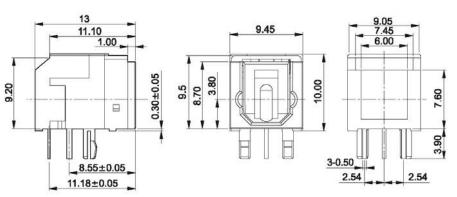


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2.54	0 2	2.54

	PART NUMBER	TYPE	PIN OUT					
			1	2	3			
Receiver	FC684208R	ORJ-8	V cc	GND	V out			
Transmitter	FC684208T	OTJ-8	V in	V cc	GND			

#### RoHS\_ COMPLIANT

**TOLERANCE** 

NO DEC. PLACE ±

1 DEC. PLACE ±

2 DEC. PLACE ±

HOLE Ø ±

ANGLES ± UNLESS

OTHERWISE STATED

Cliff Electronic Components Ltd
76 Holmethorpe Avenue, Holmethorpe Industrial Estate,
Redhill, Surrey, RH1 2PF, England, UK
Tel: 01737-771375 Fax: 01737-766012 Website: www.diffuk.co.uk

THE CONTENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT MUST NOT BE COPIED OR DISCLOS TO A 3rd PARTY WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION OF CLIFF UK.

td.	DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS OTHERWISE S	STATED, WORK TO DIMENSIONS, REMOVE ALL BUR	RS. IF IN DOUBT ASK.	3rd ANGLE PROJECTION: (1)	DONOTS	3CALE
	MATERIAL:		TITLE: OPTICAL	JACK		
ık	FINISH:					
OSED	DRAWN:	APPROVED:	DRWG. No.		FOF	RM: A4DRWGH

#### CUSTOMER MODEL NO. / TITLE **OPTICAL RECEIVING JACK**

FC684202R, FC6842031R, FC684207R, FC684208R

SPECIFICATION NO. PAGE: 1 OF 7

DATE: APR,29,2002

Fiber optic receiving module for digital audio interface and navigation system. Features:

- (1) Conform to EIAJ standard CP-1201 (for Digital Audio interfaces Including Fiber Optical inter-connectors).
- (2) A self-tapping hole for easy attachment to Audio Equipments panels.
- (3) High speed signal receiving (12.5Mbps NRZ signal)

1. Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

			•
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 ~ 70	°C
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20 ~ 70	င
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5~6	v
High Level Output Current	I <sub>OH</sub>	-1	mA
High Level Output Current	I <sub>OL</sub>	5	mA
Soldering Temperature	Tsol	260 (1)	င

Note (1): Soldering time  $\leq 10$  seconds (At a distance of 1mm from the package.)

#### 2. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.75	5.0	5.25	V

				A P V	題縣	C H K	許 刻, 5, 13 石坪	C H K	(東)	R T	
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## CUSTOMER MODEL NO. / TITLE S OPTICAL RECEIVING JACK

SPECIFICATION NO PAGE: 2 OF 7

DATE: APR,29,2002

3. Optical-electro Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, Vcc = 5V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit.
Data Rate		NRZ Code (2)	0.1	-	12.5	Mb/s
Transmission Distance		Using APF (3), Using	0.2	•	5	M
Pulse Width Distortion (4)	Δtw	Pulse Width = 147ns Pulse Cycle = 294ns C <sub>L</sub> = 10pF	-15	<u>-</u>	15	ns
Maximum Receivable Power	P <sub>MAX</sub>	12.5Mb/s, Using APF	-	-	-14.5	dBm
Minimum Receivable Power	P <sub>MIN</sub>	12.5Mb/s, Using APF	-24	-	-	dBm
Current Consumption	$I_{\infty}$		-	15	40	mA
High Level Output Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>		2.4	4.8	Vcc	V
Low Level Output Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>		-	0.2	0.4	V
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	Refer to "Test Circuit"	-	10	20	ns
Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>	Refer to "Test Circuit"	-	10	20	ns
Low→High delay time	t <sub>p</sub> LH	Refer to "Test Circuit"	-	100	180	ns
High→Low delay time	t <sub>p</sub> HL	Refer to "Test Circuit"	T -	100	180	ns

Note (2): When non-modulated signal (optical all high or all low level signal) is inputted, output signal is not stable.

When modulated optical high level signal is received, output signal is high.

When modulated optical low level signal is received, output signal is low.

The duty factor must be maintained between 25 to 75%.

Note (3): All Plastic Fiber (970 / 1000µm).

