

Overview

The KEMET EST radial aluminum electrolytic capacitors are designed for low impedance and long life (up to 10,000 hours) applications.

Applications

Typical applications include SMPS, power supplies, adaptors, chargers, monitors, and computers.

Benefits

• Long life, up to 10,000 hours

- Low impedance
- Operating temperature of up to +105°C
- Case with \emptyset D \ge 5 mm
- · Safety vent on the capacitor base



Part Number System

| EST | 157 | М | 6R3 | | Α | C3 | AA |
|------------------------------------|---|-----------|---|---|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Series | Capacitance Code (pF) | Tolerance | Rated Voltage (VDC) | | Electrical Parameters | Size Code | Packaging |
| Radial Aluminum Electrolytic | First two digits represent significant figures for capacitance values. Last digit specifies the number of zeros to be added. | M = ±20% | 6R3 = 6.3 010 = 10 016 = 16 025 = 25 | 035 = 35 050 = 50 063 = 63 100 = 100 | A = Standard | See Dimension Table | See Ordering Options Table |

| Diameter | Length | Packaging Type | Lead Type | Lead Length (mm) | Lead and Packaging Code | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Standard Bulk Packaging Options | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 - 22 | 2 All Bulk (bag) Straight 20/15 Minimum | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Tape & Reel | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 - 5 | All | Tape & Reel | Formed to 2.5 mm | H ₀ = 16 ±0.75 | LA | | | | | | |
| 4 - 8 | All | Tape & Reel | 2.5 mm lead spacing | H ₀ = 18.5 ±0.75 | КА | | | | | | |
| 4 - 8 | All | Tape & Reel | Formed to 5 mm | H ₀ = 16 ±0.75 | JA | | | | | | |
| 10 | ≤ 20 | Tape & Reel | Straight | H ₀ = 18.5 ±0.75 | КА | | | | | | |
| | | Ar | nmo Pack | | | | | | | | |
| 4 - 8 | All | Ammo | Formed to 5 mm | H ₀ = 16 ±0.75 | DA | | | | | | |
| 4 - 8 | All | Ammo | Straight | H ₀ = 18.5 ±0.75 | EA | | | | | | |
| 4 - 5 | All | Ammo | Formed to 2.5 mm | H ₀ = 16 ±0.75 | FA | | | | | | |
| 10 - 13 | All | Ammo | 5 mm lead spacing | H ₀ = 18.5 ±0.75 | EA | | | | | | |
| 16 | All | Ammo | 7.5 mm lead spacing | H ₀ = 18.5 ±0.75 | EA | | | | | | |
| 18 | ≤ 25 | Ammo | 7.5 mm lead spacing | H ₀ = 18.5 ±0.75 | EA | | | | | | |
| | | Contact KEMET for oth | er lead and packaging op | tions | | | | | | | |

Ordering Options Table

Environmental Compliance

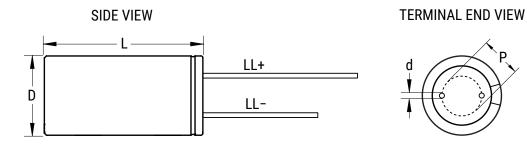
As an environmentally conscious company, KEMET is working continuously with improvements concerning the environmental effects of both our capacitors and their production. In Europe (RoHS Directive) and in some other geographical areas like China, legislation has been put in place to prevent the use of some hazardous materials, such as lead (Pb), in electronic equipment. All products in this catalog are produced to help our customers' obligations to guarantee their products and fulfill these legislative requirements. The only material of concern in our products has been lead (Pb), which has been removed from all designs to fulfill the requirement of containing less than 0.1% of lead in any homogeneous material. KEMET will closely follow any changes in legislation world wide and make any necessary changes in its products, whenever needed.

Some customer segments such as medical, military and automotive electronics may still require the use of lead in electrode coatings. To clarify the situation and distinguish products from each other, a special symbol is used on the packaging labels for RoHS compatible capacitors.

Due to customer requirements, there may appear additional markings such as lead free (LF) or lead-free wires (LFW) on the label.



Dimensions – Millimeters



| Cine Code | I |) | l | L | I | P | (| d | LL+/LL- |
|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|
| Size Code | Nominal | Tolerance | Nominal | Tolerance | Nominal | Tolerance | Nominal | Tolerance | Minimum |
| C3 | 5.0 | ±0.5 | 11.0 | +1.5/-0 | 2.0 | ±0.5 | 0.5 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| E3 | 6.3 | ±0.5 | 11.0 | +1.5/-0 | 2.5 | ±0.5 | 0.5 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| G3 | 8.0 | ±0.5 | 11.0 | +1.5/-0 | 3.5 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| G4 | 8.0 | ±0.5 | 15.0 | +2.0/-0 | 3.5 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| G6 | 8.0 | ±0.5 | 20.0 | +2.0/-0 | 3.5 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| H1 | 10.0 | ±0.5 | 12.0 | +1.5/-0 | 5.0 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| H9 | 10.0 | ±0.5 | 12.5 | +1.5/-0 | 5.0 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| H2 | 10.0 | ±0.5 | 15.0 | +2.0/-0 | 5.0 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| H8 | 10.0 | ±0.5 | 16.0 | +2.0/-0 | 5.0 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| H4 | 10.0 | ±0.5 | 20.0 | +2.0/-0 | 5.0 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| H5 | 10.0 | ±0.5 | 25.0 | +2.0/-0 | 5.0 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| H6 | 10.0 | ±0.5 | 30.0 | +2.0/-0 | 5.0 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| L3 | 13.0 | ±0.5 | 20.0 | +2.0/-0 | 5.0 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| L4 | 13.0 | ±0.5 | 25.0 | +2.0/-0 | 5.0 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| L8 | 13.0 | ±0.5 | 30.0 | +2.0/-0 | 5.0 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| L6 | 13.0 | ±0.5 | 35.0 | +2.0/-0 | 5.0 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| L7 | 13.0 | ±0.5 | 40.0 | +2.0/-0 | 5.0 | ±0.5 | 0.6 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| М7 | 16.0 | ±0.5 | 25.0 | +2.0/-0 | 7.5 | ±0.5 | 0.8 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| M2 | 16.0 | ±0.5 | 32.0 | +2.0/-0 | 7.5 | ±0.5 | 0.8 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| M3 | 16.0 | ±0.5 | 36.0 | +2.0/-0 | 7.5 | ±0.5 | 0.8 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| M4 | 16.0 | ±0.5 | 40.0 | +2.0/-0 | 7.5 | ±0.5 | 0.8 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| N5 | 18.0 | ±0.5 | 25.0 | +2.0/-0 | 7.5 | ±0.5 | 0.8 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| N1 | 18.0 | ±0.5 | 32.0 | +2.0/-0 | 7.5 | ±0.5 | 0.8 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| N2 | 18.0 | ±0.5 | 36.0 | +2.0/-0 | 7.5 | ±0.5 | 0.8 | Nominal | 20/15 |
| N3 | 18.0 | ±0.5 | 40.0 | +2.0/-0 | 7.5 | ±0.5 | 0.8 | Nominal | 20/15 |



