

Total solder points: 625

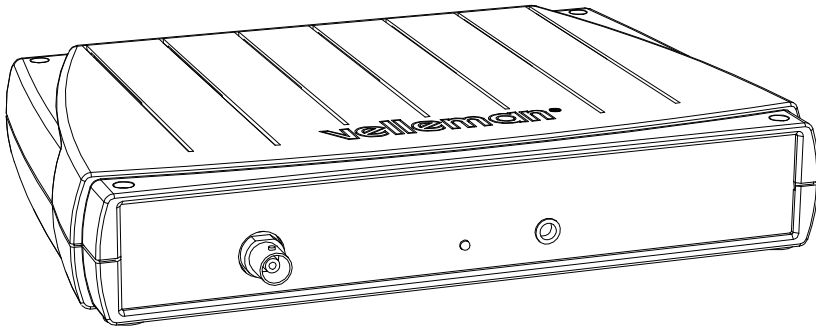
Difficulty level:

beginner 1 2 3 4 5 advanced

HIGH-Q
velleman-kit 

DIGITAL PC SCOPE

K8031


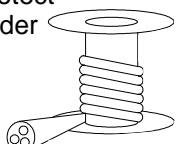
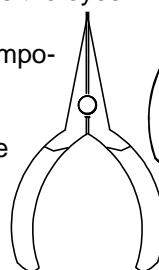
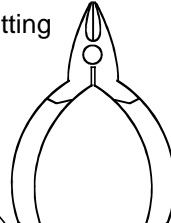


VELLEMAN COMPONENTS NV
Legen Heirweg 33
9890 Gavere
Belgium
<http://www.velleman.be>

1. Assembly (Skipping this can lead to troubles !)

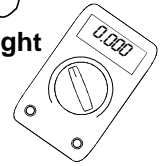
Ok, so we have your attention. These hints will help you to make this project successful. Read them carefully.

1.1 Make sure you have the right tools:

- A good quality soldering iron (25-40W) with a small tip. 
- Wipe it often on a wet sponge or cloth, to keep it clean; then apply solder to the tip, to give it a wet look. This is called 'thinning' and will protect the tip, and enables you to make good connections. When solder rolls off the tip, it needs cleaning. 
- Thin raisin-core solder. Do not use any flux or grease.
- A diagonal cutter to trim excess wires. To avoid injury when cutting excess leads, hold the lead so they cannot fly towards the eyes. 
- Needle nose pliers, for bending leads, or to hold components in place. 
- Small blade and phillips screwdrivers. A basic range is fine.



For some projects, a basic multi-meter is required, or might be handy



1.2 Assembly Hints :

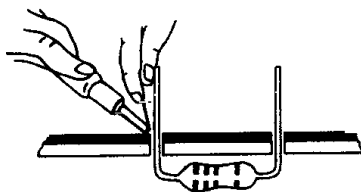
- ⇒ Make sure the skill level matches your experience, to avoid disappointments.
- ⇒ Follow the instructions carefully. Read and understand the entire step before you perform each operation.
- ⇒ Perform the assembly in the correct order as stated in this manual
- ⇒ Position all parts on the PCB (Printed Circuit Board) as shown on the drawings.
- ⇒ Values on the circuit diagram are subject to changes.
- ⇒ Values in this assembly guide are correct*

- ⇒ Use the check-boxes to mark your progress.
- ⇒ Please read the included information on safety and customer service

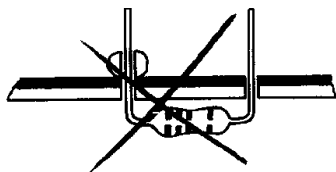
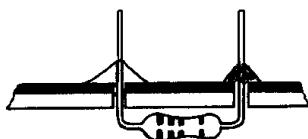
* Typographical inaccuracies excluded. Always look for possible last minute manual updates, indicated as 'NOTE' on a separate leaflet.

1.3 Soldering Hints :

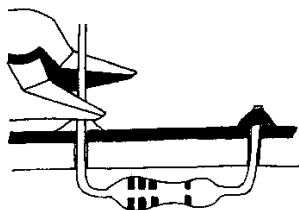
1- Mount the component against the PCB surface and carefully solder the leads



2- Make sure the solder joints are cone-shaped and shiny

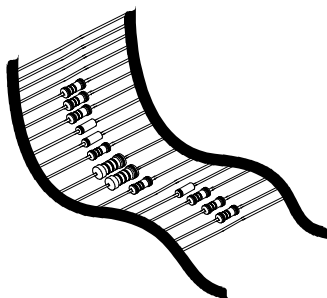


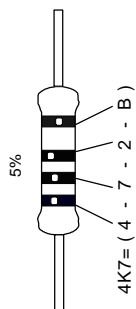
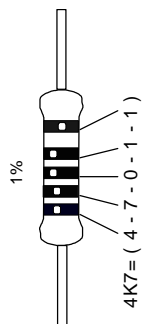
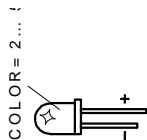
3- Trim excess leads as close as possible to the solder joint



AXIAL COMPONENTS ARE TAPED IN THE CORRECT MOUNTING SEQUENCE !

REMOVE THEM FROM THE TAPE ONE AT A TIME !



