

harbus° 64	Page
VMEbus systems	02.02
harbus° 64	
System description	02.03
Technical characteristics	02.10
Male connectors	02.11
Female connectors	02.12
Pin shrouds	02.16
Application examples	02.17



The past 20 years the VMEbus has reached a dominant position for industrial busses with a number of suppliers.

Despite numerous new bus systems based on the rapid changes in chip technology, VMEbus systems offer significant advantages such as their robustness, reliability and increased availability of processor, memory and I/O cards.

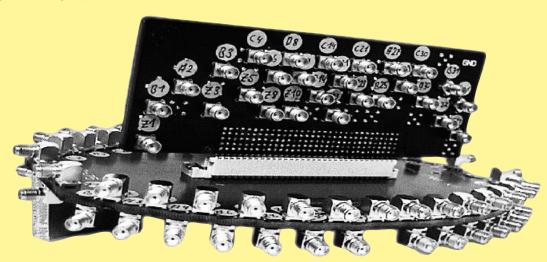
Additional advantages appear under real-time conditions, where unforeseen events have to be managed. This is realised with the program interrupt concept and variable control that closely monitors the bus system.



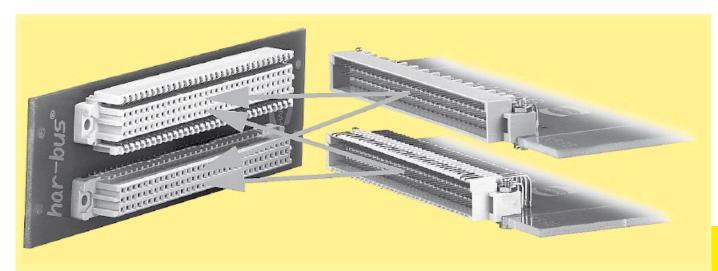
With the increase in processing speeds and data transmission rates, 3 row DIN 41612 connectors have reached their limit, so the VME standard needs to be enhanced further.

When VME architecture was increased from 8-bit to 64-bit and data transmission rates up to 160 Mbyte/s (VME 64x), HARTING introduced **harbus** 64 with 160 pins. This Eurocard connector is 100 % backwards compatible to existing 3 row connectors with 96 contacts, therefore old can plug into new.

To offer the best design possible from the start, HARTING developed spice models that were later certified via signal integrity measurements of the connector.





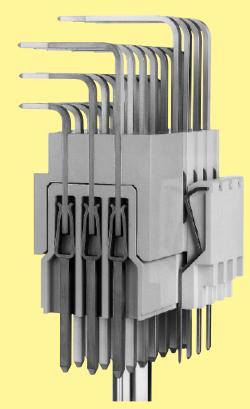


### **Backward compatibility**

The design of **harbus** 64 female connectors allows mating of any combinations of the 5 or 3 row versions without mechanical interference, thus making it possible for users to upgrade and maintain existing systems at lower costs. It is also possible to mate 5 row male connectors with 3 row female connectors.

The feature of backward compatibility allows a gradual upgrade of existing Eurocard based systems without the additional cost of a complete system redesign. It is not necessary to replace conventional 96 pin based boards as they remain pluggable into the 160 pin based systems.

Not only VMEbus, but also existing proprietary bus systems for which 3 row 96 pin connectors are no longer performance sufficient, harbus 64 provides the opportunity to adapt the system economically without a complete redesign to a new bus architecture.



### **harbus** 64 - five rows - 160 poles

Two additional rows of contacts in the harbus 64 connector offer new system features:

