

MDT0400EIHH-RGB	480 x 4	80 RGB Interface	TFT Module
		Specification	
Version: 1		Date: 12/05/202	1
		Revision	
1	10/05/2021	First issue	

Display	Features	
Display Size	4.0"	
Resolution	480 x 480	
Orientation	Square	
Appearance	RGB	
Logic Voltage	2.8V	
Interface	RGB	
Brightness	1000 cd/m <sup>2</sup>	RoHS
Touchscreen		Compliant
Module Size	7 <mark>8</mark> .80 x 82.95 x 4.77 mm	
Operating Temperature	-30°C ~ +80°C	
Pinout	40 way FFC	Box Quantity Weight / Display
Pitch Operation	0.5mm	re subbly
debigi		

\* - For full design functionality, please use this specification in conjunction with the ST7701S specification.(Provided Separately)

Display Accessories					
Part Number	Description				
MPBV6	40 Way FFC to cable and wires. Driven by any driver board that can be wired to a 1mm pitch SHDR-40V-S-B receptacle.				

Optional Variants						
Appearances	Voltage					

### Summary

TFT 4.0" is a color active matrix thin film transistor (TFT) liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching device. This TFT LCD has a 4.0 (1:1) inch diagonally measured active display area with 480x480 (480 horizontal by 480 vertical pixel) resolution.

### **General Specifications**

- Size: 4.0 inch
- Dot Matrix: 480× 3(RGB) × 480 dots
- Module dimension: 78.8(H) \* 82.95 (W) \*4.77 mm
- Active area: 71.856(H)\*70.176 (V) mm
- Pixel pitch: 0.1497(H)\*0.1462(V) mm
- LCD type: TFT, Normally Black, Transmissive
- View Direction: 80/80/80/80
- Aspect Ratio: 1:1
- Interface: 24-bit RGB
- Driver IC: ST7701S or Equivalent
- Backlight Type: LED ,Normally White
- With /Without TP: Without TP
- Surface: Glare

\*Color tone slight changed by temperature and driving voltage.

# Interface 1. LCM PIN Definition

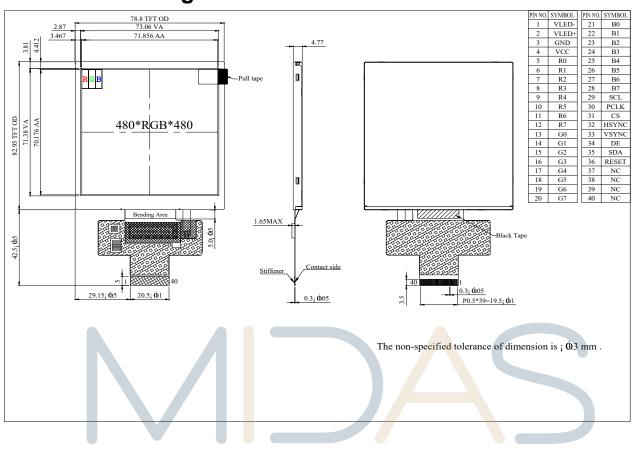
	N Definition	
Pin	Symbol	Function
1	VLED-	Power for LED backlight cathode
2	VLED+	Power for LED backlight anode
3	GND	Power ground
4	VCC	Power supply
5	R0	
6	R1	
7	R2	
8	R3	Data bus
9	R4	
10	R5	
11	R6	
12	R7	
13	G0	
14	G1	
15	G2	
16	G3	Data bus
17	G4	gn • manufacture • supply
18	G5	gh - manalactare - sappty
19	G6	
20	G7	
21	B0	
22	B1	
23	B2	
24	B3	
25	B4	Data bus
26	B5	
27	B6	
28	B7	
29	SCL	SCL: Serial clock input for SPI interface.
30	PCLK	Dot clock signal for RGB interface operation

31	CS	- A chip select signal Low: the chip is selected and accessible High: the chip is not selected and not accessible
32	HSYNC	Line synchronizing signal for RGB interface operation
33	VSYNC	Frame synchronizing signal for RGB interface operation
34	DE	Data enable signal for RGB interface operation Low: access enabled High: access inhibited
35	SDA	SDA: Serial data input/output bidirectional pin for SPI Interface.
36	RESET	<ul> <li>The external reset input</li> <li>Initializes the chip with a low input. Be sure to execute a power-on reset after supplying power.</li> </ul>
37-40	NC	No connect