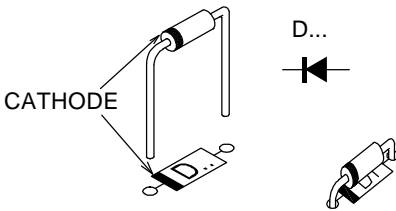


I	P	E	SF	S	DK	N	D	GB	F	NL
C	CODICE	CODIGO	VÄRI	FÄRG	FARVE-	FARGE-	FARB	COLOUR	CODIFI-	KLEURC
O	COLORE	DE	KOODI	SCHEMA	KODE	KODE	KODE	CODE	CATION	KODE
D	DE	DE							DES	D
E	COLORE	COLORE	S						COU-	E
0	Nero	Negro	Musta	Svart	Sort	Sort	Schwarz	Black	Noir	Zwart
1	Marrone	Castanho	Ruskea	Brun	Brun	Brun	Braun	Brown	Brun	Bruin
2	Rosso	Encarnado	Punainen	Röd	Röd	Röd	Rot	Red	Rouge	Rood
3	Aran- ciato	Naranja	Oranssi	Orange	Orange	Orange	Orange	Orange	Orange	Oranje
4	Giallo	Amarelo	Keltainen	Gul	Gul	Gul	Gelb	Yellow	Jaune	Geel
5	Verde	Verde	Vihreä	Grön	Grøn	Grønn	Grün	Green	Vert	Groen
6	Blu	Azul	Sininen	Blå	Blå	Blå	Blau	Blue	Bleu	Blaauw
7	Viola	Violeta	Purppura	Lila	Violet	Violet	Violet	Purple	Violet	Paars
8	Grigio	Cinzento	Harmaa	Grå	Grå	Grå	Grau	Grey	Gris	Grijs
9	Bianco	Branco	Valkoinen	Vit	Hvid	Hvidt	Weiss	White	Blanc	Wit
A	Argento	Prateado	Hopea	Silver	Sølv	Sølv	Silber	Silver	Argent	Zilver
B	Oro	Dourado	Oro	Guld	Guld	Guldi	Gold	Gold	Or	Goud

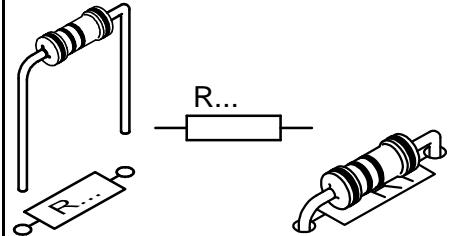
CONSTRUCTION

Mount the components in the order described :

- ☞ Tip: The pictures on the packaging can be used as a guideline.
However, due to possible changes it is not 100% reliable.

1. Diodes (check the polarity)

- D1: BAS45A
- D2: BAS45A
- D3: 1N4148
- D4: 1N4148
- D5: 1N4148
- D6: 1N4148
- D7: 1N4148
- D8: 1N4148
- D9: 1N4148
- D10: 1N4148
- D11: 1N4148
- D12: 1N4148
- D13: 1N4148
- D14: 1N4148
- D15: 1N4148
- D16: 1N4007

2. Resistors (check the color code)

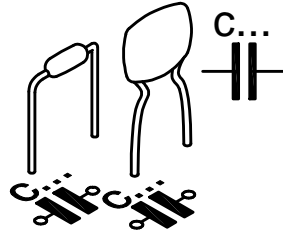
- R1: 150R (1-5-1)
- R2: 470R (4-7-1)
- R3: 150R (1-5-1)
- R4: 47R (4-7-0)
- R5: 150R (1-5-1)
- R6: 91K (9-1-0-2) 1%
- R7: 10K (1-0-0-2) 1%
- R8: 91K (9-1-0-2) 1%
- R9: 3R3 (3-3)
- R10: 910K (9-1-0-3) 1%
- R11: 820R (8-2-0-0) 1%
- R12: 2K2 (2-2-2)
- R13: 820R (8-2-0-0) 1%
- R14: 820R (8-2-0-0) 1%
- R15: 820R (8-2-0-0) 1%
- R16: 1K8 (1-8-2)
- R17: 2K2 (2-2-2)
- R18: 820R (8-2-0-0) 1%
- R19: 10K (1-0-0-2) 1%

- R20: 10K (1-0-0-2) 1%
- R21: 10K (1-0-0-2) 1%
- R22: 10K (1-0-0-2) 1%
- R23: 10K (1-0-0-2) 1%
- R24: 10K (1-0-0-2) 1%
- R25: 10K (1-0-0-2) 1%

- R26: 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- R27: 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- R28: 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- R29: 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- R30: 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- R31: 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- R32: 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- R33: 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- R34: 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%

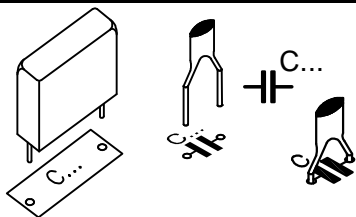
- R35: 470R (4-7-1)
- R36: 2K2 (2-2-2)
- R37: 2K2 (2-2-2)
- R38: 2K2 (2-2-2)
- R39: 100R (1-0-1)
- R40: 150R (1-5-1)
- R41: 2K2 (2-2-2)
- R42: 2K2 (2-2-2)
- R43: 10K (1-0-0-2) 1%
- R44: 2K2 (2-2-2)
- R45: 820R (8-2-0-0) 1%
- R46: 1K8 (1-8-2)
- R47: 100R (1-0-1)
- R48: 100R (1-0-1)
- R49: 100R (1-0-1)
- R50: 470R (4-7-1)
- R51: 470R (4-7-1)
- R52: 470R (4-7-1)
- R53: 3R3 (3-3) / 1W

