

Current Transducer HTR 50 to 500-SB

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).











Electrical data

	Туре	Primary nominal	Primary current,	
		current rms	measuring range	
		$I_{PN}(A)$	I _{PM} (A)	
	HTR 50-SB	50	± 100	
	HTR 100-SB	100	± 200	
	HTR 200-SB	200	± 400	
	HTR 300-SB	300	± 600	
	HTR 400-SB	400	± 800	
	HTR 500-SB	500	± 1000	
\mathbf{V}_{OUT}	Output voltage (Analog)		± 4	V
R,	Load resistance		> 10	kΩ
V _C	Supply voltage (± 5 %)		± 12 15	V
I _c	Current consumption (ma	ax)	20	mΑ

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

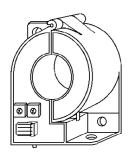
X	Accuracy ¹⁾ @ I_{PN} , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, @ ± 12 15 V (± 5 %)	≤ ± 2		%
$\varepsilon_{_{\scriptscriptstyle \rm I}}$	Linearity error 1)	≤ ± 1		%
_		Тур	Max	
\mathbf{V}_{OE}	Electrical offset voltage @ $I_p = 0$, $T_A = 25$ °C	± 45	± 65	mV
V _{OM}	Magnetic offset voltage $@$ $I_P = 0$ and specified R_M ,			
	after an overload of 3 x I _{PN}	± 10	± 20	mV
\mathbf{V}_{OT}	Temperature variation of V _O - 10°C + 70°C	± 70	± 240	mV
TCE_{g}	Thermal drift of the gain, $T_A = -10 + 70^{\circ}C$	± 140	± 450	mV
t,	Response time to 90 % of I _{PN} step	< 10		μs
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	> 50		A/µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB)	DC '	10	kHz

General data

T,	Ambient operating temperature	- 10 + 70	°C
\mathbf{T}_{s}	Ambient storage temperature	- 20 + 85	°C
m	Mass	80	g
	Standard	EN 50178	

Note: 1) Execludes the electrical offset.

$I_{PN} = 50 .. 500 A$



Features

- Open loop Hall effect transducer
- Busbar mounting or panel mounting.
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Low power consumption
- · Split core easy for mounting
- High isolation between the primary and the secondary circuit
- Through-hole, no insertion losses.

Applications

- Power supplies for TELECOM (monitoring & measuring)
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Electrical chemistry
- Chooper
- Battery supplied applications.

Application domain

• Industrial.



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Isolation characteristics			
V _d	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	3	kV
\mathbf{V}_{d} $\mathbf{\hat{V}}_{w}$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	> 6	kV
V	Partial discharge extinction voltage rms	> 1.5	kV
Ü		Min	
dCp	Creepage distance 1)	28.1	mm
dCl	Clearance distance 2)	17.1	mm
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (group IIIa)	225	

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- · Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
dCp, dCl, $\hat{\mathbf{V}}_{\mathrm{w}}$	Rated isolation voltage	Nominal voltage
Single isolation	1000 V	1000 V
Reinforced isolation	500 V	500 V

Notes: 1) On housing from pin to primary hole

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

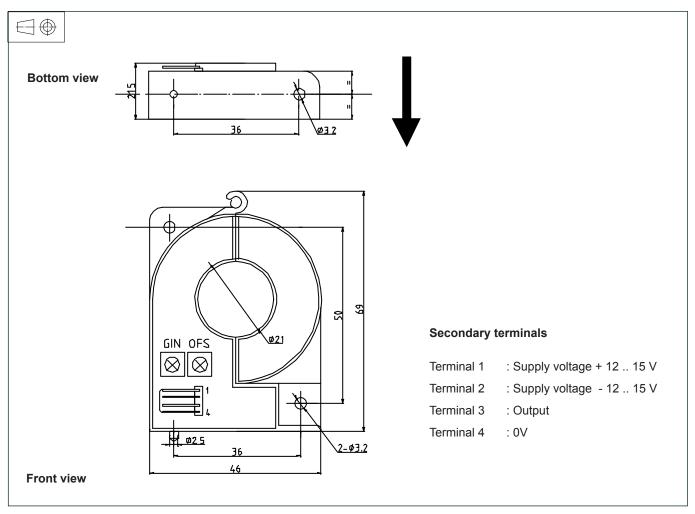
A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

²⁾On housing from pin to primary hole.



Dimensions HTR 50 to 500-SB (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance ± 1 mm
 Primary through hole Ø 21 mm
 Fastening 2 holes Ø 3.2 Distance between holes axes or 1 hole Ø 3.2 and 1 spigot Ø 2.5

Distance between hole and sigot axes 36 mm

Connection of secondary Molex 5046-04/AG
 "Malting connector provided with the transducer"

Remarks

- \mathbf{V}_{OUT} is positive when \mathbf{I}_{P} flows in the direction of the arrow.
- The return busbar and primary conductor elbow must be located at least at 2.5 x window length more far away from the transducer case.
- Temperature of the primary busbar cannot exceed 90°C.
- Dynamic performances are best with a primary busbar completely filling the primary aperture.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, different output, unidirectional measurements ...), please contact us.