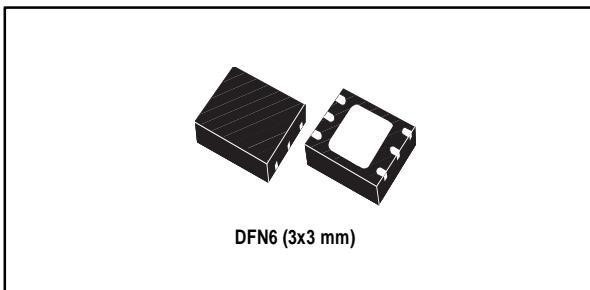


1 A, low quiescent current, low-noise voltage regulator

Datasheet - production data



Features

- Input voltage from 1.5 to 5.5 V
- Ultra low-dropout voltage (200 mV typ. at 1 A load)
- Very low quiescent current (20 μ A typ. at no load, 200 μ A typ. at 1 A load, 1 μ A max. in off mode)
- Very low-noise with no bypass capacitor (30 μ V_{RMS} at V_{OUT} = 0.8 V)
- Output voltage tolerance: $\pm 2.0\%$ @ 25 °C
- 1 A guaranteed output current
- Wide range of output voltages available on request: 0.8 V to 4.5 V with 100 mV step and adjustable from 0.8 V
- Logic-controlled electronic shutdown
- Stable with ceramic capacitors C_{OUT} = 1 μ F
- Internal current and thermal limit
- DFN6 (3x3 mm) package
- Temperature range: - 40 °C to 125 °C

Applications

- Printers
- Personal digital assistants (PDAs)
- Cordless phones
- Consumer applications

Description

The LD39100 provides 1 A maximum current with an input voltage range from 1.5 V to 5.5 V and a typical dropout voltage of 200 mV. The device is stable with ceramic capacitors on the input and output. The ultra low drop voltage, low quiescent current and low-noise features make it suitable for low power battery-powered applications. Power supply rejection is 70 dB at low frequency and starts to roll off at 10 kHz. Enable logic control function puts the LD39100 in shutdown mode, allowing a total current consumption lower than 1 μ A. The device also includes short-circuit constant current limiting and thermal protection.

Table 1: Device summary

| Order code | Output voltage |
|--------------|-----------------|
| LD39100PUR | Adj. from 0.8 V |
| LD39100PU12R | 1.2 V |
| LD39100PU25R | 2.5 v |
| LD39100PU30R | 3.0 V |

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1 Circuit schematics

Figure 1: LD39100 schematic diagram (adjustable version)

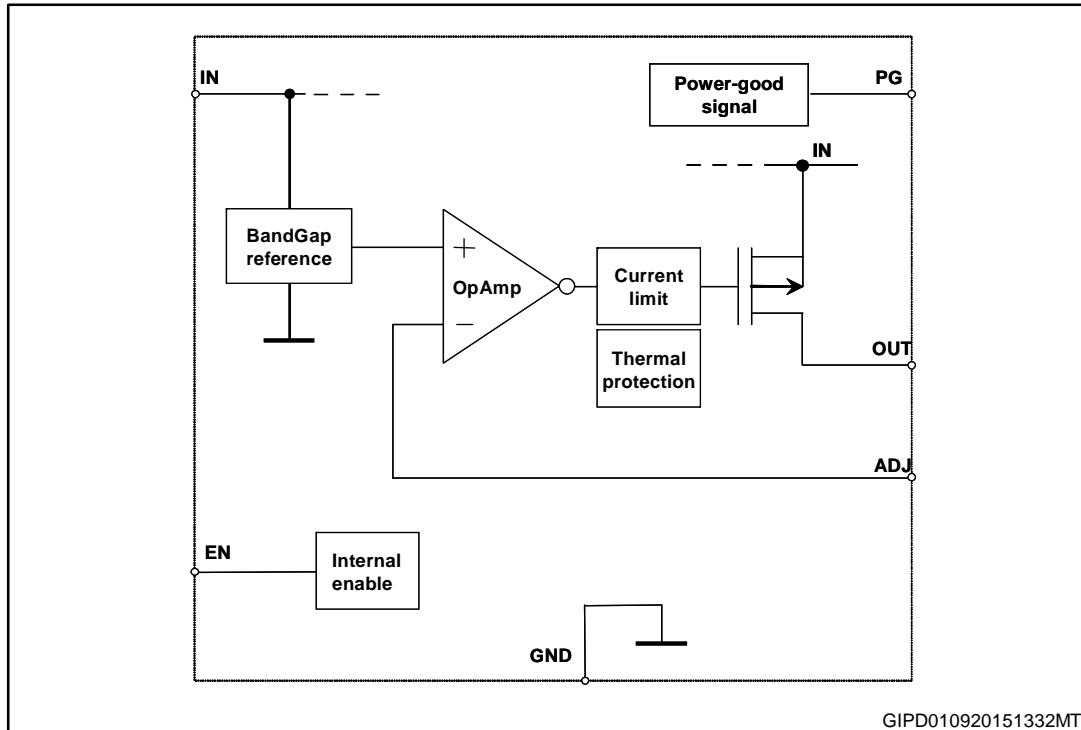
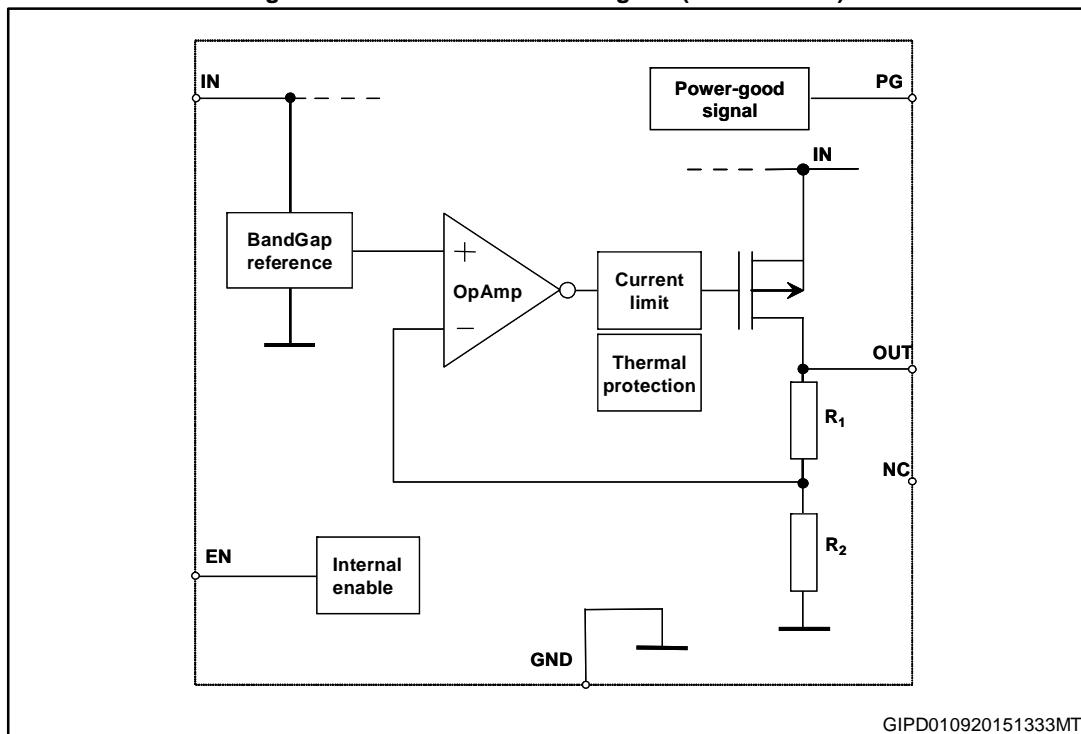