3. Capacitors



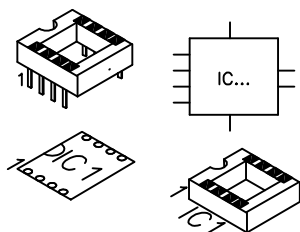
- C1: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C3: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C6: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C8: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C9: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C12: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C13: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C18: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C19: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C21: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C24: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C25: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C27: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C28: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C29: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C30: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C31: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C32: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C33: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C34: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C36: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C38: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C39: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C40: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C41: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C45: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C47: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- C48: 100n (104, 0.1, u1)

4. Capacitors



- C17: 100p (101)
- C26: 100p (101)
- C10: 220p (221)
- C15: 22p
- C16: 22p
- C22: 22p
- C42: 22p
- C4: 2n2 / 100V (222, 2200)
- C20: 2n2 / 100V (222, 2200)
- C14: 2n7 (272, 2700)
- C5: 47n/250V (0.047, 473)

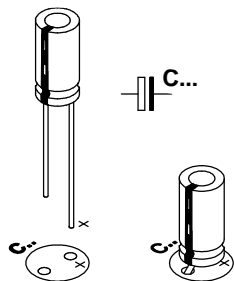
5. IC sockets



- IC1: 16P
- IC3: 8P
- IC4: 24P
- IC5: 28P
- IC6: 16P
- IC7: 16P
- IC8: 16P
- IC9: 16P
- IC10: 16P
- IC11: 16P
- IC12: 16P
- IC13: 24P
- IC14: 16P

- IC16: 14P
- IC17: 16P
- IC18: 8P
- IC19: 8P
- IC20: 8P
- IC21: 8P
- IC22: 8P

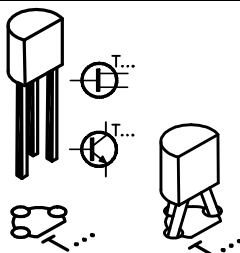
6. Electrolytic capacitors. Check the polarity !



- C2: 4μ7
- C7: 4μ7
- C11: 4μ7
- C35: 4μ7
- C37: 4μ7
- C44: 4μ7

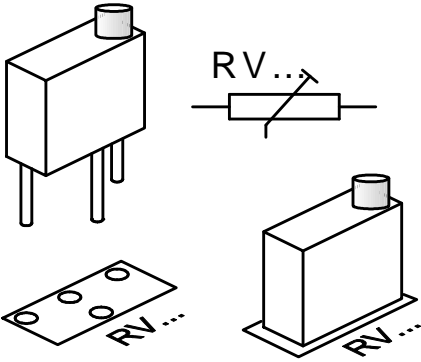
- C23: 100μF
- C43: 100μF
- C46: 100μF

7. Transistors



- T1: BC327

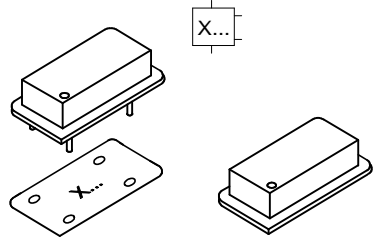
8. Multiturn trimmer



- RV1: 50R (R50, W500)
- RV2: 500R (R500, W501)

In doubt, measure using an ohm meter between the two outer connections.

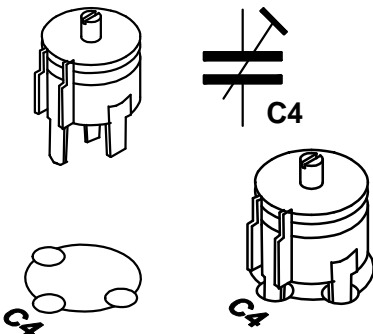
10. Oscillator



- X1: 32MHz

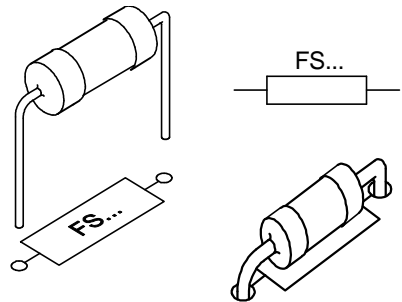
Check the position, refer to the PCB lay out.

9. Trimmer capacitors



- CV1: 22p (small type)
- CV2: 50p

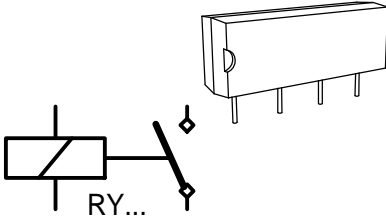
11. Pico fuse



- FS1: 1A pico

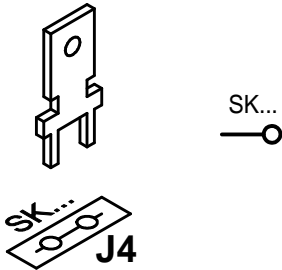
One spare fuse is also supplied

12. Reed relays (check the position of the notch)



- RY1: VR05R051AS
- RY2: VR05R051AS
- RY3: VR05R051AS
- RY4: VR05R051AS
- RY5: VR05R051AS

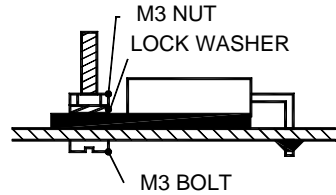
13. PCB tab



- J4: PCB tab

This tab serves as square wave output test signal.

