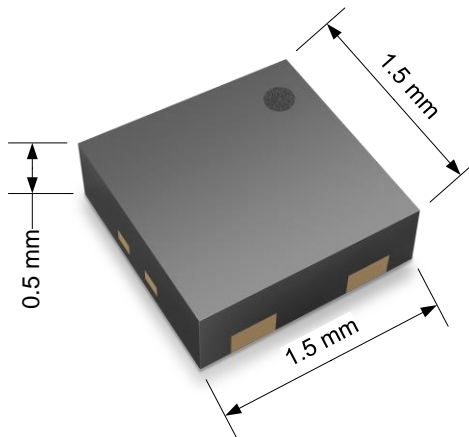


## STS4x Datasheet

### 4<sup>th</sup> Generation, High-Accuracy, Ultra-Low-Power, 16-bit Temperature Sensor Platform



#### Features

- Temperature accuracy: up to  $\pm 0.2$  °C
- Supply voltage: 1.08 V ... 3.6 V
- Average current: 0.4  $\mu$ A (at meas. rate 1 Hz)
- Idle current: 80 nA
- I<sup>2</sup>C fast mode plus, CRC checksum
- Available with multiple I<sup>2</sup>C addresses
- Operating range: -40...125 °C
- NIST traceability
- JEDEC JESD47 qualification
- Mature technology from global market leader

#### General Description

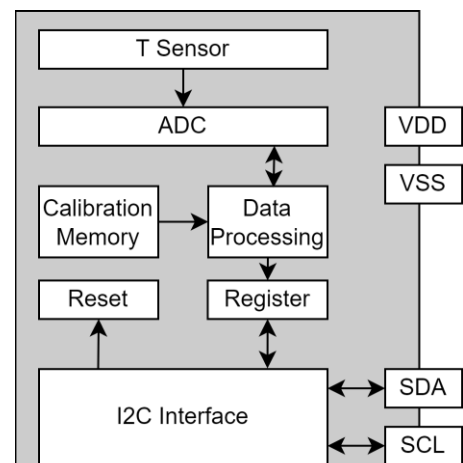
The STS4x is a fully digital temperature sensor platform offering different accuracy classes, currently available is the STS40. The I<sup>2</sup>C interface provides multiple preconfigured I<sup>2</sup>C addresses and enables an ultra-low power budget. Designed to cost, this four-pin dual-flat-no-leads package is suitable for surface mount technology (SMT) processing.

#### Device Overview

| Products   | Details  |
|------------|--|
| STS40-AD1B | 0.2°C <i>T</i> accur., 0x44 I <sup>2</sup> C addr. |
| STS40-BD1B | 0.2°C <i>T</i> accur., 0x45 I <sup>2</sup> C addr. |
| STS40-CD1B | 0.2°C <i>T</i> accur., 0x46 I <sup>2</sup> C addr. |

Full product list on page 11.

#### Functional Block Diagram

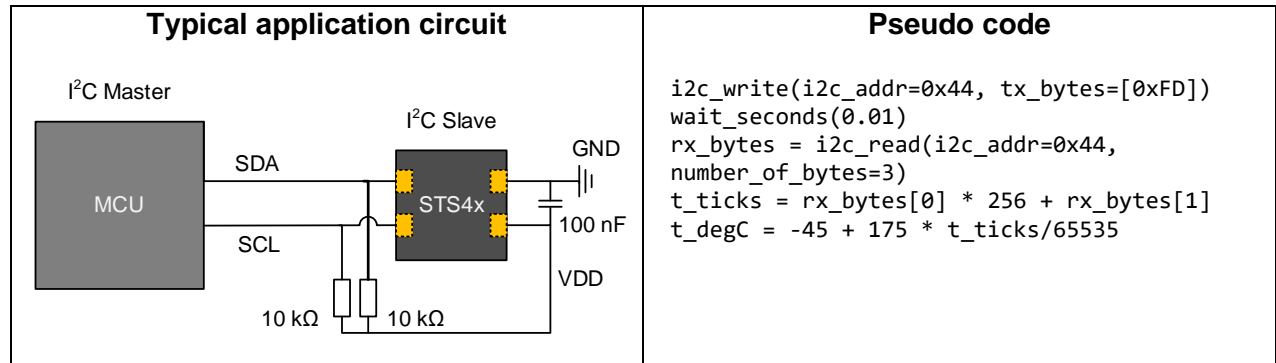


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## 1 Quick Start – Hello World

**Figure 1** shows a typical application circuit for the STS4x on the left-hand side. After reaching the minimal supply voltage and allowing for the maximal power-up time of 1 ms, the sensor is ready for I<sup>2</sup>C communication. The quickest way to measure temperature is pseudo-coded on the right-hand side of **Figure 1**. Using the conversion formulae given in equations ( 1 ) and ( 2 ), the digital signal can be translated into temperature readings.