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### **Contour Drawing**



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### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

ltem	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Temperature	TOP	-30		+80	°C
Storage Temperature	TST	-30		+80	°C

Note: Device is subject to be damaged permanently if stresses beyond those absolute maximum ratings listed above

 Temp. ≦60°C, 90% RH MAX. Temp. >60°C, Absolute humidity shall be less than 90% RH at 60°C

### **Electrical Characteristics**

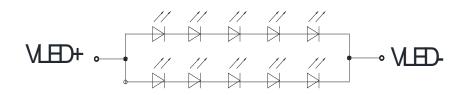
### 1. Typical Operation Conditions

ltem	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Relliark
Interface Supply Voltage	VCC	2.5	2.8	3.6	V	
Current for Driver(White)	lvcc	-	27	40.5	mA	

### 2. Backlight Driving Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
		manı	120	ure 🛛	SmAp	oly
LED voltage	VLED+	13.5	15	17	V	Note 1
LED Life Time		50,000	-	-	Hr	Note 2,3,4

Note 1 : There are 1 Groups LED



### CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Note 2 : Ta = 25 ℃

Note 3 : Brightness to be decreased to 50% of the initial value

Note 4 : The single LED lamp case.

## **Function Description**

#### 1. RGB Interface

The ST7701S support RGB interface Mode 1 and Mode 2.

The Mode 1 and Mode 2 function is select by setting in the Command 2, please reference application note.

In RGB Mode 1, writing data to line buffer is done by PCLK and Video Data Bus (D[23:0]), when DE is high state. The external clocks (PCLK, VS and HS) are used for internal displaying clock. So, controller must always transfer PCLK, VS and HS signal to ST7701S. In RGB Mode 2, back porch of Vsync is defined by VBP\_HVRGB [7:0] of RGBCTR command. And back porch of Hsync is defined by HBP\_HVRGB [7:0] of RGBCTR command. Front porch of Vsync are not setting by this mode.

RGB I/F Mode	PCLK	DE	VS	HS	DB[23:0]	Register for Blanking Porch setting
RGB Mode 1	Used	Used	Used	Used	Used	Not Used
RGB Mode 2	Used	Not Used	Used	Used	Used	Used

Symbol	Name	Description
PCLK	Pixel clock	Pixel clock for capturing pixels at display interface
HS	Horizontal sync	Ho <mark>riz</mark> ontal synchronization timing signal
VS	Vertical sync	Vertical synchronization timing signal
DE	Data enable	Da <mark>ta</mark> enable signal (assertion indicates valid pixels)
DB[23:0]	Pixel data	Pixel data in 16-bit,18-bit and 24-bit format

Table 1 The interface signals of RGB interface

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#### 2. RGB Color Format

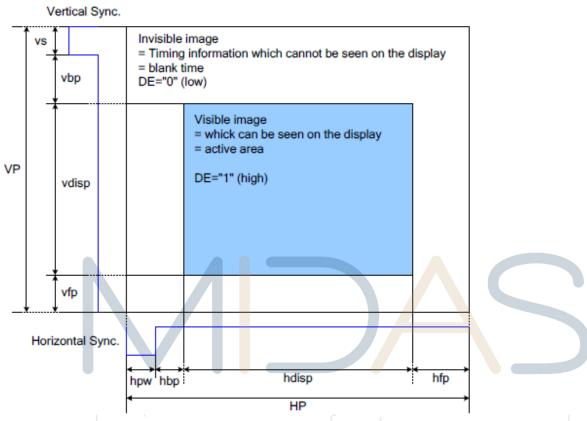
ST7701S supports two kinds of RGB interface, DE mode(mode 1)and HV mode(mode 2), and 16bit/18bitand 24 bit data format. When DE mode is selected and the VSYNC, HSYNC, DOTCLK, DE, D[23:0] pins can be used; when HV mode is selected and the VSYNC, HSYNC, DOTCLK, D[23:0] pins can be used. When using RGB interface, only serial interface can be selected.