Figure 2: LD39100 schematic diagram (fixed version)



2 Pin configuration

Figure 3: Pin connection (top view)

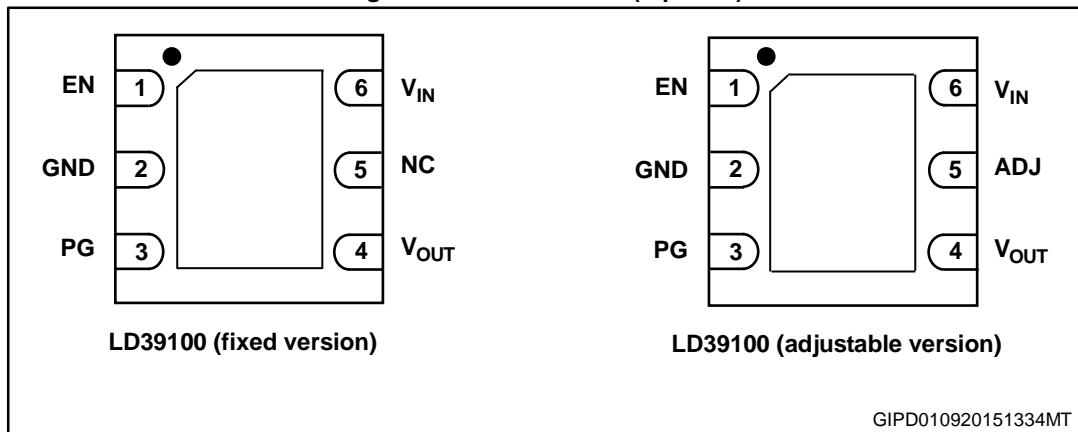


Table 2: Pin description

| Symbol | Pin | | Function |
|------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| | LD39100 (adjustable version) | LD39100 (fixed version) | |
| EN | 1 | 1 | Enable pin logic input: low = shutdown, high = active |
| GND | 2 | 2 | Common ground |
| PG | 3 | 3 | Power Good |
| V _{OUT} | 4 | 4 | Output voltage |
| ADJ | 5 | - | Adjust pin |
| V _{IN} | 6 | 6 | LDO input voltage |
| NC | - | 5 | Not connected |
| GND | Exposed pad | | Exposed pad has to be connected to GND |

3 Maximum ratings

Table 3: Absolute maximum ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------|
| V _{IN} | DC input voltage | -0.3 to 7 | V |
| V _{OUT} | DC output voltage | -0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3 (7 V max.) | V |
| EN | Enable pin | -0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3 (7 V max.) | V |
| PG | Power Good pin | -0.3 to 7 | V |
| ADJ | Adjust pin | 4 | V |
| I _{OUT} | Output current | Internally limited | |
| P _D | Power dissipation | Internally limited | |
| T _{STG} | Storage temperature range | - 65 to 150 | °C |
| T _{OP} | Operating junction temperature range | - 40 to 125 | °C |



Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied. All values are referred to GND.

Table 4: Thermal data

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|------|
| R _{thJA} | Thermal resistance junction-ambient | 55 | °C/W |
| R _{thJC} | Thermal resistance junction-case | 10 | °C/W |

Table 5: ESD performance

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Value | Unit |
|--------|------------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| ESD | ESD protection voltage | HBM | 4 | kV |
| | | MM | 0.4 | kV |

4 Electrical characteristics

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 1.8 \text{ V}$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1 \mu\text{F}$, $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, unless otherwise specified.

