

General Purpose CMOS Logic IC

Single 2-Input NAND Gate

BU4S11G2

General Description

The BU4S11G2 is a 2-input NAND gate.

An inverter-based buffer is incorporated at the gate output to improve I/O transmission characteristics, and it minimizes a variation in the propagation delay time caused by an increase in the load capacitance.

Features

- Low power consumption
- High noise immunity
- Wide operating supply voltage range
- High input impedance
- High fan out
- Input can be directly driven 2 L-TTL inputs or 1 LS-TTL
- Buffered output

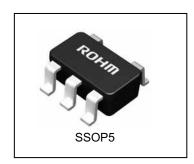
Key Specifications

■ Supply Voltage Range: +3V to +16V Input Voltage Range: 0V to V_{DD}

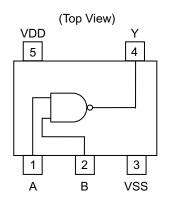
■ Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C

Packages SSOP5

W(Typ) x D(Typ) x H(Max) 2.90mm x 2.80mm x 1.25mm



Pin Configurations



Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	Α	I	Input
2	В	I	Input
3	VSS	-	Ground
4	Υ	0	Output
5	VDD	-	Power supply

Truth Table

INF	OUTPUT	
Α	В	Y
L	L	Н
L	Н	Н
Н	L	Н
Н	Н	L

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	-0.3 to +18.0	٧
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Input Current	I _{IN}	±10	mA
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to +150	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _{Jmax}	+150	°C
Power Dissipation	P _D	0.67 ^(Note 1)	W

(Note 1) Derate by $5.4 \text{mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ when operating above $T_{A}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (when mounted on ROHM's standard board).

Caution: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

Recommended Operating Conditions (T_A=-40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	+3.0 to +16.0	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	0 to V _{DD}	V

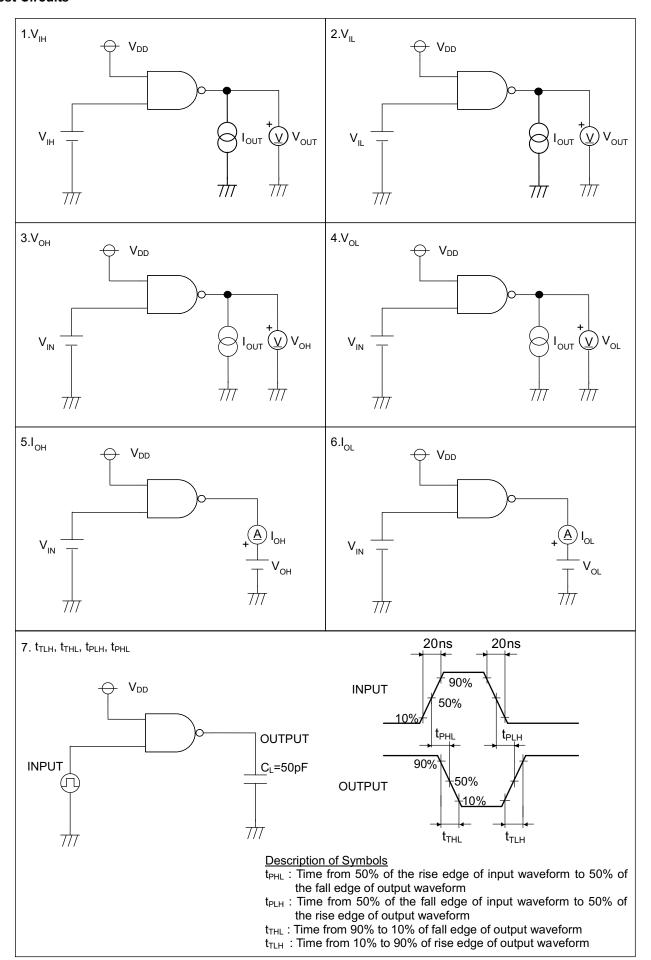
Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, V_{SS}=0V, T_A=25°C)