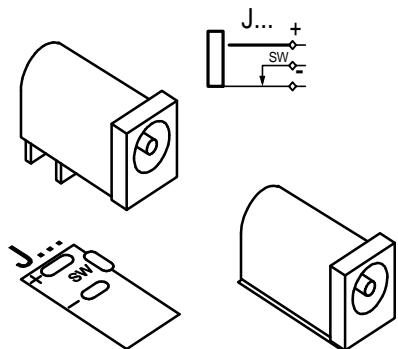
14. Voltage regulator.



- IC15: UA7805
- Mount the regulator like in the drawing.

First fix the regulator, then solder the connections

15. DC jack

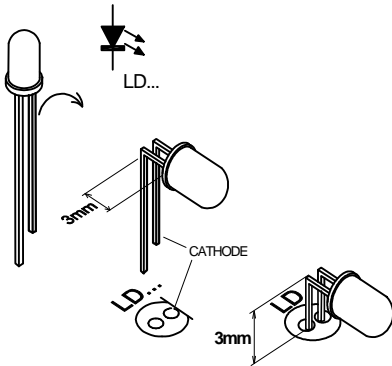


- J2: DJ-005

16. Power indication LED, check the polarity!

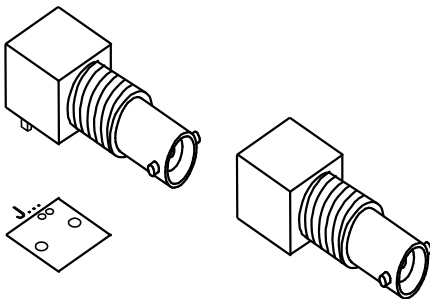
IMPORTANT

Mount this LED exactly like in the drawing, otherwise the LED will not fit correctly in the front panel.



□ LD1: 3mm LED

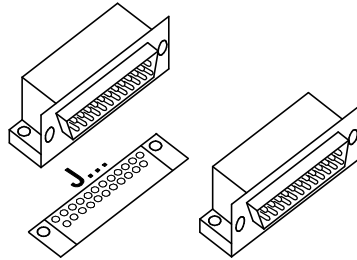
17. BNC connector



□ J1: BNC

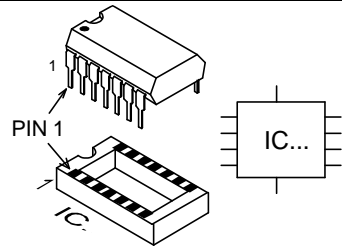
Carefully solder the connections.

18. 25P sub D connector



□ J6: 25P sub D male.

19. IC's check the position !



- IC1: 74F161
- IC3: OPA2350PA
- IC4: TDA8703
- IC5: 6264 ; CY7C199.....EQ
- IC6: 74HC153
- IC7: 74F161
- IC8: 74F161
- IC9: 74HC595
- IC10: 74HC85
- IC11: 74HC595
- IC12: 74HC595
- IC13: VK8031 (PAL22V10)
- IC14: 74HC390
- IC16: 74HC14
- IC17: 74HC390
- IC18: 6N136
- IC19: 6N136
- IC20: 6N136
- IC21: 6N136
- IC22: 6N136

20. Screen foil preparation

Cut the screening foil like in the drawing.

 **Make sure the conductive side is faced downwards !!**

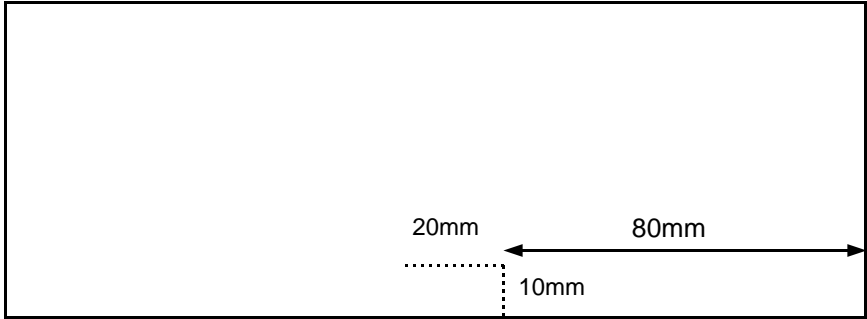


Fig. 1



Position the screen foil into the bottom enclosure.
Use some adhesive tape to fix the screen foil