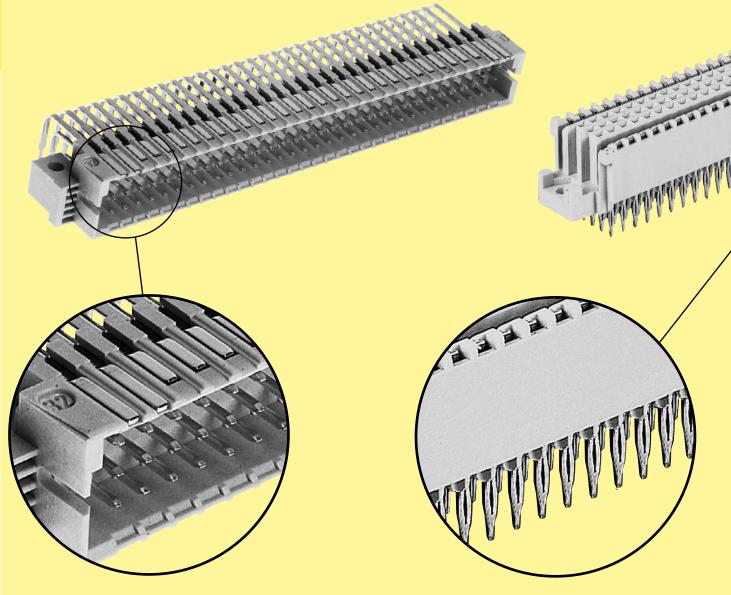
- Additional contacts for I/O and system upgrade
- New voltage supplies for 3.3 V and 48 V system components
- Identifying locations of system components and the bus length. "Plug & Play"
- Improved signal/ground ratio for reliable signal data transfer at rates up to 320 MByte/s
- Live Insertion for replacing processor or memory cards without closing down the system
- User defined pins for test and maintenance 02 bus lines



### The advantages of harbus 64 in detail

User-defined pins in the outer rows can be used for application specific functions such as **additional I/O**. Configured as a shield to provide larger ground return paths, they assure for **data transfer rates up to 320 MByte/s**.

Proprietary bus systems can utilise the new contact rows to optimise signal-to-ground ratios and improve system speed.

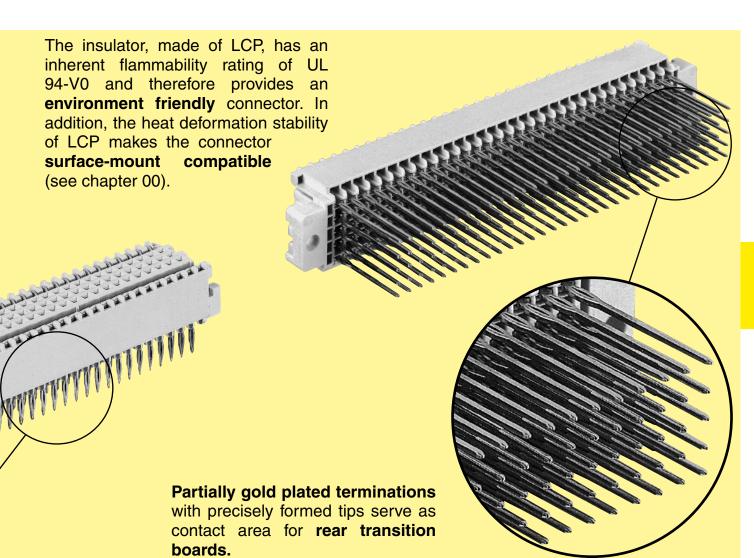


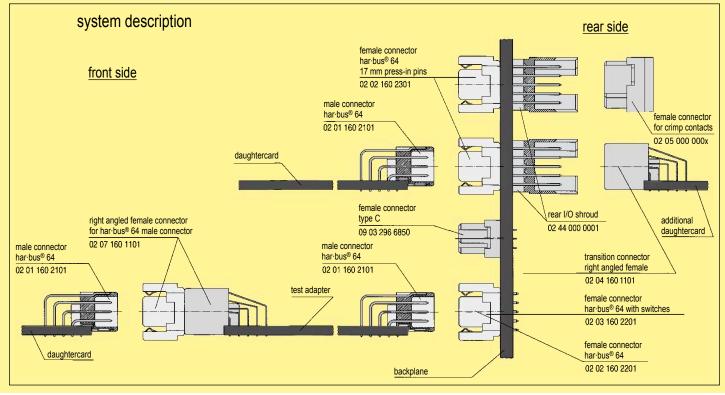
Four preleading contacts (1.5 mm) serve to pre-load the transmit and receive logic so that the bus will not experience glitches during live insertion of new cards into the backplane.

Backplane connector terminations are designed in solderless **press-in technology**.

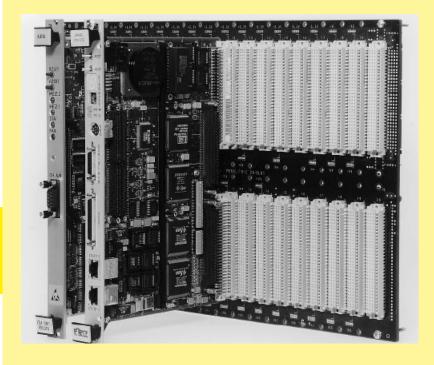
The connector can be installed without any special tooling using economical **flat dies** for high speed insertion.











