



MOTOROLA

# SEMICONDUCTORS

P.O. BOX 20912 • PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85036

## ZERO VOLTAGE CROSSING OPTICALLY ISOLATED TRIAC DRIVER

These devices consist of gallium arsenide infrared-emitting diodes optically coupled to monolithic silicon detectors performing the functions of Zero Voltage crossing bilateral triac drivers.

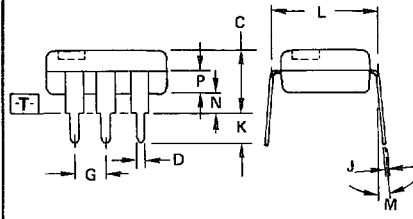
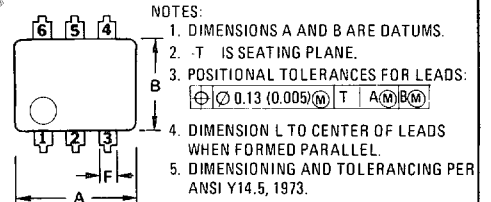
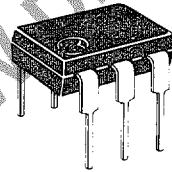
They are designed for use with a triac in the interface of logic systems to equipment powered from 115 Vac lines, such as teletypewriters, CRTs, printers, motors, solenoids and consumer appliances, etc.

- Simplifies Logic Control of 110 Vac Power
- Zero Voltage Crossing
- High Breakdown Voltage:  $V_{DRM} = 250$  V Min
- High Isolation Voltage:  $V_{ISO} = 7500$  V Min
- Small, Economical, 6-Pin DIP Package
- Same Pin Configuration as MOC3010/3011
- UL Recognized, File No. E54915
- $dv/dt$  of 100 V/ $\mu$ s Typ

**MOC3030**  
**MOC3031**  
**MOC3032**  
**MOC3033**

## OPTO COUPLER/ISOLATOR

ZERO CROSSING  
TRIAC DRIVER  
250 VOLTS



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	8.13	8.89	0.320	0.350
B	6.10	6.60	0.240	0.260
C	2.92	5.08	0.115	0.200
D	0.41	0.51	0.016	0.020
F	1.02	1.78	0.040	0.070
G	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC	
J	0.20	0.30	0.008	0.012
K	2.54	3.81	0.100	0.150
L	7.62 BSC		0.300 BSC	
M	0°	15°	0°	15°
N	0.38	2.54	0.015	0.100
P	1.27	2.03	0.050	0.080

- STYLE 6:  
 PIN  
 1. ANODE  
 2. CATHODE  
 3. NC  
 4. MAIN TERMINAL  
 5. SUBSTRATE  
 6. MAIN TERMINAL

CASE 730A-01

### MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
<b>INFRARED EMITTING DIODE MAXIMUM RATINGS</b>			
Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	3.0	Volts
Forward Current — Continuous	$I_F$	50	mA
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Negligible Power in Output Driver Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	120	mW
		1.33	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$

### OUTPUT DRIVER MAXIMUM RATINGS

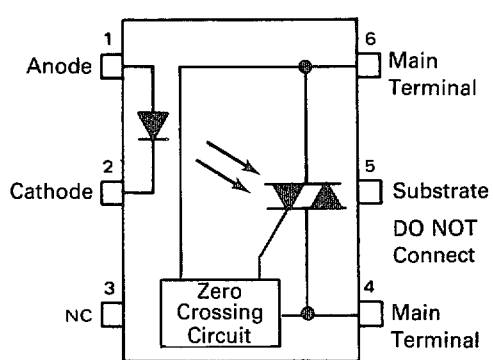
Off-State Output Terminal Voltage	$V_{DRM}$	250	Volts
On-State RMS Current $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_T(\text{RMS})$	100	mA
Peak Nonrepetitive Surge Current ( $PW = 10$ ms)	$I_{TSM}$	1.2	A
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mW
		4.0	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$

### TOTAL DEVICE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Isolation Surge Voltage (1) (Peak ac Voltage, 60 Hz, 5 Second Duration)	$V_{ISO}$	7500	Vac
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	330	mW
		4.4	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature Range	$T_J$	-40 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Ambient Operating Temperature Range	$T_A$	-40 to +85	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-40 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature (10 s)	—	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

(1) Isolation surge voltage,  $V_{ISO}$ , is an internal device dielectric breakdown rating.

### COUPLER SCHEMATIC



**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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**LED CHARACTERISTICS**

Reverse Leakage Current ( $V_R = 3.0\text{ V}$ )	$I_R$	—	0.05	100	$\mu\text{A}$
Forward Voltage ( $I_F = 30\text{ mA}$ )	$V_F$	—	1.3	1.5	Volts

**DETECTOR CHARACTERISTICS** ( $I_F = 0$  unless otherwise noted)

Peak Blocking Current, Either Direction (Rated $V_{DRM}$ , Note 1)	$I_{DRM}$	—	10	100	nA
Peak On-State Voltage, Either Direction ( $I_{TM} = 100\text{ mA Peak}$ )	$V_{TM}$	—	1.8	3.0	Volts
Critical Rate of Rise of Off-State Voltage	$dv/dt$	—	100	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$

**COUPLED CHARACTERISTICS**

LED Trigger Current, Current Required to Latch Output (Main Terminal Voltage = 3.0 V, Note 2)	$I_{FT}$				mA
MOC3030	—	—	—	30	
MOC3031	—	—	—	15	
MOC3032	—	—	—	10	
MOC3033	—	—	—	5.0	
Holding Current, Either Direction	$I_H$	—	100	—	$\mu\text{A}$

