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## DG1208/DG1209

# Low-Leakage, Single 8-Channel and Dual 4-Channel, Analog Multiplexers

### General Description

The DG1208 and DG1209 are low-leakage, low-charge-injection, single 8-channel or dual 4-channel multiplexing switch devices. The DG1208 uses three selection inputs A<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>1</sub>, and A<sub>0</sub> to determine the switching logic; the DG1209 uses two selection inputs A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>0</sub>. On both devices, an enable (EN) input is used to enable or disable the device.

The low capacitance and low charge injection of the DG1208/DG1209 make them ideal for automatic test equipment systems, data acquisition systems and sample-and-hold systems where low glitch and fast settling time are required.

The DG1208/DG1209 are available in 4mm x 4mm 16-lead TQFN or 16-lead TSSOP packages. The devices are specified for operation over the -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

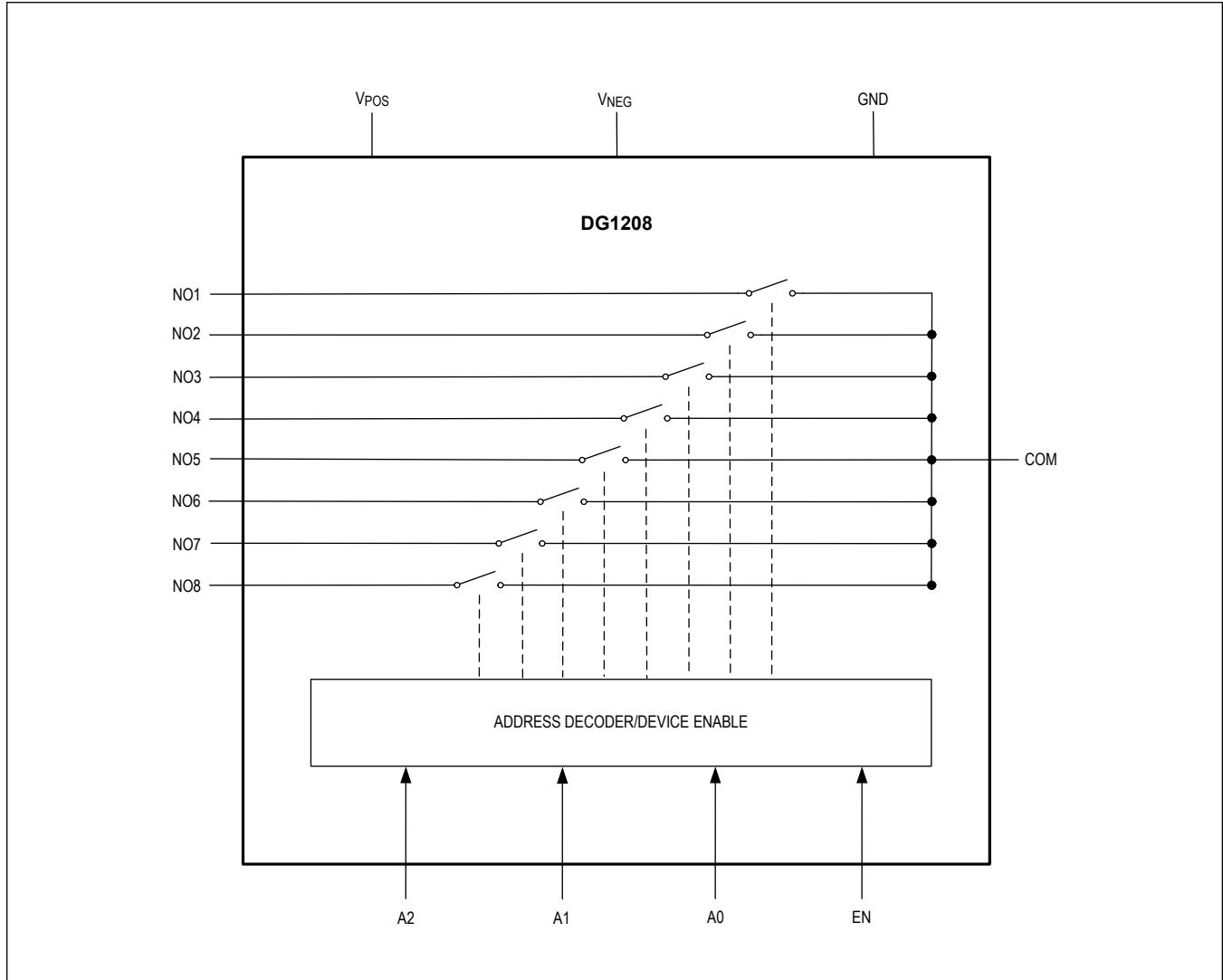
### Applications

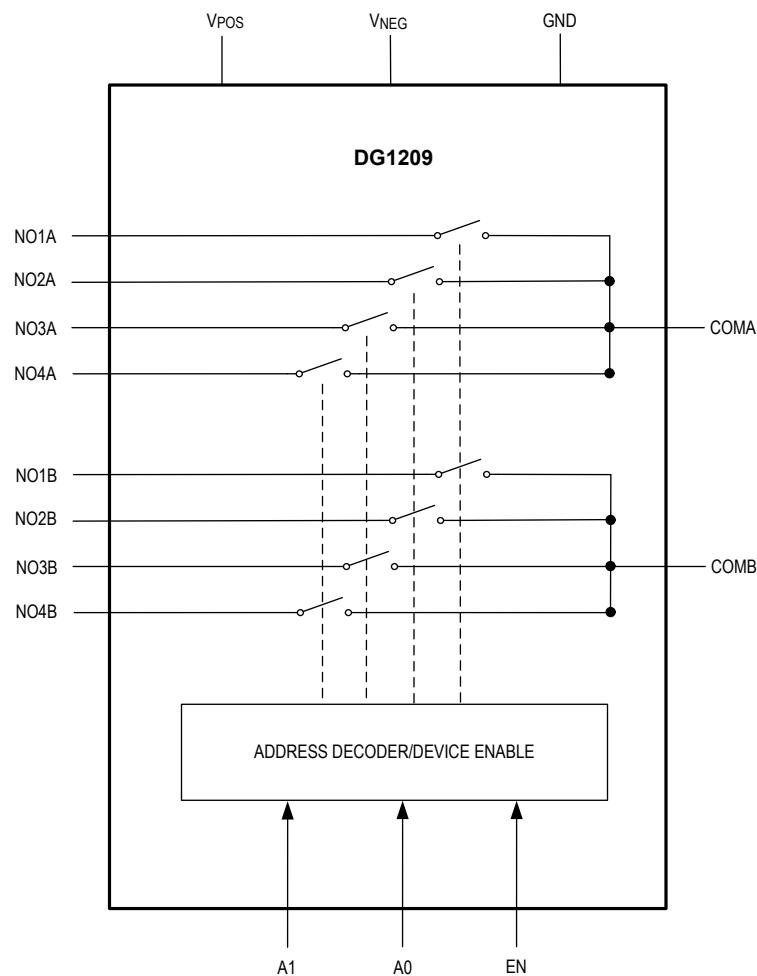
- Automatic Test Equipment Systems
- Data Acquisition Systems
- Sample-and-Hold Systems
- Communication Systems
- Audio and Video Routing

### Benefits and Features

- Distortion-Free Measurement
  - 100Ω (typ) On Resistance
  - ≤ 1nA (max) On/Off-Leakage Current at +85°C
  - ≤ 0.5pC (typ) Charge Injection
- Wide Supply Range with Low Supply Current
  - 40µA (typ) Quiescent Current at Room Temperature
  - Fully Specified with ±15V Bipolar Supplies or +12V Single Supply
  - Rail-to-Rail Operation
- Flexible Design Option
  - GPIO-Compatible Control Inputs
  - EN Input to Enable/Disable Device
  - Available in both 16-TQFN and 16-TSSOP Packages
  - -40°C to +85°C Temperature Range

*[Ordering Information](#)* appears at end of data sheet.