As a typical multiprocessor bus, VME has to distribute processor information continuously according to the right priorities.

This is done through the well known daisy-chain lines.

The VME protocol requests 5 daisy-chains on position 1 of every backplane.

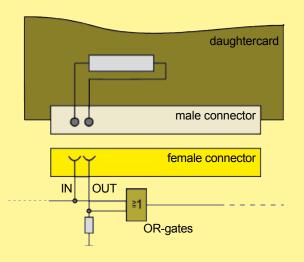
These lines are defined to go through every daughter card.

Therefore, in case of unloaded card slots the signal have to be bridged across the connector.

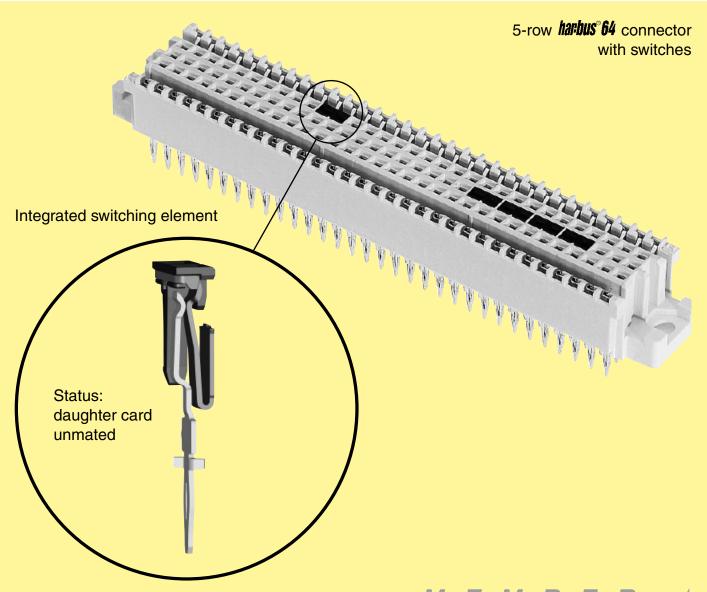
#### **Bridging variants:**

- 1. The empty card slots may be assembled with dummy cards, that bridge the daisy-chain lines.
- 2. Bridging can be achieved by inserting 5 jumpers on the backplane manually.
- Bridging by using IC's with internal integration OR the function may accept automatic daisychaining.
- 4. The new 5-row harbus 64 connector with switches allows an automatic switching. In the case of an unmated daughter card the connector bridges the signals at positions a21-22, b4-5, b6-7, b8-9 and b10-11. The switch elements open automatically when the daughter card is mated, so that the daughter card accepts the ongoing signal daisy-chain.









#### **Advantages:**

- Passive backplane; no active components assembled
- No additional space required, due to integrated switching function inside the connector
- No jumpers on the backplane
- User friendly regarding maintenance and repairing
- Automatically daisy-chaining through mating/unmating the daughter card
- High MTBF value
- No additional, manual bridging necessary
- Less assembly cost, no special tooling required





### harbus 64 according to IEC 61076-4-113



Number of contacts	160
--------------------	-----

Technical characteristics

Contact spacing (mm) 2.54

Working current 1 A at 70 °C

and all contacts are loaded

see current carrying capacity chart

#### Clearance and creepage distances

minimal clearance and creepage distance		distance in mm		
		rows a, b, c	rows z, d	female angled
between two rows	clearance	1.2	1.2	0.6
Detween two rows	creepage	1.2	1.2	0.6
between two contacts	clearance	1.2	1.0	0.8
(in a row)	creepage	1.2	1.0	0.8

#### Working voltage

The working voltage also depends on the clearance and creepage dimensions of the pcb itself and the associated wiring

according to the safety regulations of the equipment Explanations see chapter 00

Test voltage U<sub>r.m.s.</sub> 1 kV

Contact resistance

rows a, b, c ≤ 20 mΩ  $\leq$  30 m $\Omega$ rows z, d

Insulation resistance  $\geq 10^{10} \,\Omega$  acc. to IEC 60512-2

#### Temperature range

for press-in termination - 40 °C ... + 105 °C acc. to IEC 60512-11

**During reflow soldering** 

max. + 240 °C for 20 s for SMC connectors

- 55 °C ... + 125 °C

The higher temperature limit includes the local ambient and heating effects of the contacts under load