Table 6: LD39100 electrical characteristics (adjustable version)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------|--|--|------|-----------------------|------|------------------|
| V_{IN} | Operating input voltage | | 1.5 | | 5.5 | V |
| V_{ADJ} | V_{ADJ} accuracy | $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 784 | 800 | 816 | mV |
| | | $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}, -40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 776 | 800 | 824 | |
| I_{ADJ} | Adjust pin current | | | | 1 | μA |
| DV_{OUT} | Static line regulation | $V_{OUT} + 1 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$ | | 0.01 | | %/V |
| DV_{OUT} | Transient line regulation ⁽¹⁾ | $DV_{IN} = 500 \text{ mV}$, $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$, $t_R = 5 \mu\text{s}$ | | 10 | | mVpp |
| | | $DV_{IN} = 500 \text{ mV}$, $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$, $t_F = 5 \mu\text{s}$ | | 10 | | |
| DV_{OUT} | Static load regulation | $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ to 1 A | | 0.002 | | %/mA |
| DV_{OUT} | Transient load regulation ⁽¹⁾ | $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ to 1 A , $t_R = 5 \mu\text{s}$ | | 40 | | mVpp |
| | | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ A}$ to 10 mA , $t_F = 5 \mu\text{s}$ | | 40 | | |
| V_{DROP} | Dropout voltage ⁽²⁾ | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ A}$, V_O fixed to 1.5 V $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | 200 | 400 | mV |
| e_N | Output noise voltage | 10 Hz to 100 kHz , $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$, $V_{OUT} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ | | 30 | | μVRMS |
| SVR | Supply voltage rejection $V_O = 0.8 \text{ V}$ | $V_{IN} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm V_{RIPPLE}$ $V_{RIPPLE} = 0.25 \text{ V}$, frequency = 1 kHz $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ | | 70 | | dB |
| | | $V_{IN} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm V_{RIPPLE}$ $V_{RIPPLE} = 0.25 \text{ V}$, frequency = 10 kHz $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$ | | 65 | | |
| I_Q | Quiescent current | $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$ | | 20 | | μA |
| | | $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 50 | |
| | | $I_{OUT} = 0$ to 1 A | | 200 | | |
| | | $I_{OUT} = 0$ to 1 A , $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 300 | |
| | | V_{IN} input current in off mode: $V_{EN} = \text{GND}$ ⁽³⁾ | | 0.001 | 1 | |
| PG | Power good output threshold | Rising edge | | 0.92^* V_{OUT} | | V |
| | | Falling edge | | 0.8^* V_{OUT} | | |
| | Power good output voltage low | $I_{sink} = 6 \text{ mA}$ open drain output | | | 0.4 | V |

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------|-----------------------------|---|------|------|------|--------------------|
| I_{SC} | Short-circuit current | $R_L = 0$ | | 1.5 | | A |
| V_{EN} | Enable input logic low | $V_{IN} = 1.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 0.4 | V |
| | Enable input logic high | | 0.9 | | | V |
| I_{EN} | Enable pin input current | $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ | | 0.1 | 100 | nA |
| t_{ON} | Turn-on time ⁽⁴⁾ | | | 30 | | μs |
| T_{SHDN} | Thermal shutdown | | | 160 | | ${}^\circ\text{C}$ |
| | Hysteresis | | | 20 | | |
| C_{OUT} | Output capacitor | Capacitance (see typical performance characteristics for stability) | 1 | | 22 | μF |

Notes:

(1) All transient values are guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(2) Dropout voltage is the input-to-output voltage difference at which the output voltage is 100 mV below its nominal value. This specification does not apply to output voltages below 1.5 V.

(3) PG pin floating.

(4) Turn-on time is time measured between the enable input just exceeding V_{EN} high value and the output voltage just reaching 95% of its nominal value.

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1 \text{ V}$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1 \mu\text{F}$, $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, unless otherwise specified.

Table 7: LD39100 electrical characteristics (fixed version)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------|--|---|------|----------|------|------|
| V_I | Operating input voltage | | 1.5 | | 5.5 | V |
| V_{OUT} | V_{OUT} accuracy | $V_{OUT} > 1.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | -2.0 | | 2.0 | % |
| | | $V_{OUT} > 1.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ | -3.0 | | 3.0 | |
| | | $V_{OUT} \leq 1.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ | | ± 20 | | mV |
| | | $V_{OUT} \leq 1.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | ± 30 | | |
| DV_{OUT} | Static line regulation | $V_{OUT} + 1 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$ | | 0.01 | | %/V |
| DV_{OUT} | Transient line regulation ⁽¹⁾ | $DV_{IN} = 500 \text{ mV}$, $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$, $t_R = 5 \mu\text{s}$ | | 10 | | mVpp |
| | | $DV_{IN} = 500 \text{ mV}$, $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$, $t_F = 5 \mu\text{s}$ | | 10 | | |
| DV_{OUT} | Static load regulation | $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA to } 1 \text{ A}$ | | 0.002 | | %/mA |
| DV_{OUT} | Transient load regulation ⁽¹⁾ | $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA to } 1 \text{ A}$, $t_R = 5 \mu\text{s}$ | | 40 | | mVpp |
| | | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ A to } 10 \text{ mA}$, $t_F = 5 \mu\text{s}$ | | 40 | | |

Electrical characteristics

LD39100

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------|---|---|-------|-------|------|------------------|
| V_{DROP} | Dropout voltage ⁽²⁾ | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ A}$, $V_{OUT} > 1.5 \text{ V}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | 200 | 400 | mV |
| e_N | Output noise voltage | 10 Hz to 100 kHz, $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ | | 85 | | μVRMS |
| SVR | Supply voltage rejection $V_{OUT}=1.5\text{V}$ | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 0.5 \text{ V} \pm V_{RIPPLE}$ $V_{RIPPLE} = 0.1 \text{ V}$, frequency = 1 kHz $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ | | 65 | | dB |
| | | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 0.5 \text{ V} \pm V_{RIPPLE}$ $V_{RIPPLE} = 0.1 \text{ V}$, frequency = 10 kHz $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$ | | 62 | | |
| I_Q | Quiescent current | $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$ | | 20 | | μA |
| | | $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 50 | |
| | | $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ to } 1 \text{ A}$ | | 200 | | |
| | | $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ to } 1 \text{ A}$ $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 300 | |
| | | V_{IN} input current in OFF mode: $V_{EN} = \text{GND}$ ⁽³⁾ | 0.001 | | 1 | |
| PG | Power good output threshold | Rising edge | | 0.92* | | V |
| | | Falling edge | | 0.8* | | |
| | Power good output voltage low | $I_{sink} = 6 \text{ mA}$ open drain output | | | 0.4 | V |
| I_{SC} | Short-circuit current | $R_L = 0$ | | 1.5 | | A |
| V_{EN} | Enable input logic low | $V_{IN} = 1.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 0.4 | V |
| | Enable input logic high | | 0.9 | | | V |
| I_{EN} | Enable pin input current | $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ | | 0.1 | 100 | nA |
| T_{ON} | Turn-on time ⁽⁴⁾ | | | 30 | | μs |
| T_{SHDN} | Thermal shutdown | | | 160 | | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| | Hysteresis | | | 20 | | |
| C_{OUT} | Output capacitor | Capacitance (see typical performance characteristics for stability) | 1 | | 22 | μF |

Notes:

⁽¹⁾All transient values are guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

⁽²⁾Dropout voltage is the input-to-output voltage difference at which the output voltage is 100 mV below its nominal value. This specification does not apply to output voltages below 1.5 V.