**Figure 1.** Typical application circuit (left) and pseudo code (right) for easy startup.

For Code resources, embedded drivers, and CAD files, please refer to the SHT4x files available on GitHub and SnapEDA.

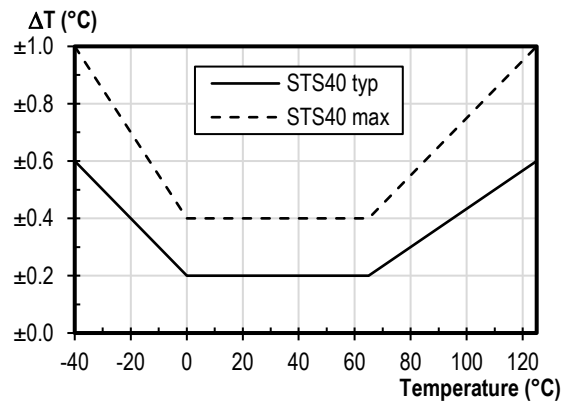


## 2 Sensor Specifications

### 2.1 Sensor Performance

| Parameter                            | Conditions              | Value               | Units |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------|
| STS40 <i>T</i> Accuracy <sup>1</sup> | typ.                    | ±0.2                | °C    |
|                                      | max.                    | see <b>Figure 2</b> | -     |
| Repeatability <sup>2</sup>           | high                    | 0.04                | °C    |
|                                      | medium                  | 0.07                | °C    |
|                                      | low                     | 0.1                 | °C    |
| Resolution <sup>3</sup>              | -                       | 0.01                | °C    |
| Specified range <sup>4</sup>         | -                       | -40 to +125         | °C    |
| Response time <sup>5</sup>           | <i>t</i> <sub>63%</sub> | 2                   | s     |
| Long-term drift <sup>6</sup>         | typ.                    | <0.03               | °C/y  |

**Table 1.** General temperature sensor specifications.



**Figure 2.** STS40 typical and maximal temperature accuracy.

<sup>1</sup> For definition of typ. and max. accuracy, please refer to the document "Sensirion Humidity Sensor Specification Statement".

<sup>2</sup> The stated repeatability is 3 times the standard deviation (3σ) of multiple consecutive measurement values at constant conditions and is a measure for the noise on the physical sensor output. Different repeatability commands are listed in Table 6.

<sup>3</sup> Resolution of A/D converter.

<sup>4</sup> Specified range refers to the range for which the temperature sensor specification is guaranteed.

<sup>5</sup> Depends on heat conductivity of sensor substrate and design-in of sensor in application.

<sup>6</sup> Max. value is < 0.04°C/y.

### 3 Electrical Specifications

Valid for all electrical specifications: Typical values correspond to  $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$  and  $T = 25\text{ °C}$ . Min. and max. values are valid in the full temperature range  $-40\text{ °C} \dots 125\text{ °C}$  and at declared  $V_{DD}$  levels.