#### Electrical termination

Solder pins for pcb termination Ø 1.0  $\pm$  0.1 mm according to IEC 60 326-3 Crimp terminal 0.09 - 0.50 mm<sup>2</sup>

Compliant press-in terminations

≥ 1.6 mm pcb thickness

Recommended pcb holes See recommendation page 00.25 for press-in technology in acc. to EN 60352-5

#### Insertion and withdrawal force ≤ 160 N

#### Materials

Mouldings

 Liquid Cristal Polymer (LCP), for male connectors, straight female connectors, UL 94-V0

Thermoplastic resin glass-fibre filled, UL 94-V0

Contacts

Copper alloy

#### Contact surface

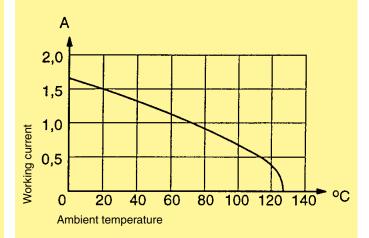
Contact zone

Plated acc. to performance

#### Current carrying capacity chart

The current carrying capacity is limited by maximum temperature of materials for inserts and contacts including terminals. The current capacity curve is valid for continuous, non interrupted current loaded contacts of connectors when simultaneous power on all contacts is given, without exceeding the maximum temperature.

Control and test procedures according to DIN IEC 60512



With selective loading higher currents can be transmitted. The requirements according to VITA 1.7 are fulfilled.

#### harbus 64 with switches

Deviating technical characteristics for the switching elements.

minimal algorance and are	distance in mm				
minimal clearance and cree	switching positions				
h - h h	clearance	0.5			
between two rows	creepage	0.7			
between two contacts	clearance	0.5			
(in a row)	creepage	0.7			

#### Contact resistance

Switching elements  $\leq$  60 m $\Omega$ 

#### Insertion and withdrawal force

Complete connector  $\leq$  180 N



### Male connectors, angled, SMC compatible

Identification	Male connectors, and	gled, SMC com	patible		
without retention clip  with retention clip  with retention clip  160	Identification			E:	rplanation chapter 00
Dimensions    2, a, b, c, d   02 01 180 2102   02 01 180 11063		160	z, a, b, c, d	02 01 160 2101	
Board drillings Mounting side    A = 0.21 - 0.25 mm²	with retention clip	160	z, a, b, c, d	02 01 160 2102	
Mounting side    32   all holes   41.03   position   1.03	Dimensions	<u>Φ2.5 · 0.1</u>	31×2.54/- 2.54 32 85.2	78.74)  red  1	4, 02 to 02  2, 93.0.25  2, 93.0.25  2, 55. (5.0.08)  8, 65.40.45
Solder terminations $A = 0.21 - 0.25 \text{ mm}^2$ $A = 0.29 - 0.33 \text{ mm}^2$ $A = 0.29 - 0.32 \text{ mm}^2$ $0.8_{-0.03}$ $0.5^{+0.05}$ $0.9_{-0.05}$		$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline  & \text{row} \\ \hline  & \frac{1}{2} \\ \hline \end{array} $	φ φ φ φ φ φ φ φ φ φ φ φ φ φ φ φ φ φ φ	©1.0.1	-
		A = 0.21 - 0.25 I	0,52-0,03	A = 0.29 - 0.33 mm <sup>2</sup>	A = 0.29 - 0.32 mm <sup>2</sup>

<sup>\*</sup> Pre-leading contacts at positions d1, d2, d31 and d32

1) Recommendation for variants with clip: Drillings can be enlarged up to 3.1 mm ø to reduce standard mounting force (see chapter 00)

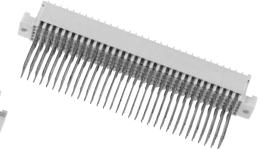
2) Special variant with min. 1.27 μm (50 μinch) Au and SnPb on termination