Pad name	24 bits configuration VIPF[3:0]=0111	18 bits cor VIPF[3: MDT=0	16 bits configuration VIPF[3:0]=0101	
DB[23]	R7	Not used	MDT=1 Not used	Not used
DB[22]	R6	Not used	Not used	Not used
DB[21]	R5	R5	Not used	Not used
DB[20]	R4	R4	Not used	R4
DB[19]	R3	R3	Not used	R3
DB[18]	R2	R2	Not used	R2
DB[17]	R1	R1	R5	R1
DB[16]	R0	R0	R4	R0
DB[15]	<b>G</b> 7	Not used	R3	Not used
DB[14]	G6	Not used	R2	Not used
DB[13]	G5	G5	🖤 R1	G5
DB[12]	G4	G4	R0	G4
DB[11]	G3	G3	G5	G3
DB[10]	d o e <b>62</b> o e	G2 I I F o	G4	62 v
DB[09]	GI	G1	G3	o u p i <mark>gt</mark> y
DB[08]	G0	G0	G2	G0
DB[07]	B7	Not used	G1	Not used
DB[06]	<b>B</b> 6	Not used	G0	Not used
DB[05]	B5	B5	B5	Not used
DB[04]	B4	B4	B4	B4
DB[03]	B3	B3	B3	B3
DB[02]	B2	B2	B2	B2
DB[01]	B1	B1	B1	B1
DB[00]	B0	BO	B0	B0

Table 2 The interface color mapping of RGB interface

#### 3. RGB Interface Definition

The display operation via the RGB interface is synchronized with the VSYNC, HSYNC, and DOTCLK signals. The data can be written only within the specified area with low power consumption by using window address function. The back porch and front porch are used to set the RGB interface timing.



Please refer to the following table for the setting limitation of RGB interface signals.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Horizontal Sync. Width	hpw	2	-	255	Clock
Horizontal Sync. Back Porch	hbp	2	-	255	Clock
Horizontal Sync. Front Porch	hfp	2	-	-	Clock
Vertical Sync. Width	VS	2	-	254	Line
Vertical Sync. Back Porch	vbp	2	-	254	Line
Vertical Sync. Front Porch	vfp	2	-		Line

Note:

1. Typical value are related to the setting frame rate is 60Hz..

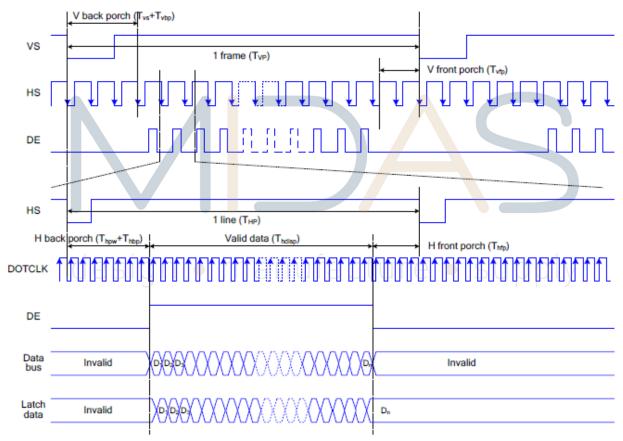
#### 4. RGB Interface Mode Selection

ST7701Ssupports two kinds of RGB interface, DE mode and HV mode. The table shown below uses command C3h to select RGB interface mode.

DE/Sync	RGB Mode		
0	DE mode		
1	HV mode		

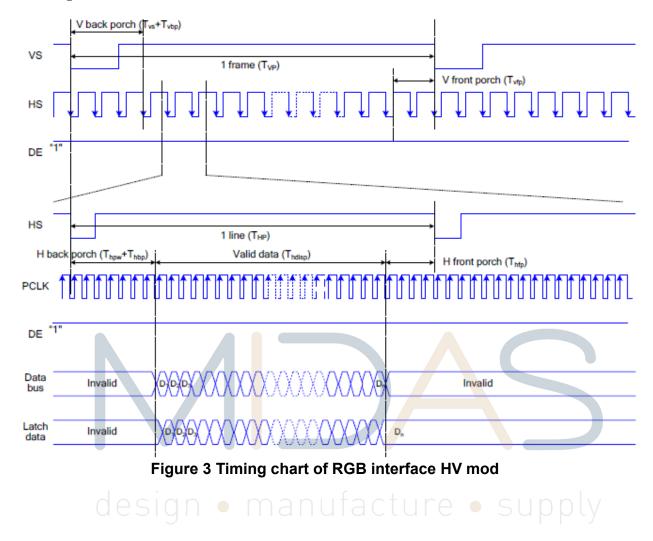
#### 5. RGB Interface Timing

The timing chart of RGB interface DE mode is shown as follows.



