### World-class compactness with three poles of contacts.

- World's smallest switch:  $30 \times 15 \times 78 \text{ mm}$
- Dual contacts and monitor contacts achieve the highest safety category (ISO 13849-1, EN 954-1)
- Two actuator entry slots provide flexibility for installation options.
- Integral cable design minimizes wiring, preventing wiring mistakes.
- · Can be mounted in two directions.
- Degree of protection (contacts): IP67 (IEC 60529) Housing allows drainage.
- NC contacts are direct opening action (IEC/EN 60947-5-1).
- Proprietary actuators prevent unauthorized opening of the contacts











#### Interlock Switch

Contact Configuration	Cable Length	Part No. (Package quantity: 1)	
1NC-1NO	1m	HS6B-11B01	
11 <del>Zb</del> 12 →	3m	HS6B-11B03	
33 — 34	5m	HS6B-11B05	
2NC	1m	HS6B-02B01	
11 — 12 →	3m	HS6B-02B03	
31 → 32 ↔	5m	HS6B-02B05	
2NC-1NO	1m	HS6B-12B01	
11 12 9	3m	HS6B-12B03	
31 — 32	5m	HS6B-12B05	
3NC	1m	HS6B-03B01	
11 12 💮	3m	HS6B-03B03	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5m	HS6B-03B05	

• Contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted.

#### **Actuators**

Description	Part No. (Package quantity: 1)
Straight Actuator	HS9Z-A61
Right-angle Actuator	HS9Z-A62
Horizontal/vertical Angle Adjustable	HS9Z-A65
Actuator (for hinged doors) (Note)	HS9Z-A66

Note: Select an actuator that moves in the direction required by the hinged door and interlock switch (see pages 9 and 10).

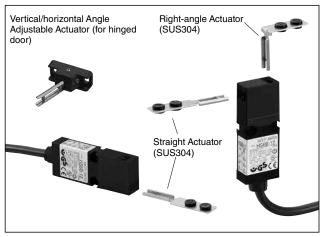
#### Contact Ratings

Rated Insulation Voltage (Ui)			300V			
Rated Current (Ith)			2.5A			
Rated Voltage (Ue) *			30V	125V	250V	
	Rated Current (le) * DC	Resistive load (AC-12)	_	2.5A	1.5A	
		Inductive Load (AC-15)	_	1.5A	0.75A	
		Resistive load (DC-12)	2.5A	1.1A	0.55A	
		Inductive Load (DC-13)	2.3A	0.55A	0.27A	

• Minimum applicable load (reference): 3V AC/DC, 5mA

#### Approved ratings

	AC-15 240V/0.75A		
TÜV	DC-13 250V/0.27A		
	DC-13 30V/2.3A		
UL/c-UL	240V AC/0.75A Pilot Duty		
	250V DC/0.27A Pilot Duty		
	C300		
	Q300		
CCC	AC-15 240V/0.75A		
CCC	DC-13 30V/2.3A		

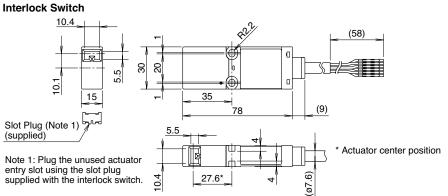


#### Specifications

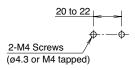
opcomoations	Specifications				
Applicable Standards	ISO14119 EN1088 IEC60947-5-1 EN60947-5-1 (TÜV approved) GS-ET-15 (TÜVapproved) UL508 (UL-listed) CSA C22.2 No. 14 (c-UL-listed) GB14048.5 (CCC approved) IEC 60204-1/ EN 60204-1 (applicable standards for use)				
Applicable Directive	2006/95/EC (Low Voltage Directive) 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)				
Operating Temperature	–25 to +70°C (no freezing)				
Relative Humidity	45 to 85% (no condensation)				
Storage Temperature	-40 to +80°C (no freezing)				
Pollution Degree	3				
Impulse Withstand Voltage	4 kV				
Insulation Resistance (500V DC megger)	Between live and dead metal parts: $100 \text{ M}\Omega$ minimum Between terminals of different poles: $100 \text{ M}\Omega$ minimum				
Contact Resistance	300 mΩ maximum (initial value, 1m cable) 500 mΩ maximum (initial value, 3m cable) 700 mΩ maximum (initial value, 5m cable)				
Electric Shock Protection Class	Class II (IEC 61140)				
Degree of Protection	IP67 (IEC 60529)				
Shock Resistance	Operating extremes: 300 m/s² (30G) Damage limits: 1000 m/s² (100G)				
Vibration Resistance	Operating extremes: 5 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.5 mm Damage limits: 30 Hz, amplitude 1.5 mm				
Actuator Operating Speed	0.05 to 1.0 m/s				
Direct Opening Travel	8 mm minimum				
Direct Opening Force	60N minimum				
Operating Frequency	1200 operations/h				
Mechanical Durability	1,000,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-15)				
Electrical Durability	ility  100,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1200 operations/h, load AC-12 250V/1.5A, DC-12 250V/0.2A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (operating frequency 1200 operations/h,load 24V AC/DC, 100mA)				
Conditional Short-circuit Current	50A (250V) (Use 250V/10A fast-blow fuse for short- circuit protection.)				
Housing Color	Black				
Cable	UL2464 No. 20 AWG (6-core)				
Weight (approx.)	120g (HS6B-***01, cable length 1m) 270g (HS6B-***03, cable length 3m) 420g (HS6B-***05, cable length 5m)				



