

# 1-Wire I2C click

PID: MIKROE-2750

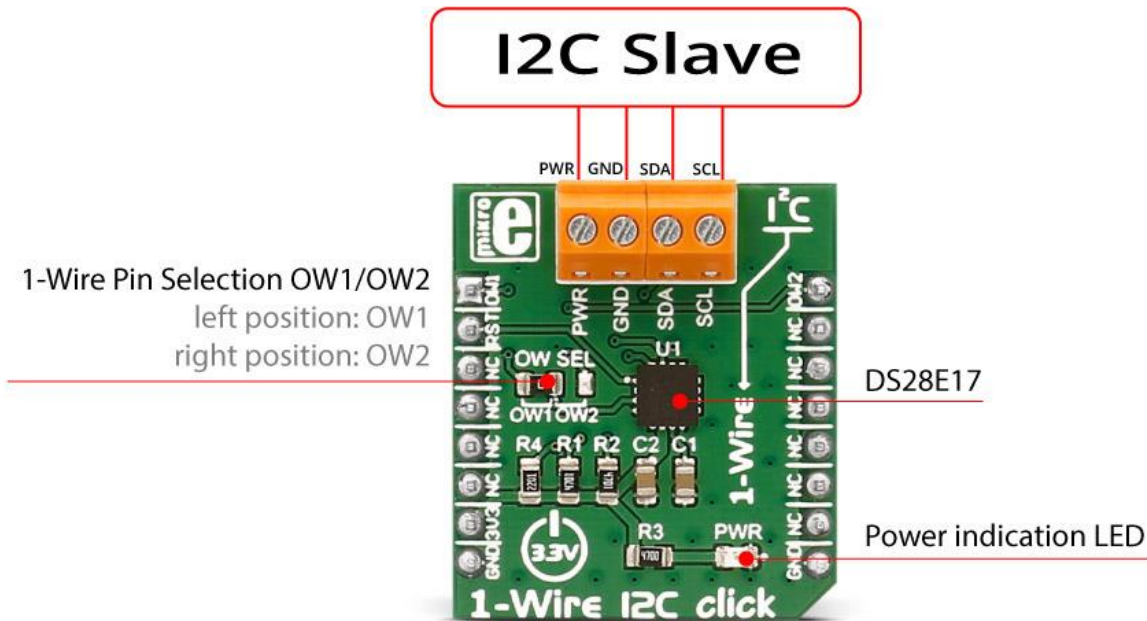
1-Wire I2C click carries the [DS28E17](#) 1-Wire-to-I2C master bridge from Maxim Integrated. The click runs on a 3.3V power supply.

It communicates with the target microcontroller over 1-Wire® protocol, using the following pins on the mikroBUS™ line: AN, PWM, RST.



# How the click works

There are two on-board screw terminals used for connecting SCL, SDA, Vcc and GND of the I2C slave. After that, you are able to communicate with that slave through the onboard DS28E17 MCU.



# DS28E17 features

The DS28E17 is a 1-Wire slave to I2C master bridge device that interfaces directly to I2C slaves at standard (100 kHz max) or fast (400 kHz max). Data transfers serially through the **1-Wire® protocol**, which requires only a single data lead and a ground return. Every DS28E17 is guaranteed to have a unique 64-bit ROM registration number that serves as a node address in the 1-Wire network.

# Specifications


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<b>Type</b>	1-wire
<b>Applications</b>	1-Wire I2C click can be used to extend the length of I2C lines by converting I2C to 1-wire
<b>On-board modules</b>	DS28E17 1-Wire-to-I2C master bridge from Maxim Integrated
<b>Interface</b>	1-wire,GPIO
<b>Input Voltage</b>	3.3V
<b>Click board size</b>	S (28.6 x 25.4 mm)

## Pinout diagram

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This table shows how the pinout on **1-Wire I2C click** corresponds to the pinout on the mikroBUS™ socket (the latter shown in the two middle columns).

Notes	Pin					Pin	Notes
1-Wire 1st pin	<b>OW1</b>	1	AN	PWM	16	<b>OW2</b>	1-Wire 2nd pin
Reset pin	<b>RST</b>	2	RST	INT	15	NC	
	NC	3	CS	TX	14	NC	
	NC	4	SCK	RX	13	NC	
	NC	5	MISO	SCL	12	NC	
	NC	6	MOSI	SDA	11	NC	
Power supply	<b>+3.3V</b>	7	3.3V	5V	10	NC	
Ground	<b>GND</b>	8	GND	GND	9	<b>GND</b>	Ground