Performance Characteristics

| Item | Performance Characteristics |
|-----------------------|---|
| Capacitance Range | 2.2 – 15,000 μF |
| Capacitance Tolerance | ±20% at 120 Hz/20°C |
| Rated Voltage | 6.3 - 100 VDC |
| Life Test | 4,000 – 10,000 hours (see conditions in Test Method & Performance) |
| Operating Temperature | -40°C to +105°C |
| Lashara Ormant | I ≤ 0.01 CV or 3 μA, whichever is greater |
| Leakage Current | C = rated capacitance (μ F), V = rated voltage (VDC). Voltage applied for 2 minutes at 20°C. |

Impedance Z Characteristics at 120 Hz

| Rated Voltage (VDC) | 6 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 50 | 63 | 100 |
|---------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| Z (-25°C)/Z (20°C) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Z (-40°C)/Z (20°C) | 8 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

Compensation Factor of Ripple Current (RC) vs. Frequency

| Capacitance Range (µF) | 120 Hz | 1 kHz | 10 kHz | 100 kHz |
|------------------------|--------|-------|--------|---------|
| 6.8 - 180 | 0.40 | 0.75 | 0.90 | 1.00 |
| 220 - 560 | 0.50 | 0.85 | 0.94 | 1.00 |
| 680 - 1,800 | 0.60 | 0.87 | 0.95 | 1.00 |
| 2,200 - 3,900 | 0.75 | 0.90 | 0.95 | 1.00 |
| ≥ 4,700 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 1.00 |



Test Method & Performance

| Conditions | | Load Life Test | | Shelf Life Test | | | |
|--------------------|--|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Temperature | | 105°C | | | | | |
| | Can Ø ≤ 6.3 mm | V ≤ 10 VDC | 4,000 hours | | | | |
| | Can Ø ≤ 6.3 mm | V ≥ 16 VDC | 5,000 hours | - | | | |
| T ID I | Can Ø = 8, 10 mm | V ≤ 10 VDC | 6,000 hours | 10001 | | | |
| Test Duration | Can Ø = 8, 10 mm | V ≥16 VDC | 7,000 hours | 1,000 hours | | | |
| | Can Ø ≥ 12.5 mm | V ≤ 10 VDC | 8,000 hours | | | | |
| | Can Ø ≥ 12.5 mm | V ≥ 16 VDC | 10,000 hours | | | | |
| Ripple Current | Maximum ripple current s | specified at 100 kHz 105 | °C | No ripple current applied | | | |
| Voltage | The sum of DC voltage ar rated voltage of the capa | | nust not exceed the | No voltage applied | | | |
| Performance | The following specif | fications will be sati | sfied when the capa | citor is restored to 20°C: | | | |
| Capacitance Change | Within ±25% of the initial value | | | | | | |
| Dissipation Factor | Does not exceed 200% of the specified value | | | | | | |
| Leakage Current | Does not exceed specifie | d value | | | | | |

Shelf Life

The capacitance, ESR and impedance of a capacitor will not change significantly after extended storage periods, however, the leakage current will very slowly increase.

KEMET's E aluminum electrolytic capacitors should not be stored in high temperatures or where there is a high level of humidity. The suitable storage condition for KEMET's E aluminum electrolytic capacitors is +5 to +35°C and less than 75% in relative humidity. KEMET's E aluminum electrolytic capacitors should not be stored in damp conditions such as water, saltwater spray or oil spray. KEMET's E aluminum electrolytic capacitors should not be stored in an environment full of hazardous gas (hydrogen sulphide, sulphurous acid gas, nitrous acid, chlorine gas, ammonium, etc.) KEMET's E aluminum electrolytic capacitors or adiation.

If a capacitor has been stored for more than 18 months under these conditions and it shows increased leakage current, then a treatment by voltage application is recommended.

Re-Age (Reforming) Procedure

Apply the rated voltage to the capacitor at room temperature for a period of one hour, or until the leakage current has fallen to a steady value below the specified limit. During re-aging a maximum charging current of twice the specified leakage current or 5 mA, whichever is greater, is suggested.