⁽³⁾PG pin floating.

⁽⁴⁾Turn-on time is time measured between the enable input just exceeding V_{EN} high value and the output voltage just reaching 95% of its nominal value.

5 Typical performance characteristics

$C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$

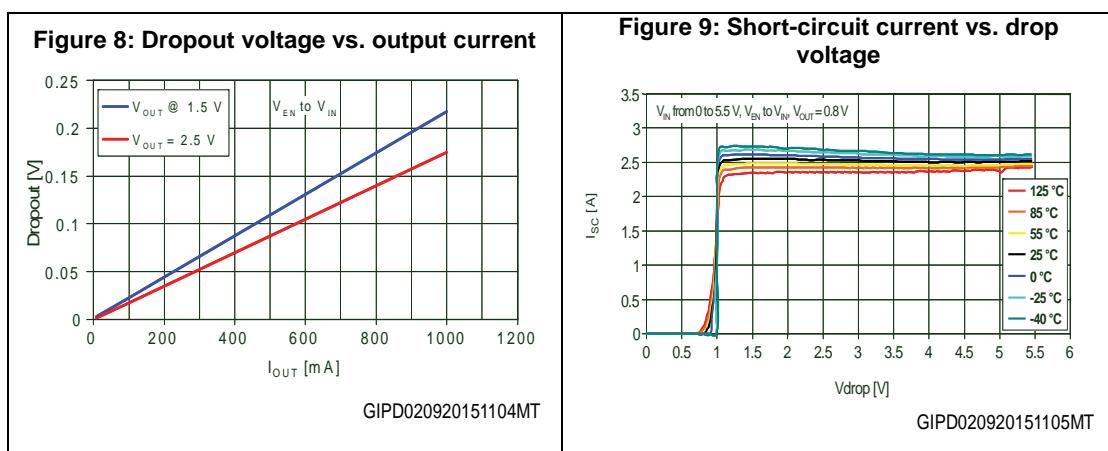
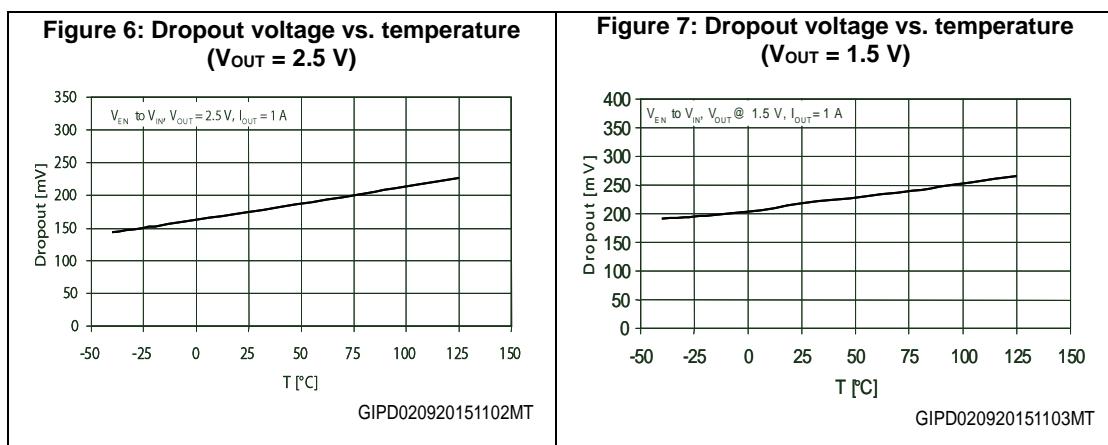
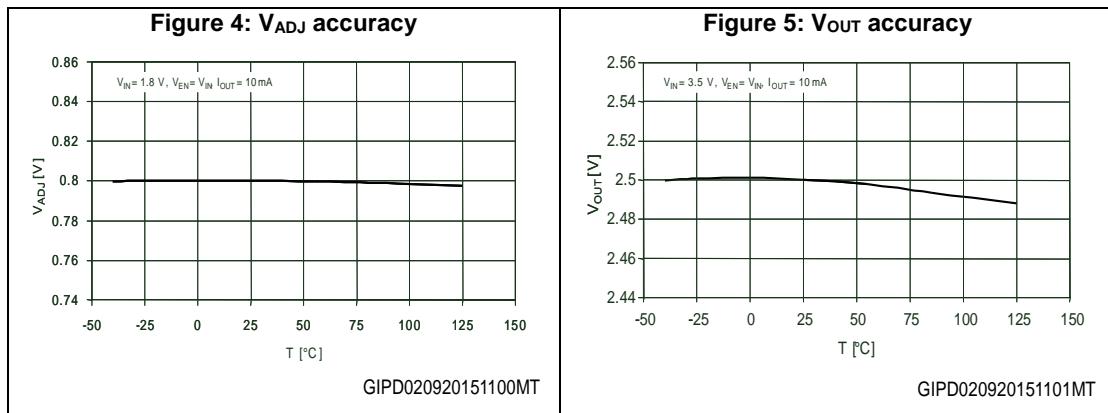