#### 3.1 Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter                               | Symbol    | Conditions   | Min              | Typ.              | Max              | Units         | Comments  |
|---|-----------|--|------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|---|
| Supply voltage                          | $V_{DD}$  |  | 1.08             | 3.3               | 3.6              | V             | -   |
| Power-up/down level                     | $V_{POR}$ | Static power supply  | 0.6              | -                 | 1.08             | V             | -   |
| Supply current                          | $I_{DD}$  | Idle state   | -                | 0.1               | 1.0<br>3.4       | $\mu\text{A}$ | At 25°C<br>At 125°C   |
|   |           | Power-up   | -                | 50                | -                | $\mu\text{A}$ | -   |
|   |           | Measurement  | -                | 320               | 500              | $\mu\text{A}$ | Average current consumption while sensor is measuring   |
|   |           | Aver., high repeatability<br>Aver., med. repeatability<br>Aver., low repeatability | -<br>-<br>-      | 2.2<br>1.2<br>0.4 | -<br>-<br>-      | $\mu\text{A}$ | Aver. current consumpt. (contin. operation with one meas. per second)   |
| Power consumpt. at $V_{DD}=1.2\text{V}$ | -         | Aver., high repeatability<br>Aver., med. repeatability<br>Aver., low repeatability | -<br>-<br>-      | 2.6<br>1.4<br>0.5 | -<br>-<br>-      | $\mu\text{W}$ | Aver. power consumpt. (contin. operation with one meas. per second)   |
| Low level input voltage                 | $V_{IL}$  | -  | 0                | -                 | 0.3*<br>$V_{DD}$ | V             | -   |
| High level input voltage                | $V_{IH}$  | -  | 0.7*<br>$V_{DD}$ | -                 | $V_{DD}$         | V             | -   |
| Pull up resistors                       | $R_p$     | $V_{DD} < 1.62\text{ V}$   | 820              | -                 | -                | $\Omega$      | -   |
|   |           | $V_{DD} \geq 1.62\text{ V}$  | 390              | -                 | -                | $\Omega$      | -   |
| Low level output voltage                | $V_{OL}$  | $V_{DD} < 1.62\text{V}$ ,<br>$R_{pullup} > 820\ \Omega$                            | -                | -                 | 0.2*<br>$V_{DD}$ | V             | -   |
|   |           | $V_{DD} = 1.62\text{V} \dots 2.0\text{V}$ ,<br>$R_{pullup} > 390\ \Omega$          | -                | -                 | 0.2*<br>$V_{DD}$ | V             | -   |
|   |           | $V_{DD} > 2.0\text{V}$ ,<br>$R_{pullup} > 390\ \Omega$                             | -                | -                 | 0.4              | V             | -   |
| Cap bus load                            | $C_b$     | $R_p \leq 820\ \Omega$ : fast mode   | -                | -                 | 400              | pF            | Capac. bus load can be determined from $C_b < t_{rise} / (0.8473 * R_p)$ .<br>Rise times are $t_{rise} = 300\text{ ns}$ for fast mode and $t_{rise} = 120\text{ ns}$ for fast mode plus |
|   |           | $R_p = 390\ \Omega$ ,<br>$V_{DD} > 1.62\text{ V}$ : fast mode plus                 | -                | -                 | 340              | pF            |   |

**Table 2.** Electrical specifications.

### 3.2 Timings

Max. values are measured at -40°C and 1.08 V supply voltage (based on characterization).

| Parameter            | Symbol       | Conditions                                 | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Comments   |
|----------------------|--------------|--|------|------|------|-------|--|
| Power-up time        | $t_{PU}$     | After hard reset,<br>$V_{DD} \geq V_{POR}$ | -    | 0.3  | 1    | ms    | Time between $V_{DD}$ reaching $V_{POR}$ and sensor entering idle state  |
| Soft reset time      | $t_{SR}$     | After soft reset                           | -    | -    | 1    | ms    | Time between ACK of soft reset command and sensor entering idle state. Also valid for I <sup>2</sup> C general call reset. |
| Waiting time         | $t_W$        | between I <sup>2</sup> C commands          | 1    | -    | -    | ms    | minimal waiting time for I <sup>2</sup> C communication  |
| Measurement duration | $t_{MEAS,l}$ | Low repeatability                          | -    | 1.3  | 1.6  | ms    | The three repeatability modes differ with respect to measurement duration, noise level and energy consumption              |
|                      | $t_{MEAS,m}$ | Med. repeatability                         | -    | 3.7  | 4.5  | ms    |  |
|                      | $t_{MEAS,h}$ | High repeatability                         | -    | 6.9  | 8.3  | ms    |  |

**Table 3.** System timing specifications.

### 3.3 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stress levels beyond those listed in **Table 4** may cause permanent damage or affect the reliability of the device. Kindly note that the reported values are stress ratings only, implying that functional operation of the device under these conditions is not guaranteed. Ratings are only tested separately.

| Parameter                       | Rating  |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Max. voltage on any pin         | $V_{SS} - 0.3 \text{ V} \dots V_{DD} + 0.3 \text{ V}$ |
| Operating temperature range     | -40 °C ... 125 °C                                     |
| Storage temperature range       | -40 °C ... 150 °C                                     |
| ESD HBM                         | 2 kV  |
| ESD CDM                         | 500 V   |
| Latch up, JEDEC Class II, 125°C | +/-100 mA   |