Table 1 – Ratings & Part Number Reference

| | VDC | Rated | Case | DF 120 Hz | Z 100 kHz | RC 100 kHz | ESR 100 kHz | LC 20°C | |
|------------|-----------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| VDC | Surge | Capacitance | Size | | | | | 2 Minutes | Part Number |
| | Voltage | 120 Hz 20°C | DxL | 20°C | 20°C | 105°C | 25°C | (µA) | |
| | Fontage | (µF) | (mm) | (tan δ %)* | (Ω) | (mA) | (Ω) | (1) | |
| 6.3 | 8 | 150 | 5 x 11 | 22 | 0.720 | 210 | 0.72 | 9.5 | EST157M6R3AC3(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 330 | 6.3 x 11 | 22 | 0.380 | 340 | 0.38 | 20.8 | EST337M6R3AE3(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 680 | 8 x 11 | 22 | 0.200 | 640 | 0.2 | 42.8 | EST687M6R3AG3(1) |
| 6.3 6.3 | 8 8 | 820 1000 | 8 x 15 10 x 12 | 22 22 | 0.160 0.120 | 840 865 | 0.16 0.12 | 51.7 63.0 | EST827M6R3AG4(1) EST108M6R3AH1(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 1000 | 10 x 12 10 x 12.5 | 22 | 0.120 | 865 | 0.12 | 63.0 | EST108M6R3AH9(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 1500 | 8 x 20 | 22 | 0.110 | 1050 | 0.11 | 94.5 | EST158M6R3AG6(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 1500 | 10 x 15 | 22 | 0.084 | 1210 | 0.084 | 94.5 | EST158M6R3AH2(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 2200 | 10 x 20 | 22 | 0.062 | 1400 | 0.062 | 138.6 | EST228M6R3AH4(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 2700 | 10 x 25 | 22 | 0.052 | 1650 | 0.052 | 170.1 | EST278M6R3AH5(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 3300 | 13 x 20 | 22 | 0.046 | 1900 | 0.046 | 207.9 | EST338M6R3AL3(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 3900 | 13 x 25 | 22 | 0.034 | 2230 | 0.034 | 245.7 | EST398M6R3AL4(1) |
| 6.3 6.3 | 8 8 | 4700 5600 | 13 x 30 13 x 35 | 22 22 | 0.030 0.027 | 2650 2880 | 0.03 0.027 | 296.1 352.8 | EST478M6R3AL8(1) EST568M6R3AL6(1) |
| 6.3 | о 8 | 6800 | 13 x 35 13 x 40 | 22 | 0.027 | 3350 | 0.027 | 428.4 | EST688M6R3AL7(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 6800 | 16 x 25 | 22 | 0.024 | 2930 | 0.024 | 428.4 | EST688M6R3AM7(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 8200 | 16 x 32 | 22 | 0.025 | 3450 | 0.025 | 516.6 | EST828M6R3AM2(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 10000 | 16 x 36 | 22 | 0.018 | 3610 | 0.018 | 630.0 | EST109M6R3AM3(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 12000 | 18 x 32 | 22 | 0.015 | 4170 | 0.015 | 756.0 | EST129M6R3AN1(1) |
| 6.3 | 8 | 15000 | 18 x 36 | 22 | 0.014 | 4220 | 0.014 | 945.0 | EST159M6R3AN2(1) |
| 10 | 13 | 100 | 5 x 11 | 19 | 0.720 | 210 | 0.72 | 10.0 | EST107M010AC3(1) |
| 10 | 13 | 220 | 6.3 x 11 | 19 19 | 0.380 | 340 | 0.38 | 22.0 47.0 | EST227M010AE3(1) EST477M010AG3(1) |
| 10 10 | 13 13 | 470 680 | 8 x 11 8 x 15 | 19 | 0.200 0.160 | 640 840 | 0.2 0.16 | 47.0 68.0 | EST687M010AG3(1) |
| 10 | 13 | 1000 | 10 x 15 | 19 | 0.084 | 1210 | 0.084 | 100.0 | EST108M010AH2(1) |
| 10 | 13 | 1000 | 18 x 36 | 19 | 0.014 | 4220 | 0.014 | 100.0 | EST108M010AN2(1) |
| 10 | 13 | 1500 | 10 x 20 | 19 | 0.062 | 1400 | 0.062 | 150.0 | EST158M010AH4(1) |
| 10 | 13 | 2200 | 10 x 25 | 19 | 0.052 | 1650 | 0.052 | 220.0 | EST228M010AH5(1) |
| 10 | 13 | 2700 | 13 x 20 | 19 | 0.046 | 1900 | 0.046 | 270.0 | EST278M010AL3(1) |
| 10 | 13 | 3300 | 13 x 25 | 19 | 0.034 | 2230 | 0.034 | 330.0 | EST338M010AL4(1) |
| 10 10 | 13 13 | 3900 4700 | 13 x 30 13 x 35 | 19 19 | 0.030 0.027 | 2650 2880 | 0.03 0.027 | 390.0 470.0 | EST398M010AL8(1) EST478M010AL6(1) |
| 10 | 13 | 5600 | 13 x 35 13 x 40 | 19 | 0.027 | 3350 | 0.027 | 560.0 | EST568M010AL7(1) |
| 10 | 13 | 5600 | 16 x 25 | 19 | 0.024 | 2930 | 0.024 | 560.0 | EST568M010AM7(1) |
| 10 | 13 | 6800 | 16 x 32 | 19 | 0.025 | 3450 | 0.025 | 680.0 | EST688M010AM2(1) |
| 10 | 13 | 8200 | 16 x 36 | 19 | 0.018 | 3610 | 0.018 | 820.0 | EST828M010AM3(1) |
| 10 | 13 | 10000 | 18 X 36 | 19 | 0.014 | 4220 | 0.014 | 1000.0 | EST109M010AN2(1) |
| 16 | 20 | 56 | 5 x 11 | 16 | 0.720 | 210 | 0.72 | 9.0 | EST566M016AC3(1) |
| 16 | 20 | 100 | 6.3 x 11 | 16 | 0.380 | 340 | 0.38 | 16.0 | EST107M016AE3(1) |
| 16 16 | 20 20 | 220 330 | 8 x 11 8 x 15 | 16 16 | 0.200 | 640 701 | 0.2 | 35.2 52.8 | EST227M016AG3(1) EST337M016AG4(1) |
| 16 | 20 | 470 | 8 x 15 8 x 15 | 16 | 0.160 | 840 | 0.16 | 52.8 75.2 | EST337M016AG4(1) EST477M016AG4(1) |
| 16 | 20 | 680 | 10 x 15 | 16 | 0.084 | 1210 | 0.084 | 108.8 | EST687M016AH2(1) |
| 16 | 20 | 1000 | 10 x 20 | 16 | 0.062 | 1400 | 0.062 | 160.0 | EST108M016AH4(1) |
| 16 | 20 | 1500 | 10 x 25 | 16 | 0.052 | 1650 | 0.052 | 240.0 | EST158M016AH5(1) |
| 16 | 20 | 2200 | 13 x 25 | 16 | 0.034 | 2230 | 0.034 | 352.0 | EST228M016AL4(1) |
| 16 | 20 | 2700 | 13 x 30 | 16 | 0.030 | 2650 | 0.03 | 432.0 | EST278M016AL8(1) |
| 16 | 20 | 3300 | 13 x 35 | 16 | 0.027 | 2880 | 0.027 | 528.0 | EST338M016AL6(1) |
| 16 16 | 20 | 3900 | 13 x 40 | 16 16 | 0.024 | 3350 | 0.024 | 624.0 752.0 | EST398M016AL7(1) |
| 16 | 20 20 | 4700 5600 | 16 x 32 16 x 36 | 16 16 | 0.028 | 3450 3610 | 0.028 0.018 | 752.0 896.0 | EST478M016AM2(1) EST568M016AM3(1) |
| 16 | 20 | 5600 | 10 x 30 18 x 32 | 16 | 0.018 | 4170 | 0.018 | 896.0 | EST568M016AN1(1) |
| 16 | 20 | 6800 | 18 x 36 | 16 | 0.013 | 4220 | 0.013 | 1088.0 | EST688M016AN2(1) |
| 25 | 32 | 47 | 5 x 11 | 14 | 0.720 | 210 | 0.72 | 11.8 | EST476M025AC3(1) |
| 25 | 32 | 100 | 6.3 x 11 | 14 | 0.380 | 340 | 0.38 | 25.0 | EST107M025AE3(1) |
| 25 | 32 | 150 | 8 x 11 | 14 | 0.200 | 640 | 0.2 | 37.5 | EST157M025AG3(1) |
| 25 | 32 | 220 | 8 x 11 | 14 | 0.200 | 640 | 0.2 | 55.0 | EST227M025AG3(1) |
| VDC | VDC Surge | Rated Capacitance | Case Size | DF | Z | RC | ESR | LC | Part Number |

(1) Insert packaging code. See Ordering Options Table for available options.

* When capacitance exceeds 1,000 μ F, the DF value (%) is increased by 2% for every additional 1,000 μ F.