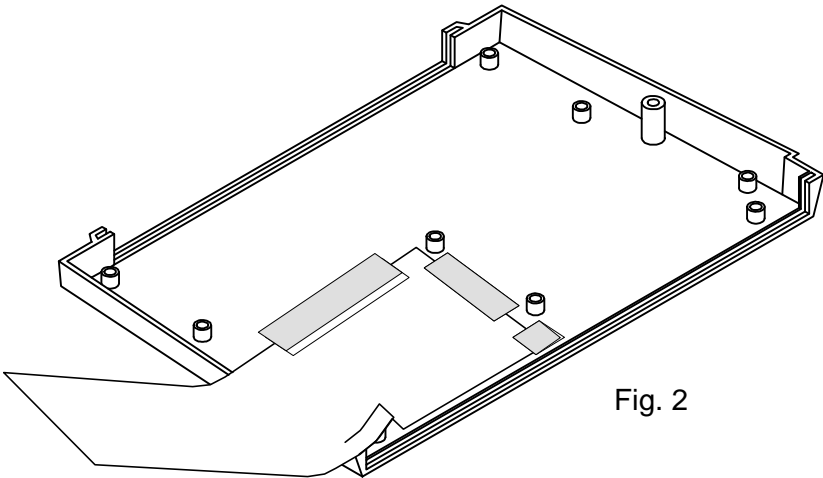


Fig. 2

 **Make sure the conductive side is faced downwards !!**

21. Voltage regulator and PCB assembly

□ IC23: 7805 (UA7805P)

This regulator must be isolated plastic type !

Mount the voltage regulator on the rear panel and fasten it with the supplied M3 bolt, washer and nut as shown on the drawing. **Make sure to remove the protective foil from the front and rear panel !**

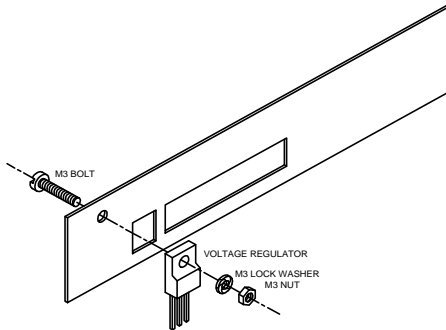


Fig. 1

Assemble the enclosure as following:

Position the PCB together with the front and rear panel in the bottom half of the enclosure. Fasten the PCB in the enclosure.

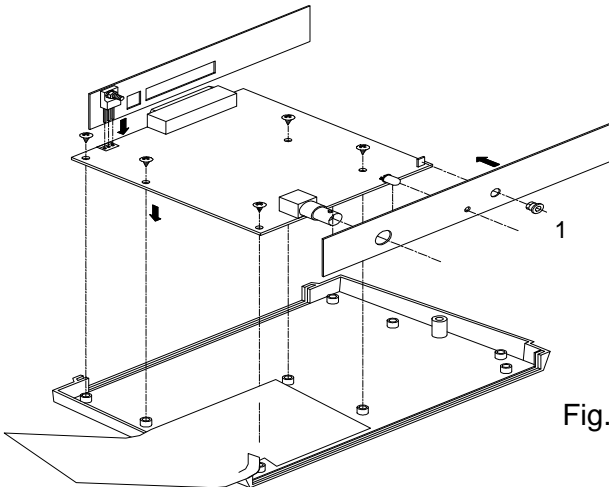


Fig. 2

Now the voltage regulator can be soldered at the **component** side of the PCB, **not** at the solder side.

Mount a LED clip into the test signal hole (1).



See next page for screen foil fixation and position

22. PCB and screen foil fixation

 **Make sure the conductive side is faced downwards !**

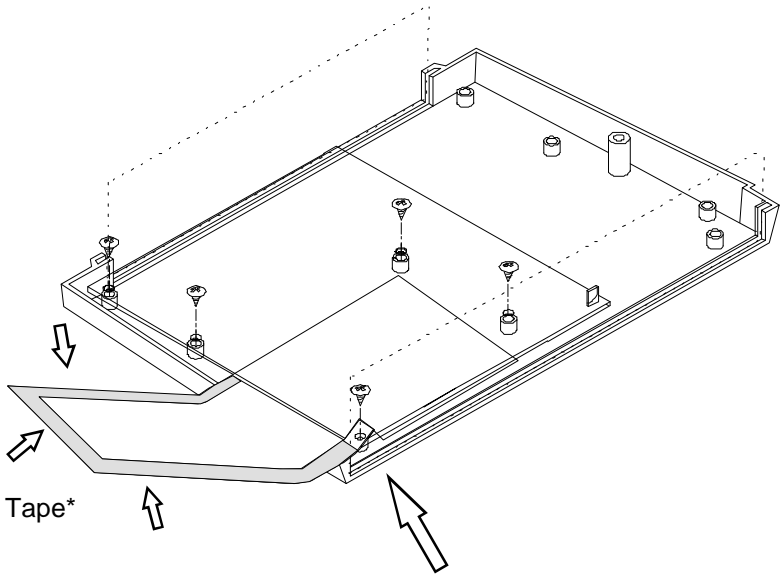
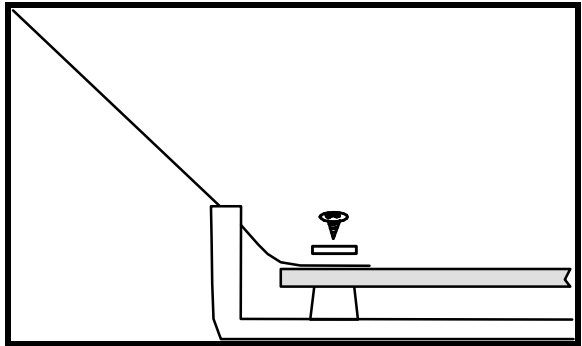



Fig. 1



Fix the screen foil using a washer and screw. (Push the screw through the foil)
The conductive side must make contact with the PCB surface.

 * Please note that you should tape both front and back of the three visible edges in order to avoid all contact between the screening foil and the components.

