7.5mmx14mm LIGHT BAR

Part Number: DE/2CGKD

Green

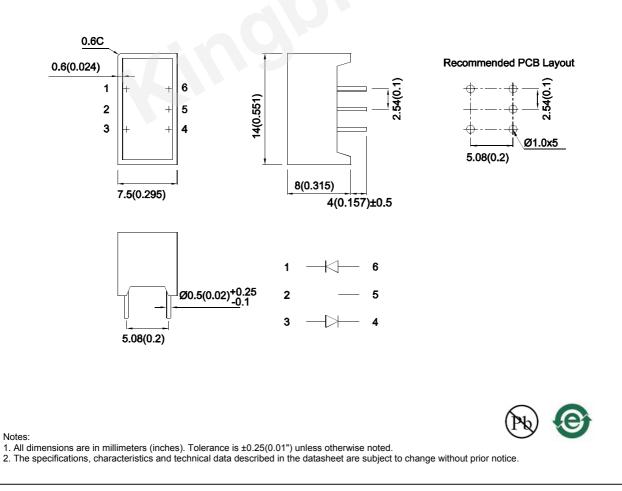
Features

- Uniform light emitting area.
- Easily mounted on P.C. boards or industry standard sockets.
- Flush mountable.
- Excellent on/off contrast.
- Can be used with panels and legend mounts.
- Mechanically rugged
- RoHS compliant.

Description

The Green source color devices are made with AlGaInP on GaAs substrate Light Emitting Diode.

Package Dimensions& Internal Circuit Diagram



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Selection Guide								
Part No.	Emitting Color (Material)	Lens Type	lv (mcd) [1] @ 20mA					
			Min.	Тур.				
DE/2CGKD Green (AlGaInP)		Green Diffused	120	200				
	Green (AlGainP)	Green Diffused	*20	*54				

Note:

1. Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%. * Luminous intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Emitting Color	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λpeak	Peak Wavelength	Green	574		nm	I⊧=20mA
λD [1]	Dominant Wavelength	Green	570		nm	I⊧=20mA
Δλ1/2	Spectral Line Half-width	Green	20		nm	I⊧=20mA
С	Capacitance	Green	15		pF	VF=0V;f=1MHz
VF [2]	Forward Voltage	Green	2.1	2.5	V	I⊧=20mA
IR	Reverse Current	Green		10	uA	VR=5V

Notes:

1. Wavelength: +/-1nm.

2. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.

3. Wavelength value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.

4. Excess driving current and / or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

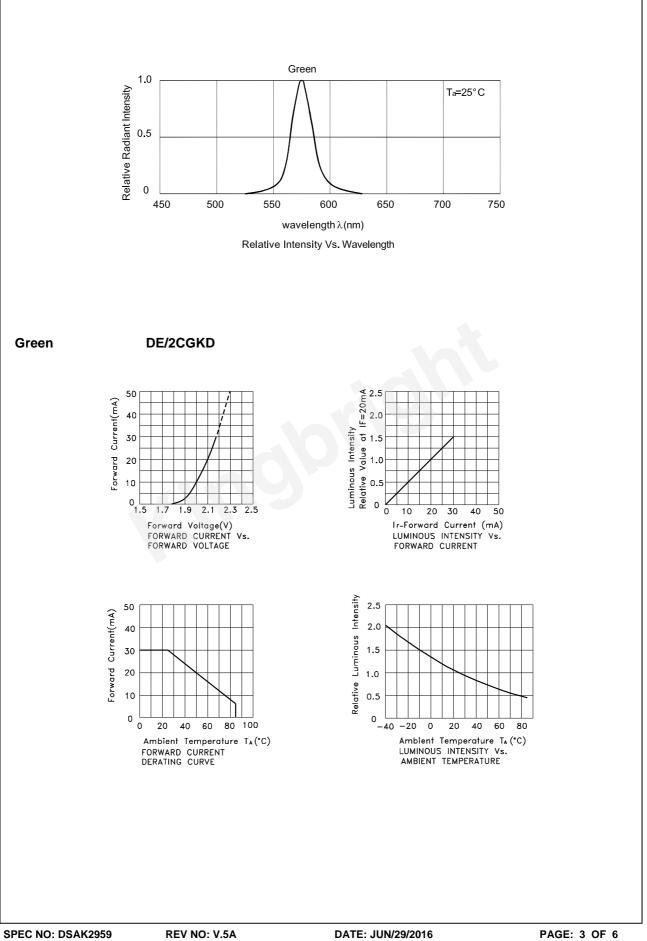
Parameter	Values	Units		
Power dissipation	75	mW		
DC Forward Current	30	mA		
Peak Forward Current [1]	150	mA		
Reverse Voltage	5	V		
Operating / Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C			
Lead Solder Temperature[2]	260°C For 3-5 Seconds			