Note (4): Between input of transmitting module and output

4. Mechanical Characteristics (Ta= 25°C)

Parameter	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Insertion Force.	Using	-	-	39.2	N
Withdrawal Force.	Initial value	5.9	-	39.2	N
Torque for Self-Tap	Using self-tapping Screw (TP3×8)	58.8	-	78.4	N · cm

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				P	91, 5, 13	H	91.5 18	H	91.5.18	R	
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SPECIFICATION NO. PAGE: 3 OF 7 CUSTOMER MODEL NO. / TITLE DATE: DEC,17,2002 **OPTICAL RECEIVING JACK TEST CIRCUIT** Fiber optic cable Standard transmitter Receiver 바 5V Oscilloscope CH1 ------Input 0 CH<sub>5</sub> **⑥** 13.2Mbps NRZ, Duty 50% Test item Symbol Test item Standard transmitter Low → High pulse delay time  $t_{\text{PLH}}$ Input signal (CH1) High → Low pulse delay time t<sub>PRL</sub> Rise time  $t_r$ Fall time  $t_f$ Output signal Pulse width distortion  $\triangle$  tw =  $t_{PAL}$ -  $t_{PLH}$ △ tw V<sub>OR</sub> High level output voltage Low level output voltage A<sup>or</sup> Notes: 1) Vcc: 5V (State of operation) 2) To bundle up the standard fiber optic cable. Mark it into a loop with the diameter D=10cm. Á C P R H H

V

D

REMARK

NAME

REV.

DATE

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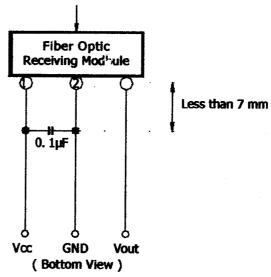
CUSTOMER MODEL NO. / TITLE OPTICAL RECEIVING JACK SPECIFICATION NO. PAGE 0 4 OF 7

PAGE □ 4 OF 7

DATE □ APR,29,2002

5. Application Circuit

Fiber optic connector insertion side



6. Required Optical Fiber with Fiber Optic Connectors

				A P V	進 \$1,5,13 國藤	C H K	許 (9.5.18 石坪	C H K	(東 (明, 5.15) (景) (景)	W R T	
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CUSTOMER MODEL NO. / TITLE OPTICAL RECEIVING JACK

SPECIFICATION NO. PAGE 0 5 OF 7 **DATE** APR, 29, 2002

#### 7. Precautions on Use

#### (1) Maximum rating

The maximum ratings are the limit values which must not be exceeded during operation of device. None of these rating value must not be exceeded. If the maximum rating value is exceeded, the characteristics of devices may never be restored properly. In extreme cases, the device may be permanently damages.

#### (2) Soldering

Optical modules are comprised of internal semiconductor devices. However, in principle, optical modules are optical components. During soldering, ensure that flux does not contact with the emitting surface or the detecting surface. Also ensure that proper flux removal is conducted after soldering.

Some optical modules come with a protective cap. The protective cap is used to avoid malfunction when the optical module is not in use. Note that it is not dust or waterproof.

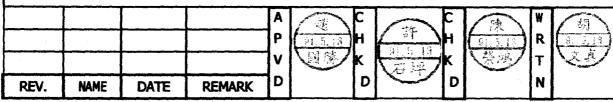
As mentioned before, optical modules are optical components. Thus, in principle, soldering where there may be flux residue and flux removal after soldering is not recommended. CLIFF recommend that soldering be performed without the optical module mounted on the board. Then, after the board has been cleaned, the optical module should be soldered on to the board

If the optical module cannot be soldered manually, use non-halogen (chlorine-free) flux and make sure, without cleaning, there is no residue such as chlorine. This is one of the ways to eliminate the effects of flux. In such a cases, be sure to check the devices' reliability.

#### (3) Noise resistance

It is believed that the use of optical transfer devices improve noise resistance. In theory, optical fiber is not affected by noise at all. However, receiving modules which handle signals whose level is extremely small, are susceptible to noise.

The optical module is to be used in an area which is susceptible to radiated noise, increase the shielding by covering the optical module and the power line filter with a metallic cover.



**Cliff Electronic Components Ltd** 

## CUSTOMER MODEL NO. / TITLE SPECIFICATION NO. PAGE 0 6 OF 7 OPTICAL RECEIVING JACK DATE APR,29,2002 (4) Vibration and shock

This module is plastic sealed and has its wire fixed by resin. This structure is relatively resistant to vibration and shock. In actual equipment, there are sometime cases in which vibration, shock, or tress is applied to soldered parts or connected parts, resulting in lines cut.