ATTENTION ! : Make sure that the screening foil does not make any electrical contact with the front panel while you are fixing the screening foil to the PCB.

23. Test and adjustment

- Install the PC-Lab2000 software (see getting started manual).
- Connect the unit using a parallel cable to the computer LPT port.
- Connect a 9V/500mA power supply to the unit. (check the polarity). The LED on the front panel should lid.
- Start the PC-Lab2000 software and select K8031 hardware and the appropriate port.
- Short circuit the input using an appropriate probe or connection.
- Press the RUN button.

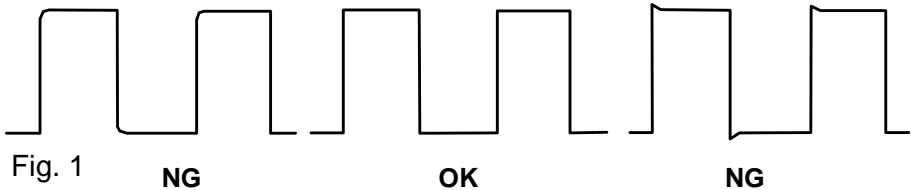
 For all adjustment select DC input and Trigger off.

Offset adjustment:

- Make sure that the Y position slider is in the centre position.
- Switch always between 1V/div and 3V/div setting.
- Adjust RV1 until the signal remains stable on the screen.

Transient adjustment and calibration:

- Select 1V/div.
- Connect the input to test point J4.
- Adjust CV1 until the signal top is as flat as possible.



- In the VIEW menu select "RMS value".
- Adjust RV2 until the signal is 2.5Vrms.
- Select 0.3V/div.
- Connect the input to test point J3.
- Using the Y position slider set the signal in the centre of the screen.
- Adjust CV2 until the signal top is as flat as possible.

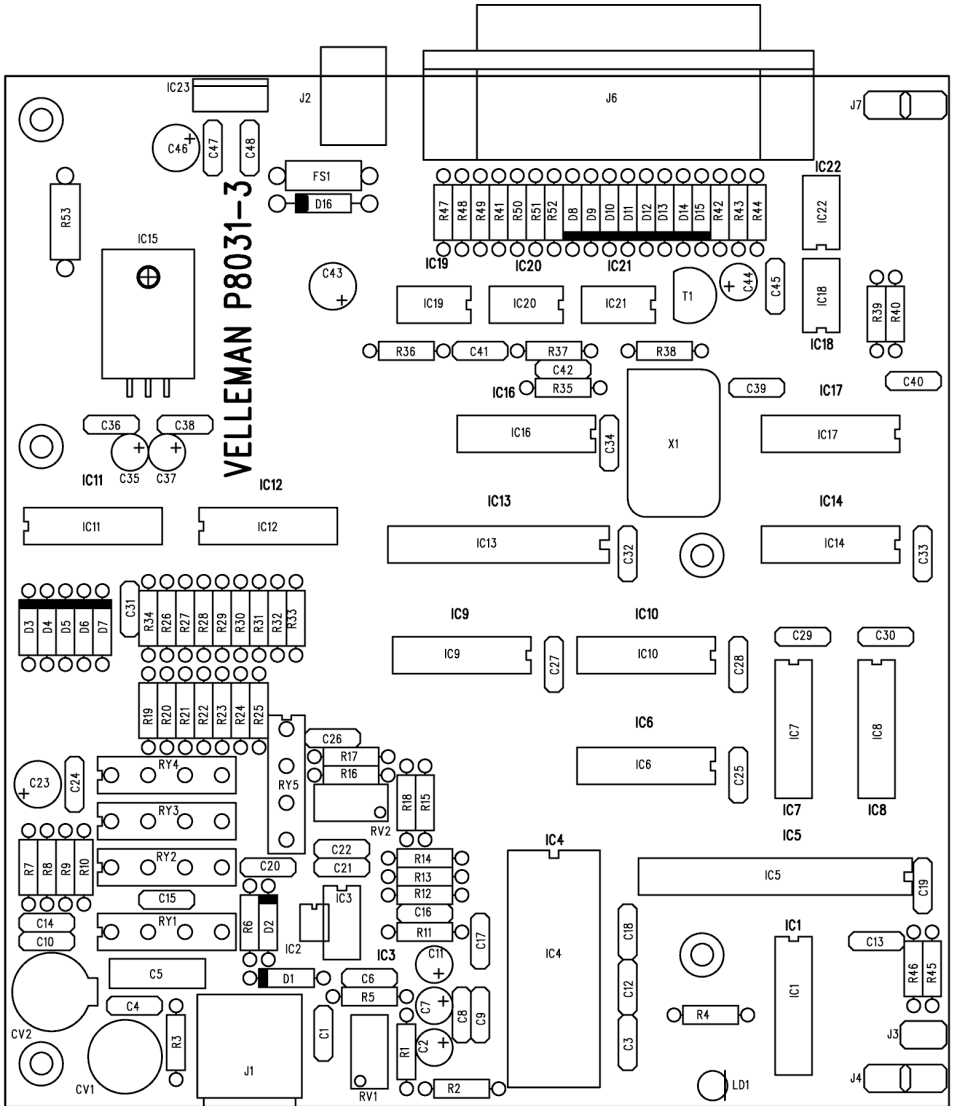
Repeat the transient adjustment and calibration at least once.

Finally use the calibrate and exit option in the File menu to complete the calibration.