#### **Dimensions**

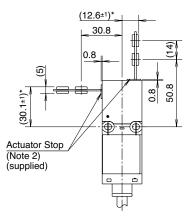


#### **Mounting Hole Layout**

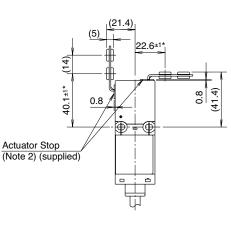


The interlock switch can be mounted in two directions.

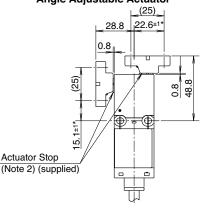
#### Using the HS9Z-A61 Straight Actuator



#### Using the HS9Z-A62 Right-angle Actuator

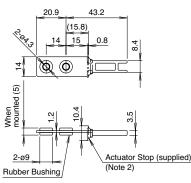


Using the HS9Z-A65/A66 Angle Adjustable Actuator



#### **Actuator Dimensions**

#### Straight Actuaor (HS9Z-A61)



#### Angle Adjustmentable Actuator (HS9Z-A65)

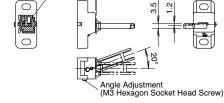
#### **Horizontal Adjustment** Orienting Insert

**Vertical Adjustment** 

Orienting Insert

0

15



28.2

7.5

2.5

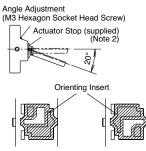
#### **Angle Adjustmentable Actuator** (HS9Z-A66)

The HS9Z-A65 and HS9Z-A66 have the metal key inserted in opposite directions.

#### **Horizontal Adjustment**

Angle Adjustment (M3 Hexagon Socket Head Screw)

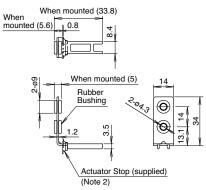
#### Vertical Adjustment



Horizontal Adjustment

Vertical Adjustment

#### Right-angle Actuator (HS9Z-A62)



#### The orientation of actuator adjustment (horizontal/vertical) can be changed using the orienting insert (white plastic) installed on the back of the actuator.

Angle Adjustment (M3 Hexagon Socket Head Screw)

The base is made of glass-reinforced PA66 (66 nylon). Angle adjustment screws are stainless steel. When using adhesive on screws, take material compatibility into consideration.

Note 2: After mounting the actuator, remove the actuator stop from the interlock switch.

#### **Actuator Mounting Hole Layout**



#### **Angle Adjustable Actuator**



#### **Contact Configuration and Operation Chart**

Model	Cor	tact Configuration	Contact Operation C art		
HS6B-11	1NC-1NO	11	11-12 33-34	0.8 (Actuator Mounti	ng Reference Position) 28.2 (Travel: mm) : Contact ON (closed)
HS6B-02	2NC	11	11-12 31-32		: Contact OFF (open)
HS6B-12	2NC-1NO	11	11-12 21-22 33-34		
HS6B-03	3NC	$ \begin{array}{c cccc}  & Zb \\  & 12 \\  & 21 \\  & & 22 \\  & & 31 \\  & & & 32 \\ \end{array} $	11-12 21-22 31-32	trad completely	Actuator removed completely
HS6B-03	3NC	21	21-22 31-32	erted completely	Actuator removed completely

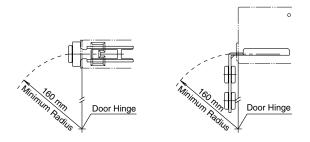
#### Minimum Radius of Hinged Door

 When using the interlock switch on hinged doors, refer to the minimum radius of doors shown below. When using on doors with small minimum radius, use the angle adjustable actuator (HS9Z-A65 and HS9Z-A66).