Table 1 – Ratings & Part Number Reference cont.

| VDC | VDC Surge | Capacitance | | | | RC | | | |
|----------|--------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| VDC | - | | Size | 120 Hz | 100 kHz | 100 kHz | 100 kHz | LC 20°C | B (1) |
| | | 120 Hz 20°C | DxL | 20°C | 20°C | 105°C | 25°C | 2 Minutes | Part Number |
| | Voltage | (µF) | (mm) | (tan δ %)* | (Ω) | (mA) | (Ω) | (µA) | |
| 25 | 32 | 330 | 8 x 15 | 14 | 0.160 | 840 | 0.16 | 82.5 | EST337M025AG4(1) |
| 25 | 32 | 470 | 10 x 15 | 14 | 0.084 | 1210 | 0.084 | 117.5 | EST477M025AH2(1) |
| 25 | 32 | 680 | 10 x 20 | 14 | 0.062 | 1400 | 0.062 | 170.0 | EST687M025AH4(1) |
| 25 | 32 | 820 | 10 x 25 | 14 | 0.052 | 1650 | 0.052 | 205.0 | EST827M025AH5(1) |
| 25 | 32 | 1000 | 13 x 20 | 14 | 0.046 | 1900 | 0.046 | 250.0 | EST108M025AL3(1) |
| 25 25 | 32 32 | 1500 2200 | 13 x 25 13 x 35 | 14 14 | 0.034 0.027 | 2230 2880 | 0.034 0.027 | 375.0 550.0 | EST158M025AL4(1) EST228M025AL6(1) |
| 25 | 32 | 2700 | 16 x 25 | 14 | 0.027 | 2930 | 0.027 | 675.0 | EST278M025AM7(1) |
| 25 | 32 | 3300 | 16 x 32 | 14 | 0.025 | 3450 | 0.025 | 825.0 | EST338M025AM2(1) |
| 25 | 32 | 3900 | 18 x 32 | 14 | 0.015 | 4170 | 0.015 | 975.0 | EST398M025AN1(1) |
| 25 | 32 | 4700 | 18 x 36 | 14 | 0.014 | 4280 | 0.014 | 1175.0 | EST478M025AN2(1) |
| 35 | 44 | 33 | 5 x 11 | 12 | 0.720 | 210 | 0.72 | 11.6 | EST336M035AC3(1) |
| 35 | 44 | 47 | 6.3 x 11 | 12 | 0.380 | 340 | 0.38 | 16.5 | EST476M035AE3(1) |
| 35 35 | 44 44 | 150 220 | 8 x 11 8 x 15 | 12 12 | 0.200 0.160 | 640 840 | 0.2 0.16 | 52.5 77.0 | EST157M035AG3(1) EST227M035AG4(1) |
| 35 | 44 | 330 | 10 x 20 | 12 | 0.062 | 1400 | 0.062 | 115.5 | EST337M035AH4(1) |
| 35 | 44 | 470 | 10 x 25 | 12 | 0.052 | 1650 | 0.052 | 164.5 | EST477M035AH5(1) |
| 35 | 44 | 680 | 10 x 30 | 12 | 0.044 | 1910 | 0.044 | 238.0 | EST687M035AH6(1) |
| 35 | 44 | 680 | 13 x 20 | 12 | 0.046 | 1900 | 0.046 | 238.0 | EST687M035AL3(1) |
| 35 | 44 | 820 | 13 x 25 | 12 | 0.045 | 2230 | 0.045 | 287.0 | EST827M035AL4(1) |
| 35 35 | 44 | 1000 | 13 x 25 13 x 30 | 12 12 | 0.045 | 2230 | 0.045 | 350.0 420.0 | EST108M035AL4(1) |
| 35 35 | 44 44 | 1200 1500 | 13 x 30 13 x 35 | 12 | 0.030 0.027 | 2650 2880 | 0.03 0.027 | 420.0 525.0 | EST128M035AL8(1) EST158M035AL6(1) |
| 35 | 44 | 1800 | 13 x 40 | 12 | 0.024 | 3350 | 0.024 | 630.0 | EST188M035AL7(1) |
| 35 | 44 | 2200 | 16 x 32 | 12 | 0.025 | 3450 | 0.025 | 770.0 | EST228M035AM2(1) |
| 35 | 44 | 2700 | 16 x 36 | 12 | 0.022 | 3610 | 0.022 | 945.0 | EST278M035AM3(1) |
| 35 | 44 | 3300 | 18 x 36 | 12 | 0.020 | 4220 | 0.02 | 1155.0 | EST338M035AN2(1) |
| 50 | 63 | 10 | 5 x 11 | 14 | 3.500 | 120 | 3.5 | 5.0 | EST106M050AC3(1) |
| 50 | 63 62 | 22 | 5 x 11 | 14 | 2.300 | 210 340 | 2.3 | 11.0 16.5 | EST226M050AC3(1) |
| 50 50 | 63 63 | 33 47 | 6.3 x 11 6.3 x 11 | 14 14 | 1.200 1.200 | 340 340 | 1.2 1.2 | 23.5 | EST336M050AE3(1) EST476M050AE3(1) |
| 50 | 63 | 100 | 8 x 11 | 14 | 0.630 | 555 | 0.63 | 50.0 | EST107M050AG3(1) |
| 50 | 63 | 120 | 8 x 15 | 14 | 0.450 | 730 | 0.45 | 60.0 | EST127M050AG4(1) |
| 50 | 63 | 150 | 8 x 20 | 14 | 0.330 | 910 | 0.33 | 75.0 | EST157M050AG6(1) |
| 50 | 63 | 220 | 10 x 15 | 10 | 0.310 | 1050 | #NA | 110.0 | EST227M050AH2(1) |
| 50 | 63 | 220 | 10 x 16 | 14 | 0.310 | 1050 | 0.31 | 110.0 | EST227M050AH8(1) |
| 50 50 | 63 63 | 330 470 | 10 x 20 10 x 30 | 14 14 | 0.210 0.150 | 1400 1690 | 0.21 0.15 | 165.0 235.0 | EST337M050AH4(1) EST477M050AH6(1) |
| 50 | 63 | 470 | 10 x 30 13 x 20 | 14 | 0.150 | 1660 | 0.15 | 235.0 | EST477M050AH0(1) |
| 50 | 63 | 560 | 13 x 25 | 14 | 0.120 | 1950 | 0.12 | 280.0 | EST567M050AL4(1) |
| 50 | 63 | 680 | 13 x 30 | 14 | 0.100 | 2310 | 0.1 | 340.0 | EST687M050AL8(1) |
| 50 | 63 | 820 | 13 x 35 | 14 | 0.083 | 2510 | 0.083 | 410.0 | EST827M050AL6(1) |
| 50 | 63 | 1000 | 16 x 25 | 14 | 0.073 | 2555 | 0.073 | 500.0 | EST108M050AM7(1) |
| 50 50 | 63 62 | 1200 | 16 x 32 | 14 14 | 0.054 | 3010 | 0.054 | 600.0 750.0 | EST128M050AM2(1) |
| 50 50 | 63 63 | 1500 1800 | 16 x 36 18 x 32 | 14 14 | 0.045 0.047 | 3150 3635 | 0.045 0.047 | 750.0 900.0 | EST158M050AM3(1) EST188M050AN1(1) |
| 50 | 63 | 2200 | 18 x 36 | 14 | 0.047 | 3680 | 0.047 | 1100.0 | EST228M050AN2(1) |
| 50 | 63 | 2700 | 18 x 40 | 14 | 0.036 | 3800 | 0.036 | 1350.0 | EST278M050AN3(1) |
| 63 | 79 | 10 | 5 x 11 | 14 | 2.300 | 55 | 2.3 | 6.3 | EST106M063AC3(1) |
| 63 | 79 | 33 | 6.3 x 11 | 14 | 1.200 | 115 | 1.2 | 20.8 | EST336M063AE3(1) |
| 63 | 79 70 | 56 | 8 x 11 | 14 | 0.630 | 232 | 0.63 | 35.3 | EST566M063AG3(1) |
| 63 63 | 79 79 | 120 120 | 10 x 15 10 x 16 | 14 14 | 0.310 0.310 | 357 357 | 0.31 0.31 | 75.6 75.6 | EST127M063AH2(1) EST127M063AH8(1) |
| 63 | 79 | 120 | 10 x 16 | 14 | 0.310 | 466 | 0.31 | 113.4 | EST127M063AH8(1) EST187M063AH4(1) |
| 63 | 79 | 220 | 10 x 25 | 14 | 0.200 | 531 | 0.2 | 138.6 | EST227M063AH5(1) |
| 63 | 79 | 270 | 10 x 30 | 14 | 0.150 | 663 | 0.15 | 170.1 | EST277M063AH6(1) |
| 63 | 79 | 270 | 13 x 20 | 14 | 0.160 | 690 | 0.16 | 170.1 | EST277M063AL3(1) |
| VDC | VDC Surge | Rated Capacitance | Case Size | DF | z | RC | ESR | LC | Part Number |