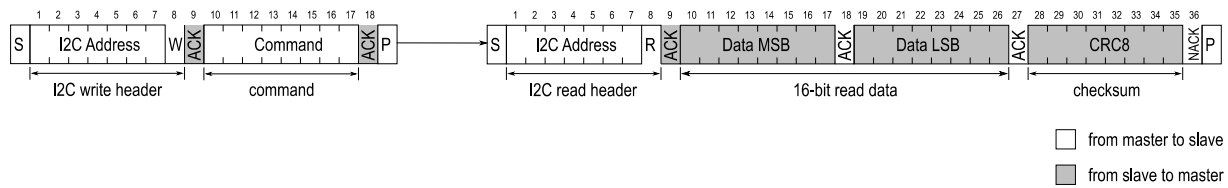
**Table 4.** Absolute maximum ratings.

## 4 Sensor Operation

### 4.1 I<sup>2</sup>C Communication

I<sup>2</sup>C communication is based on NXP's I<sup>2</sup>C-bus specification and user manual UM10204, Rev.6, 4 April 2014. Supported I<sup>2</sup>C modes are standard, fast mode, and fast mode plus. Data is transferred in multiples of 16-bit words and an 8-bit check sum (cyclic redundancy check = CRC). All transfers must begin with a start condition (S) and terminate with a stop condition (P). To finish a read transfer, send not acknowledge (NACK) and stop condition (P). Addressing a specific slave device is done by sending its 7-bit I<sup>2</sup>C address followed by an eighth bit, denoting the communication

direction: “zero” indicates transmission to the slave, i.e. “write”, a “one” indicates a “read” request. Schematics of the I<sup>2</sup>C transfer types are sketched in **Figure 3**.



**Figure 3.** I<sup>2</sup>C transfer types: First a write header is sent to the I<sup>2</sup>C slave, followed by a command, for example “measure *T* with highest precision”. After the measurement is finished the read request directed to this I<sup>2</sup>C slave will be acknowledged and transmission of data will be started by the slave.

The I<sup>2</sup>C address is defined by Sensirion and selectable by choosing from a selection of 0x44, 0x45, or 0x46 before ordering. For ordering details, kindly refer to section 8 and 9.

### 4.2 Data Type & Length

The I<sup>2</sup>C bus operates with 8-bit data packages. Information from the sensor to the master has a checksum after every second 8-bit data package. Therefore, the temperature data will always be transmitted in the following way (2 \* 8-bit data + 8-bit CRC).

### 4.3 Checksum Calculation

For read transfers each 16-bit data is followed by a checksum with the following properties

| Property             | Value                          |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Name                 | CRC-8                          |
| Message Length       | 16-bit                         |
| Polynomial           | 0x31 ( $x^8 + x^5 + x^4 + 1$ ) |
| Initialization       | 0xFF                           |
| Reflect Input/Output | false/false                    |
| Final XOR            | 0x00                           |
| Examples             | CRC(0xBEEF) = 0x92             |

**Table 5.** Data check sum properties.

The master may abort a read transfer after the 16-bit data, if it does not require a checksum.

#### 4.4 Command Overview

| Command   |     | Response length incl. CRC (bytes) | Description   |
|-----------|-----|-----------------------------------|---|
| bin       | hex |                                   |   |
| 1111 1101 | FD  | 3                                 | measure $T$ with high precision (high repeatability)<br>[2 * 8-bit T-data; 8-bit CRC]     |
| 1111 0110 | F6  | 3                                 | measure $T$ with medium precision (medium repeatability)<br>[2 * 8-bit T-data; 8-bit CRC] |
| 1110 0000 | E0  | 3                                 | measure $T$ with lowest precision (low repeatability)<br>[2 * 8-bit T-data; 8-bit CRC]    |
| 1000 1001 | 89  | 6                                 | read serial<br>[2 * 8-bit data; 8-bit CRC; 2 * 8-bit data; 8-bit CRC]                     |
| 1001 0100 | 94  | -                                 | soft reset<br>[ACK]   |

**Table 6.** Overview of I<sup>2</sup>C commands. If the sensor is not ready to process a command, e.g. because it is still measuring, it will response with NACK to the I<sup>2</sup>C read header.