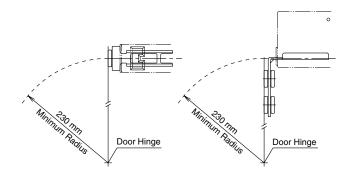
Note: Because deviation or dislocation of hinged doors may occur in actual applications, make sure of the correct operation before installation.

#### When using the HS9Z-A62 Right-angle Actuator

 When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface:



 When the door hinged is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface:

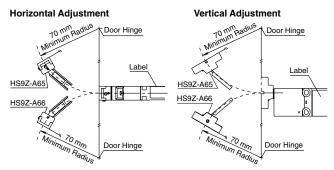


## When using the HS9Z-A65/HS9Z-A66 Angle Adjustable Actuator

 When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface:

# Horizontal Adjustment Vertical Adjustment So mm Minimum Radius Door Hinge Label HS9Z-A65 HS9Z-A66 HS9Z-A66 Minimum Radius Minimum Radius Minimum Radius

 When the door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface



#### Actuator Angle Adjustment for the HS9Z-A65/HS9Z-A66

- Using the angle adjustment screw, the actuator angle can be adjusted (see figures on page 9).
   Adjustable angle: 0 to 20°
- The larger the adjusted angle of the actuator, the smaller the applicable radius of the door opening.
- After installing the actuator, open the door. Then adjust the actuator so that its edge can enter properly into the actuator entry slot of the interlock switch.
- After adjusting the actuator angle, apply Loctite to the adjustment screw so that the screw will not become loose.



#### **Safety Precautions**

- In order to avoid electric shock or fire, turn power off before installation, removal, wiring, maintenance, or inspection of the interlock switch.
- If relays are used in the circuit between the interlock switch and the load, use only safety relays, since welded or sticking contacts of standard relays may invalidate the functions of the interlock switch. Perform a risk assessment and make a safety circuit which satisfies the requirements of the safety category.
- Do not place a PLC in the circuit between the interlock switch and the load. Safety security can be endangered in the event of a malfunction of the PLC.
- Do not disassemble or modify the interlock switch, otherwise a malfunction or an accident may occur.
- Do not install the actuator in the location where a human body may come into contact. Otherwise injury may occur.

#### Instructions

- Regardless of door types, do not use the interlock switch as a door stop. Install a mechanical door stop at the end of the door to protect the interlock switch against excessive force.
- Do not apply excessive shock to the interlock switch when opening or closing the door. A shock to the interlock switch exceeding 1,000 m/s² may cause damage to the interlock switch.
- If the operating atmosphere is contaminated, use a protective cover to prevent the entry of foreign objects into the interlock switch through the actuator entry slots.
- Entry of a considerable amount of foreign objects into the interlock switch may affect the mechanism of the interlock switch and cause a malfunction.

- Do not store the interlock switches in a dusty, humid, or organic-gas atmosphere.
- Use proprietary actuators only. When other actuators are used, the interlock switch may be damaged.
- Do not modify the actuator, otherwise it will damage the interlock switch.
- Cover the unused actuator entry slot using the slot plug supplied with the interlock switch.

#### Mounting

Mount the interlock switch on the machine. Mount the actuator on the hinged door.

Note: When mounting an actuator, make sure that the actuator enters into the slot in the correct direction, as shown on the right.



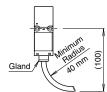
#### **Recommended Screw Tightening Torque**

- Interlock switch (M4 screw): 1.0 to 1.5 N·m
- Actuator (M4 screw): 1.0 to 1.5 N⋅m
- Mounting bolts are not supplied, and must be purchased separately by the user.

Note: The above recommended tightening torque of the mounting screw is the value with hex socket head bolts. When other screws are used and tightened to a smaller torque, make sure that the screws do not become loose after mounting.

#### Cable

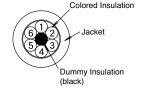
- Do not fasten or loosen the gland at the bottom of the interlock switch.
- When bending cable during wiring, make sure that the cable radius is kept at 40 mm minimum.
- When wiring, make sure that water or oil does not enter from the end of cable.



#### Wire Identification

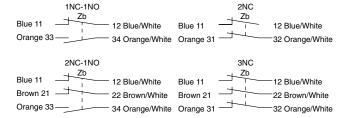
• Wires can be identified by color and/or a white line printed on the wire.

No.	Insulation Color	No.	Insulation Color
1	Orange/White	4	Brown
2	Blue/White	5	Blue
3	Brown/White	6	Orange



#### **Terminal Number Identification**

- When wiring, the terminal number on each contact can be identified by wire color.
- The following diagrams show a safety (main) contact and one or two auxiliary contacts for two-contact and threecontact types.



 When wiring, cut any dummy insulation (black) and any unused wires at the end of the jacket to avoid incorrect wiring.