

RS485 click 5V

MIKROE-925

Weight: 34 g



RS485 click 5V carries the [ADM485](#) differential line transceiver from Analog Devices. It is designed for balanced data transmission and complies with EIA standards RS-485 and RS-422.

The click is designed to run on a 5V power supply. RS485 5V click communicates with the target microcontroller over UART interface, with additional functionality provided by the PWM pin on the mikroBUS™ line.

ADM485 features

The ADM485 is a differential line transceiver suitable for high-speed bidirectional data communication on multipoint bus transmission lines. It is designed for balanced data transmission and complies with both EIA Standards RS-485 and RS-422. The part contains a differential line driver and a differential line receiver. Both the driver and the receiver may be enabled independently. When disabled, the outputs are tri-stated.

Up to 32 transceivers may be connected simultaneously on a bus, but only one driver should be enabled at any time. It is important, therefore, that the remaining disabled drivers do not load the bus. To ensure this, the ADM485 driver features high output impedance when disabled and also when powered down.

How the click works


There are four screw terminals on the board. Those marked with “+” and “-” are RS485 differential high and differential low communication lines. We added two more terminals for VCC and GND reference if needed for further interfacing. Communication with the board is done using simple UART interface.

Specifications

Type	RS485
Applications	Board is suitable for Low power RS-485 systems, DTE/DCE interface Packet switching, Local area networks (LNAs), Data concentration, Data multiplexers, Integrated services digital network (ISDN) and more.
On-board modules	ADM485 differential line transceiver
Key Features	Meets EIA RS-485 standard; 5 Mbps data rate; Short-circuit protection
Key Benefits	Superior upgrade for LTC485
Interface	UART,GPIO
Input Voltage	5V,5V
Compatibility	mikroBUS
Click board size	M (42.9 x 25.4 mm)

Pinout diagram

This table shows how the pinout on **RS485 click 5V** corresponds to the pinout on the mikroBUS™ socket (the latter shown in the two middle columns).

Notes	Pin					Pin	Notes
	NC	1	AN	PWM	16	R/T	Receive/transmit
	NC	2	RST	INT	15	NC	
	NC	3	CS	TX	14	RX	UART data receive

	NC	4	SCK	RX	13	TX	UART data transmit
	NC	5	MISO	SCL	12	NC	
	NC	6	MOSI	SDA	11	NC	
	NC	7	3.3V	5V	10	+5V	Power supply
Ground	GND	8	GND	GND	9	GND	Ground

Jumpers and settings

Designator	Name	Default Position	Default Option	Description
J1	PWR. SEL.	Right	5V	Do not touch, not selectable by user
J2	Bias Enable	ON		
J3	Bias Enable	ON		
J4	Term.	ON		

If the board is the first node of the RS485 network, all three jumpers J2-J4 should be placed. If the board is a node in the middle, all jumpers should be removed. If the board is the last node of the RS485 network, place only J4 termination jumper.