(1) Insert packaging code. See Ordering Options Table for available options.

* When capacitance exceeds 1,000 μ F, the DF value (%) is increased by 2% for every additional 1,000 μ F.



Table 1 – Ratings & Part Number Reference cont.

| VDC | VDC Surge Voltage | Rated Capacitance 120 Hz 20°C (µF) | Case Size D x L (mm) | DF 120 Hz 20°C (tan δ %)* | Z 100 kHz 20°C (Ω) | RC 100 kHz 105°C (mA) | ESR 100 kHz 25°C (Ω) | LC 20°C 2 Minutes (µA) | Part Number |
|-----|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| 63 | 79 | 330 | 13 x 25 | 14 | 0.120 | 784 | 0.12 | 207.9 | EST337M063AL4(1) |
| 63 | 79 | 470 | 13 x 30 | 14 | 0.100 | 905 | 0.1 | 296.1 | EST477M063AL8(1) |
| 63 | 79 | 560 | 13 x 35 | 14 | 0.083 | 1050 | 0.083 | 352.8 | EST567M063AL6(1) |
| 63 | 79 | 680 | 13 x 40 | 14 | 0.071 | 1180 | 0.071 | 428.4 | EST687M063AL7(1) |
| 63 | 79 | 820 | 16 x 32 | 14 | 0.054 | 1570 | 0.054 | 516.6 | EST827M063AM2(1) |
| 63 | 79 | 1000 | 16 x 36 | 14 | 0.045 | 1790 | 0.045 | 630.0 | EST108M063AM3(1) |
| 63 | 79 | 1200 | 16 x 40 | 14 | 0.040 | 2020 | 0.04 | 756.0 | EST128M063AM4(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 2.2 | 5 x 11 | 14 | 10.000 | 20 | 10 | 3.0 | EST225M100AC3(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 3.3 | 5 x 11 | 14 | 8.500 | 27 | 8.5 | 3.3 | EST335M100AC3(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 4.7 | 5 x 11 | 14 | 8.000 | 30 | 8 | 4.7 | EST475M100AC3(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 6.8 | 5 x 11 | 14 | 7.500 | 45 | 7.5 | 6.8 | EST685M100AC3(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 10 | 6.3 x 11 | 14 | 5.000 | 55 | 5 | 10.0 | EST106M100AE3(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 15 | 6.3 x 11 | 14 | 5.000 | 70 | 5 | 15.0 | EST156M100AE3(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 22 | 8 x 11 | 14 | 2.700 | 85 | 2.7 | 22.0 | EST226M100AG3(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 33 | 8 x 11 | 14 | 2.500 | 95 | 2.5 | 33.0 | EST336M100AG3(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 47 | 8 x 15 | 14 | 1.800 | 150 | 1.8 | 47.0 | EST476M100AG4(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 56 | 8 x 20 | 14 | 1.500 | 200 | 1.5 | 56.0 | EST566M100AG6(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 68 | 10 x 15 | 14 | 1.300 | 230 | 1.3 | 68.0 | EST686M100AH2(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 82 | 10 x 20 | 14 | 1.200 | 250 | 1.2 | 82.0 | EST826M100AH4(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 100 | 10 x 20 | 14 | 0.950 | 330 | 0.95 | 100.0 | EST107M100AH4(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 120 | 10 x 25 | 14 | 0.800 | 400 | 0.8 | 120.0 | EST127M100AH5(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 150 | 13 x 20 | 14 | 0.900 | 460 | 0.9 | 150.0 | EST157M100AL3(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 220 | 13 x 25 | 14 | 0.600 | 640 | 0.6 | 220.0 | EST227M100AL4(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 330 | 16 x 25 | 14 | 0.570 | 720 | 0.57 | 330.0 | EST337M100AM7(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 470 | 16 x 32 | 14 | 0.550 | 770 | 0.55 | 470.0 | EST477M100AM2(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 470 | 18 x 25 | 14 | 0.500 | 840 | 0.5 | 470.0 | EST477M100AN5(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 680 | 18 x 36 | 14 | 0.180 | 1400 | 0.18 | 680.0 | EST687M100AN2(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 820 | 18 x 40 | 14 | 0.130 | 1850 | 0.13 | 820.0 | EST827M100AN3(1) |
| 100 | 125 | 1000 | 18 x 40 | 14 | 0.130 | 1850 | 0.13 | 1000.0 | EST108M100AN3(1) |
| VDC | VDC Surge | Rated Capacitance | Case Size | DF | Z | RC | ESR | LC | Part Number |

(1) Insert packaging code. See Ordering Options Table for available options.

* When capacitance exceeds 1,000 μ F, the DF value (%) is increased by 2% for every additional 1,000 μ F.



Mounting Positions (Safety Vent)

In operation, electrolytic capacitors will always conduct a leakage current, which causes electrolysis. The oxygen produced by electrolysis will regenerate the dielectric layer but, at the same time, the hydrogen released may cause the internal pressure of the capacitor to increase. The overpressure vent, or safety vent, ensures that the gas can escape when the pressure reaches a certain value. All mounting positions must allow the safety vent to work properly.

Installing

- As a general principle, lower-use temperatures result in a longer, useful life of the capacitor. For this reason, it should be
 ensured that electrolytic capacitors are placed away from heat-emitting components. Adequate space should be allowed
 between components for cooling air to circulate, particularly when high ripple current loads are applied. In any case, the
 maximum category temperature must not be exceeded.
- Do not deform the case of the capacitors or use capacitors with a deformed case.
- Verify that the connections of the capacitors are able to insert on the board without excessive mechanical force.
- If the capacitors require mounting through additional means, the recommended mounting accessories shall be used.
- Verify the correct polarization of the capacitor on the board.
- Verify that the space around the pressure relief device is according to the following guideline:

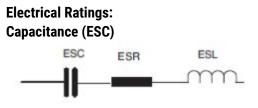
| Case Diameter | Space Around Safety Vent | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| ≤ 16 mm | > 2 mm | | | |
| > 16 to ≤ 40 mm | > 3 mm | | | |
| > 40 mm | > 5 mm | | | |

It is recommended that capacitors always be mounted with the safety device uppermost or in the upper part of the capacitor.