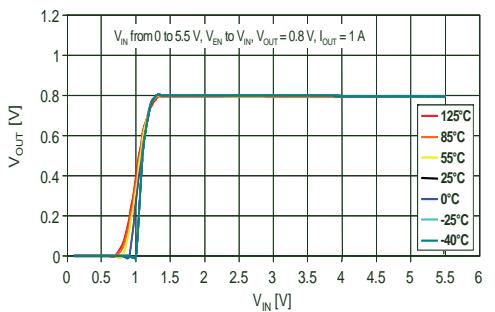
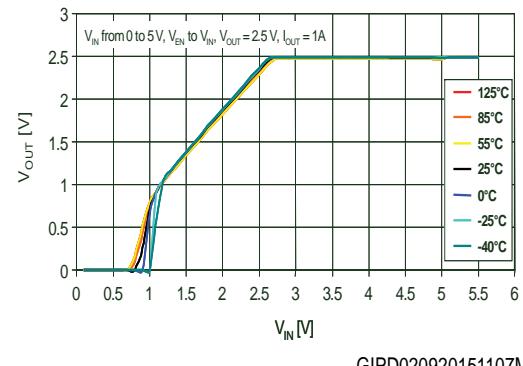
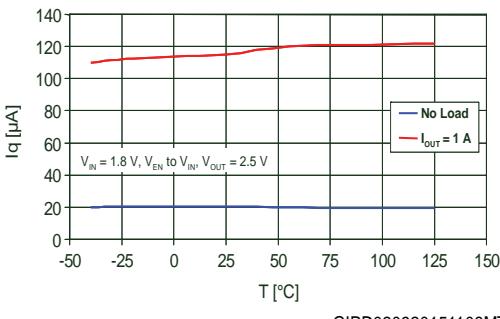
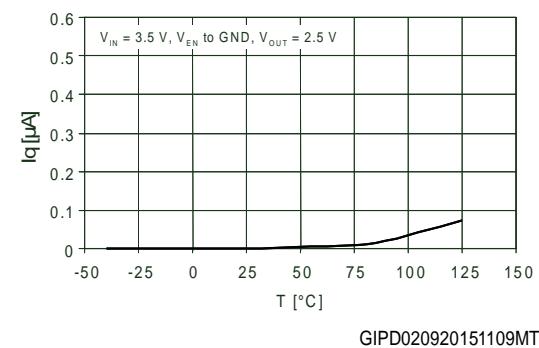
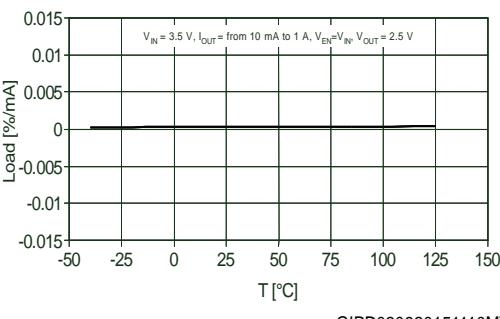
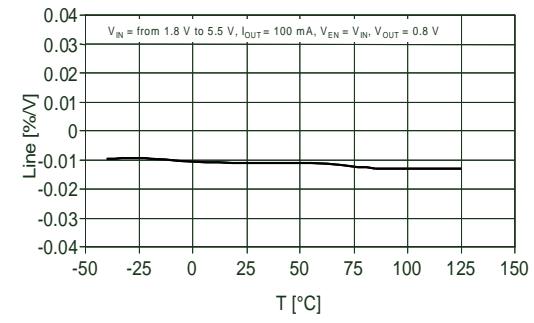
Figure 10: Output voltage vs. input voltage ($V_{OUT} = 0.8 \text{ V}$)**Figure 11: Output voltage vs. input voltage ($V_{OUT} = 2.5 \text{ V}$)****Figure 12: Quiescent current vs. temperature****Figure 13: VIN input current in off mode vs. temperature****Figure 14: Load regulation****Figure 15: Line regulation $V_{OUT} = 0.8 \text{ V}$** 

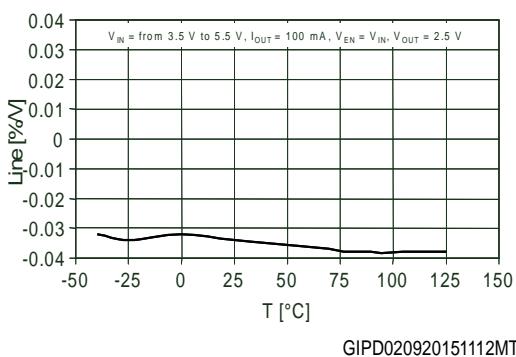
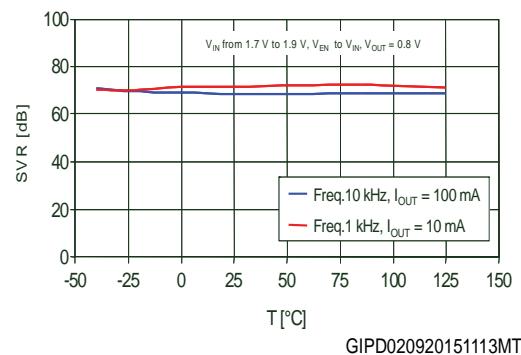
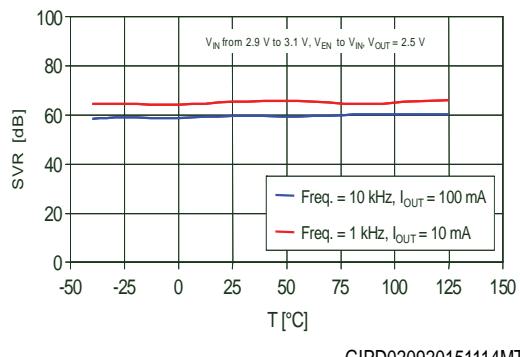
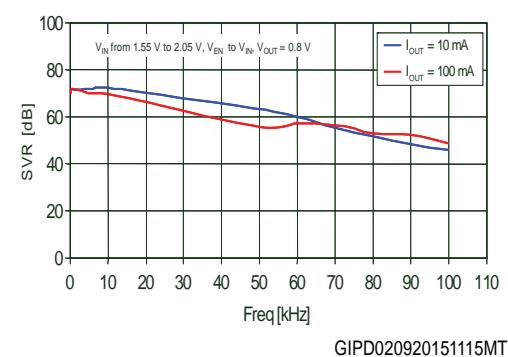
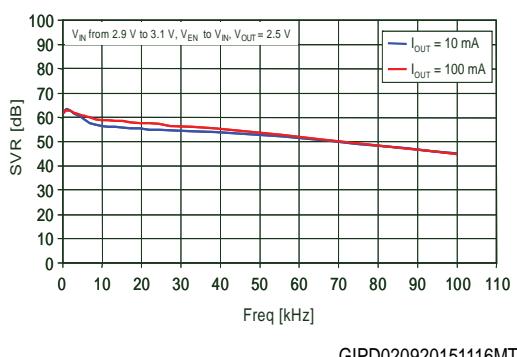
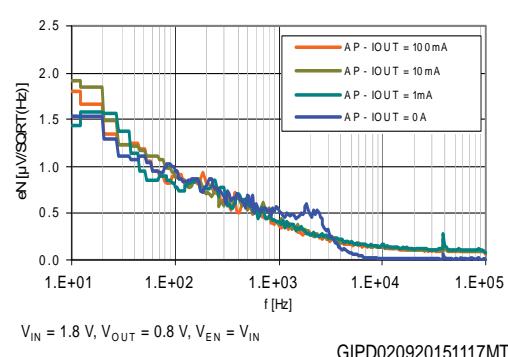
Figure 16: Line regulation V_{OUT} = 2.5 V**Figure 17: Supply voltage rejection vs. temperature (V_{OUT} = 0.8 V)****Figure 18: Supply voltage rejection vs. temperature (V_{OUT} = 2.5 V)****Figure 19: Supply voltage rejection vs. frequency (V_{OUT} = 0.8 V)****Figure 20: Supply voltage rejection vs. frequency (V_{OUT} = 2.5 V)****Figure 21: Output noise voltage vs. frequency**

