

### THE PERFECT FINISH

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Matt Super Black

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended., COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the co
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#### 1.1. Product identifier

Supplier

Product name Matt Super Black

Product number 440.0011102.076.21072014

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Paint.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PlastiKote I td.
Flastikule Llu.
675 Eskdale Road,
Winnersh,
Wokingham, Berkshire,
RG41 5TS
UK
T: +44 (0) 844 736 2235
sds@plasti-kote.co.uk

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone	+44(0) 844 736 2235	
	08:00 - 17:00 h (UK)	

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1. Classification of the subs	tance or mixture
Classification (EC/1272/2008)	
Physical hazards	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229
Health hazards	Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336
Environmental hazards	Not Classified
2.2. Label elements	
Pictogram	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> <li>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Contains	Acetone, Propan-2-ol, Naphtha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light (<0.1% Benzene)
Supplementary precautionary statements	P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures	
	10-30%
EC number: 200-662-2	
	10-30%
EC number: 200-827-9	
	10-30%
EC number: 203-448-7	
	EC number: 200-827-9

Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light 5-10%		
CAS number: 64742-47-8	EC number: 265-149-8	5-10%
Classification Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
Calcium carbonate		5-10%
CAS number: 1317-65-3	EC number: 215-279-6	
Substance with National workplace ex	posure limits.	
Classification Not Classified		
isobutyl acetate		5-10%
CAS number: 110-19-0	EC number: 203-745-1	
Substance with National workplace exp	posure limits.	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Propan-2-ol		1-5%
CAS number: 67-63-0	EC number: 200-661-7	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
Solvent naphtha (Petroleum), Light ali Benzene)	ohatic (<0.1 %	1-5%
CAS number: 64742-89-8	EC number: 265-192-2	
Classification		
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
Norkého (Doénsloum) Ikuloséns ( 18		-0.5%
Naphtha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated lig		<2.5%
CAS number: 64742-49-0	EC number: 265-151-9	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336		
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		

C. I. Pigment Black 7	<1%
CAS number: 1333-86-4	EC number: 215-609-9
Substance with National wo	rkplace exposure limits.
Classification Not Classified	
Xylene	<1%
CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	
Silica	<0.1%
CAS number: 14808-60-7 Classification	EC number: 238-878-4
STOT RE 2 - H373	
Ethylbenzene	<0.1%
CAS number: 100-41-4	EC number: 202-849-4
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid, zircor	nium salt <1%
CAS number: 22464-99-9	EC number: 245-018-1
<b>Classification</b> Repr. 2 - H361d	
The full text for all hazard sta	tements is displayed in Section 16.
SECTION 4: First aid measu	res
4.1. Description of first aid m	easures
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person warm and at rest. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention if any

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Overexposure to organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis.
Eye contact	Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
Specific treatments	No specific chemical antidote is known to be required after exposure to this product.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from	om the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Pressurised container: may burst if heated The product is extremely flammable. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxides of carbon.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapours.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear chemical protective suit. Use air-supplied respirator, gloves and protective goggles.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Exposure to aquatic environment unlikely. Avoid discharge into drains.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb spillage with oil-absorbing material.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
SECTION 7: Handling and ste	orage
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	dling
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Keep away from heat,

sparks and open flame. When sprayed on a naked flame or any incandescent material the

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

aerosol vapours can be ignited.

### SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

### Acetone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Butane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1450 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 750 ppm 1810 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Calcium carbonate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable dust

### isobutyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 724 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 187 ppm 903 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Propan-2-ol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### C. I. Pigment Black 7

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 7 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Xylene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### Silica

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable dust

#### Ethylbenzene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm 552 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

### 2-Ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> as Zr WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### **Protective equipment**



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.
Hand protection	To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Butyl rubber. Nitrile rubber. Frequent changes are recommended. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material.
Hygiene measures	When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove non-impervious clothing that becomes contaminated.
Respiratory protection	This product must not be handled in a confined space without adequate ventilation. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Contains low-boiling liquids. Use an air-supplied respirator, if necessary. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible.
Thermal hazards	Contact with liquid form may cause frostbite.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	Black.
Odour	Organic solvents.
рН	Not relevant. The product is insoluble in water.
Melting point	Not available. Technically not feasible.
Initial boiling point and range	-42 °C - 0°C @ 760 mm Hg
Flash point	< -60°C CC (Closed cup).