#### 4.5 Conversion of Signal Output

The digital sensor signal  $S_T$  corresponds to temperatures, as described in Eqs. (1), and (2).

$$T = \left(-45 + 175 \cdot \frac{S_T}{2^{16} - 1}\right) ^\circ\text{C} \tag{1}$$

$$T = \left(-49 + 315 \cdot \frac{S_T}{2^{16} - 1}\right) ^\circ\text{F} \tag{2}$$

#### 4.6 Serial Number

Each sensor has a unique serial number that is assigned by Sensirion during production. It is stored in the one-time-programmable memory and cannot be manipulated after production. The serial number is accessible via I<sup>2</sup>C and is transmitted as two 16-bit words, each followed by an 8-bit CRC.

#### 4.7 Reset & Abort

A reset of the sensor can be achieved in three ways:

- Soft reset: send the reset command described in **Table 6**.
- I<sup>2</sup>C general call: all devices on the I<sup>2</sup>C bus are reset by sending the command 0x06 to the I<sup>2</sup>C address 0x00.
- Power down (incl. pulling SCL and SDA low)

Any command that triggers an action at the sensor can be aborted *via* I<sup>2</sup>C general call reset or soft reset.

### 5 Physical Specification

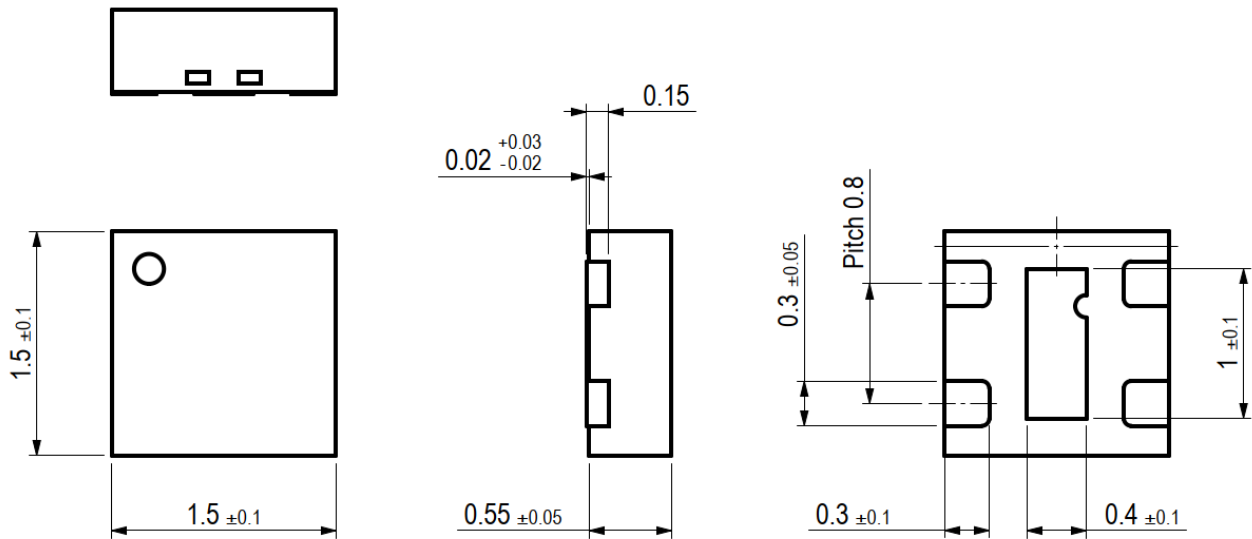
#### 5.1 Package Description

The STS4x is provided in a dual flat no lead (DFN) package, and comprises the silicon sensor chip made of silicon, which is hosted on a copper lead frame and overmolded by an epoxy-based mold compound. The exposed bottom side of the leadframe with the metallic contacts is Sn plated, while the side walls are bare copper.

While moisture sensitivity level (MSL) 1 according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 is met, we recommend to process the sensors within one year after date of delivery.



### 5.2 Package Outline

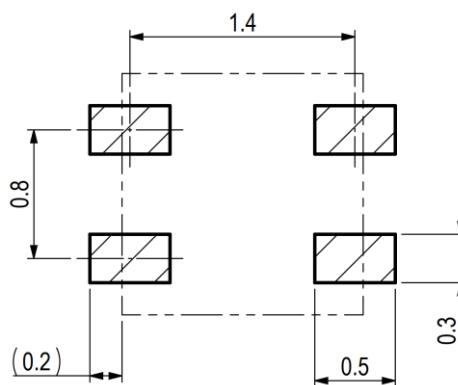


**Figure 4.** Dimensional drawing of the STS4x including package tolerances (units mm). The Pin 1 is identified by the laser dot on the top side and the cutout of the die pad, visible from the bottom.

