## $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$, Slew Rate Controlled Load Switch in WCSP

## DESCRIPTION

The SiP32460, SiP32461, and SiP32462 are slew rate controlled integrated high side load switches that operate over the input voltage range from 1.2 V to 5.5 V .
This series of design features slew rate control, reverse blocking when switch is off, output discharge, and control logic pull down. The devices are logic high enabled.
The SiP32460, SIP32461, and SiP32462 are available in compact wafer level WCSP package, WCSP4 $0.76 \mathrm{~mm} \times 0.76 \mathrm{~mm}$ with 0.4 mm pitch.

## FEATURES

- Low input voltage, 1.2 V to 5.5 V
- Low $R_{\text {on }}, 54 \mathrm{~m} \Omega / t y p$. at 3 V
- Slew rate control

RoHS
complant

- Compatible with 1.2 V to 3.3 V logic
- $7.5 \mu$ s turn-on time at 5 V (SiP32462)
- Reverse current blocking when switch is off
- Integrated output discharge switch (SiP32461)
- Integrated pull down resistor at "EN"
- For enable "Low" see SiP32467 and SiP32468
- 4-bump WCSP package
- Material categorization: For definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912


## APPLICATIONS

- Smart phones
- GPS and portable media players
- Tablet computers
- Medical and healthcare equipment
- Industrial and instrumentation
- Game consoles


## TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



Fig. 1 - Typical Application Circuit

| PART NUMBER | PACKAGE | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{on}} \\ & (\mu \mathrm{~s}) \end{aligned}$ | R ${ }_{\text {discharge }}$ | MARK CODE | TEMPERATURE RANGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SiP32460DB-T2-GE1 | WCSP4 (2x2) 0.4 mm Pitch | 300 | No | AF | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| SiP32461DB-T2-GE1 | WCSP4 (2x2) 0.4 mm Pitch | 300 | Yes | AG | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| SiP32462DB-T2-GE1 | WCSP4 (2x2) 0.4 mm Pitch | 7.5 | No | AH | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## PIN CONFIGURATION



Fig. 2 - WCSP $2 \times 2$ Package

| DEVICE MARKING |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Row 1 | Dot $+\mathbf{W}$ | : Dot is A1 locator plus week code |
| Row 2 | AB | $:$ Mark code for part number |
|  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{SiP} 32460=\mathrm{AF}$ |  |  |
| $\mathrm{SiP} 32461=\mathrm{AG}$ |  |  |
| $\mathrm{SiP} 32462=\mathrm{AH}$ |  |  |


| PIN DESCRIPTION (WSCP Package) |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| PIN\# | NAME | FUNCTION |
| A1 | OUT | Switch output |
| A2 | IN | Switch input |
| B1 | GND | Ground connection |
| B2 | EN | Switch on/off control. A pull down resistor is integrated |


| TRUTH TABLE |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| EN | SWITCH |
| 1 | ON |
| 0 | OFF |

SiP32460, SiP32461, SiP32462

| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | LIMIT | UNIT |
| Supply Input Voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ | Reference to GND | -0.3 to 6.5 | V |
| Output Voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Out }}$ | Reference to GND | -0.3 to 6.5 |  |
| Output Voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Out }}$ | Pulse at 1 ms reference to GND ${ }^{(1)}$ | -1.6 |  |
| Enable Input Voltage EN | Reference to GND | -0.3 to 6.5 |  |
| Maximum Continuous Switch Current |  | 1.2 | A |
| Maximum Pulse Switch Current | Pulse at $1 \mathrm{~ms}, 10 \%$ duty cycle | 2 |  |
| ESD Rating (HBM) |  | 4000 | V |
| Thermal Resistance |  | 205 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| Maximum Power Dissipation | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 300 | mW |
| TEMPERATURE |  |  |  |
| Operating Temperature |  | -40 to 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating Junction Temperature |  | 125 |  |
| Storage Temperature |  | -65 to 150 |  |

## Note

(1) Negative current injection up to 300 mA

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE

| ELECTRICAL PARAMETER | MINIMUM | TYPICAL | MAXIMUM | UNIT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Voltage $\left(V_{\text {IN }}\right)$ | 1.2 | - | 5.5 | V |
| Output Voltage $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}\right)$ | 1.2 | - | 5.5 |  |


| SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS <br> UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1.2 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> (Typical values are at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | LIMITS |  |  | UNIT |
|  |  |  | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |  |
| POWER SUPPLY |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quiescent Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{l}_{\text {OUT }}=0 \mathrm{~mA}$ | - | 4.5 | 7 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Shutdown Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SD }}$ | OUT = GND | - | 0.01 | 2 |  |
| Off Switch Current | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{DS} \text { (off) }}$ | $\mathrm{EN}=\mathrm{GND}, \mathrm{OUT}=\mathrm{GND}$ | - | 0.01 | 2 |  |
| Reverse Blocking Current | $\mathrm{l}_{\text {(in)RB }}$ | Out $=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{IN}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{EN}=0 \mathrm{~V}$, (Measured at IN pin) | - | 0.01 | 1 |  |
|  |  | Out $=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{IN}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{EN}=0 \mathrm{~V}$, (Measured at IN pin) | - | 0.01 | 1 |  |
| SWITCH RESISTANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| On Resistance | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS} \text { (on) }}$ | $\mathrm{l}_{\text {OUT }}=500 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 95 | 150 | $\mathrm{m} \Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\text {OUT }}=500 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 80 | 120 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=500 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\text {A }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 70 | 100 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\text {OUT }}=500 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 54 | 65 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\text {OUT }}=500 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 50 | 65 |  |
| Discharge Switch On Resistance | RPD | When $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 80 | - | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | When $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | <200 | - |  |
| EN Pin Pull Down Resistor | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{EN}}$ | $\mathrm{EN}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1 | 2.6 | 5 | $\mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| On Resistance Temperature Coefficient | TC RDS |  | - | 2800 |  | ppm $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |


| SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED$\begin{aligned} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}= & 1.2 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { (Typical values are at } 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | LIMITS |  |  | UNIT |
|  |  |  | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |  |
| ON/OFF LOGIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EN Input Low Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.4 | - | - | V |
| EN Input High Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1 |  |
| SWITCHING SPEED |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Switch Turn-ON Delay Time (SiP32461) | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {on_DLY }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{LOAD}}=500 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | - | 130 | - | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Switch Turn-ON Rise Time (SiP32461) | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{R}_{\text {LOAD }}=500 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | - | 170 | - |  |
| Switch Turn-ON Time (including Turn-ON Delay and Rise Time (SiP32462, fast switching) | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {on }}$ | $\begin{gathered} R_{\text {LOAD }}=500 \Omega, C_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | - | 7.5 | 20 |  |
| Switch Turn-OFF Delay Time | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {off }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{R}_{\text {LOAD }}=500 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \\ \left(50 \% \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }} \text { to } 90 \% \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}\right) \end{gathered}$ | - | 2 | - |  |

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



Fig. 3 - Functional Block Diagram

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise noted)


Fig. 4 - Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage


Fig. 5 - Off Supply Current vs. Input Voltage


Fig. 6 - Off Supply Current vs. Temperature


Fig. 7 - Quiescent Current vs. Temperature


Fig. 8 - Off Supply Current vs. Input Voltage


Fig. 9 - Off Supply Current vs. Temperature

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $\left(T_{J}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise noted)


Fig. 10 - Off Switch Current vs. Input Voltage


Fig. 11 - $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(o n)}$ vs. Input Voltage


Fig. 12 - Reverse Blocking Current vs. Output Voltage


Fig. 13 - Off Switch Current vs. Temperature


Fig. $14-\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(o n)}$ vs. Temperature


Fig. 15 - Turn-on Delay Time vs. Temperature

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise noted)


Fig. 16 - Reverse Blocking Current vs. Temperature


Fig. 17 - EN Threshold Voltage vs. Input Voltage


Fig. 18 - Rise Time vs. Temperature


Fig. 19 - Turn-on Delay Time vs. Temperature


Fig. 20 - Rise Time vs. Temperature


Fig. 21 - Turn-off Delay Time vs. Temperature

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise noted)