A care must be taken in the design of equipment which will be subject to high levels of vibration.

(5) Support pins

The has support pins in order to fix itself to the PCB temporary. Please make the hole for these pins in the PCB under the condition described in board layout hole pattern.

(6) Panel attachment

has hole for panel attachment. Please be sure to attach it to panel with self-tapping screw.

(7) Solvent

When using solvent for flux removal, do not use a high acid or high alkali solvent. Be careful not to pour solvent in to the optical connector ports. If solvent is inadvertently poured in to them, clean it off using cotton tips.

(8) Supply voltage

Use the supply voltage within the recommended operating condition ( $Vcc = 5\pm0.25V$ ). Make sure that supply voltage does not exceed the maximum rating value of 7V, even for an instant.

(9) Interface

The ... has a TTL interface. It can be interfaced with any TTL-compatible C-MOS IC.

(10) Output

If the receiver output is at low and is connected to the power supply, or if the output is high and is connected to GND, the internal IC may be destroyed.

(11) Soldering condition

Solder at 260 or less for no more than ten seconds.

Cliff Electronic Components Ltd

## CUSTOMER MODEL NO. / TITLE OPTICAL RECEIVING JACK

SPECIFICATION NO. PAGE:

PAGE: 7 OF 7

DATE: APR,29,2002

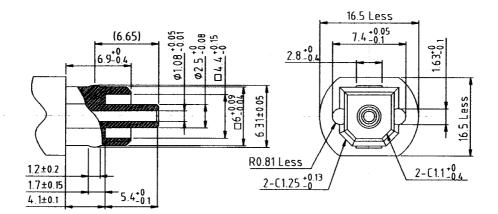
(12) Precautions when disposing of devices and packing materials.
When disposing devices and packing materials, follow the procedures stipulated by local regulations in order to protect the environment against contamination.

(13) Precautions during use

is continually working to improve the quality and the reliability of their products.

Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and their vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing products, to observe standards of safety, and to avoid situations in which the malfunction or failure of a product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property.

#### Mating plug



Unit:mm

				A	種	С	(註)	C	康	V	/胡
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			`	] ٧		K	石坪人	K	寒两	T	
REV.	NAME	DATE	REMARK	D		D		D		N	

Document No.	Document name	Rev.	DATE	
01 E	Management standards for "Environment-related	1.6	OCT,26,2006	
01-E	substances to be controlled"	1.6		

- 1. This part should not contain any substances which are specified in follow .(Except cadmium is less than 5ppm, Lead is under 90ppm)
- 2. In this case, pre-processing methods and measurement methods shall conform to ROHS.

3. List of "Environment-related Substances to be Controlled ('The Controlled Substances')

	ent-related Substances to be Controlled ('The Controlled	· ~ commoos )					
	Substances	Allowable concentration					
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds	Less 5ppm					
	Lead and lead compounds	Less 90ppm					
Heavy metals	Lead in the plastic, rubber, paints, ink	Less 50ppm					
	Mercury and mercury compounds						
	Hexavalent chromium compounds						
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)						
Chlorinated organic compounds	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)						
	Chlorinated paraffins (CP)						
	Mirex (Perchlordecone)						
	Other chlorinated organic compounds						
	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)						
Brominated organic	Polybrominated diphenylethers (PBDE)						
compounds	Tetrabromobisphenol-A-bis- (2, 3-dibromopropylether) (TBBP-A-bis)						
	Other brominated organic compounds						
Organic tin compound	ds (tributy tin compounds, Triphenyl tin compounds)						
Asbestos							
Azo compounds							
Formaldehyde							
Polyvinyl chloride (PV	VC) and PVC blends						

#### 4. Allowable concentrations:

Less than 90ppm is determined as an allowable total-concentration of four heavy metals (mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, and lead). Less than 5ppm is determined as an allowable cadmium-concentration in a plastic (including rubber) part.

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QMFZ2 Component - Plastics

NAN YA PLASTICS CORP

PLASTICS 4TH DIV 3RD FL 201 TUNG HWA NORTH RD TAIPEI TAIWAN

Material Designation: 1403G6

Product Description: Polybutylene Terephthalate (PBT), furnished as pellets.