Dimensions in mm

Number of contacts

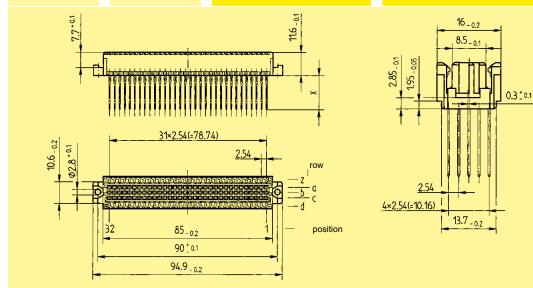




#### Female connectors

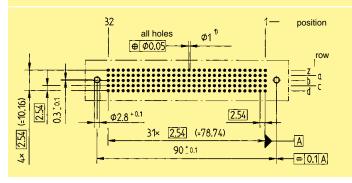
Identification	Number of contacts	Contact arrangement	Part No. Performance levels a Explanation 2	ccording to IEC 61 076-4-113 chapter 00 1
Female connectors, straight <sup>2)</sup>				
with press-in terminations with 3.7 mm	160	z, a, b, c, d		02 02 160 1601
fixing flange 4.5/5 mm	160	z, a, b, c, d	02 02 160 2201	02 02 160 1201
17 mm* without 5 mm	160 160	z, a, b, c, d z, a, b, c, d	02 02 160 2301 02 02 160 2202	02 02 160 1301 02 02 160 1202
fixing flange 17 mm*	160	z, a, b, c, d	02 02 160 2302	02 02 160 1302

#### **Dimensions**



Part number	Dimension "X" for row				
raithumbei	Z	a	<sub> </sub> b	C	<sub> </sub> d
02 02 160 1601	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
02 02 160 2201 / 02 02 160 1201	5.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.0
02 02 160 2301 / 02 02 160 1301	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0
02 02 160 2202 / 02 02 160 1202	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
02 02 160 2302 / 02 02 160 1302	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0

#### **Board drillings** Mounting side



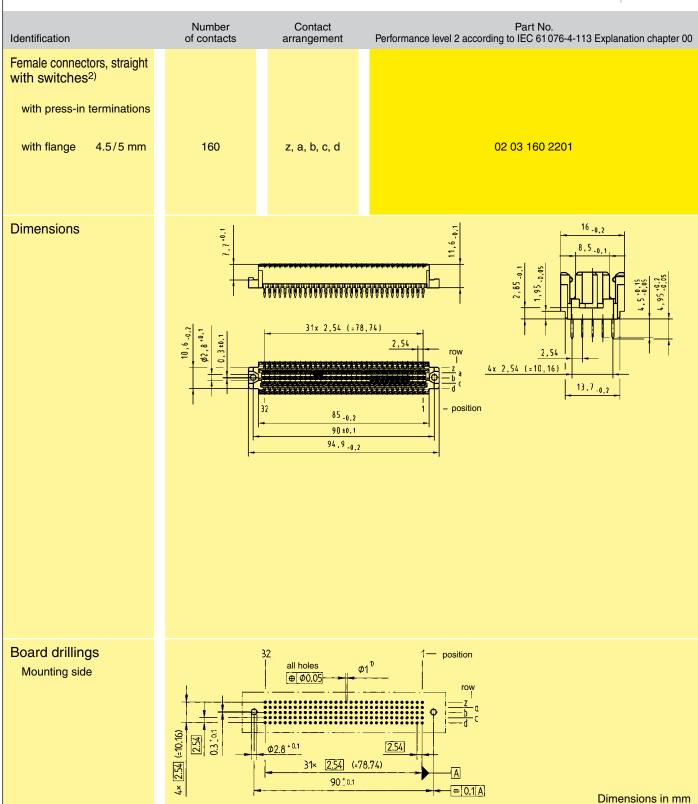
Tooling see chapter 30 <sup>1)</sup> Press-in technology and refer to recommended configuration of pcb holes, see page 00.25 \* selectively gold-plated

## **harbus** 64 · complementary to IEC 61 076 - 4 - 113



Number of contacts

#### Female connectors



Tooling see chapter 30 <sup>1)</sup> Press-in technology see page 00.25 <sup>2)</sup> Switching elements at positions a21-22, b4-5, b6-7, b8-9 and b10-11

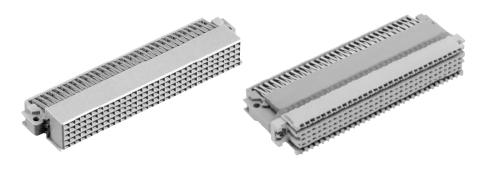
## **harbus** 64 · complementary to IEC 61 076 - 4 - 113