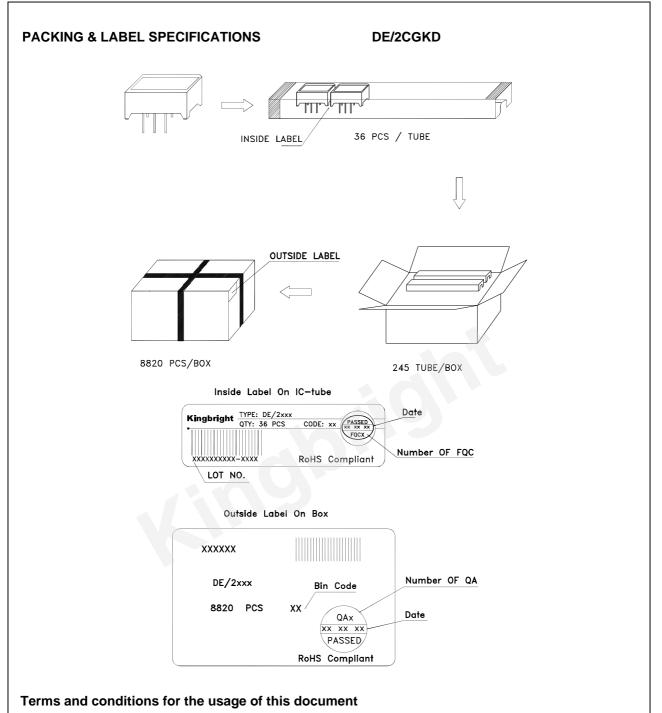
Notes:

1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.

2. 2mm below package base.

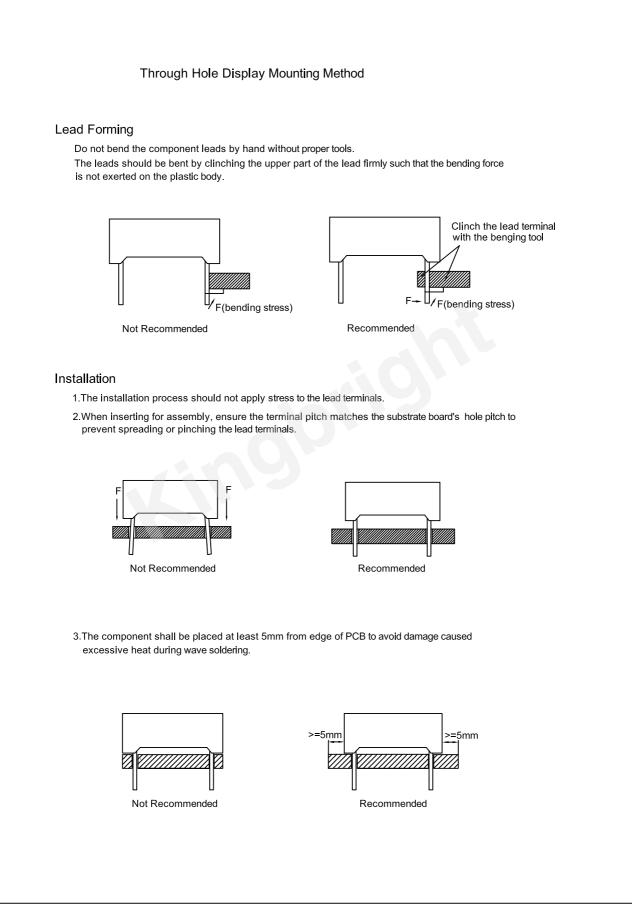
3. Relative humidity levels maintained between 40% and 60% in production area are recommended to avoid the build-up of static electricity - Ref JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033.



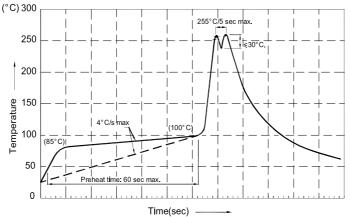


- 1. The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.
- 2. The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to the latest datasheet for the updated specifications.
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Recommended Wave Soldering Profiles:



Notes:

- 1.Recommend pre-heat temperature of 105° C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260° C
- 2. Peak wave soldering temperature between 245° C ~ 255° C for 3 sec (5 sec max).
- 3.Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above 85° C.
- 4. Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process.
- 5.SAC 305 solder alloy is recommended.
- 6 No more than one wave soldering pass.
- 7. During wave soldering, the PCB top-surface temperature should be kept below 105°C.

Soldering General Notes:

- 1. Through-hole displays are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- 2.If components will undergo multiple soldering processes, or other processes where the components may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.

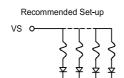
Cleaning

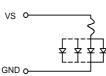
- 1.Mild "no-clean" fluxes are recommended for use in soldering.
- 2.If cleaning is required, Kingbright recommends to wash components with water only. Do not use harsh organic solvents for cleaning because they may damage the plastic parts.
- 3.The cleaning process should take place at room temperature and the devices should not be washed for more than one minute.
- 4. When water is used in the cleaning process, immediately remove excess moisture from the component with forced-air drying afterwards.

Circuit Design Notes

GND

1.Protective current-limiting resistors may be necessary to operate the LEDs within the specified range. 2.LEDs mounted in parallel should each be placed in series with its own current-limiting resistor.





Invalid Set-up

- The driving circuit should be designed to protect the LED against reverse voltages and transient voltage spikes when the circuit is powered up or shut down.
- 4. The safe operating current should be chosen after considering the maximum ambient temperature of the operating environment.
- 5. Prolonged reverse bias should be avoided, as it could cause metal migration, leading to an increase in leakage current or causing a short circuit.