	Development of the specified of the spec			Limits		- Unit		Conditions	3	Figure
	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	V _{DD} [V]			No.
			3.5	-	-	V	5	V _{OUT} =0.5V		2
	Input "H" Voltage	V _{IH}	7.0	-	-		10	V _{OUT} =1.0V		3
			11.0	-	-		15	V _{OUT} =1.5V		4
			-	-	1.5		5	V _{OUT} =4.5V		2
	Input "L" Voltage	V_{IL}	-	-	3.0	V	10	V _{OUT} =9.0V		3
			-	-	4.0		15	V _{OUT} =13.5V		4
	Input "H" Current	IIH	-	-	0.3	μA	15	V _{IH} =15V		_
	Input "L" Current	IιL	-	-	-0.3	μA	15	V _{IL} =0V		_
v,			4.95	-	-		5			2
istic	Output "H" Voltage	V _{OH}	9.95	-	-	V	10	II _{OUT} <1µA V _{IN} =V _{SS}	3	
OC Characteristics			14.95	-	-		15	33		4
hara	Output "L" Voltage	V _{OL}	-	-	0.05	V	5			2
Ö			-	-	0.05		10	I _{OUT} <1μΑ V _{IN} =V _{DD}	3	
			-	-	0.05		15	- 117 - 25		4
			-0.51	-	-		5	V _{OH} =4.6V	V _{OH} =4.6V V _{OH} =2.5V V _{OH} =9.5V V _{OH} =13.5V	
	Output "H" Current	Len	-2.1	-	-	mA	5	V _{OH} =2.5V		5
	Output 11 Current	I _{OH}	-1.3	-	-	ША	10	V _{OH} =9.5V		3
			-3.4	-	-		15	V _{OH} =13.5V		
			0.51	-	-		5	V _{OL} =0.4V		
	Output "L" Current		1.3	-	-	mA	10	V _{OL} =0.5V	V _{IN} =V _{DD}	6
			3.4	-	-		15	V _{OL} =1.5V		
			-	-	0.25	μA	5			
	Quiescent Supply Current	I _{DD}	-	-	0.5		10	V _{IN} =V _{DD} or V	'ss	-
			-	-	1.0		15			

	Danamatan	Current ed	Limits		l lmit	Conditions		Figure	
	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	V _{DD} [V]		No.
			-	70	-		5		
	Output Rising Time	t _{TLH}	-	35	-	ns	10	C _L =50pF	7
ics			-	30	-		15		
Characteristics			1	70	-		5	C _L =50pF	
ract	Output Falling Time	t _{THL}	1	35	-	ns	10		8
Cha			-	30	-		15		
		me t _{PLH}	1	85	-	ns	5	C _L =50pF	
Switching	"L" to "H" Propagation Delay Time		1	40	-		10		9
Š	Tropagation Bolay Time		1	30	-		15		
		t _{PHL}	-	85	-	ns	5	C _L =50pF	
	"H" to "L" Propagation Delay Time		-	40	-		10		10
			-	30	-		15		
	Input Capacitance	C _{IN}	-	5	-	pF	-	-	-