- If the capacitors are stored for a long time, the leakage current must be verified. If the leakage current is superior to the value listed in this catalog, the capacitors must be reformed. In this case, they can be reformed by application of the rated voltage through a series resistor approximately 1 k Ω for capacitors with V_R ≤ 160 V (5 W resistor) and 10 k Ω for the other rated voltages.
- In the case of capacitors connected in a series, a suitable voltage sharing must be used.
- In the case of balancing resistors, the approximate resistance value can be calculated as: R = 60/C.

KEMET recommends, nevertheless, to ensure that the voltage across each capacitor does not exceed its rated voltage.





Simplified equivalent circuit diagram of an electrolytic capacitor

The capacitive component of the equivalent series circuit, (equivalent series capacitance - ESC), is determined by applying an alternate voltage of \leq 0.5 V at a frequency of 120 or 100 Hz and 20°C (IEC 384-1, 384-4).

Temperature Dependence of the Capacitance

Capacitance of an electrolytic capacitor depends upon temperature: with decreasing temperature the viscosity of the electrolyte increases, thereby reducing its conductivity.

Capacitance will decrease if temperature decreases. Furthermore, temperature drifts cause armature dilatation and, therefore, capacitance changes (up to 20% depending on the series considered, from 0 to 80°C). This phenomenon is more evident for electrolytic capacitors than for other types.

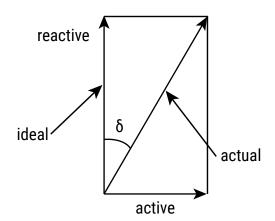
Frequency Dependence of the Capacitance

Effective capacitance value is derived from the impedance curve, as long as impedance is still in the range where the capacitance component is dominant.

C = $\frac{1}{2\pi fZ}$ C = capacitance (F) f = frequency (Hz) Z = impedance (Ω)

Dissipation Factor tan δ (DF)

Dissipation Factor tan δ is the ratio between the active and reactive power for a sinusoidal waveform voltage. It can be thought of as a measurement of the gap between an actual and ideal capacitor.



Tan δ is measured with the same set-up used for the series capacitance ESC.

Tan $\delta = \omega x$ ESC x ESR where:

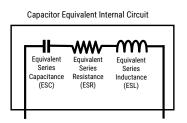
ESC = Equivalent series capacitance

ESR = Equivalent series resistance



Equivalent Series Inductance (ESL)

Equivalent series inductance or self inductance results from the terminal configuration and internal design of the capacitor.



Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)

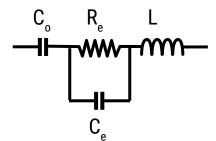
Equivalent series resistance is the resistive component of the equivalent series circuit. ESR value depends on frequency and temperature, and is related to the tan δ by the following equation:

 $ESR = \frac{\tan \delta}{2\pi f ESC}$ $ESR = Equivalent series resistance (\Omega)$ $tan \delta = Dissipation factor$ ESC = Equivalent series capacitance (F)f = Frequency (Hz)

Tolerance limits of the rated capacitance must be taken into account when calculating this value.

Impedance (Z)

Impedance of an electrolytic capacitor results from a circuit formed by the following individual equivalent series components:



C_o = Aluminum oxide capacitance (surface and thickness of the dielectric.)

R_e = Resistance of electrolyte and paper mixture (other resistances not depending on the frequency are not considered: tabs, plates, etc.)

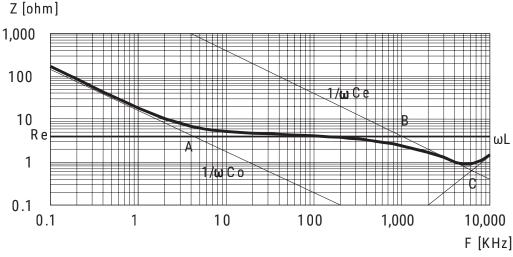
C_a = Electrolyte soaked paper capacitance.

L = Inductive reactance of the capacitor winding and terminals.

Impedance of an electrolytic capacitor is not a constant quantity that retains its value under all conditions; it changes depending on frequency and temperature.

Impedance as a function of frequency (sinusoidal waveform) for a certain temperature can be represented as follows:

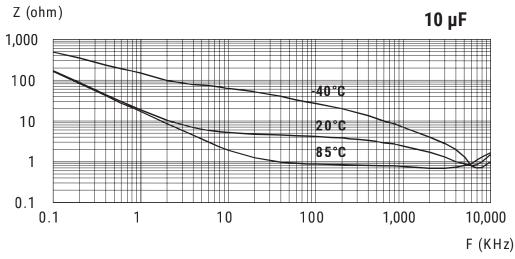
Impedance (Z) cont.



- Capacitive reactance predominates at low frequencies.
- With increasing frequency, capacitive reactance Xc = 1/ωC_o decreases until it reaches the order of magnitude of electrolyte resistance R_o(A)
- At even higher frequencies, resistance of the electrolyte predominates: Z = R (A B)
- When the capacitor's resonance frequency is reached (ω_0), capacitive and inductive reactance mutually cancel each other $1/\omega C_{p} = \omega L$, $\omega_0 = 1/SQR(LC_{p})$
- Above this frequency, inductive reactance of the winding and its terminals (XL = Z = ωL) becomes effective and leads to an increase in impedance

Generally speaking, it can be estimated that $C_a \approx 0.01 C_a$.

Impedance as a function of frequency (sinusoidal waveform) for different temperature values can be represented as follows (typical values):



R_e is the most temperature-dependent component of an electrolytic capacitor equivalent circuit. Electrolyte resistivity will decrease if temperature rises.

In order to obtain a low impedance value throughout the temperature range, R_e must be as little as possible. However, R_e values that are too low indicate a very aggressive electrolyte, resulting in a shorter life of the electrolytic capacitor at high temperatures. A compromise must be reached.



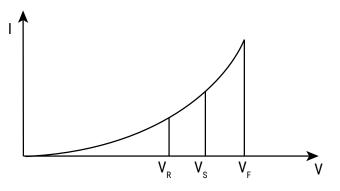
Leakage Current (LC)

Due to the aluminum oxide layer that serves as a dielectric, a small current will continue to flow even after a DC voltage has been applied for long periods. This current is called leakage current.

A high leakage current flows after applying voltage to the capacitor then decreases in a few minutes, for example, after prolonged storage without any applied voltage. In the course of continuous operation, the leakage current will decrease and reach an almost constant value.

