL display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5).

12) If electric current is applied when the OEL display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

Storage Precautions

 When storing OEL display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. and, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments. (We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Okf cu Displayu)

At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.

2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OEL display module, when the OEL display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.

Designing Precautions

- 1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OEL display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
- 2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
 - 3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
 - 4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
 - 5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
 - 6) When fastening the OEL display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
 - 7) If power supply to the OEL display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OEL display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OEL display module.
 - 8) The electric potential to be connected to the rear face of the IC chip should be as follows: SSD1322
 - * Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.

Precautions when disposing of the OEL display modules

1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OEL display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

Other Precautions

- When an OEL display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern may remain as an after image or slight contrast deviation may occur. Nonetheless, if the operation is interrupted and left unused for a while, normal state can be restored. Also, there will be no problem in the reliability of the module.
- 2) To protect OEL display modules from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OEL display modules.
 - * Pins and electrodes
 - * Pattern layouts such as the COF
- 3) With this OEL display module, the OEL driver is being exposed. Generally speaking, semiconductor elements change their characteristics when light is radiated according to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if this OEL driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.
 - * Design the product and installation method so that the OEL driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.
 - * Design the product and installation method so that the OEL driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.
- 4) Although this OEL display module stores the operation state data by the commands and the indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal status may be changed. It therefore is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect from
- DESinfluences of noise on the system design. URE SUPPLY
 - 5) We recommend you to construct its software to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.