Test Circuits



Typical Performance Curves

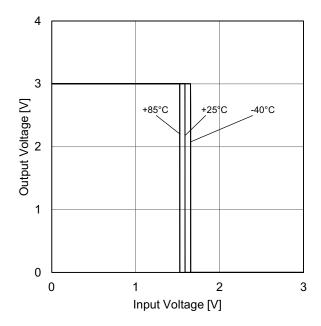


Figure 1. Output Voltage vs Input Voltage $(V_{DD}=3V/V_{SS}=0V)$

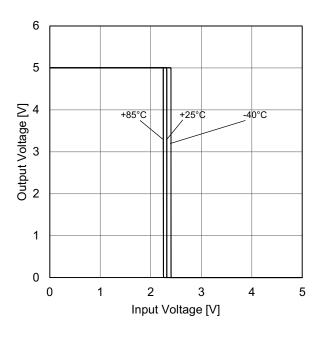


Figure 2. Output Voltage vs Input Voltage $(V_{DD}=5V / V_{SS}=0V)$

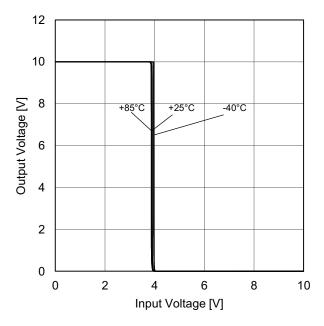


Figure 3. Output Voltage vs Input Voltage $(V_{DD}=10V\ /\ V_{SS}=0V)$

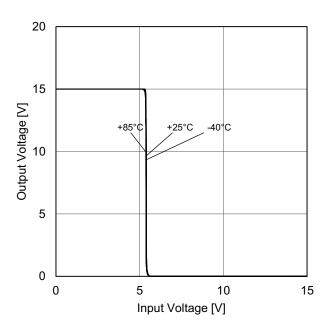


Figure 4. Output Voltage vs Input Voltage $(V_{DD}=15V / V_{SS}=0V)$

Typical Performance Curves - continued

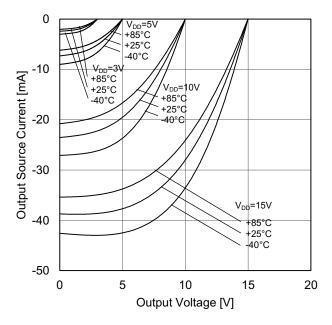


Figure 5. Output "H" Current vs Output Voltage

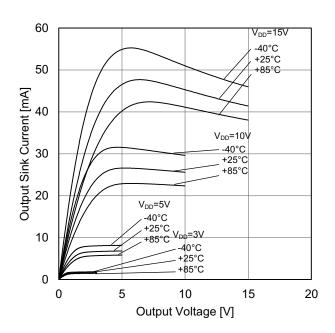


Figure 6. Output "L" Current vs Output Voltage

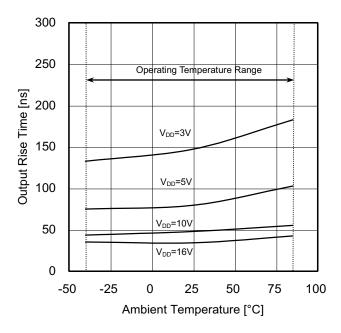


Figure 7. Output Rising Time t_{TLH}

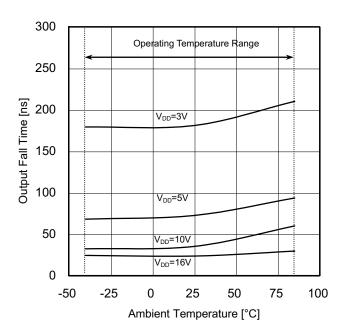
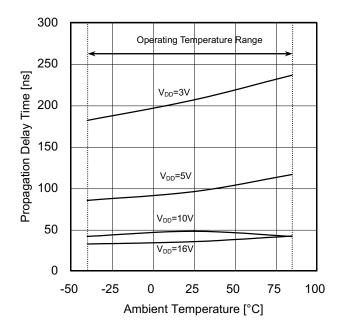


Figure 8. Output Falling Time t_{THL}

Typical Performance Curves - continued



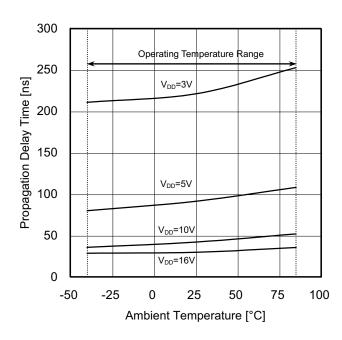


Figure 9. "L" to "H" Propagation Delay Time t_{PLH}

Figure 10. "H" to "L" Propagation Delay Time t_{PHL}

Power Dissipation

Power dissipation(total loss) indicates the power that can be consumed by IC at T_A =25°C(normal temperature). IC is heated when it consumed power, and the temperature of IC chip becomes higher than ambient temperature. The temperature that can be accepted by IC chip depends on circuit configuration, manufacturing process, and consumable power is limited. Power dissipation is determined by the temperature allowed in IC chip(maximum junction temperature) and thermal resistance of package(heat dissipation capability). The maximum junction temperature is typically equal to the maximum value in the storage temperature range. Heat generated by consumed power of IC radiates from the mold resin or lead frame of the package. The parameter which indicates this heat dissipation capability(hardness of heat release)is called thermal resistance, represented by the symbol θ_{JA} (°C/W). The temperature of IC inside the package can be estimated by this thermal resistance. Figure 11 shows the model of thermal resistance of the package. Thermal resistance θ_{JA} , ambient temperature T_{A} , maximum junction temperature T_{A} , and power dissipation P_{D} can be calculated by the equation below: $\theta_{JA} = (T_{Jmax} - T_{A}) / P_{D}$ (°C/W)

Derating curve in Figure 12 indicates power that can be consumed by IC with reference to ambient temperature. Power that can be consumed by IC with reference to ambient temperature. Power that can be consumed by IC begins to attenuate at certain ambient temperature. This gradient is determined by thermal resistance θ_{JA} . Thermal resistance θ_{JA} depends on chip size, power consumption, package, ambient temperature, package condition, wind velocity, etc even when the same of package is used. Thermal reduction curve indicates a reference value measured at a specified condition.