**Simplified Block Diagram**



**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

V <sub>POS</sub> to GND .....	-0.3V to +20.5V
V <sub>NEG</sub> to GND .....	-20.5V to +0.3V
V <sub>POS</sub> to V <sub>NEG</sub> .....	-0.3V to +41V
A <sub>_</sub> , EN to GND .....	-0.3V to (V <sub>POS</sub> + 0.3V)
NO <sub>_</sub> , COM <sub>_</sub> to GND .....	(V <sub>NEG</sub> - 0.3V) to (V <sub>POS</sub> + 0.3V)
Continuous Current Into Any Pin .....	±30mA
Continuous Power Dissipation (16 TQFN)	
Single-Layer Board (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C, derate 16.90mW/°C above +70°C).....	1349.10mW
Multilayer Board (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C, derate 25mW/°C above +70°C).....	2000mW

Continuous Power Dissipation (16 TSSOP)	
Single-Layer Board (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C, derate 9.40mW/°C above +70°C).....	754.70mW
Multilayer Board (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C, derate 11.10mW/°C above +70°C).....	888.90mW
Operating Temperature Range .....	-40°C to 85°C
Junction Temperature .....	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range .....	-40°C to +150°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow) .....	+260°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Package Information****16 TQFN**

Package Code	T1644+4
Outline Number	<a href="#">21-0139</a>
Land Pattern Number	<a href="#">90-0070</a>
<b>THERMAL RESISTANCE, SINGLE-LAYER BOARD</b>	
Junction to Ambient (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	59.30°C/W
Junction to Case (θ <sub>JC</sub> )	6°C/W
<b>THERMAL RESISTANCE, FOUR-LAYER BOARD</b>	
Junction to Ambient (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	40°C/W
Junction to Case (θ <sub>JC</sub> )	6°C/W

**16 TSSOP**

Package Code	U16+1
Outline Number	<a href="#">21-0066</a>
Land Pattern Number	<a href="#">90-0117</a>
<b>THERMAL RESISTANCE, SINGLE-LAYER BOARD</b>	
Junction to Ambient (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	106°C/W
Junction to Case (θ <sub>JC</sub> )	27°C/W
<b>THERMAL RESISTANCE, FOUR-LAYER BOARD</b>	
Junction to Ambient (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	90°C/W
Junction to Case (θ <sub>JC</sub> )	27°C/W

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to [www.maximintegrated.com/packages](http://www.maximintegrated.com/packages). Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to [www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial](http://www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial).

**Electrical Characteristics -  $\pm 15V$  Bipolar Supplies**(V<sub>POS</sub> = +15V, V<sub>NEG</sub> = -15V, GND = 0V, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C, unless otherwise noted.) (*Note 1*)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>						
Positive Power-Supply Voltage	V <sub>POS</sub>		+5		+20	V
Negative Power-Supply Voltage	V <sub>NEG</sub>		-20		-5	V
Positive Power-Supply Current	I <sub>POS</sub>	EN = A <sub>_</sub> = 0V		40	70	μA
		EN = A <sub>_</sub> = 2.4V		40	80	
Negative Power-Supply Current	I <sub>NEG</sub>	EN = A <sub>_</sub> = 0V	-1		+1	μA
		EN = A <sub>_</sub> = 2.4V	-1		+1	
<b>ANALOG SWITCH</b>						
Analog-Signal Voltage Range	V <sub>NO_</sub> , V <sub>COM_</sub>		V <sub>NEG</sub>		V <sub>POS</sub>	V
On-Resistance	R <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>COM_</sub> = 0V, ±5V, ±10V, I <sub>COM_</sub> = 1mA ( <i>Note 2</i> )		100	160	Ω
On-Resistance Match Between Channels	ΔR <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>COM_</sub> = 0V, ±5V, ±10V, I <sub>COM_</sub> = 1mA ( <i>Note 2</i> )		10	30	Ω
On-Resistance Flatness	R <sub>FLAT</sub>	V <sub>COM_</sub> = -5V, 0V, +5V, I <sub>COM_</sub> = 1mA ( <i>Note 3</i> )		17	25	Ω
NO_Off Capacitance	C <sub>NO_OFF</sub>	V <sub>NO_</sub> = 0.5V <sub>P-P</sub> , f <sub>SW</sub> = 1MHz		4		pF
COM_Off Capacitance	C <sub>COM_OFF</sub>	V <sub>COM_</sub> = 0.5V <sub>P-P</sub> , f <sub>SW</sub> = 1MHz		15		pF
COM_On Capacitance	C <sub>COM_ON</sub>	V <sub>COM_</sub> = 0.5V <sub>P-P</sub> , f <sub>SW</sub> = 1MHz		10		pF
NO_Off-Leakage Current	I <sub>NO_OFF</sub>	V <sub>NO_</sub> = ±10V, V <sub>COM_</sub> = ±10V ( <i>Note 4</i> )	-1		+1	nA
COM_Off-Leakage Current	I <sub>COM_OFF</sub>	DG1208, V <sub>NO_</sub> = +1/+10V, V <sub>COM_</sub> = +10/+1V ( <i>Note 5</i> )	-1		+1	nA
		DG1209, V <sub>NO_</sub> = +1/+10V, V <sub>COM_</sub> = +10/+1V ( <i>Note 5</i> )	-1		+1	
COM_On-Leakage Current	I <sub>COM_ON</sub>	DG1208, V <sub>NO_</sub> = V <sub>COM_</sub> = ±10V	-1		+1	nA
		DG1209, V <sub>NO_</sub> = V <sub>COM_</sub> = ±10V	-1		+1	
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Turn-On Time	t <sub>ON</sub>	<i>Figure 1</i> , V <sub>S</sub> = 10V	200	400		ns
Turn-Off Time	t <sub>OFF</sub>	<i>Figure 1</i> , V <sub>S</sub> = 10V	300	400		ns
Break-Before-Make Time	t <sub>BBM</sub>	<i>Figure 2</i> , V <sub>S</sub> = 10V	50			ns
Total Transition Time	t <sub>TT</sub>	<i>Figure 3</i> , V <sub>S</sub> = 10V		400		ns
-3dB Bandwidth	f <sub>BW</sub>	DG1208, <i>Figure 4</i> , R <sub>S</sub> = R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω	200			MHz
		DG1209, <i>Figure 4</i> , R <sub>S</sub> = R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω	250			
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD+N	<i>Figure 5</i> , R <sub>S</sub> = 50Ω, R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ, V <sub>S</sub> = 5V <sub>RMS</sub> , f <sub>SW</sub> = 20Hz to 20kHz	0.1			%
Off-Isolation		<i>Figure 6</i> , R <sub>S</sub> = R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω, V <sub>NO_</sub> = 0.5V <sub>P-P</sub> , f <sub>SW</sub> = 1MHz	-80			dB

**Electrical Characteristics -  $\pm 15V$  Bipolar Supplies (continued)**(V<sub>POS</sub> = +15V, V<sub>NEG</sub> = -15V, GND = 0V, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C, unless otherwise noted.) ([Note 1](#))

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Crosstalk		<a href="#">Figure 7</a> , R <sub>S</sub> = R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω, V <sub>NO_-</sub> = 0.5V <sub>P-P</sub> , f <sub>SW</sub> = 1MHz	-80			dB
Charge Injection	C <sub>INJ</sub>	<a href="#">Figure 8</a> , R <sub>S</sub> = 0Ω, V <sub>S</sub> = 0V	0.5			pC
<b>DIGITAL INPUTS (A<sub>_</sub>, EN)</b>						
Input Logic High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>		2.4			V
Input Logic Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>			0.8		V
Input-Leakage Current	I <sub>IN</sub>		-5	+40		µA

**Electrical Characteristics - +12V Single Supply**(V<sub>POS</sub> = +12V, V<sub>NEG</sub> = GND = 0V, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C, unless otherwise noted.) ([Note 1](#))

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>						
Positive Power-Supply Voltage	V <sub>POS</sub>		10	12	20	V
Positive Power-Supply Current	I <sub>POS</sub>	EN = A <sub>_</sub> = 0V		70		µA
		EN = A <sub>_</sub> = 2.4V		90		
<b>ANALOG SWITCH</b>						
Analog-Signal Voltage Range	V <sub>NO_-</sub> , V <sub>COM_-</sub>		0		V <sub>POS</sub>	V
On-Resistance	R <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>COM_-</sub> = 3V, 6V, 9V, I <sub>COM_-</sub> = 1mA ( <a href="#">Note 6</a> )	165	250		Ω
On-Resistance Match Between Channels	ΔR <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>COM_-</sub> = 3V, 6V, 9V, I <sub>COM_-</sub> = 1mA ( <a href="#">Note 6</a> )	18	50		Ω
On-Resistance Flatness	R <sub>FLAT</sub>	V <sub>COM_-</sub> = 3V, 6V, 9V, I <sub>COM_-</sub> = 1mA ( <a href="#">Note 6</a> )	15	50		Ω
NO <sub>_</sub> Off Capacitance	C <sub>NO_OFF</sub>	V <sub>NO_-</sub> = 0.5V <sub>P-P</sub> , f <sub>SW</sub> = 1MHz	4			pF
COM <sub>_</sub> Off Capacitance	C <sub>COM_OFF</sub>	V <sub>COM_-</sub> = 0.5V <sub>P-P</sub> , f <sub>SW</sub> = 1MHz	15			pF
COM <sub>_</sub> On Capacitance	C <sub>COM_ON</sub>	V <sub>COM_-</sub> = 0.5V <sub>P-P</sub> , f <sub>SW</sub> = 1MHz	10			pF
NO <sub>_</sub> Off-Leakage Current	I <sub>NO_OFF</sub>	V <sub>NO_-</sub> = +1/+10V, V <sub>COM_-</sub> = +10/+1V ( <a href="#">Note 7</a> )	-1	+1		nA
COM <sub>_</sub> Off-Leakage Current	I <sub>COM_OFF</sub>	DG1208, V <sub>NO_-</sub> = +1/+10V, V <sub>COM_-</sub> = +10/+1V ( <a href="#">Note 7</a> )	-1	+1		nA
		DG1209, V <sub>NO_-</sub> = +1/+10V, V <sub>COM_-</sub> = +10/+1V ( <a href="#">Note 7</a> )	-1	+1		
COM <sub>_</sub> On-Leakage Current	I <sub>COM_ON</sub>	DG1208, V <sub>NO_-</sub> = V <sub>COM_-</sub> = +1V or +10V	-1	+1		nA
		DG1209, V <sub>NO_-</sub> = V <sub>COM_-</sub> = +1V or +10V	-1	+1		
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Turn-On Time	t <sub>ON</sub>	<a href="#">Figure 1</a> , V <sub>S</sub> = 10V	400	600		ns
Turn-Off Time	t <sub>OFF</sub>	<a href="#">Figure 1</a> , V <sub>S</sub> = 10V	250	500		ns