Dimensions in mm

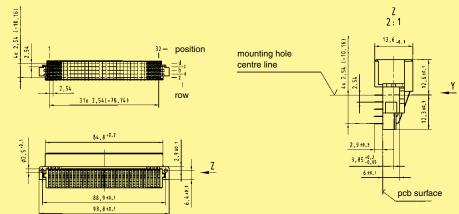
Number of contacts

160

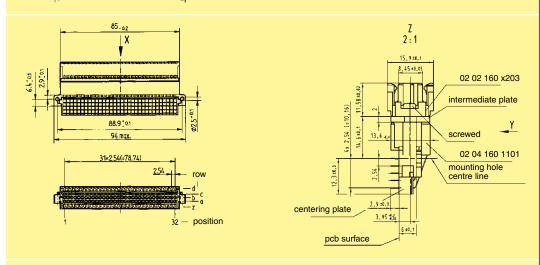


#### Female connectors

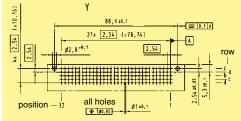
Identification	Number of contacts	Contact arrangement	Part No. Performance level 1 according to IEC 61 076-4-113 Explanation chapter 00
Female connectors, angled with solder pins			
for rear access	160	z, a, b, c, d	02 04 160 1101
for har-bus <sup>®</sup> 64 male connector	160	z, a, b, c, d	02 07 160 1101
Dimensions 02 04 160 1101	, (=10,16)		7 2:1



#### Dimensions 02 07 160 1101



#### Board drillings Mounting side



02

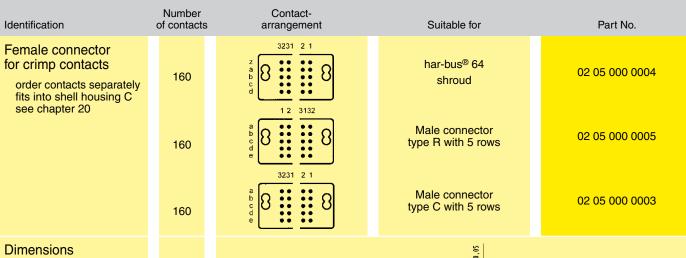
### **harbus** 64 · complementary to IEC 61 076 - 4 - 113

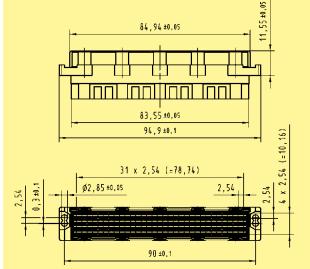


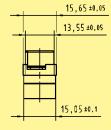
Number of contacts

# max. 160

#### Female connectors







Part No. Performance levels according to IEC 61076-4-113. Explanation chapter 00

#### Female crimp contacts har-bus® 64

Identification

Bandoliered contacts (approx. 5,000 pieces)

**Bandoliered contacts** (approx. 500 pieces)

Individual contacts1)

02 05 000 2511

02 05 000 2512

02 05 000 2513

Wire gauge Insulation ø **AWG** mm<sup>2</sup>  $\mathsf{mm}$ 0.7 - 1.5 0.09 - 0.528 - 20

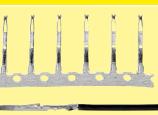
3.5 + 0.5 mm of insulation is stripped For the fabrication in line with the specification please use exclusively crimp tools approved by HARTING (see DIN ÉN 60352-2) Insertion, removal and crimping tools see chapter 30 02 05 000 1511

02 05 000 1512

02 05 000 1513

Bandoliered contacts

Individual contacts



<sup>1)</sup> Packaging unit 1,000 pieces

### harbus 64 · complementary to IEC 61 076 - 4 - 113 Number of contacts Pin shrouds pcb-thickness Dimension X Identification Part No. $\pm 0.3$ - 0.1 Pin shrouds<sup>1)</sup> 2.8 6.6 02 44 000 0007 (1)02 44 000 0001 6.0 3.4 5.4 02 44 000 0002 4.0 4.6 4.8 02 44 000 0003 5.2 4.2 02 44 000 0004 5.8 3.6 02 44 000 0005 6.4 3.0 02 44 000 0006 Fixing brackets for shell housing C<sup>2)</sup> 02 44 000 0009 Shroud insert for 3 row female 02 44 000 0008 connectors **Dimensions** 31x2,54(=78,74) 2,54 32 position 13,8 +0,1 95 ±0,1 2,54 4x2,54(=10,16) area for friction fit to interface pins 85,2 +0,2 position Dimensions in mm

02

<sup>1)</sup> Insert block (02 09 000 0012) for assembly see chapter 30

<sup>2)</sup> order 2 pieces per connector

## harbus 64 · Application examples