Color	Min. Thick. (mm)	Flame Class	HWI	HAI	RTI Elec	RTI Imp	RT St	IEC GWIT	IEC GWFI
ALL	0.75	<b>0</b>	m	0	130	130	140	•	,
	1.5	0-7	~	0	130	130	140	•	
	3.0	o->	~	0	130	130	140	•	•
	CT1: 2		HVTR: 1	 23	<b>D495</b> : 6	9	IEC	IEC BP: -	
Report Date: 01/11/1991	01/11/1991		Under	writers La	Underwriters Laboratories Inc®	é			625400001

UL94 small-scale test data does not pertain to building materials, furnishings and related contents. UL 94 small-scale test data is intended solely for determining the flammability of plastic materials used in components and parts of end-product devices and appliances, where the acceptability of the combination is determined by ULI.

# TELJIN CHEMICALS LTD

HIBIYA DAIBIRU BLDG 2-2 UCHISAIWAI-CHO 1-CHOME CHIYODA-KU TOKYO 100-0011 JAPAN

Material Designation: L-1250#(f2), L-1250U#, L-1250V#, L-1250Z#(f1)

Product Description: Polycarbonate (PC), designated "Panitte" furnished as pellets, powder.

IEC GWFI	,	ı	,		,	
IEC GWIT	,	,	•	•	,	IEC BP:
RTI Str	80	80	125	125	125	IEC
RTI Imp	80	80	115	115	115	5:5
RTI Elec	80	80	125	125	125	<b>D495:</b> 5
HAI	м	m	0	0	0	4
HWI	4	4	4	<b>-</b> -	<b>-</b>	HVTR: 4
Flame Class	٧-2	<b>V-2</b>	9	<b>£</b>	9	
Min. Thick. (mm)	0.40	0.84	1.5	3.0	0.0	<b>CTI:</b> 2
Color	ALL					

Material designation may be suffixed with any one or two letters.

Suitable for outdoor use with respect to exposure to Ultraviolet Light, Water Exposure and Immersion in accordance with UL 746C. Ē

Subjected to one or more of the following tests: Ultraviolet Light, Water Exposure or Immersion in accordance with UL 746C, where the acceptability for outdoor use is to be determined by UL Inc. 3

Report Date: 09/24/1990

Underwriters Laboratories Inc®

699748006

UL94 small-scale test data does not pertain to building materials, furnishings and related contents. UL 94 small-scale test data is intended solely for determining the flammability of plastic materials used in components and parts of end-product devices and appliances, where the acceptability of the combination is determined by ULI.

TELLIN CHEMICALS LTD

HIBIYA DAIBIRU BLDG 2-2 UCHISAIWAI-CHO 1-CHOME CHIYODA-KU TOKYO 100-0011 JAPAN

Material Designation: L-1225#(f2), L-1225U#, L-1225V#, L-1225Z#(f1)

Product Description: Polycarbonate (PC), designated "Panlite" furnished as pellets, powder.

IEC GWFI	•	•			•	•	
IEC GWIT	•		,		ı		IEC BP: -
RTI Str	80	80	125	125	125	125	IEC
RTI Imp	80	80	115	115	115	115	io O
RTI Elec	80	80	125	125	125	125	<b>D495:</b> 5
HAI	m	<del></del>	-1	H	н	wł	4 4
HWI	4	М	m	ო	74	<b>.</b>	HVTR: 4
Flame Class	<b>^-2</b>	٧-2	V-2	<b>9</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	
Min. Thick. (mm)	0.40	0.75	1.5	1.9	3,0	6.0	כחד: 2
Color	AFF						

Material designation may be suffixed with any one or two letters.

Suitable for outdoor use with respect to exposure to Ultraviolet Light, Water Exposure and Immersion in accordance with UL 746C. £

Subjected to one or more of the following tests: Ultraviolet Light, Water Exposure or Immersion in accordance with UL 746C, where the acceptability for outdoor use is to be determined by UL Inc. 3

Report Date: 02/10/1989

Underwriters Laboratories Inc®

699748006

UL94 small-scale test data does not pertain to building materials, furnishings and related contents. UL94 small-scale test data is intended solely for determining the flammability of plastic materials used in components and parts of end-product devices and appliances, where the acceptability of the combination is determined by ULI.



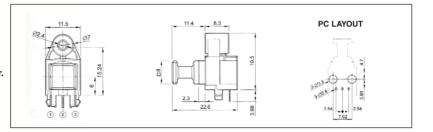
## **Optical Jacks**

The **CLIFF®** range of Optical Transmitter and Receiver jacks feature seven different models that conform to the EIAJ standard CP-1201 for Digital Audio Interfaces including Fibre-Optical interconnections. Optical Jacks are virtually unaffected by noise when transmitting and receiving signals between digital audio equipment, enabling high-quality audio recording and high speed signal receiving. It continues to be adopted as a virtual standard in portable audio equipment. Several models have a self-tapping hole for panel mounting and three models replace the plug-in cover with a convenient hinged shutter to protect against contamination.