**Electrical Characteristics - +12V Single Supply (continued)**(V<sub>POS</sub> = +12V, V<sub>NEG</sub> = GND = 0V, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C, unless otherwise noted.) ([Note 1](#))

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Break-Before-Make Time	t <sub>BBM</sub>	<a href="#">Figure 2</a> , V <sub>S</sub> = 10V	50			ns
Total Transition Time	t <sub>TT</sub>	<a href="#">Figure 3</a> , V <sub>S</sub> = 10V		700		ns
-3dB Bandwidth	f <sub>BW</sub>	DG1208, <a href="#">Figure 4</a> , R <sub>S</sub> = R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω	200			MHz
		DG1209, <a href="#">Figure 4</a> , R <sub>S</sub> = R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω	250			
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD+N	<a href="#">Figure 5</a> , R <sub>S</sub> = 50Ω, R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ, V <sub>S</sub> = 5V <sub>RMS</sub> , f <sub>SW</sub> = 20Hz to 20kHz,	0.1			%
Off-Isolation		<a href="#">Figure 6</a> , R <sub>S</sub> = R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω, V <sub>NO_-</sub> = 0.5V <sub>P-P</sub> , f <sub>SW</sub> = 1MHz	-80			dB
Crosstalk		Figure 7, R <sub>S</sub> = R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω, V <sub>NO_-</sub> = 0.5V <sub>P-P</sub> , f <sub>SW</sub> = 1MHz	-80			dB
Charge Injection	C <sub>INJ</sub>	<a href="#">Figure 8</a> , V <sub>S</sub> = 6V, R <sub>S</sub> = 0Ω	0.5			pC
<b>DIGITAL INPUTS (A<sub>_</sub>, EN)</b>						
Input Logic High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>		2.4			V
Input Logic Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>			0.8		V
Input-Leakage Current	I <sub>IN</sub>		-5	+30		µA

**Note 1:** Limits are 100% tested at T<sub>A</sub> = +85°C. Limits over the operating temperature range and relevant supply-voltage range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

**Note 2:** On Resistance (R<sub>ON</sub>) and On-Resistance Match Between Channels (ΔR<sub>ON</sub>) are measured when the output channel is turned on. The output (COM<sub>\_</sub>) is sourced with 1mA current while biased at one of these levels: 0V, ±5V, or ±10V.

**Note 3:** On-Resistance Flatness (R<sub>FLAT</sub>) is measured when the output channel is turned on. The output (COM<sub>\_</sub>) is sourced with 1mA current while biased at one of these levels: -5V, 0V, or +5V.

**Note 4:** NO<sub>\_</sub> Off-Leakage Current (I<sub>NO\_ OFF</sub>) is measured when the output channel is switched off while the input (NO<sub>\_</sub>) is biased at +10V and output (COM<sub>\_</sub>) at -10V, or while the input is biased at -10V and output at +10V.

**Note 5:** COM<sub>\_</sub> Off-Leakage Current (I<sub>COM\_ OFF</sub>) is measured when the output channel is switched off while the input (NO<sub>\_</sub>) is biased at +1V and output (COM<sub>\_</sub>) at +10V, or while the input is biased at +10V and output at +1V.

**Note 6:** On Resistance (R<sub>ON</sub>), On-Resistance Match Between Channels (ΔR<sub>ON</sub>), and On-Resistance Flatness (R<sub>FLAT</sub>) are measured when the output channel is turned on. The output (COM<sub>\_</sub>) is sourced with 1mA current while biased at one of these levels: 3V, 6V, or 9V.

**Note 7:** NO<sub>\_</sub> Off-Leakage Current (I<sub>NO\_ OFF</sub>) and COM<sub>\_</sub> Off-Leakage Current (I<sub>COM\_ OFF</sub>) are measured when the output channel is switched off while the input (NO<sub>\_</sub>) is biased at +1V and output (COM<sub>\_</sub>) at +10V, or while the input is biased at +10V and output at +1V.

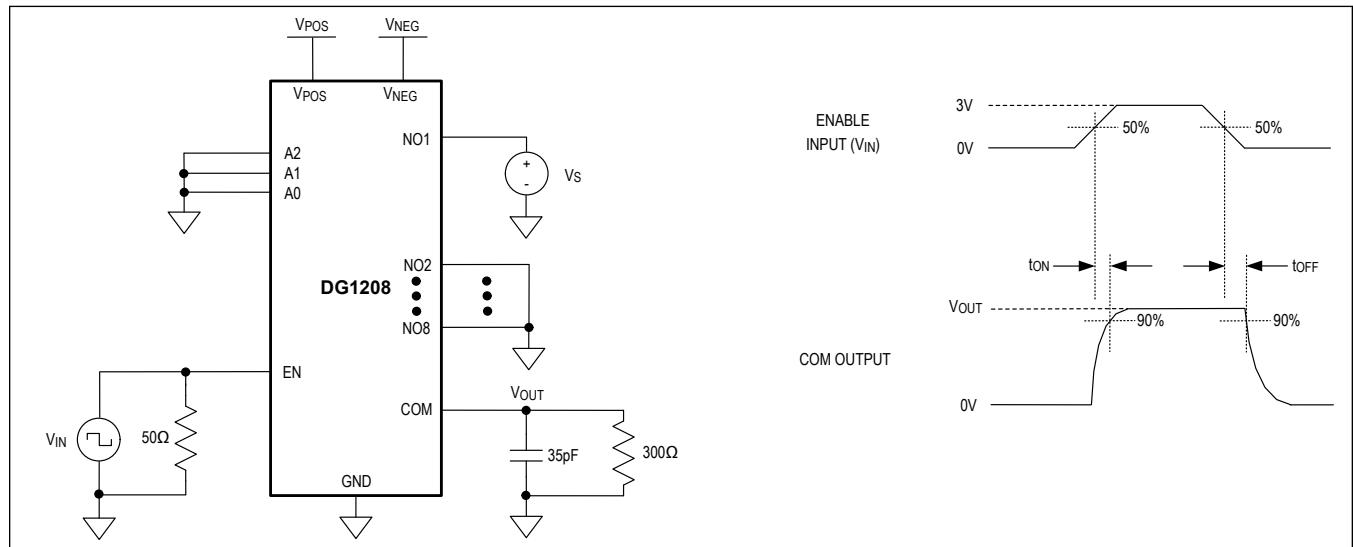


Figure 1. Turn-On Time and Turn-Off Time (Similar Connection for DG1209)

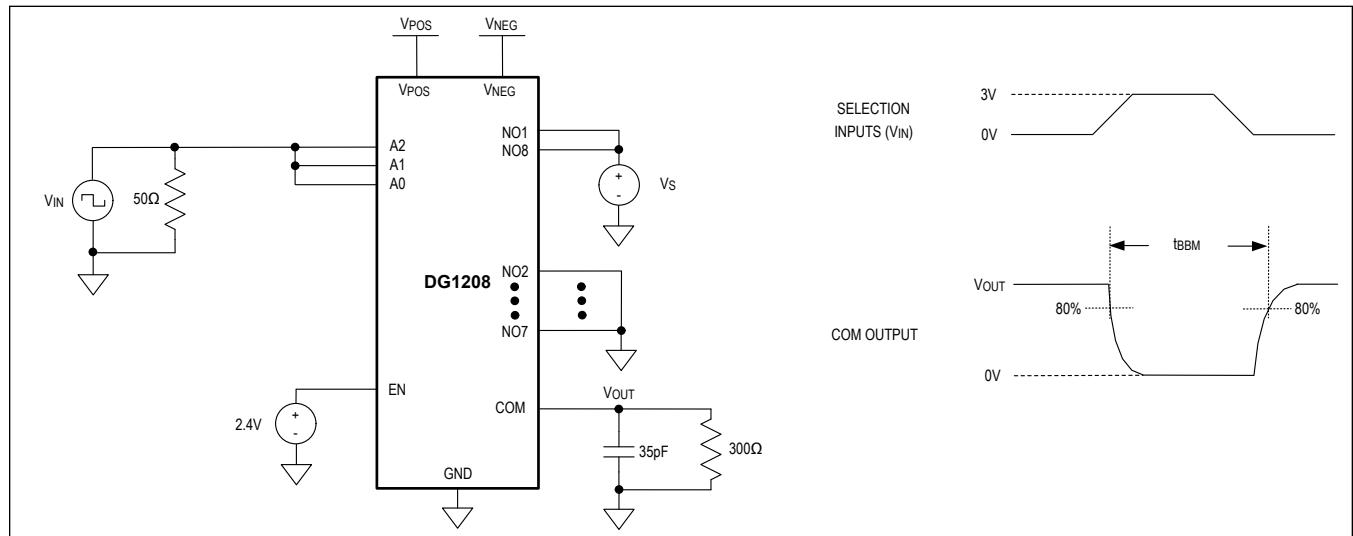


Figure 2. Break-Before-Make Time (Similar Connection for DG1209)