Note: The setting of front porch and back porch in host must match that in IC as this mode.

Figure 2 Timing Chart of Signals in RGB Interface DE Mode



The timing chart of RGB interface HV mode is shown as follows.

### **Optical Characteristics**

ltem		Symbol	Condition.	Min	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Response time	;	Tr+ Tf	$\theta = 0^{\circ} \cdot \Phi = 0^{\circ}$	-	25	35	.ms	Note 3
Contrast ratio		CR	At optimized viewing angle	640	800	-	-	Note 4
Color Chromaticity White	Wx	θ=0°、Φ=0	0.251	0.301	0.351		Note 2,6,7	
	vviile	Wy		0.277	0.327	0.377		
Viewing angle	Hor.	ΘR	CR≧10	70	80	-	Deg.	Note 1
		ΘL		70	80	-		
	Ver.	ΦΤ		70	80	-		
	, on	ΦВ		70	80	-		
Brightnes	S	-	-	900	1000	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Center of display
Uniformit	y	(U)	-	75	-	-	%	Note 5

Ta=25±2°C

Note 1: Definition of viewing angle range

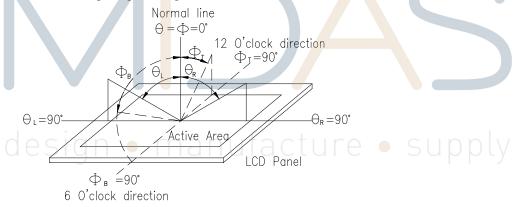
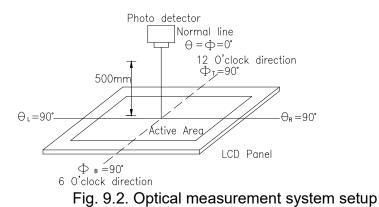


Fig. 9.1. Definition of viewing angle

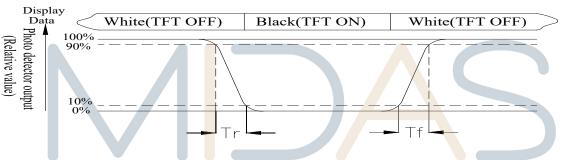
#### Note 2: Test equipment setup:

After stabilizing and leaving the panel alone at a driven temperature for 10 minutes, the measurement should be executed. Measurement should be executed in a stable, windless, and dark room. Optical specifications are measured by Topcon BM-7or BM-5 luminance meter 1.0° field of view at a distance of 50cm and normal direction.



Note 3: Definition of Response time:

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time, Tr, is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time, Tf, is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%



Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following expression.

Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance measured when LCD on the "White" state Luminance measured when LCD on the "Black" state

#### Note 5: Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (reference the picture in below). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

Luminance Uniformity (U) = Lmin/Lmax x100%

L = Active area length

W = Active area width

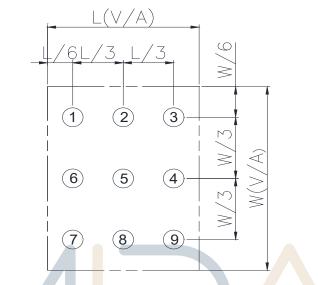


Fig 9.3. Definition of uniformity

Note 6: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE 1931) Color coordinates measured at the center point of LCD

Note 7: Measured at the center area of the panel when all the input terminals of LCD panel are electrically opened.