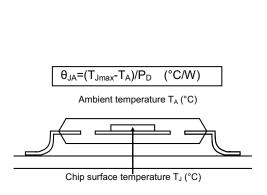
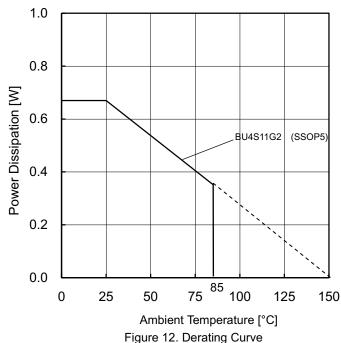
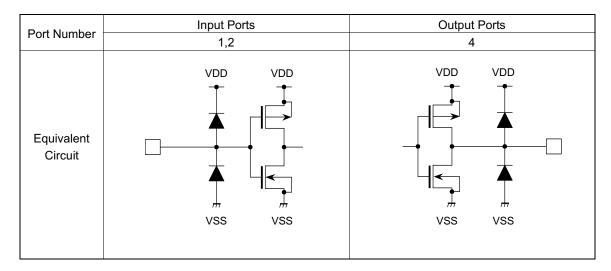


Figure 11. Thermal resistance



TSZ02201-0RDR0GZ00170-1-2 30.Sep.2015 Rev.002

I/O Equivalent Circuit



Operational Notes

1. Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

2. Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

3. Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

4. Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

5. Thermal Consideration

Should by any chance the power dissipation rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, increase the board size and copper area to prevent exceeding the Pd rating.

6. Recommended Operating Conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

7. Inrush Current

When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

8. Operation Under Strong Electromagnetic Field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

9. Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

Operational Notes - continued

10. Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors

Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

11. Unused Input Pins

Input pins of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input pins should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

12. Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

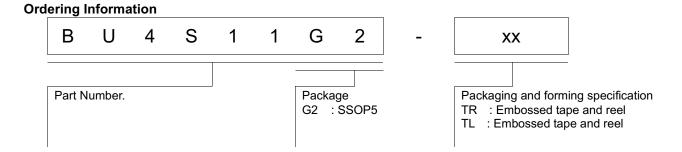
In the construction of this IC, P-N junctions are inevitably formed creating parasitic diodes or transistors. The operation of these parasitic elements can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions which cause these parasitic elements to operate, such as applying a voltage to an input pin lower than the ground voltage should be avoided. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input pins when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. Even if the power supply voltage is applied, make sure that the input pins have voltages within the values specified in the electrical characteristics of this IC.

13. Ceramic Capacitor

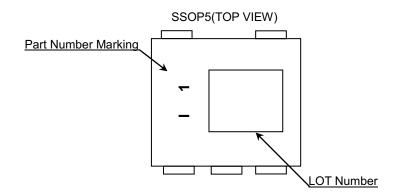
When using a ceramic capacitor, determine the dielectric constant considering the change of capacitance with temperature and the decrease in nominal capacitance due to DC bias and others.

14. Area of Safe Operation (ASO)

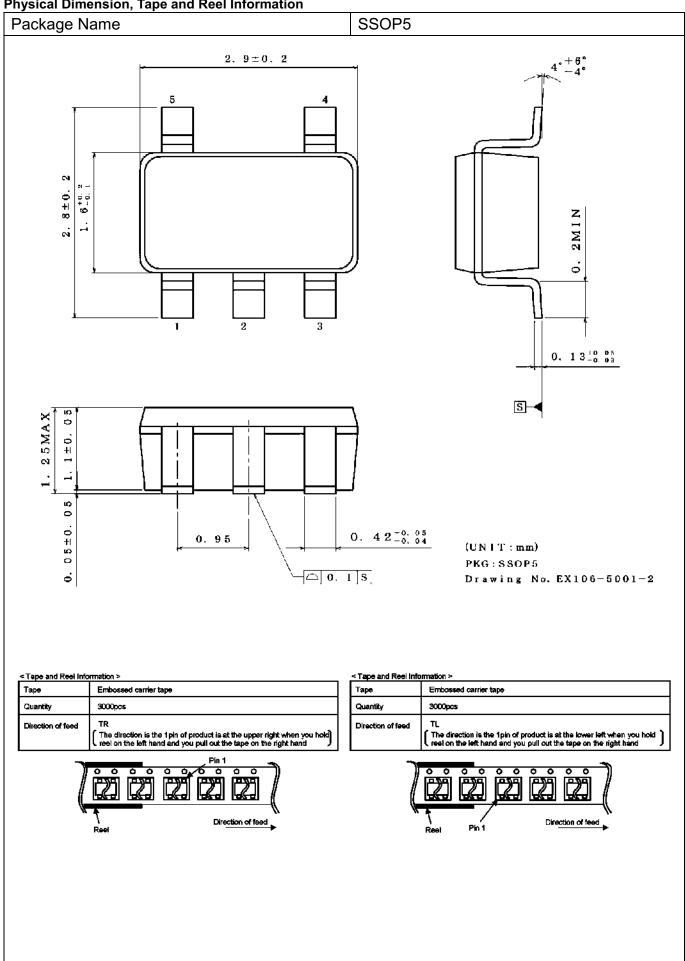
Operate the IC such that the output voltage, output current, and power dissipation are all within the Area of Safe Operation (ASO).