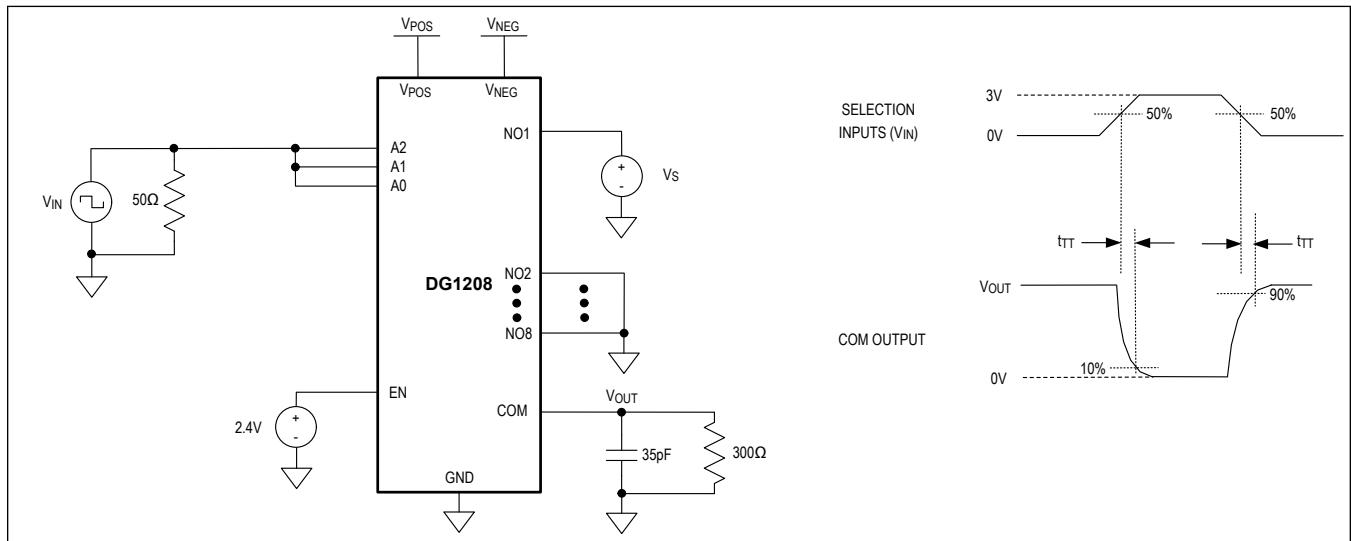


Figure 3. Total Transition Time (Similar Connection for DG1209)

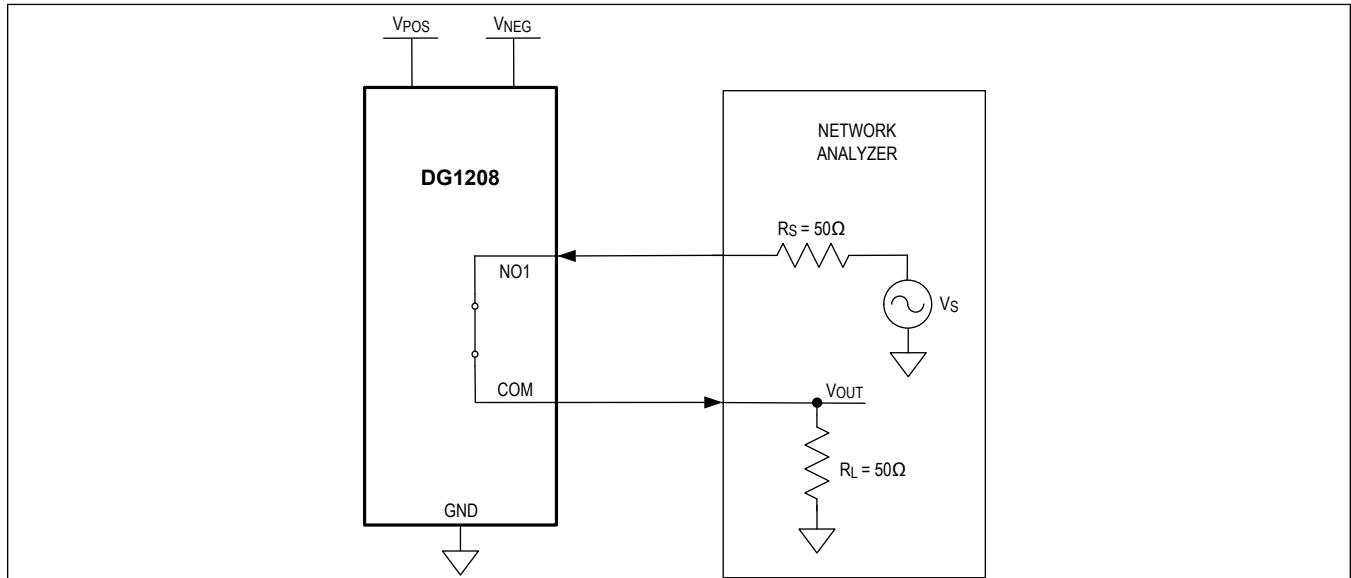


Figure 4. -3dB Bandwidth (Similar Connection for DG1209)

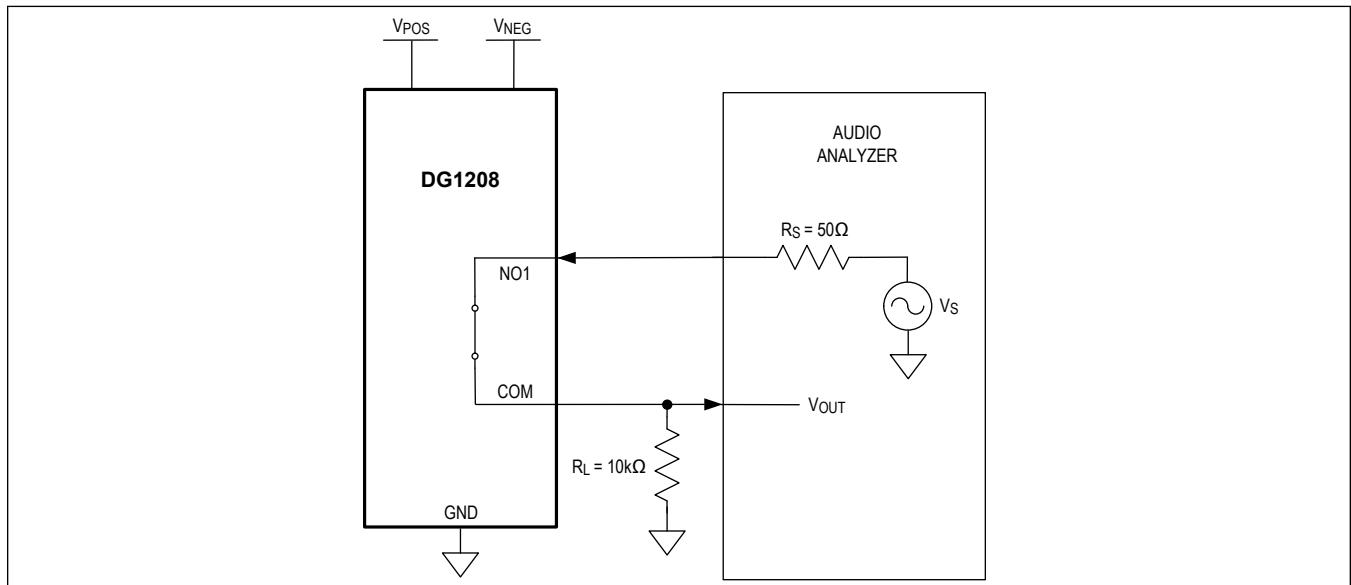


Figure 5. Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise (Similar Connection for DG1209)