Evaporation rate	No information available. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 2 % Upper flammable/explosive limit: 10 %
Vapour pressure	1000 mbar @ 20°C
Vapour density	> 1 Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Relative density	~ 0.85
Solubility(ies)	Immiscible with water. Soluble in the following materials: Organic solvents.
Auto-ignition temperature	~450°C
Viscosity	No information available.
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	The product is extremely flammable.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.
9.2. Other information	
Volatility	Highly volatile.
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	ıctivity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not applicable.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	When sprayed on a naked flame or any incandescent material the aerosol vapours can be ignited. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	in products
Hazardous decomposition products	None at ambient temperatures. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO).
SECTION 11: Toxicological inf	iormation
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects
Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD₅o)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	May cause defatting of the skin but is not an irritant. Repeated exposure may cause skin
	dryness or cracking.
Extreme pH	Not relevant.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Irritating to eyes. Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
-	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity -	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
development	
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Central nervous system depression. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Target organs	No specific target organs known.
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Not relevant.
Inhalation	Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Overexposure to organic
	solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at
	very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. May cause
	nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis.
Eye contact	Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.
Acute and chronic health hazards	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Drowsiness.
Route of entry	Inhalation Dermal
-	

Target organs	No specific target organs known.
Medical symptoms	Fatigue. Headache. Coughing. Dry skin.
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies.

### Toxicological information on ingredients.

### Acetone

Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,800.0	
Species	Rat	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	REACH dossier information.	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,800.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	15,800.0	
Species	Rabbit	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	REACH dossier information.	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	15,800.0	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	132.0	
Species	Rat	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	REACH dossier information.	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	132.0	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Animal data	Dose: 0.01mL, 3 days, Rat Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Serious eye damage/irritation		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Slightly irritating.	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	

Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	NOEL 79 mg/mouse/application, Dermal, Mouse Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Target organ for carcinogenicity	Not relevant.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	One-generation study - NOEL 4858 mg/kg/day, Oral, Mouse P Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Maternal toxicity: - NOAEC: 2200 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicit	ty - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo.
Target organs	Central nervous system
Specific target organ toxicit	ty - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Target organs	Not relevant.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.
	Propane
Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Technically not feasible.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Technically not feasible.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ gases ppmV)	800,000.0
Species	Rat
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	REACH dossier information.
ATE inhalation (gases ppm)	800,000.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritati	lon
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitisation	

Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Screening - NOAEC 9000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat P Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Maternal toxicity: - NOAEC: 12000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
Specific target organ toxicit	ty - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.
	Butane
Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Technically not feasible.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Technically not feasible.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC∞ gases ppmV)	539,600.0
Species	Mouse
Notes (inhalation LC∞)	REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE inhalation (gases ppm)	539,600.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritati	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation	
<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b> Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation Technically not feasible.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	
<b>Genotoxicity - in vitro</b> Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	tion
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity Not determined. Scientifically unjustified.	
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertilityFertility - NOAEC 9000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat P REACH dossier information. Base on available data the classification criteria are not met.	əd
Reproductive toxicity - developmentMaternal toxicity: - NOAEC: 12000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	
<b>STOT - single exposure</b> Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	
<b>STOT - repeated exposure</b> NOAEC 9000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on availa data the classification criteria are not met.	ıble
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.	
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light	
Acute toxicity - oral	
<b>Notes (oral LD</b> <sub>50</sub> ) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD <sub>50</sub> ) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> ) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal dataDose: 0.5 ml, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedemascore: No oedema (0).	
REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria a not met. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	ire
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. damage/irritation	
Serious eye Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Serious eye Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. damage/irritation	