Marking Diagrams



Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information



Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes
22.May.2014	001	New Release
30.Sep.2015	002	Correction of the typical performance curves

Notice

Precaution on using ROHM Products

Our Products are designed and manufactured for application in ordinary electronic equipments (such as AV equipment, OA equipment, telecommunication equipment, home electronic appliances, amusement equipment, etc.). If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment (Note 1), transport equipment, traffic equipment, aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, fuel controllers, car equipment including car accessories, safety devices, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.

(Note1) Medical Equipment Classification of the Specific Applications

JAPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSⅢ	CL ACCIII	CLASSIIb	СГУССШ
CLASSIV	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ

- 2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:
 - [a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety
 - [b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure
- 3. Our Products are designed and manufactured for use under standard conditions and not under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM's Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
 - [a] Use of our Products in any types of liquid, including water, oils, chemicals, and organic solvents
 - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
 - [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, and NO₂
 - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
 - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

- 1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used on a surface-mount products, the flow soldering method must be used on a through hole mount products. If the flow soldering method is preferred on a surface-mount products, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits

- 1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
- 2. You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

Precaution for Storage / Transportation

- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
 - [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
 - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
 - [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- 2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- 4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

Precaution for Product Label

QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

Precaution for Disposition

When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act

Since concerned goods might be fallen under listed items of export control prescribed by Foreign exchange and Foreign trade act, please consult with ROHM in case of export.

Precaution Regarding Intellectual Property Rights

- 1. All information and data including but not limited to application example contained in this document is for reference only. ROHM does not warrant that foregoing information or data will not infringe any intellectual property rights or any other rights of any third party regarding such information or data.
- 2. ROHM shall not have any obligations where the claims, actions or demands arising from the combination of the Products with other articles such as components, circuits, systems or external equipment (including software).
- 3. No license, expressly or implied, is granted hereby under any intellectual property rights or other rights of ROHM or any third parties with respect to the Products or the information contained in this document. Provided, however, that ROHM will not assert its intellectual property rights or other rights against you or your customers to the extent necessary to manufacture or sell products containing the Products, subject to the terms and conditions herein.

Other Precaution

- 1. This document may not be reprinted or reproduced, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of ROHM.
- 2. The Products may not be disassembled, converted, modified, reproduced or otherwise changed without prior written consent of ROHM.
- In no event shall you use in any way whatsoever the Products and the related technical information contained in the Products or this document for any military purposes, including but not limited to, the development of mass-destruction weapons.
- 4. The proper names of companies or products described in this document are trademarks or registered trademarks of ROHM, its affiliated companies or third parties.

Notice-PGA-E Rev.001

General Precaution

- 1. Before you use our Products, you are requested to care fully read this document and fully understand its contents. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure, malfunction or accident arising from the use of any ROHM's Products against warning, caution or note contained in this document.
- 2. All information contained in this docume nt is current as of the issuing date and subject to change without any prior notice. Before purchasing or using ROHM's Products, please confirm the latest information with a ROHM sale s representative.
- 3. The information contained in this document is provided on an "as is" basis and ROHM does not warrant that all information contained in this document is accurate an d/or error-free. ROHM shall not be in an y way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties resulting from inaccuracy or errors of or concerning such information.

Notice – WE Rev.001



BU4S11G2 - Web Page

Distribution Inventory

Part Number	BU4S11G2
Package	SSOP5
Unit Quantity	3000
Minimum Package Quantity	3000
Packing Type	Taping
Constitution Materials List	inquiry
RoHS	Yes