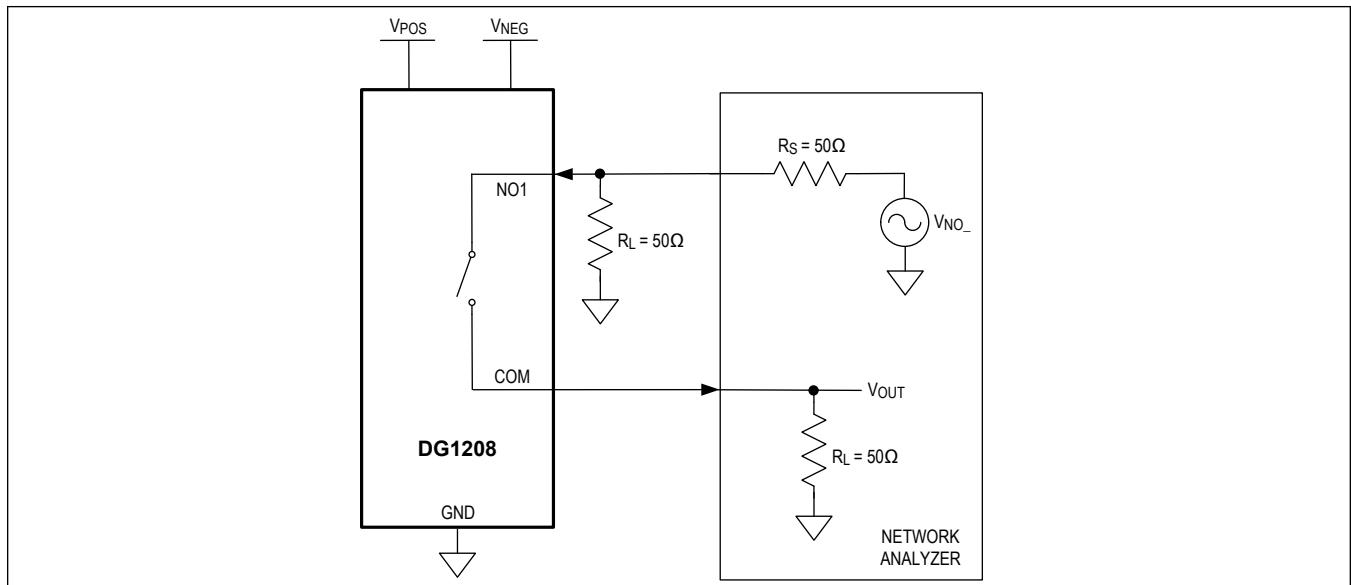


Figure 6. Off Isolation (Similar Connection for DG1209)

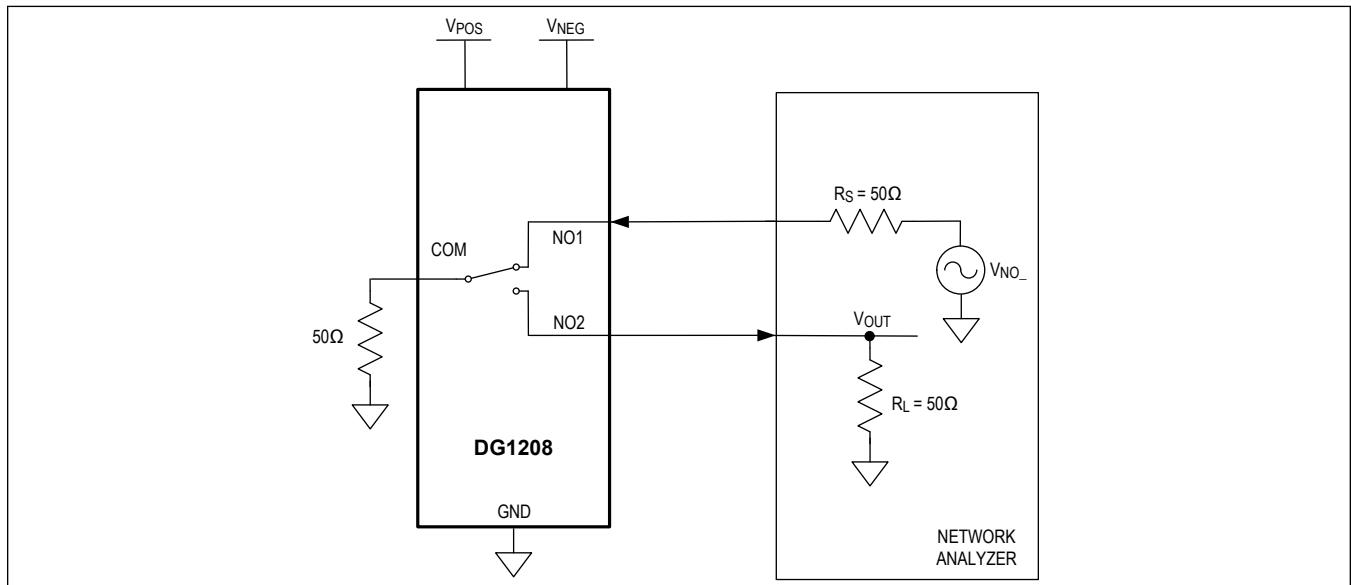


Figure 7. Crosstalk (Similar Connection for DG1209)

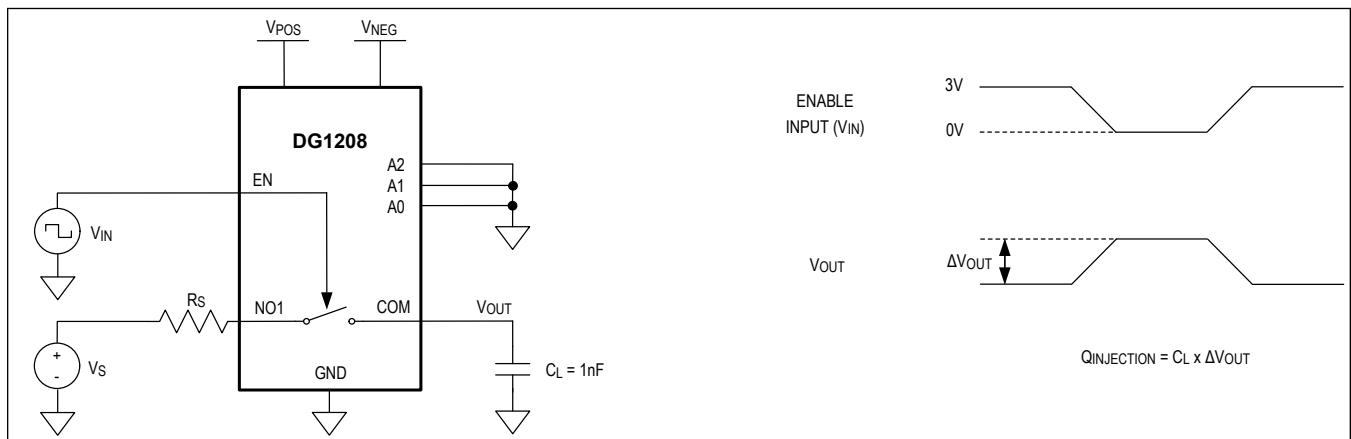
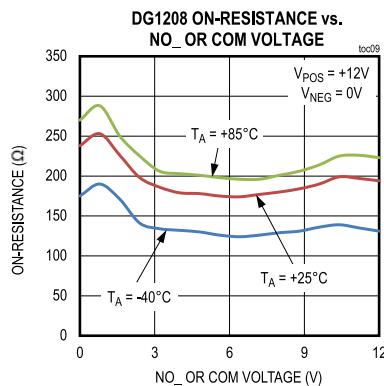
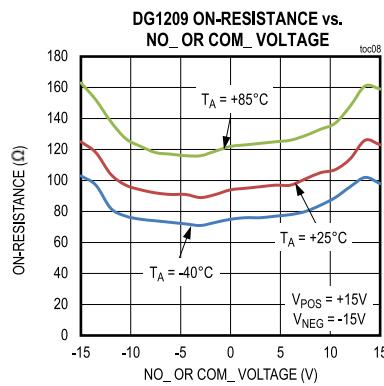
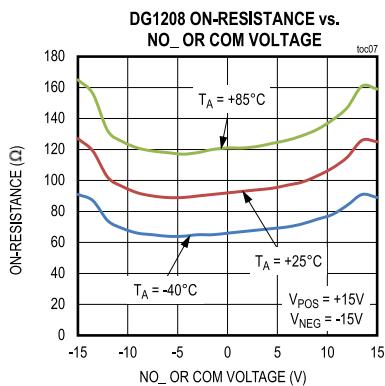
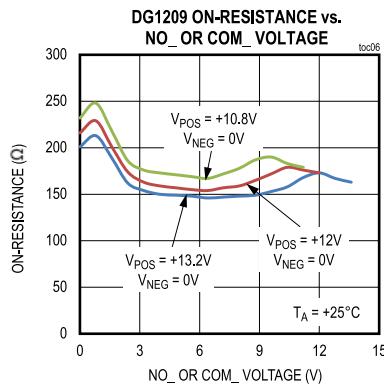
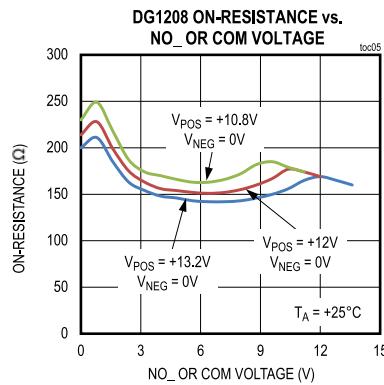
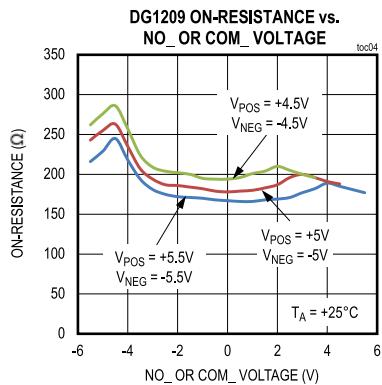
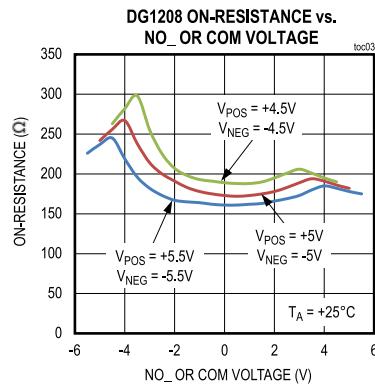
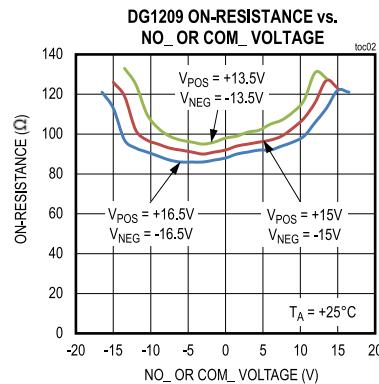
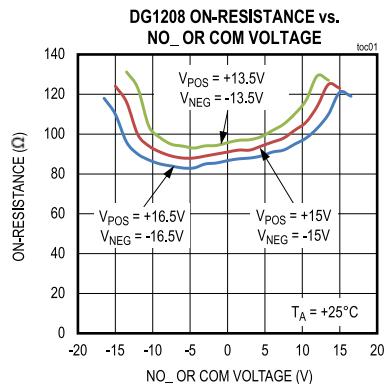