## Reliability

Environmental Test				
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Note	
High Temperature	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature	80°C	2	
storage	for a long time.	200hrs		
Low Temperature	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature	-30°C	1,2	
storage	for a long time.	200hrs		
High Temperature		80°C		
Operation	Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	200hrs		
Low Temperature	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low	-30°C	1	
Operation	temperature for a long time.	200hrs		
High Temperature/	The module should be allowed to stand at	60°C,90%RH	1,2	
Humidity storage	60°C,90%RH max	96hrs		
Thermal shock	The sample should be allowed stand the following 10	-30°C/80°C		
resistance	cycles of	10 cycles		
	operation			
	-30°C 25°C 80°C			
	30min 5min 30min 1 cycle			
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during	Total fixed	3	
	transportation and using.	a <mark>mpl</mark> itude : 1.5mm		
		Vibration Frequency :		
		10~5 <mark>5H</mark> z		
		One c <mark>ycl</mark> e 60		
		seconds to 3		
		directions of		
		X,Y,Z for Each 15		
	uan e manutacture	minutes	1	
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the	VS=±600V(contact)	<del>y -</del>	
	terminal.	,±800v(air),		
		RS=330Ω		
		CS=150pF		
		10 times		

Content of Reliability Test (Super Wide temperature, -30°C~80°C)

Note1: No dew condensation to be observed.

Note2: The function test shall be conducted after 4 hours storage at the normal Temperature and humidity after remove from the test chamber.

Note3: The packing have to including into the vibration testing.

## **Initial Code For Reference**

External system porch setting:125>VBP≧17, VFP≧20 Two data lanes / maximum speed 550Mbps

```
Void ST7701S_PanelInitialCode(void)
{
//-----
                      -----Reset Sequence-----
                                                                      --//
LCD_Nreset(1);
Delayms (1); //Delay 1ms
LCD_Nreset(0);
Delayms (1); //Delay 1ms
LCD_Nreset(1);
Delayms (120); //Delay 120ms
WriteComm (0x11);
Delayms (120); //Delay 120ms
//_____
                        --Initial set<mark>ti</mark>ng-
                                                                      -//
WriteComm (0xFF);
WriteData (0x77);
WriteData (0x01);
WriteData (0x00);
WriteData (0x00);
WriteData (0x10);
WriteComm (0xC0);
WriteData (0x3B);
WriteData (0x00);
WriteComm (0xC1);
WriteData (0x0D);
WriteData (0x02);
WriteComm (0xC2);
WriteData (0x30);
WriteData (0x05);
WriteComm (0xCC);
WriteData (0x10);
WriteComm (0xB0);
```

WriteData (0x01); WriteData (0x08); WriteData (0x10); WriteData (0x0C); WriteData (0x10); WriteData (0x06); WriteData (0x07); WriteData (0x08); WriteData (0x07); WriteData (0x22); WriteData (0x04); WriteData (0x14); WriteData (0x12); WriteData (0xB3); WriteData (0x3A); WriteData (0x1F); WriteComm (0xB1); WriteData (0x13); WriteData (0x19); WriteData (0x1F); WriteData (0x0F); WriteData (0x14); WriteData (0x07); WriteData (0x07); WriteData (0x08); WriteData (0x07); WriteData (0x22); WriteData (0x02); WriteData (0x0F); WriteData (0x0F); WriteData (0xA3); WriteData (0x28); WriteData (0x0D); WriteComm (0xFF); WriteData (0x77); WriteData (0x01); WriteData (0x00); WriteData (0x00); WriteData (0x11);

WriteComm (0xB0); WriteData (0x60);

WriteComm (0xB1); WriteData (0x2D);

WriteComm (0xB2); WriteData (0x07);

WriteComm (0xB3); WriteData (0x80);

WriteComm (0xB5); WriteData (0x49);

WriteComm (0xB7); WriteData (0x85);

WriteComm (0xB8); WriteData (0x21);

WriteComm (0xC1); WriteData (0x78); esign • manufacture • supply

WriteComm (0xC2); WriteData (0x78);

Delayms (100);

WriteComm (0xE0); WriteData (0x00); WriteData (0x1B); WriteData (0x02);

WriteComm (0xE1); WriteData (0x08); WriteData (0xA0); WriteData (0x00); WriteData (0x00); WriteData (0x07);







WriteComm (0x36); WriteData (0x08);

WriteComm (0x29);

WriteComm (0x3A); WriteData (0x77);

}