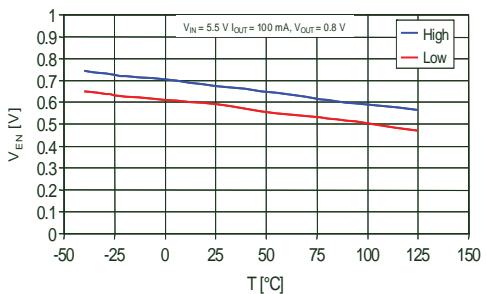
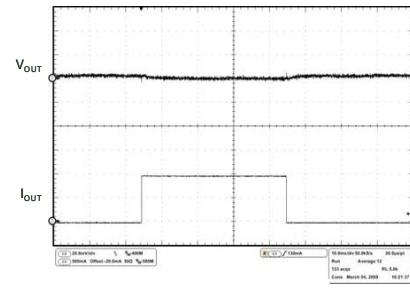
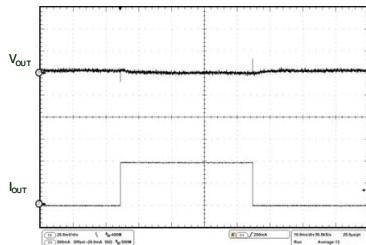
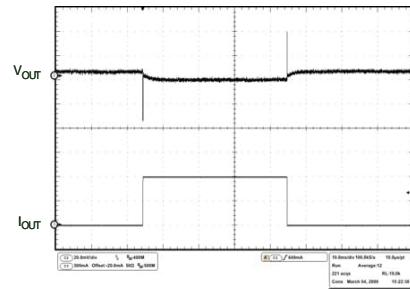
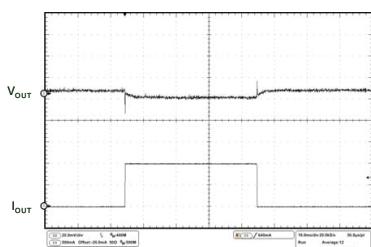
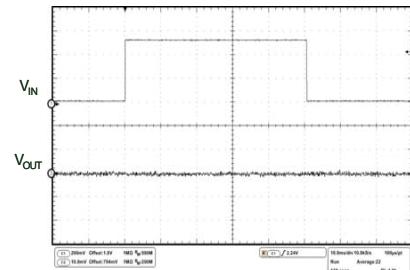
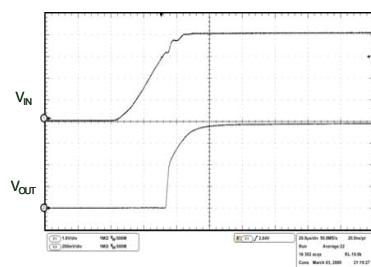
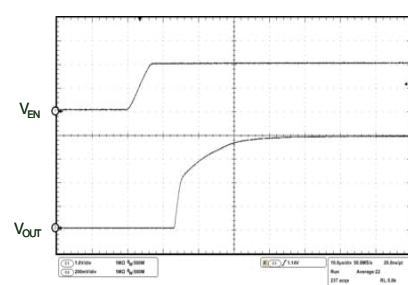
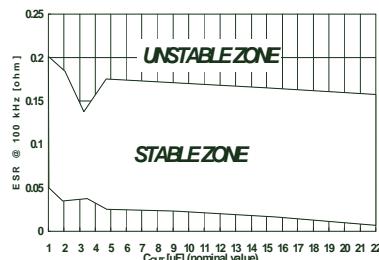
Figure 22: Enable voltage vs. temperature**Figure 23: Load transient (I_{OUT} = from 10 mA to 1 A)****Figure 24: Load transient ($V_{OUT} = 0.8 \text{ V}$)****Figure 25: Load transient ($V_{OUT} = 2.5 \text{ V}$)****Figure 26: Load transient (I_{OUT} = from 100 mA to 1 A)****Figure 27: Line regulation transient**

Figure 28: Start-up transient

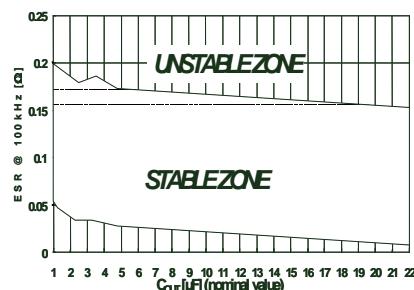
$V_{EN} = V_{IN} = 0.8\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 0.8\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 100\text{ mA}$
GIPD040920151220M T

Figure 29: Enable transient

$V_{EN} = 0\text{ to }2\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 0.8\text{ V}$, $V_{IN} = 3.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 100\text{ mA}$,
 $t_R = 5\mu s$
GIPD040920151221M T

Figure 30: ESR required for stability with ceramic capacitors ($V_{OUT} = 0.8\text{ V}$)

$V_{IN} = V_{EN} = \text{from } 1.5\text{ V to } 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 0.8\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = \text{from } 1\text{ mA to } 1\text{ A}$
GIPD040920151222M T

Figure 31: ESR required for stability with ceramic capacitors ($V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$)

$V_{IN} = V_{EN} = \text{from } 3.5\text{ V to } 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = \text{from } 1\text{ mA to } 1\text{ A}$
GIPD040920151223M T

6 Application information

The LD39100 is an ultra low-dropout linear regulator. It provides up to 1 A with a low 200 mV dropout. The input voltage range is from 1.5 V to 5.5 V. The device is available in fixed and adjustable output versions.

The regulator is equipped with internal protection circuitry, such as short-circuit current limiting and thermal protection.