Figure 8. Charge Injection (Similar Connection for DG1209)

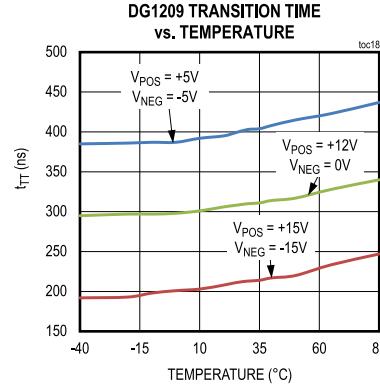
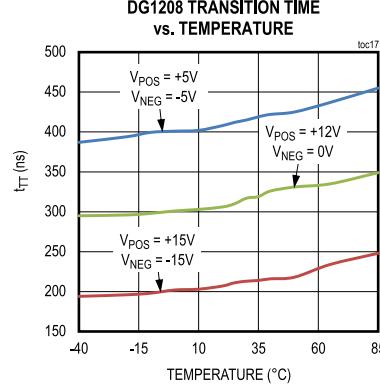
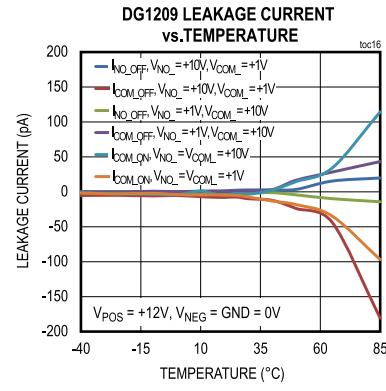
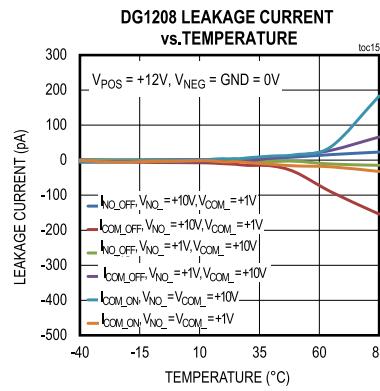
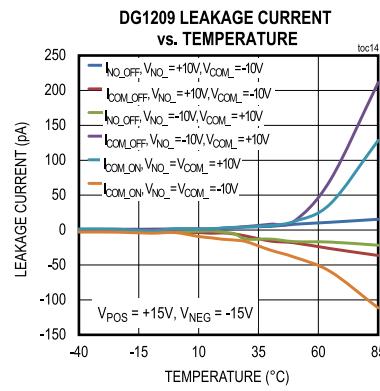
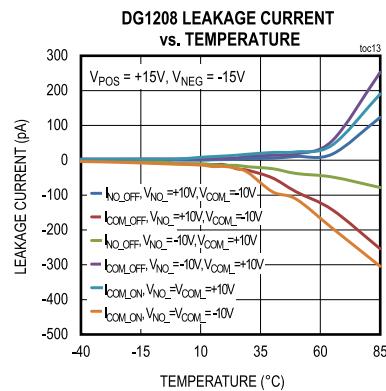
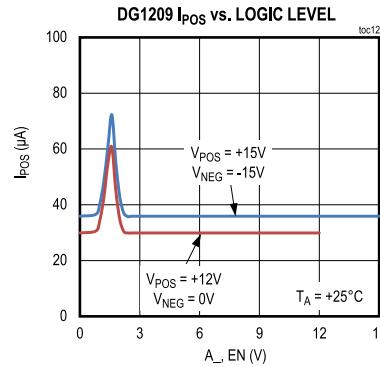
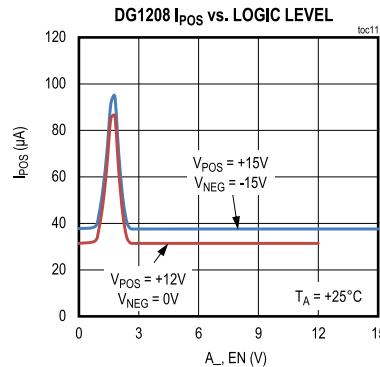
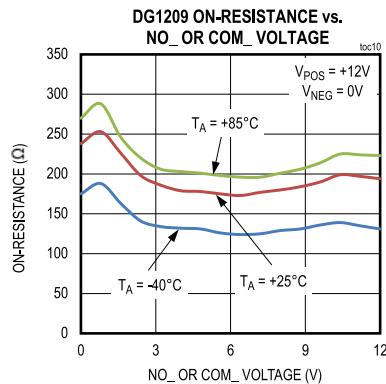
## Typical Operating Characteristics

( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)



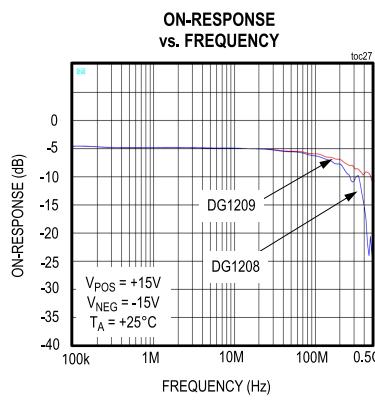
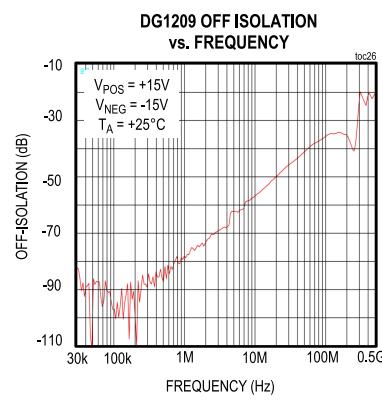
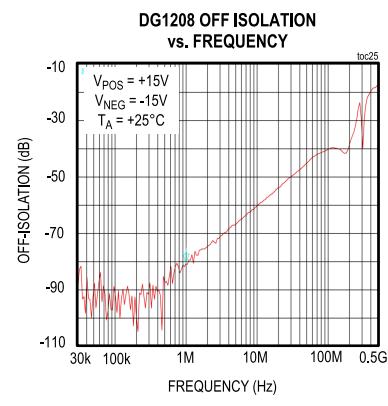
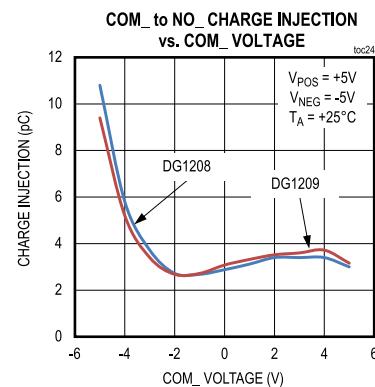
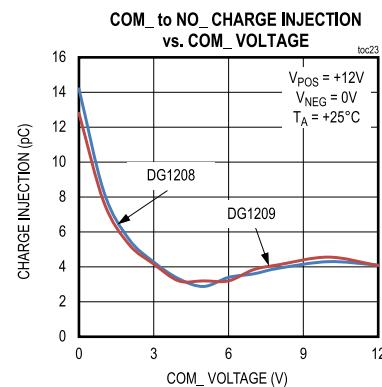
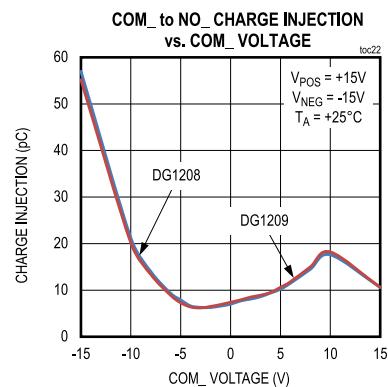
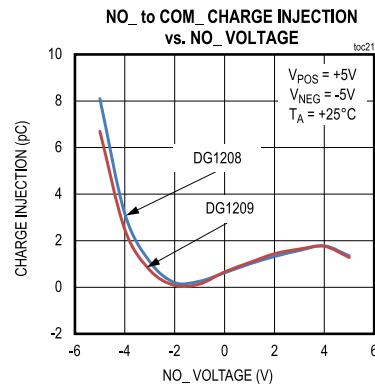
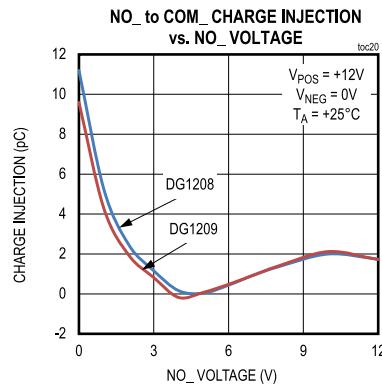
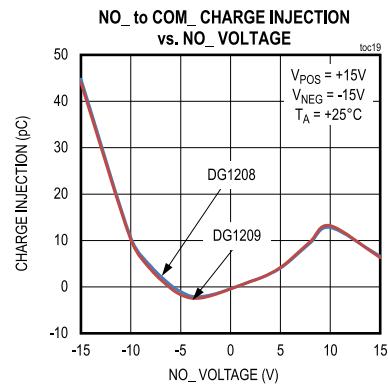
## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