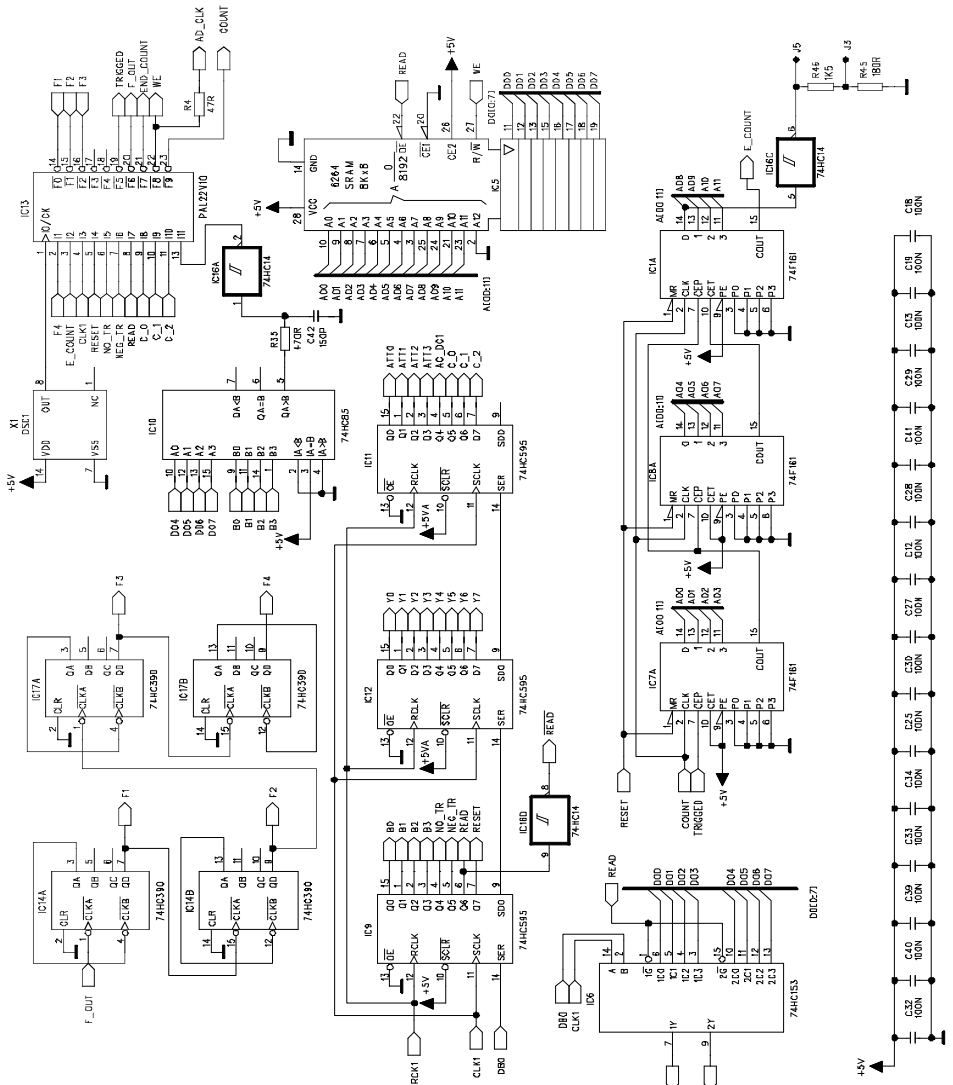
Mount the cover onto the enclosure (fold the screen foil).

The unit is now ready for use. Check the CD for more information.