OTJ-1/ORJ-1 Single Optical Transmitter and Receiver Jack. Right angle PCB mount with self tapping hole for panel mounting. Removable plug-in cover.

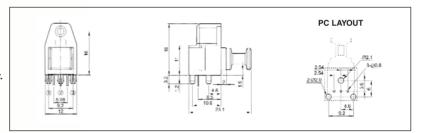
OTJ-1 (FC6842031T) ORJ-1 (FC6842031R)





OTJ-2/ORJ-2 Single Optical Transmitter and Receiver Jack. Right angle PCB mount with self tapping hole for panel mounting. Removable plug-in cover.

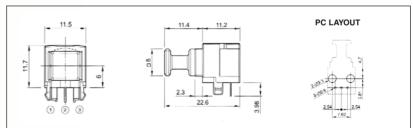
OTJ-2 (FC684202T) ORJ-2 (FC684202R)





OTJ-3/ORJ-3 Single Optical Transmitter and Receiver Jack. Right angle PCB mount. Removable plug-in cover.

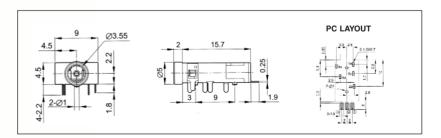
OTJ-3 (FC6842032T) ORJ-3 (FC6842032R)





OTJ-4/ORJ-4 Single Optical Transmitter and Receiver Jack. Low profile right angle PCB mount.

OTJ-4 (FC684204T) ORJ-4 (FC684204R)



#### Cliff Electronic Components, Ltd.

76 Holmethorpe Avenue, Holmethorpe Ind. Est. Redhill, Surrey RH1 2PF. England

**Tel:** +44 (0) 1737 771375 **Fax:** +44 (0) 1737 766012 **Email:** sales@cliffuk.co.uk



Visit us online at:

www.cliffuk.co.uk

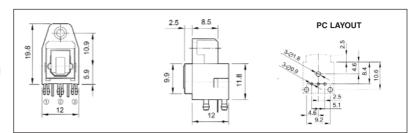


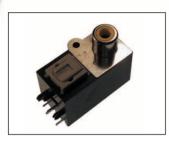
## **Optical Jacks**



OTJ-5/ORJ-5 Single Optical Transmitter and Receiver Jack, Right angle PCB mount with self tapping hole for panel mounting. Hinged shutter.

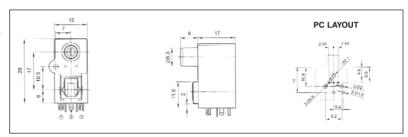
OTJ-5 (FC684205T) ORJ-5 (FC684205R)





OTJ-6/ORJ-6 Dual SPDIF **RCA** and Optical Transmitter and Receiver Jack, Right angle PCB mount with self tapping hole for panel mounting. Hinged shutter. Several different colored inserts available

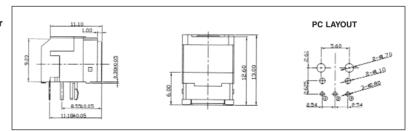
OTJ-6 (FC684206T) ORJ-6 (FC684206R)





OTJ-8/ORJ-8 Optical Transmitter and Receiver Jack. Right angle PCB mount. Hinged shutter.

OTJ-8 (FC684208T) ORJ-8 (FC684208R)



**Electrical Specifications:** 

Supply Voltage: -0.5 to 7.0V Maximum. Input Voltage: -0.5 to +0.5V Maximum.

Operating Temperature: -20 deg. C to +70 deg. C Maximum. Storage Temperature: -30 deg. C to +80 deg. C Maximum.

Soldering Temperature: 260 deg. C Maximum.

**Mechanical Specifications:** Insertion Force: 5.9N Minimum, 39.2N Maximum. Withdrawal Force: 5.9N Minimum, 39.2N Maximum.

**Materials:** 

Body: PBT +30G, ABS 94-V-0 (depends on model)

Shutter: Nylon PA66

Please refer to the individual technical data sheets available for each model for the recommended operating conditions, characteristics, PC layouts and technical information. We also manufacture molded optical lead assemblies for use with our optical jacks. Please contact our sales office for more details.