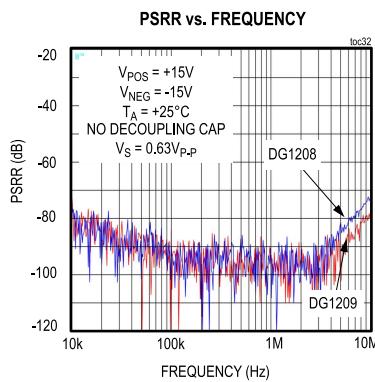
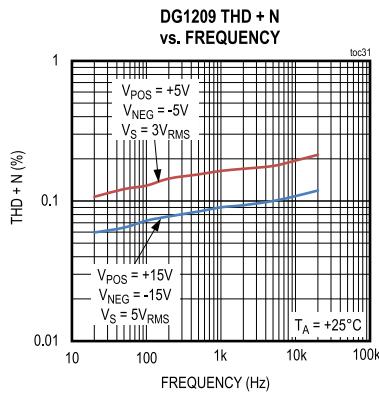
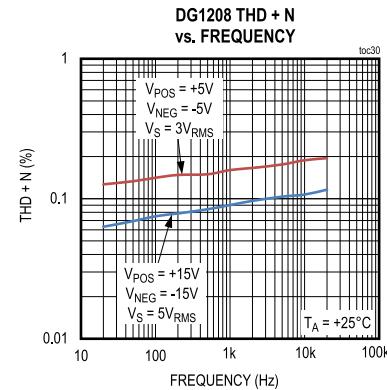
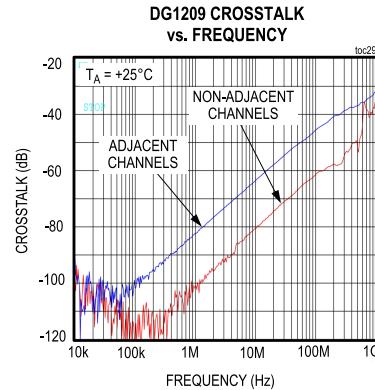
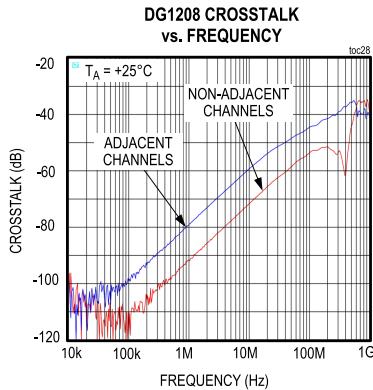
(TA = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



**Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

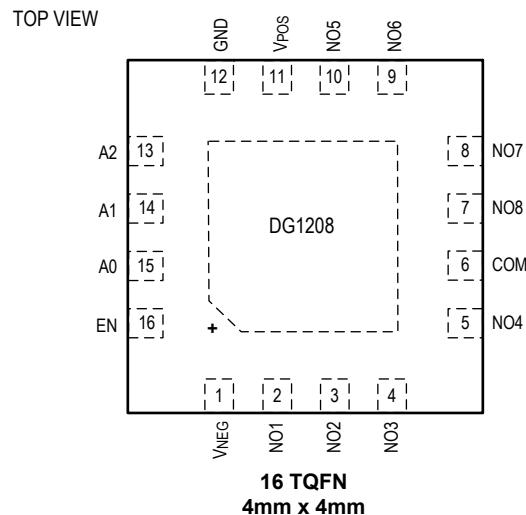
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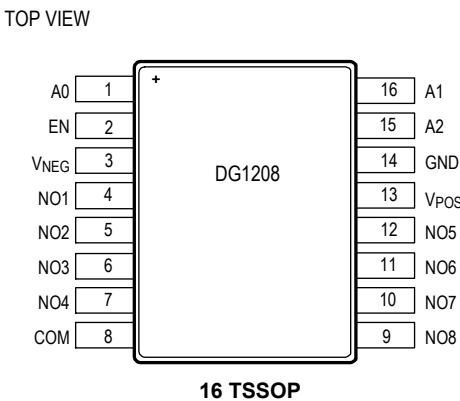
**Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**(T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

## Pin Configurations

### DG1208ETE+

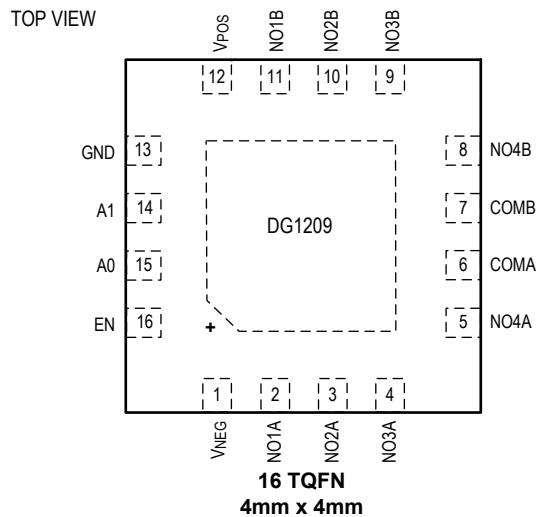
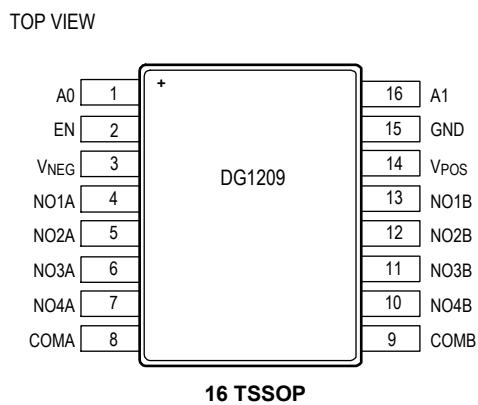


### DG1208EUE+



**Pin Description**

PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
DG1208ETE +	DG1208EUE +		
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>			
11	13	VPOS	Positive Power Supply. Bypass V <sub>POS</sub> to GND with a minimum 0.1µF ceramic capacitor as close to the pin as possible.
1	3	V <sub>NEG</sub>	Negative Power Supply. Bypass V <sub>NEG</sub> to GND with a minimum 0.1µF ceramic capacitor as close to the pin as possible. In single-supply applications, connect V <sub>NEG</sub> to GND.
12	14	GND	Logic Ground Reference
EP	-	EP	Exposed Pad. Leave unconnected.
<b>DIGITAL INPUTS</b>			
13	15	A2	Logic Address Input. See the <a href="#">Control Logic</a> section for more information.
14	16	A1	Logic Address Input. See the <a href="#">Control Logic</a> section for more information.
15	1	A0	Logic Address Input. See the <a href="#">Control Logic</a> section for more information.
16	2	EN	Enable Input. Drive EN high to enable the multiplexer. Drive EN low to disable all switches. Do not leave EN unconnected.
<b>ANALOG SWITCH</b>			
6	8	COM	Common Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal. It can be either an input or output.
7	9	NO8	Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 8. It can be either an input or output.
8	10	NO7	Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 7. It can be either an input or output.
9	11	NO6	Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 6. It can be either an input or output.
10	12	NO5	Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 5. It can be either an input or output.
5	7	NO4	Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 4. It can be either an input or output.
4	6	NO3	Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 3. It can be either an input or output.
3	5	NO2	Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 2. It can be either an input or output.
2	4	NO1	Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 1. It can be either an input or output.