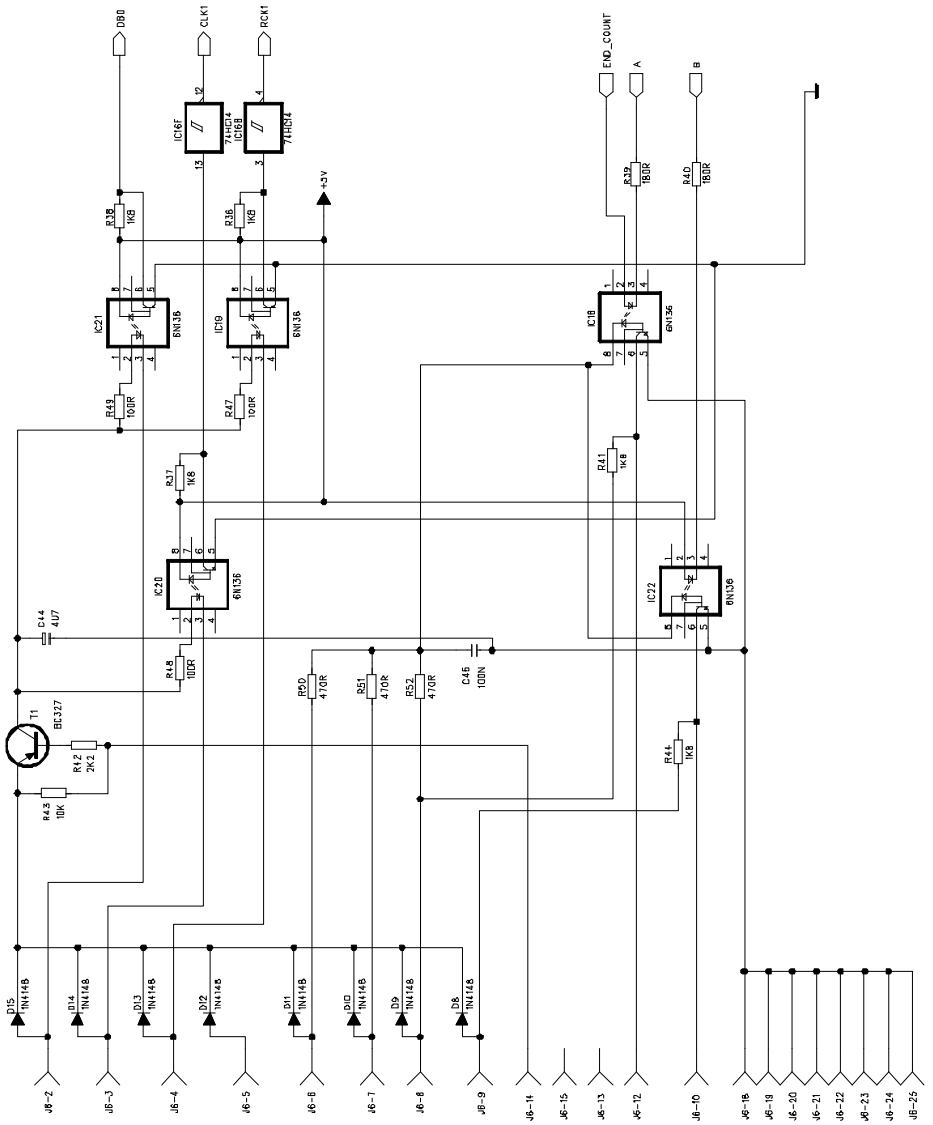
24. PCB



25. Digital Section



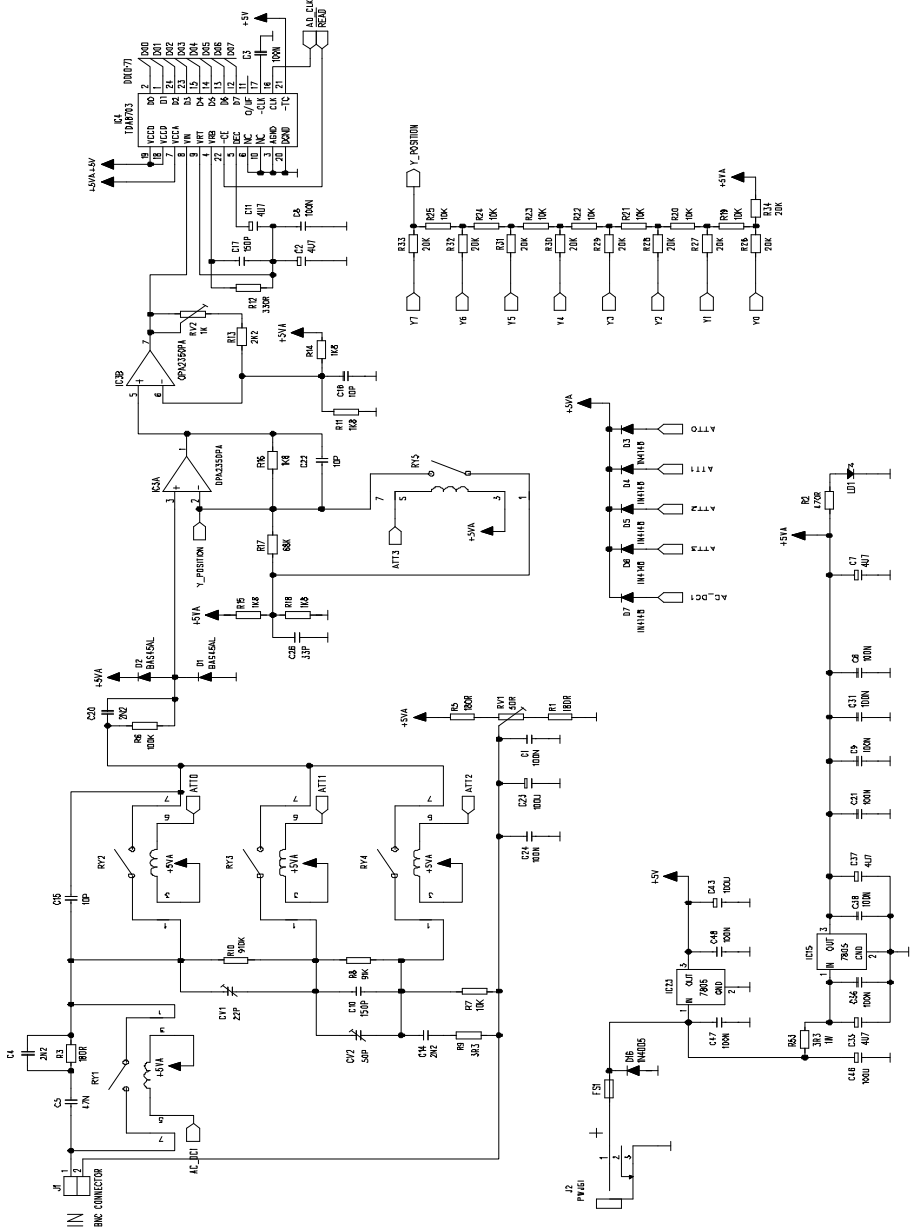
26. Opto Coupler section



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Values are for reference only

27. Input Section



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