Skin sensitisation	Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity		
Carcinogenicity	LOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Dermal, Mouse REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Fertility - NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Embryotoxicity: - NOAEL: 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxici	ty - single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure		
	<u>~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</u>	
STOT - repeated exposure	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
STOT - repeated exposure Aspiration hazard	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are	
	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are	
Aspiration hazard	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Aspiration hazard	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard Acute toxicity - oral Acute toxicity oral (LD50	<ul> <li>NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.</li> <li>Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.</li> <li>isobutyl acetate</li> </ul>	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard Acute toxicity - oral Acute toxicity oral (LD <sub>50</sub> mg/kg)	<ul> <li>NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.</li> <li>Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.</li> <li><u>isobutyl acetate</u></li> <li>13,413.0</li> </ul>	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard Acute toxicity - oral Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o mg/kg) Species	<ul> <li>NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.</li> <li>Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. <u>isobutyl acetate</u></li> <li>13,413.0</li> <li>Rat</li> </ul>	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard Acute toxicity - oral Acute toxicity oral (LD50 mg/kg) Species Notes (oral LD50)	<ul> <li>NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.</li> <li>Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. <u>isobutyl acetate</u></li> <li>13,413.0</li> <li>Rat REACH dossier information. Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.</li> </ul>	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard Acute toxicity - oral Acute toxicity oral (LD50 mg/kg) Species Notes (oral LD50) ATE oral (mg/kg)	<ul> <li>NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.</li> <li>Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. <u>isobutyl acetate</u></li> <li>13,413.0</li> <li>Rat REACH dossier information. Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.</li> <li>13,413.0</li> </ul>	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard Acute toxicity - oral Acute toxicity oral (LD <sub>50</sub> mg/kg) Species Notes (oral LD <sub>50</sub> ) ATE oral (mg/kg) Acute toxicity - dermal Acute toxicity dermal (LD <sub>50</sub>	<ul> <li>NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.</li> <li>Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. <u>isobutyl acetate</u></li> <li>13,413.0</li> <li>Rat REACH dossier information. Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.</li> <li>13,413.0</li> </ul>	

ATE dermal (mg/kg)	17,400.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC∞ vapours mg/l)	30.0
Species	Rat
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	REACH dossier information. Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	30.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Dose: 0.5 ml, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No oedema (0). REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Extreme pH	Moderate pH ( $> 2$ and $< 11.5$ ).
Serious eye damage/irritati	ion
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	No information available.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	No information available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Two-generation study - NOAEC 2500 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: 10 mg/l, Inhalation, REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxici	ty - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	

STOT - repeated exposure	NOEL 316 mg/kg, Oral, Rat
	REACH dossier information. Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after
	repeated exposure.

### Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

### SECTION 12: Ecological Information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity

Not considered toxic to fish.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### Acetone

Toxicity	Not considered toxic to fish.
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 5540 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 12700 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	NOEC, 192 hours: 530 mg/l, Microcystis aeruginosa
Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, 28 days: 2212 mg/l, Daphnia magna

### Propane

Acute toxicity - fish	$LC_{50},$ 96 hours: 27.98 mg/l, Estimated value.
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	LC₅₀, 48 hours: 14.22 mg/l, Estimated value.
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 96 hours: 7.71 mg/l, Estimated value.

Chronic toxicity - fish early No information available. life stage

### Butane

- Acute toxicity fishLC50, 96 hours: 24.1 mg/l,Estimated value.
- Acute toxicity aquaticEC₅₀, 48 hours: 14.2 mg/l,invertebratesEstimated value.
- Acute toxicity aquaticEC50, 96 hours: 7.7 mg/l,plantsEstimated value.

### Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light

Acute toxicity - fishLL50, 96 hours: 2.5 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EL50, 48 hours: 1.4 mg/l, Daphnia magna REACH dossier information.	
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EL50, 72 hours: 1.3 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata REACH dossier information.	
	isobutyl acetate	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 17 mg/l, Oryzias latipes (Red killifish) REACH dossier information.	
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 25 mg/l, Daphnia magna REACH dossier information.	
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: 370 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum REACH dossier information.	
Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, 21 days: 23 mg/l, Daphnia magna REACH dossier information.	

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### Acetone

Persistence and degradability	The substance is readily biodegradable.
Phototransformation	Water - DT₅₀ : 20-115 days
Stability (hydrolysis)	No significant reaction in water.
Biodegradation	Water - Degradation 90: 28 days
	Propane
Persistence and degradability	Highly volatile.
Phototransformation	Water - DT₅₀ : 1906 days
Stability (hydrolysis)	Not applicable.
Biodegradation	Water - 100%: 385.5 hours
	Butane
Phototransformation	Not determined.
Stability (hydrolysis)	No significant reaction in water.
Biodegradation	Water - DT₅₀ : 3.5 days Estimated value. The substance is readily biodegradable.

### Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light

Phototransformation	Not determined.
Stability (hydrolysis)	No significant reaction in water.
Biodegradation	Water - Degradation 61: 28 days REACH dossier information. Readily biodegradable but failing the 10-day window.
	isobutyl acetate
Phototransformation	Water - Half-life : ~ 3.5 days Estimated value. REACH dossier information.
Stability (hydrolysis)	pH7 - Half-life : ~ 3.3 years @ 25°C Estimated value. REACH dossier information.
Biodegradation	Water - Degradation 81: 20 days REACH dossier information. The substance is readily biodegradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Bioaccumulative potential The pr	oduct does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	Acetone
Bioaccumulative potentia	BCF: 3, Estimated value.
Partition coefficient	log Pow: -0.24
	Propane
Partition coefficient	log Pow: 1.09
	Butane
Bioaccumulative potentia	I The product is not bioaccumulating.
	Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light
Bioaccumulative potentia	I No data available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
	isobutyl acetate
Bioaccumulative potentia	BCF: 15.3, Estimated value. REACH dossier information. The product is not bioaccumulating.
Partition coefficient	log Pow: 2.3
12.4. Mobility in soil	
MobilityThe product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.	

### Ecological information on ingredients.

	Acetone
Mobility	Highly volatile. Soluble in water.
Henry's law constant	2.303 Pa m³/mol @ 15°C
	Propane
Mobility	Highly volatile.
	Butane
Mobility	The product is insoluble in water. Highly volatile.
	Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light
Mobility	The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the water surface. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.
	isobutyl acetate
Mobility	The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the water surface.
Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Water - log Koc: < 3 @ °C Estimated value. REACH dossier information.
Henry's law constant	41.6 Pa m³/mol @ °C REACH dossier information.
Surface tension	62.5 mN/m @ 20°C REACH dossier information.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessn	nent
Results of PBT and vPvB This pro assessment	duct does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	Acetone
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
	Propane
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
	Butane
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
	Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light

Results of PBT and vPvB	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
assessment	

### isobutyl acetate

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

		Acetone
Other adverse eff	ts None knowr	l.
		Propane
Other adverse eff	ts None knowr	l.
		Butane
Other adverse eff	ts None knowr	ı.
	Disti	lates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated light
Other adverse eff	ts None knowr	ι.
		isobutyl acetate
Other adverse eff	ts None knowr	ı.
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
13.1. Waste treatment method		
General information	precautions applying	oplicable to the product as supplied. When handling waste, the safety o handling of the product should be considered. Do not puncture or empty. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible.
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities. Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives.	
	nformation given is a	oplicable to the product as supplied. [08 01 11*] / [20 01 27*]

SECTION 14: Transport information

General	For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1950
UN No. (IMDG)	1950

UN No. (ICAO)	1950		
UN No. (ADN)	1950		
14.2. UN proper shipping name	14.2. UN proper shipping name		
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	AEROSOLS		
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	AEROSOLS		
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	Aerosols, flammable		
Proper shipping name (ADN)	AEROSOLS		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
ADR/RID class	2 (5F)		
ADR/RID label	2.1		
IMDG class	2.1		
ICAO class/division	2.1		
ADN class	2.1		

### Transport labels



### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

## Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS F-D, S-U

Tunnel restriction code

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

(D)

Transport in bulk according to Not relevant. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulationsThe Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation	<ul> <li>Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16</li> <li>December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).</li> <li>Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18</li> <li>December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).</li> <li>Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives.</li> </ul>
Health and environmental listings	Regulation (EC) No 2037/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 June 2000 on substances that deplete the ozone layer (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on persistent organic pollutants (as amended). Regulation (EC) 689/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 June 2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals (as amended). None of the ingredients are listed.
Authorisations (Title VII Regulation 1907/2006)	No specific authorisations are known for this product.
Restrictions (Title VIII Regulation 1907/2006)	No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.
SEVESO	P3a - Lower tier 150 tonnes, Upper tier 500 tonnes.
15.2. Chemical safety assess	sment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	<ul> <li>ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.</li> <li>IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.</li> <li>IATA: International Air Transport Association.</li> <li>ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.</li> <li>ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.</li> <li>ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.</li> <li>LD<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).</li> <li>LC<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.</li> <li>LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.</li> <li>NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.</li> <li>PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.</li> <li>vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.</li> <li>BCF: Bioconcentration Factor.</li> <li>Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.</li> </ul>
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Aerosol = Aerosol Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229, Eye Irrit. 2 - H319, STOT SE 3 - H336: Calculation method.
Revision date	01/03/2016
Revision	3

Supersedes date	21/07/2014
SDS number	365
Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H220 Extremely flammable gas.</li> <li>H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated</li> <li>H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H312 Harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.</li> <li>H373 May cause damage to organs (Hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.