### 5.3 Land Pattern

We recommend designing the land pattern to the used PCB and soldering process together with the physical outer dimensions of the sensor. For reference, the land pattern used with Sensirion’s PCBs and soldering processes is given in **Figure 5**.

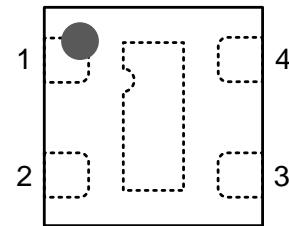
Soldering of the central die pad is optional.



**Figure 5.** Recommended land pattern (in mm). Details can vary and depend on used PCBs and solder processes. There shall be no copper under the sensor other than at the pin pads.

### 5.4 Pin Assignment & Laser Marking

| Pin | Name | Comments                           |
|-----|------|------------------------------------|
| 1   | SDA  | Serial data, bidirectional         |
| 2   | SCL  | Serial clock, unidirectional input |
| 3   | VDD  | Supply voltage                     |
| 4   | VSS  | Ground                             |



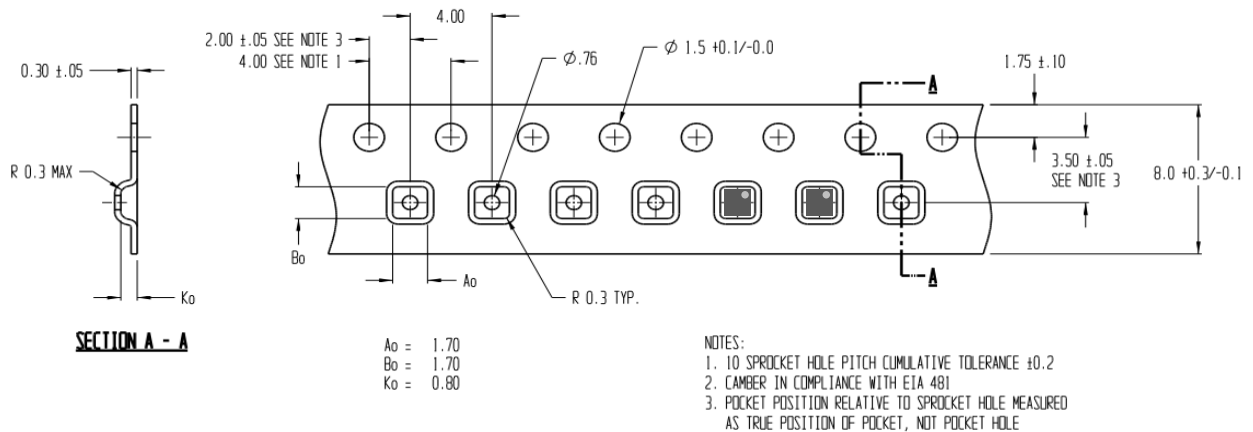
**Figure 6.** Pin assignment (transparent top view). Dashed lines are only visible if sensor is viewed from below. The die pad is not directly connected to any pin. Pin-1 is indicated by the cutout of the die pad from the bottom side (see dashed lines) and the top side laser marking (dot in upper left corner).

## 6 Quality and Material Contents

Qualification of STS4x is performed based on the JEDEC JESD47 qualification test method (currently pending). The device is fully RoHS and WEEE compliant, e.g. free of Pb, Cd, and Hg.

## 7 Tape and Reel Packaging

All specifications for the tape and reel packaging can be found in **Figure 7**. The reel diameter for the 10k packaging is 13 inches.



**Figure 7.** Tape and reel specifications including a depiction of two sensors in their corresponding pockets. In this orientation, Pin 1 is in the upper right corner, as indicated by the dot on the sensor and in the drawing.

