according to the European Directive 2001 /5/EC

Page 1 von 4 Alkaline Batteries Jan. 2nd, 2010 Rev: 1



The information contained within is provided for your information only. This battery is not classified as dangerous according to the criteria of directive 99/45/EEC. The information and recommendations set forth herein are made in good faith and are believed to be accurate as of the date of preparation. However, TTT-Filmservice, MAKES NO WARRENTY, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THIS INFORMATION AND DISCLAIMS ALL LIABILITIY FFROM RELIANCE ON IT.

MATERIAL SAFTEY DATA SHEET

PRODUCT NAME: CARDIOCELL Battery TYPES: all

TRADE NAME: CARDIOCELL Alkaline

CHEMICAL SYSTEM: Alkaline Manganese Dioxide-Zinc

I - MANUFACTURE INFORMATION

Manufactured for: TTT-Filmservice Inh. Gabriele Westenberger Wannenäckerstr. 47 74078 Heilbronn / Germany

Telephone Numbers for Information: +49(0)7131-203920

II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

IMPORTANT NOTE: The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their

combustion products could be harmful.

MATERIAL OR INGREDIENT	Wt. %	CAS No.	EEC No.	CLASSIFICATION
Manganese Dioxide	35 – 40	1313-13-9	215-202-6	Xn, R20/22
Zinc	10 – 25	7440-66-6	231-175-3	F; R-15; R-17
Potassium Hydroxide (38 %)	5 – 10	1310-58-3	215-181-3	C; R35

III - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

General Advice: The common know rules for handling of chemicals should be obeyed. These chemicals are

contained in a sealed steel can. For consumer use, adequate hazard warnings are printed on both the packaging and the battery. Potential for exposure should not exist unless the battery leaks, is exposed to high temperature or is mechanically. Or electrically abused. Concentrated potassium hydroxide contained is caustic. Anticipated potential leakage of potassium hydroxide is $2-20\,$ mL, depending on battery size. Do not eat and drink

batteries.

Hazards to man: If battery leaking, exposure to caustic ingredients may occur.

Hazards to the environment:

Not applicable

Other Information: Keep batteries away from small children.

according to the European Directive 2001 /5/EC

Page 2 von 4 Alkaline Batteries Jan. 2nd, 2010 Rev: 1



IV - FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: In case of excessive inhalation due to leaking batteries remove to fresh air. Obtain medical

advice.

Skin Contact: If exposed to a leaking battery, remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed areas with

plenty of water and soap. If irritation occurs, consult a physician.

Eye contact: If a battery is leaking and material contact eyes, flush immediately with running water for at

least 15 minutes. Consult an ophthalmologist at once.

Ingestion: Not anticipated due to size of batteries. Choking may occur with the smaller size of

batteries. If exposed to a leaking battery, rinse mouth and surrounding areas with running water for at least 15 minutes. Give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Obtain

medical advice.

V - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Fire - fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide (CO₂), foam, dry chemical powder

Extinguishing media not

to be used:

Never use a direct water jet.

Exposures hazards from combustion products:

In case of fire, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other toxic organic

substances will be generated. Do not inhale fumes and smoke.

Personal protective

equipment:

Wear full protective clothing. Use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Accidental release measures

Personal precautions: Notify safety personnel of large spills. Caustic potassium hydroxide may be

released from leaking or ruptured batteries. Avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation of vapours. Increase the ventilation. Wear protective clothing. Keep

unprotected persons away.

Environmental precautions: Avoid discharge and penetration into sewerage systems, waterways, pits, and

cellars.

Methods of cleaning up:Collect spilled material with an insert standard absorbent like sand or silica. Care

for well-ventilated conditions. Recycle or dispose of the material in an appropriate

way.

Handling and storage: Obey the common known rules and precautions for handling with chemicals.

General handling: Avoid mechanical and electrical abuse. DO NOT short battery or install

incorrectly. Batteries may explode, pyrolize or vent if disassembled, crushed, recharged or exposed to high temperatures. Install batteries according to equipment instructions. Do not mix battery systems, such as alkaline and zinc – carbon. Replace all batteries in equipment at the same time. Do not carry

batteries loose in pocket or bag. Do not remove battery labels.

Storage: Store at room temperature in a well ventilated area. Elevated temperatures can

result in shortened battery life.

according to the European Directive 2001 /5/EC

Page 3 von 4 Alkaline Batteries Jan. 2nd, 2010 Rev: 1



Exposures controls and personal protection

Respiratory equipment: None required under normal use conditions.

Hand protection: None required under normal use conditions. Use neoprene, rubber or nitrile

gloves when handling leaking batteries.

Eye protection: None required under normal use conditions. Wear safety glasses when handling

leaking batteries.

General safety and

hygiene measures: Use only as directed.

Physical and chemical properties

Form and color: Stainless steel top battery, contents dark and gray in color

Odour: Not applicable

Melting Point: Not applicable

Boiling Point: Not applicable

Flash Point: Not applicable

Explosion limit: Not available

Ignition temperature: Not available

Vapour pressure: Not available

Specific gravity: Not applicable

Solubility in water: Not applicable

Solubility in other

solvents:

Not applicable

pH value: Not available

Partition coefficient: Not available

Viscosity: Not available

Stability and Reactivity

Thermal decomposition: Batteries may burst ad release hazardous decomposition products when exposed

to fire.

Substances to avoid: Strong oxidation agents.

Hazardous reactions: Contents incompatible with strong oxidising agents

Hazardous decomposition

products: Thermal degradation may produce hauardous fumes of zinc and manganese;

hydrogen gas; caustic vapours of potassium and other toxic by-products.

according to the European Directive 2001 /5/EC

Page 4 von 4 Alkaline Batteries Jan. 2nd, 2010 Rev: 1



Toxicological Information

Toxicity information is available on the battery ingredients noted in Section II, but in general, not applicable to intact batteries.

Chronic health effects: Not applicable to intact batteries.

Ecological information: Not available

Disposable considerations

Product: Dispose in accordance with appropriate regulations. If in doubt, contact your local government office

concerned for information. Do not incinerate, since batteries may explode at excessive temperatures.

Transport Information

Road (ADR/RID): Not regulated

Air (ICAO/IATA): Not regulated

Sea (IMDG): Not regulated

Regulatory Information

EC labeling: None

Risk phrases: None

Safety phrases: None

Labeling is not required because alkaline batteries are classified as "articles" under the Dangerous Preparations Directive and as such are exempt from the requirements of the Directive.