**Pin Configurations****DG1209ETE+****DG1209EUE+**

**Pin Description**

PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
DG1209ETE +	DG1209EUE +		
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>			
12	14	VPOS	Positive Power Supply. Bypass V <sub>POS</sub> to GND with a minimum 0.1µF ceramic capacitor as close to the pin as possible.
1	3	V <sub>NEG</sub>	Negative Power Supply. Bypass V <sub>NEG</sub> to GND with a minimum 0.1µF ceramic capacitor as close to the pin as possible. In single supply applications, connect V <sub>NEG</sub> to GND.
13	15	GND	Logic Ground Reference
EP	-	EP	Exposed Pad. Leave unconnected.
<b>DIGITAL INPUTS</b>			
14	16	A1	Logic Address Input. See the <a href="#">Control Logic</a> section for more information.
15	1	A0	Logic Address Input. See the <a href="#">Control Logic</a> section for more information.
16	2	EN	Enable Input. Drive EN high to enable the multiplexer. Drive EN low to disable all switches. Do not leave EN unconnected.
<b>ANALOG SWITCH</b>			
7	9	COMB	B-Side Common Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal. It can be either an input or output.
6	8	COMA	A-Side Common Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal. It can be either an input or output.
8	10	NO4B	B-Side Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 4. It can be either an input or output.
9	11	NO3B	B-Side Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 3. It can be either an input or output.
10	12	NO2B	B-Side Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 2. It can be either an input or output.
11	13	NO1B	B-Side Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 1. It can be either an input or output.
5	7	NO4A	A-Side Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 4. It can be either an input or output.
4	6	NO3A	A-Side Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 3. It can be either an input or output.
3	5	NO2A	A-Side Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 2. It can be either an input or output.
2	4	NO1A	A-Side Normally-Open Bidirectional Analog Signal Terminal 1. It can be either an input or output.

## Detailed Description

The DG1208/DG1209 are single 8-channel or dual 4-channel multiplexing switch devices with low leakage and low charge injection. The low capacitance and low charge injection of the DG1208/DG1209 make them ideal for automatic test equipment systems, data acquisition systems, sample-and-hold systems, and communication systems where low glitch and fast settling time are required.

The DG1208 is a single 8-channel multiplexer. It switches one of the 8 NO<sub>\_</sub> inputs to a common output COM, as determined by the three selection inputs A2, A1, and A0. The DG1209 is a dual 4-channel multiplexer. It switches a pair of differential NO<sub>\_</sub> inputs to differential outputs COMA and COMB, as determined by the two selection inputs A1 and A0. See the [Control Logic](#) section for more information.

The DG1208/DG1209 operate rail-to-rail and are fully specified for ±15V bipolar supplies or +12V single supply. The EN input on the DG1208/DG1209 is used to enable or disable the device. When EN is low, all channels are switched off. When EN is high, each channel conducts bidirectionally according to the selection inputs.

## Control Logic

The DG1208 uses three selection inputs A2, A1, and A0 to determine the switching logic.

**Table 1. DG1208 Control Logic**

A2	A1	A0	EN	SWITCH ON
X	X	X	0	Switch Off
0	0	0	1	NO1
0	0	1	1	NO2
0	1	0	1	NO3
0	1	1	1	NO4
1	0	0	1	NO5
1	0	1	1	NO6
1	1	0	1	NO7
1	1	1	1	NO8

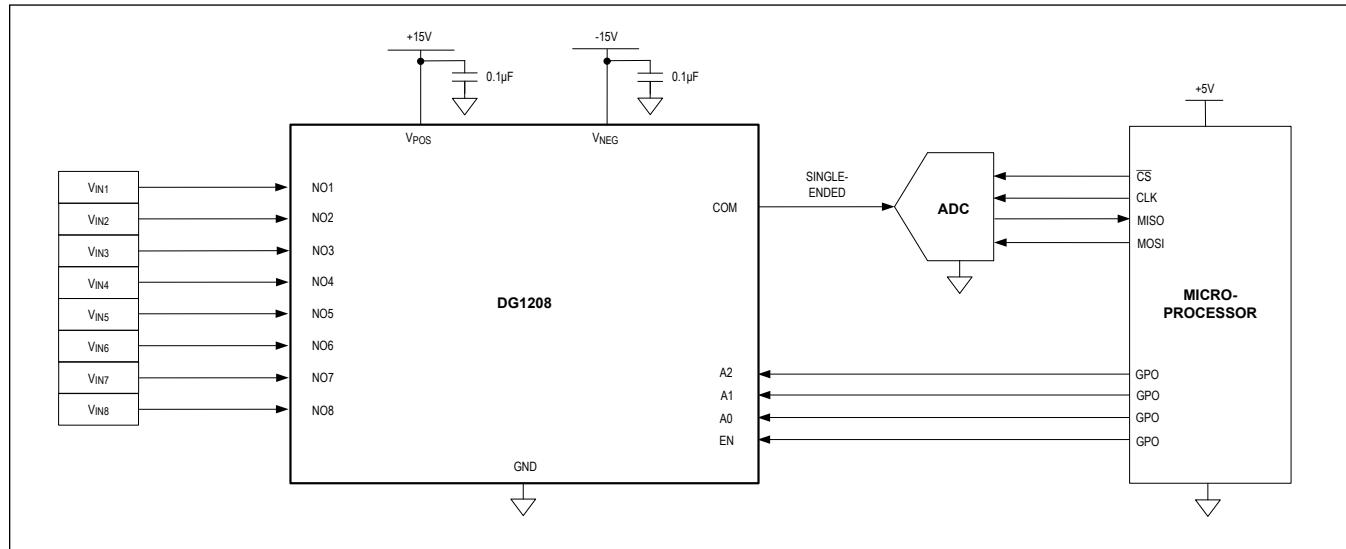
The DG1209 uses two selection inputs A1, and A0 to determine the switching logic.

**Table 2. DG1209 Control Logic**

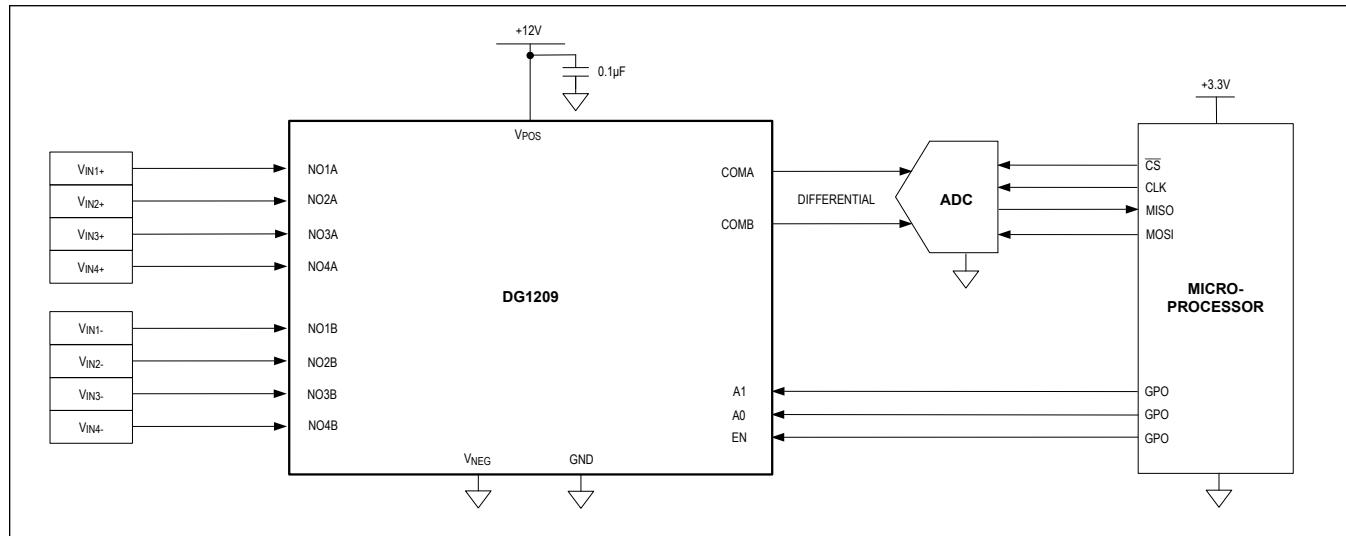
A1	A0	EN	SWITCH ON
X	X	0	Switch Off
0	0	1	NO1A, NO1B
0	1	1	NO2A, NO2B
1	0	1	NO3A, NO3B
1	1	1	NO4A, NO4B

## Typical Application Circuits

### Data Acquisition System with DG1208 Using Bipolar Power Supplies



### Data Acquisition System with DG1209 Using a Single Power Supply



**Ordering Information**

PART NUMBER	PIN-PACKAGE	TEMPERATURE
DG1208ETE+*	16 TQFN	-40°C to +85°C
DG1208ETE+T*	16 TQFN	-40°C to +85°C
DG1208EUE+	16 TSSOP	-40°C to +85°C
DG1208EUE+T	16 TSSOP	-40°C to +85°C
DG1209ETE+*	16 TQFN	-40°C to +85°C
DG1209ETE+T*	16 TQFN	-40°C to +85°C
DG1209EUE+	16 TSSOP	-40°C to +85°C
DG1209EUE+T	16 TSSOP	-40°C to +85°C

+ Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

\*Future product—contact factory for availability.

**Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	11/20	Release for Market Intro	—

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please visit Maxim Integrated's online storefront at <https://www.maximintegrated.com/en/storefront/storefront.html>.

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