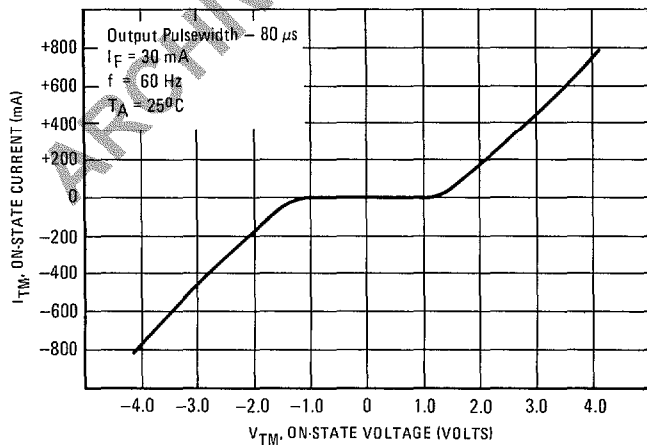
**ZERO CROSSING CHARACTERISTICS**

Inhibit Voltage ( $I_F = \text{Rated } I_{FT}$ , MT1-MT2 Voltage above which device will not trigger.)	$V_{IH}$	—	15	25	Volts
Leakage in Inhibited State ( $I_F = \text{Rated } I_{FT}$ , Rated $V_{DRM}$ , Off State)	$I_R$	—	100	200	$\mu\text{A}$

- Note 1. Test voltage must be applied within  $dv/dt$  rating.  
 2. All devices are guaranteed to trigger at an  $I_F$  value less than or equal to max  $I_{FT}$ .

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**  
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

**FIGURE 1 — ON-STATE CHARACTERISTICS**



**FIGURE 2 — TRIGGER CURRENT versus TEMPERATURE**

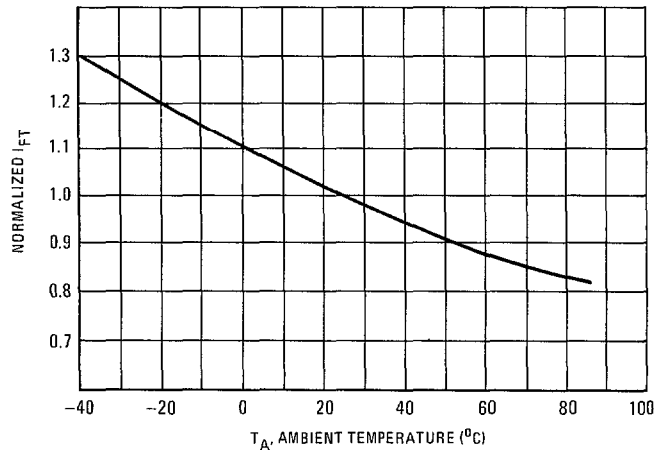
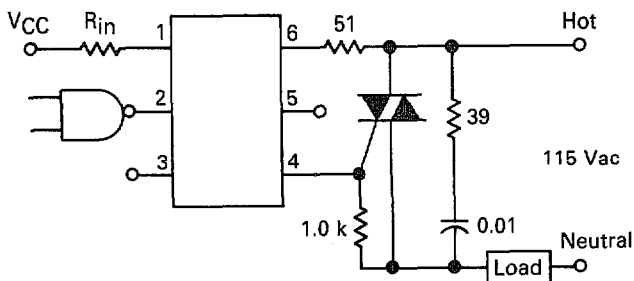
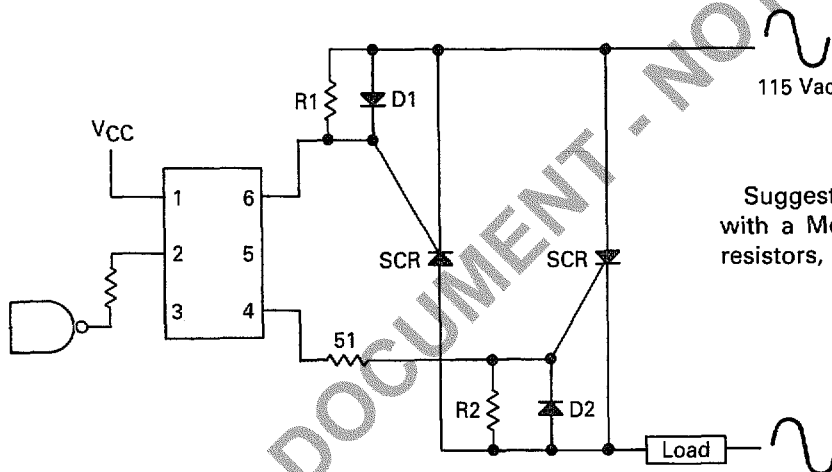


FIGURE 3 — HOT-LINE SWITCHING APPLICATION CIRCUIT




Typical circuit for use when hot line switching is required. In this circuit the "hot" side of the line is switched and the load connected to the cold or neutral side. The load may be connected to either the neutral or hot line. The 39 ohm resistor and 0.01  $\mu$ F capacitor are for snubbing of the triac and may or may not be necessary depending upon the particular triac and load used.

FIGURE 4 — INVERSE-PARALLEL SCR DRIVER CIRCUIT



Suggested method of firing two, back-to-back SCR's, with a Motorola triac driver. Diodes can be 1N4001; resistors, R1 and R2, are optional 1.0 k ohm.

When operating in environments subject to high line transients, it is suggested that an appropriate line suppressor be placed across the 115 Vac line to prevent voltage spikes from exceeding the maximum voltage rating of the device.

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