Fig. 22 - Turn-off Delay Time vs. Temperature

## TYPICAL WAVEFORMS



Fig. 24 - Turn-on Time


Fig. 23 - Output Pulldown Resistance vs. Temperature

Fig. 25 - Turn-on Time

## TYPICAL WAVEFORMS



Fig. 26 - Turn-on Time


Fig. 27 - Turn-on Time


Fig. 28 - Turn-on Time


Fig. 29 - Turn-on Time


Fig. 30 - Turn-on Time


Fig. 31 - Turn-on Time

## TYPICAL WAVEFORMS



Fig. 32 - Turn-on Time


Fig. 33 - Turn-on Time


Fig. 34 - Turn-off Time


Fig. 35 - Turn-off Time


Fig. 36 - Turn-off Time


Fig. 37 - Turn-off Time

## TYPICAL WAVEFORMS



Fig. 38 - Turn-off Time


Fig. 39 - Turn-off Time


Fig. 40 - Turn-off Time


Fig. 41 - Turn-off Time


Fig. 42 - Turn-off Time


Fig. 43 - Turn-off Time

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

SiP32460, SiP32461, and SiP32462 are high side, slew rate controlled, load switches. They incorporate a negative charge pump at the gate to keep the gate to source voltage high when turned on. This keeps the on resistance low at lower input voltages. SiP32460 and SiP32461 are designed with slow slew rate to minimize inrush current during turn on. These devices have a reverse blocking circuit, when disabled, to prevent the current from going back to the input when the output voltage is higher than the input voltage. The SiP32460 and SiP32462 can be used as bi-directional switches and can be turned ON and OFF when power is at either IN or OUT. The SiP32461 has an output pull down resistor to discharge the output capacitance when the device is off.

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

## Input Capacitor

While a bypass capacitor on the input is not required, a $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ or larger capacitor for $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ is recommended in almost all applications. The bypass capacitor should be placed as physically close as possible to the input pin to be effective in minimizing transients on the input. Ceramic capacitors are recommended over tantalum because of their ability to withstand input current surges from low impedance sources such as batteries in portable devices.

## Output Capacitor

A $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor across $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ and GND is recommended to insure proper slew operation. There is inrush current through the output MOSFET and the magnitude of the inrush current depends on the output capacitor, the bigger the C OUt $_{\text {out }}$ the higher the inrush current. There is no ESR or capacitor type requirement.

## Enable

The EN pin is compatible with CMOS logic voltage levels. It requires at least 0.4 V or below to fully shut down the device and 1 V or above to fully turn on the device. There is a 2.6 $\mathrm{M} \Omega$ resistor connected between EN pin and GND pin.

## Protection Against Reverse Voltage Condition

This device contains a reverse blocking circuit. When disabled ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{EN}}$ less than 0.4 V ) this circuit keeps the output current from flowing back to the input when the output voltage is higher than the input voltage.

## Thermal Considerations

Due to physical limitations of the layout and assembly of the device the maximum switch current is 1.2 A as stated in the Absolute Maximum Ratings table. However, another limiting
characteristic for the safe operating load current is the thermal power dissipation of the package.
The maximum power dissipation in any application is dependent on the maximum junction temperature, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}(\text { max. })}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance, $\theta_{\mathrm{J}-\mathrm{A}}=205^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$, and the ambient temperature, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$, which may be expressed as:

$$
P(\text { max. })=\frac{T_{J}(\text { max. })-T_{A}}{\theta_{J-A}}=\frac{125-T_{A}}{205}
$$

It then follows that, assuming an ambient temperature of $70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the maximum power dissipation will be limited to about 268 mW .
So long as the load current is below the 1.2 A limit, the maximum continuous switch current becomes a function two things: the package power dissipation and the $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}$ at the ambient temperature.
As an example let us calculate the worst case maximum load current at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The worst case $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is $120 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V}$. The $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}$ ) at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ can be extrapolated from this data using the following formula:
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}\left(\right.$ at $\left.70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)=\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}\left(\right.$ at $\left.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \times\left(1+\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}} \times \Delta \mathrm{T}\right)$
Where $T_{C}$ is $2800 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Continuing with the calculation we have
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}\left(\right.$ at $\left.70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)=120 \mathrm{~m} \Omega \times\left(1+0.0028 \times\left(70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)\right)$ $=135 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$
The maximum current limit is then determined by

$$
\mathrm{I}_{\text {LOAD }}(\text { max. })<\sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{P}(\max .)}{\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}}}
$$

which in this case is 1.99 A . Under the stated input voltage condition, if the 1.99 A current limit is exceeded the internal die temperature will rise and eventually, possibly damage the device.
To avoid possible permanent damage to the device and keep a reasonable design margin, it is recommended to operate the device maximum up to 1.2 A only as listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings table.

[^0]
## WCSP4: 4 Bumps

( $2 \times 2$, 0.4 mm pitch, $208 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ bump height, $0.8 \mathrm{~mm} \times 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ die size)


DWG-No: 6004

## Notes

${ }^{(1)}$ Laser mark on the backside surface of die
(2) Bumps are SAC396
(3) 0.05 max. coplanarity

| DIM. | MILLIMETERS $^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | INCHES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A | 0.515 | 0.530 | 0.545 | 0.0202 | 0.0208 | 0.0214 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1 | 0.208 |  |  |  |  | 0.0081 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| b | 0.250 | 0.260 | 0.270 | 0.0098 | 0.0102 | 0.0106 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| e | 0.400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.800 | 0.0182 | 0.0193 | 0.0203 |
| D | 0.720 | 0.760 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Note

a. Use millimeters as the primary measurement.

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