After a voltage-free storage the oxide layer may deteriorate, especially at a high temperature. Since there are no leakage currents to transport oxygen ions to the anode, the oxide layer is not regenerated. The result is that a higher than normal leakage current will flow when voltage is applied after prolonged storage.

As the oxide layer is regenerated in use, the leakage current will gradually decrease to its normal level. The relationship between the leakage current and voltage applied at constant temperature can be shown schematically as follows:



Where:

 V_{r} = Forming voltage

If this level is exceeded, a large quantity of heat and gas will be generated and the capacitor could be damaged.

 V_{p} = Rated voltage

This level represents the top of the linear part of the curve.

 V_s = Surge voltage

This lies between V_{R} and V_{F} . The capacitor can be subjected to V_{S} for short periods only.

Electrolytic capacitors are subjected to a reforming process before acceptance testing. The purpose of this preconditioning is to ensure that the same initial conditions are maintained when comparing different products.

Ripple Current (RC)

The maximum ripple current value depends on:

- Ambient temperature
- Surface area of the capacitor (heat dissipation area)
- tan δ or ESR
- Frequency

The capacitor's life depends on the thermal stress.



Frequency Dependence of the Ripple Current

ESR and, thus, the tan δ depend on the frequency of the applied voltage. This indicates that the allowed ripple current is also a function of the frequency.

Temperature Dependence of the Ripple Current

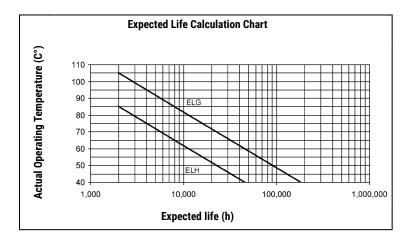
The data sheet specifies maximum ripple current at the upper category temperature for each capacitor.

Expected Life Calculation

Expected life depends on operating temperature according to the following formula: L = Lo x $2^{(To-T)/10}$ Where:

- L: Expected life
- Lo: Load life at a maximum permissible operating temperature
- T: Actual operating temperature
- To: Maximum permissible operating temperature

This formula is applicable between 40°C and To.



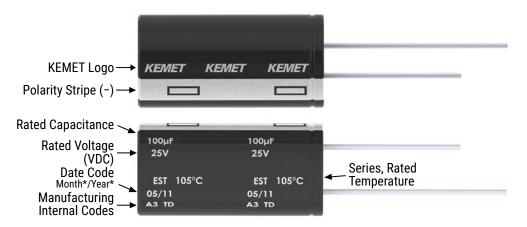


Packaging Quantities

| | | | Βι | ılk | Auto-ir | sertion |
|--------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------|---------|-------------|
| Size Code | Diameter (mm) | Length (mm) | Standard Leads | Cut Leads | Ammo | Tape & Reel |
| C3 | 5.0 | 11.0 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 2,000 | 2,600 |
| E3 | 6.3 | 11.0 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 2,000 | 2,200 |
| G3 | 8.0 | 11.0 | 6,000 | 8,000 | 1,000 | 1,500 |
| G4 | 8.0 | 15.0 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 | 1,500 |
| G6 | 8.0 | 20.0 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 1,000 | 1,500 |
| Н9 | 10.0 | 12.5 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 700 | 1,200 |
| H2 | 10.0 | 15.0 | 3,000 | 4,000 | 700 | 1,200 |
| H8 | 10.0 | 16.0 | 3,000 | 4,000 | 700 | 1,200 |
| H4 | 10.0 | 20.0 | 2,400 | 3,000 | 700 | 1,200 |
| H5 | 10.0 | 25.0 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 500 | |
| H6 | 10.0 | 30.0 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 500 | |
| L3 | 13.0 | 20.0 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 500 | |
| L4 | 13.0 | 25.0 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 500 | |
| L8 | 13.0 | 30.0 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 500 | |
| L6 | 13.0 | 35.0 | 1,000 | 500 | 500 | |
| L7 | 13.0 | 40.0 | 1,000 | 500 | 500 | |
| M7 | 16.0 | 25.0 | 1,000 | 500 | 300 | |
| M2 | 16.0 | 32.0 | 800 | 500 | 300 | |
| M3 | 16.0 | 36.0 | 600 | 500 | 300 | |
| M4 | 16.0 | 40.0 | 600 | 500 | 300 | |
| N5 | 18.0 | 25.0 | 800 | 500 | 300 | |
| N1 | 18.0 | 32.0 | 500 | 500 | | |
| N2 | 18.0 | 36.0 | 500 | 500 | | |
| N3 | 18.0 | 40.0 | 500 | 500 | | |



Marking



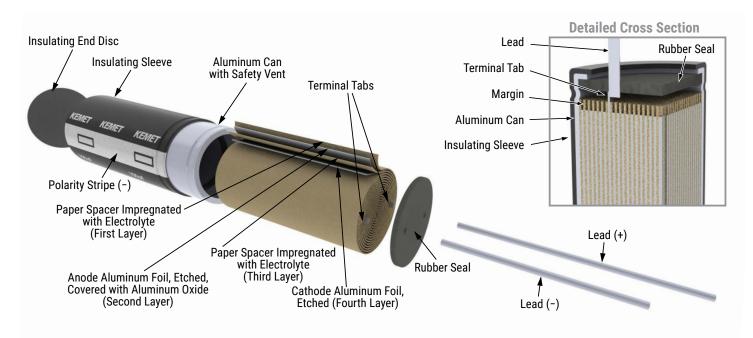
*Y = Year

| Code | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 08 | 09 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Year | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |

*M = Month

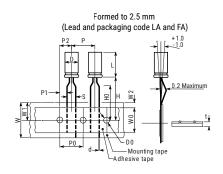
| Code | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 08 | 09 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Month | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |

Construction

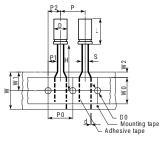


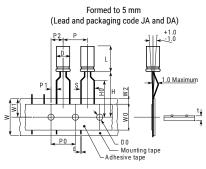


Taping for Automatic Insertion Machines

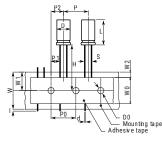


Straight Leads (Diameter: 4 – 8 mm) Lead and packaging code EA and KA





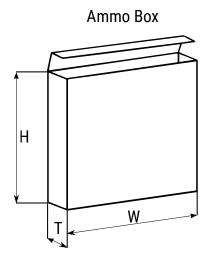
Straight Leads (Diameter > 8) Lead and packaging code EA and KA