## 8 Product Name Nomenclature

| Position | Value | Explanation                                  |
|----------|-------|--|
| 1        | S     | Sensirion                                    |
| 2        | T     | Temperature                                  |
| 3        | S     | Sensor                                       |
| 4        | 4     | Fourth product generation                    |
| 5        | 0     | 0.2°C T accuracy                             |
| 6        | -     | delimiter                                    |
| 7        | A     | I <sup>2</sup> C interface with 0x44 address |
|          | B     | I <sup>2</sup> C interface with 0x45 address |
|          | C     | I <sup>2</sup> C interface with 0x46 address |
| 8        | D     | DFN package                                  |
| 9        | 1     | reserved                                     |
| 10       | B     | reserved                                     |
| 11       | -     | delimiter                                    |
| 12       | R     | Tape on reel packaging                       |
| 13       | 3     | Packaging article contains 10'000 pieces     |

**Table 7.** STS4x product nomenclature.

## 9 Ordering Information

| Material Description | Material Number | Details                                      | Quantity (pcs) |
|----------------------|-----------------|--|----------------|
| STS40-AD1B-R3        | 3.000.660       | base T accuracy, 0x44 I <sup>2</sup> C addr. | 10'000         |
| STS40-BD1B-R3        | 3.000.661       | base T accuracy, 0x45 I <sup>2</sup> C addr. | 10'000         |
| STS40-CD1B-R3        | 3.000.606       | base T accuracy, 0x46 I <sup>2</sup> C addr. | 10'000         |

**Table 8.** STS4x ordering options.

## 10 Revision History

| Date          | Version | Page(s)                         | Changes   |
|---------------|---------|---------------------------------|---|
| November 2020 | 0.1     | all                             | Initial release, preliminary version.   |
| June 2021     | 0.2     | 1, 11                           | Updated ordering options.   |
| February 2022 | 1       | 1, 7, 11, 12<br>9, 10<br>9<br>1 | Updated ordering and I <sup>2</sup> C address options.<br>Updated laser marking description.<br>Corrected typo in package outline.<br>Added functional block diagram. |

## Important Notices

### Warning, Personal Injury

**Do not use this product as safety or emergency stop devices or in any other application where failure of the product could result in personal injury. Do not use this product for applications other than its intended and authorized use. Before installing, handling, using or servicing this product, please consult the data sheet and application notes. Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury.**

If the Buyer shall purchase or use SENSIRION products for any unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless SENSIRION and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates and distributors against all claims, costs, damages and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if SENSIRION shall be allegedly negligent with respect to the design or the manufacture of the product.

### ESD Precautions

The inherent design of this component causes it to be sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). To prevent ESD-induced damage and/or degradation, take customary and statutory ESD precautions when handling this product. See application note "ESD, Latchup and EMC" for more information.

### Warranty

SENSIRION warrants solely to the original purchaser of this product for a period of 12 months (one year) from the date of delivery that this product shall be of the quality, material and workmanship defined in SENSIRION's published specifications of the product. Within such period, if proven to be defective, SENSIRION shall repair and/or replace this product, in SENSIRION's discretion, free of charge to the Buyer, provided that:

- notice in writing describing the defects shall be given to SENSIRION within fourteen (14) days after their appearance;
- such defects shall be found, to SENSIRION's reasonable satisfaction, to have arisen from SENSIRION's faulty design, material, or workmanship;
- the defective product shall be returned to SENSIRION's factory at the Buyer's expense; and
- the warranty period for any repaired or replaced product shall be limited to the unexpired portion of the original period.

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## Headquarters and Subsidiaries

### Sensirion AG

Laubisruetistr. 50  
CH-8712 Staefa ZH  
Switzerland

phone: +41 44 306 40 00  
fax: +41 44 306 40 30  
[info@sensirion.com](mailto:info@sensirion.com)  
[www.sensirion.com](http://www.sensirion.com)

### Sensirion Taiwan Co. Ltd

phone: +886 3 5506701  
[info@sensirion.com](mailto:info@sensirion.com)  
[www.sensirion.com](http://www.sensirion.com)

### Sensirion Inc., USA

phone: +1 312 690 5858  
[info-us@sensirion.com](mailto:info-us@sensirion.com)  
[www.sensirion.com](http://www.sensirion.com)

### Sensirion Japan Co. Ltd.

phone: +81 3 3444 4940  
[info-jp@sensirion.com](mailto:info-jp@sensirion.com)  
[www.sensirion.com/jp](http://www.sensirion.com/jp)

### Sensirion Korea Co. Ltd.

phone: +82 31 337 7700~3  
[info-kr@sensirion.com](mailto:info-kr@sensirion.com)  
[www.sensirion.com/kr](http://www.sensirion.com/kr)

### Sensirion China Co. Ltd.

phone: +86 755 8252 1501  
[info-cn@sensirion.com](mailto:info-cn@sensirion.com)  
[www.sensirion.com/cn](http://www.sensirion.com/cn)

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