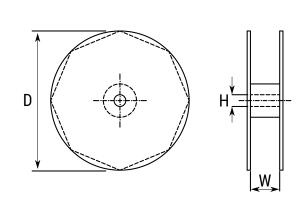


| Dimensions (mm) | D | L | S | d | Ρ | P0 | P 1 | P2 | W | WO | W 1 | W2 | HO | H1 | I | DO | t |
|---------------------|---|-------|-----------|-------|------|-----------|------------|------|---------|------|------------|---------|-------|------|---------|------|------|
| Tolerance | +0.5 | | +0.8/-0.2 | ±0.05 | ±1.0 | ±0.3 | ±0.7 | ±1.3 | +1/-0.5 | ±0.5 | Maximum | Maximum | ±0.75 | ±0.5 | Maximum | ±0.2 | ±0.2 |
| - I. | 4 | 5 - 7 | 2.5 | 0.45 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 5.1 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 16.0 | 18.5 | | 4 | 0.7 |
| Formed to 2.5 mm | 5 | ≤ 7 | 2.5 | 0.45 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 5.1 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 16.0 | 18.5 | | 4 | 0.7 |
| 2.0 mm | 5 | > 7 | 2.5 | 0.50 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 5.1 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 16.0 | 18.5 | | 4 | 0.7 |
| | 4 | 5 - 7 | 5.0 | 0.45 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 3.85 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 16.0 | 18.5 | | 4 | 0.7 |
| | 5 | ≤ 7 | 5.0 | 0.45 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 3.85 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 16.0 | 18.5 | | 4 | 0.7 |
| E | | >7 | 5.0 | 0.50 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 3.85 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 16.0 | 18.5 | | 4 | 0.7 |
| Formed to 5 mm | 6 | ≤ 7 | 5.0 | 0.50 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 3.85 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 16.0 | 18.5 | | 4 | 0.7 |
| 0 1111 | | > 7 | 5.0 | 0.50 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 3.85 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 16.0 | 18.5 | | 4 | 0.7 |
| | 8 ≤ 7 5.0 0.50 12.7 12.7 3.85 6.35 18 12 11 > 7 5.0 0.50 12.7 12.7 3.85 6.35 18 12 11 | ≤ 7 | 5.0 | 0.50 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 3.85 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 16.0 | 18.5 | | 4 | 0.7 |
| | | 11 | 3 | 16.0 | 18.5 | | 4 | 0.7 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 5 - 7 | 1.5 | 0.45 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 5.6 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 18.5 | | | 4 | 0.7 |
| | 5 | ≤ 7 | 2.0 | 0.45 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 5.35 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 18.5 | | | 4 | 0.7 |
| | | > 7 | 2.0 | 0.50 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 5.35 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 18.5 | | | 4 | 0.7 |
| Straight leads | 6 | ≤ 7 | 2.5 | 0.50 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 5.1 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 18.5 | | | 4 | 0.7 |
| Straight leaus | 6 | > 7 | 2.5 | 0.50 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 5.1 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 18.5 | | | 4 | 0.7 |
| | 8 | ≤ 7 | 3.5 | 0.50 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 4.6 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 18.5 | | | 4 | 0.7 |
| | 0 | > 7 | 3.5 | 0.50 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 4.6 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 18.5 | | | 4 | 0.7 |
| | 10 | ≤ 20 | 5.0 | 0.60 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 3.85 | 6.35 | 18 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 18.5 | | 1 | 4 | 1.0 |



Lead Taping & Packaging





Reel

| | | | Ammo | | Reel | | | | |
|----------|----------|-----|------------|---------|------|------|---------|--|--|
| Diameter | Length | Н | W | Т | D | Н | W | | |
| | | | Maximum | Maximum | ±2 | ±0.5 | +1/-0.1 | | |
| 4 | All | 230 | 230 340 42 | | | | | | |
| 5 | ≤ 7 | 230 | 340 | 42 | | | | | |
| 5 | 11 | 275 | 340 | 42 | | 30 | | | |
| 6.3 | ≤ 7 | 235 | 340 | 45 | - | | | | |
| 6.3 | 11 | 230 | 340 | 48 | 350 | | 50 | | |
| 8 | ≤ 7 | 270 | 340 | 48 | 350 | | 50 | | |
| 8 | 11 | 235 | 340 | 48 | - | | | | |
| 8 | >11 ≤ 20 | 240 | 340 | 57 | | | | | |
| 10 | ≤ 13 | 250 | 340 | 52 | | | | | |
| 10 | >13 ≤ 20 | 256 | 340 | 57 | | | | | |
| 10 | >20 | 250 | 340 | 60 | | | | | |
| 12 | All | 270 | 340 | 57 | | | | | |
| 13 | All | 285 | 340 | 62 | NA | NA | NA | | |
| 16 | All | 265 | 340 | 62 | | | | | |
| 18 | All | 288 | 340 | 65 | | | | | |



Construction Data

The manufacturing process begins with the anode foil being electrochemically etched to increase the surface area and then "formed" to produce the aluminum oxide layer. Both the anode and cathode foils are then interleaved with absorbent paper and wound into a cylinder. During the winding process, aluminum tabs are attached to each foil to provide the electrical contact.

The deck, complete with terminals, is attached to the tabs and then folded down to rest on top of the winding. The complete winding is impregnated with electrolyte before being housed in a suitable container, usually an aluminum can, and sealed. Throughout the process, all materials inside the housing must be maintained at the highest purity and be compatible with the electrolyte.

Each capacitor is aged and tested before being sleeved and packed. The purpose of aging is to repair any damage in the oxide layer and thus reduce the leakage current to a very low level. Aging is normally carried out at the rated temperature of the capacitor and is accomplished by applying voltage to the device while carefully controlling the supply current. The process may take several hours to complete.

Damage to the oxide layer can occur due to variety of reasons:

- · Slitting of the anode foil after forming
- · Attaching the tabs to the anode foil
- · Minor mechanical damage caused during winding

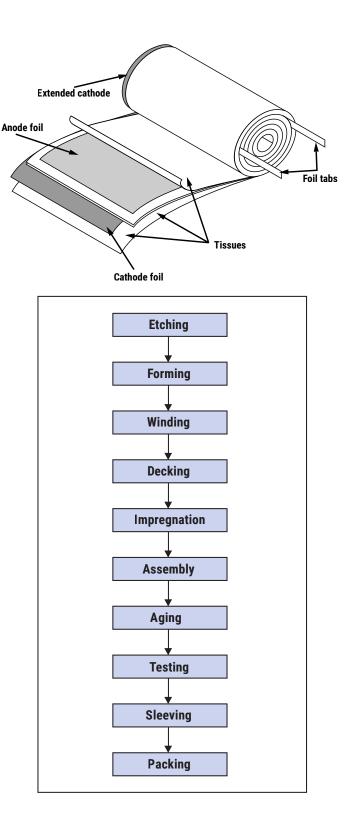
A sample from each batch is taken by the quality department after completion of the production process. This sample size is controlled by the use of recognized sampling tables defined in BS 6001.

The following tests are applied and may be varied at the request of the customer. In this case the batch, or special procedure, will determine the course of action.

Electrical:

- Leakage current
- Capacitance
- ESR
- Impedance
- Tan Delta

- Mechanical/Visual:
 - Overall dimensions
 - Torque test of mounting stud
 - Print detail
 - Box labels
 - Packaging, including packed quantity





KEMET Electronics Corporation Sales Offices

For a complete list of our global sales offices, please visit www.kemet.com/sales.

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