The regulator is stable with ceramic capacitors on the input and the output. The expected values of the input and output ceramic capacitors are from 1 μ F to 22 μ F with 1 μ F typical. The input capacitor has to be connected within 1 cm from V_{IN} terminal. The output capacitor has also to be connected within 1 cm from output pin. There isn't any upper limit to the value of the input capacitor.

not found and not found illustrate the typical application schematics:

Figure 32: Typical application circuit for fixed output version

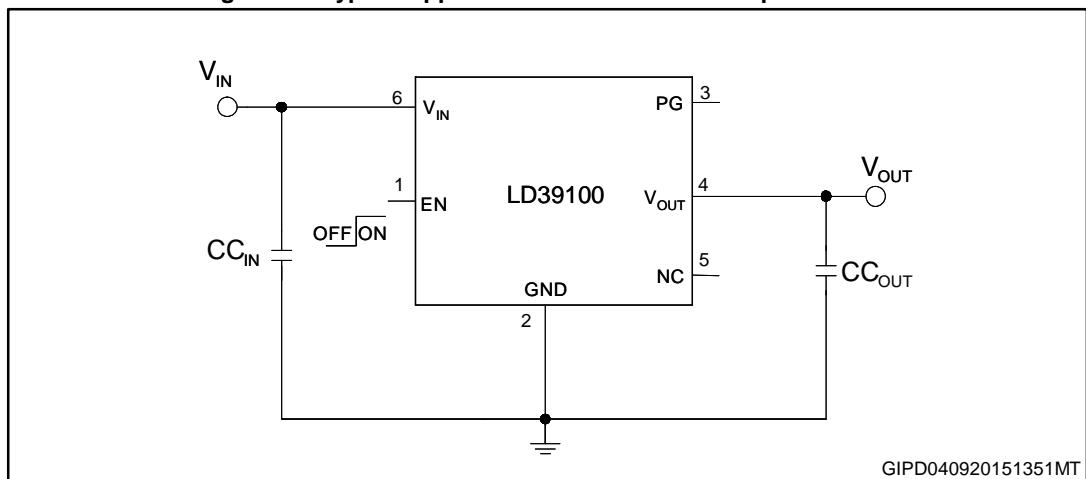
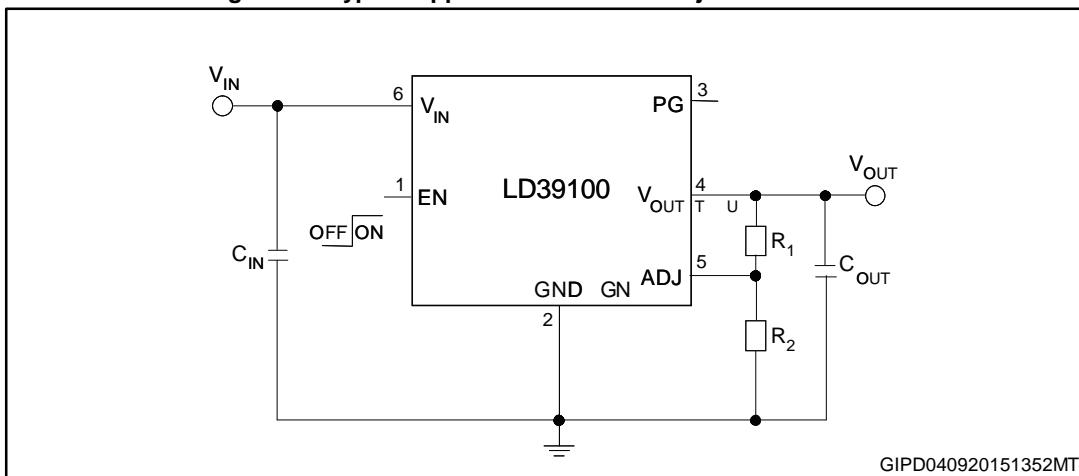


Figure 33: Typical application circuit for adjustable version



Regarding to the adjustable version, the output voltage can be adjusted from 0.8 V up to the input voltage, minus PMOS voltage drop across (dropout voltage), by connecting a resistor divider between ADJ pin and the output, thus allowing remote voltage sensing.

The resistor divider should be selected as follows:

Equation 1

$$V_{OUT} = V_{ADJ} \left(1 + R_1 / R_2 \right) \text{ with } V_{ADJ} = 0.8 \text{ V (typ.)}$$

Resistors should be used with values in the range from 10 kΩ to 50 kΩ. Lower values can also be suitable, but they increase current consumption.

6.1 Power dissipation

An internal thermal feedback loop disables the output voltage if the die temperature rises to approximately 160 °C. This feature protects the device from excessive temperature and allows the user to push the limits of the power handling capability of a given circuit board without the risk of damaging the device.

A good PC board layout should be used to maximize power dissipation. The thermal path for the heat generated by the device is from the die to the copper lead frame through the package leads and exposed pad to the PC board copper. The PC board copper acts as a heatsink. The footprint copper pads should be as wide as possible to spread and dissipate the heat to the surrounding ambient. Feed-through vias to the inner or backside copper layers are also useful to improve the overall thermal performance of the device.

The device power dissipation depends on the input voltage, output voltage and output current, and is given by:

Equation 2

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) I_{OUT}$$

Junction temperature of the device is:

Equation 3

$$T_{J_MAX} = T_A + R_{thJA} \times P_D$$

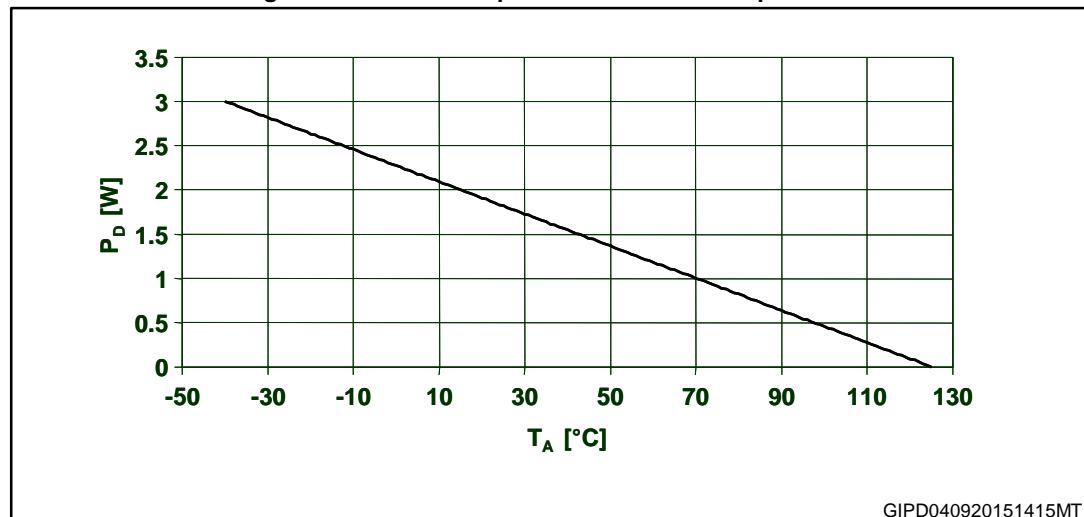
where:

T_{J_MAX} is the maximum junction of the die, 125 °C

T_A is the ambient temperature

R_{thJA} is the thermal resistance junction-to-ambient

Figure 34: Power dissipation vs. ambient temperature



6.2 Enable function

The LD39100 features the enable function. When EN voltage is higher than 2 V, the device is ON, and if it is lower than 0.8 V, the device is OFF. In shutdown mode, consumption is lower than 1 µA.

EN pin has not an internal pull-up, so it cannot be left floating if it is not used.

6.3 Power Good function

Most applications require a flag showing that the output voltage is in the correct range.

Power Good threshold depends on the adjust voltage. When it is higher than $0.92 \times V_{ADJ}$, Power Good (PG) pin goes to high impedance. If it is below $0.80 \times V_{ADJ}$ PG pin goes to low impedance. If the device works well, Power Good pin is at high impedance. If the output voltage is fixed using an external or internal resistor divider, Power Good threshold is $0.92 \times V_{OUT}$.

Power Good function requires an external pull-up resistor, which has to be connected between PG pin and V_{IN} or V_{OUT} . PG pin typical current capability is up to 6 mA. A pull-up resistor for PG should be in the range from 100 kΩ to 1 MΩ. If Power Good function is not used, PG pin has to remain floating.

7 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com.
ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

7.1 DFN6 (3x3 mm) package information

Figure 35: DFN6 (3x3 mm) package outline

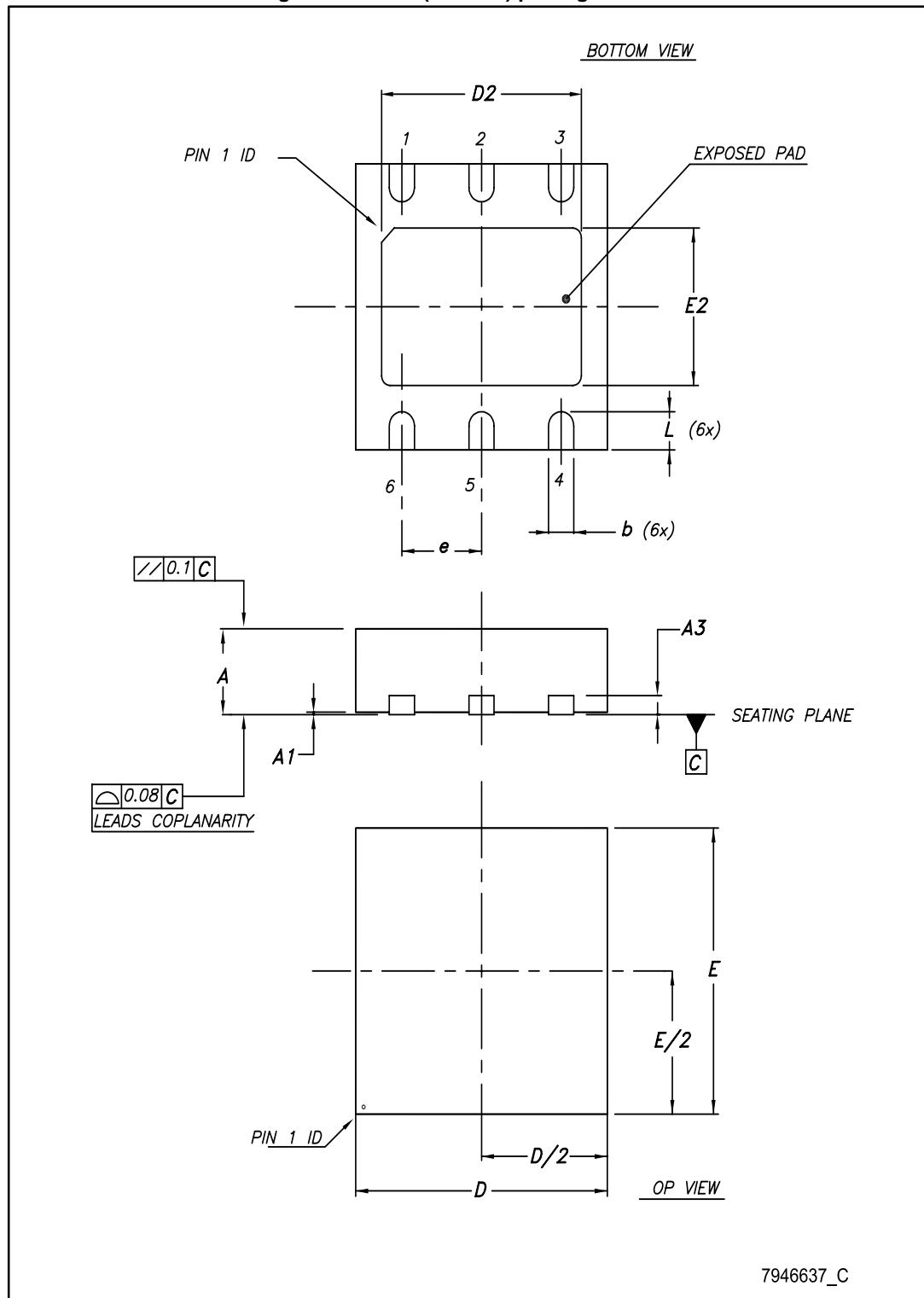
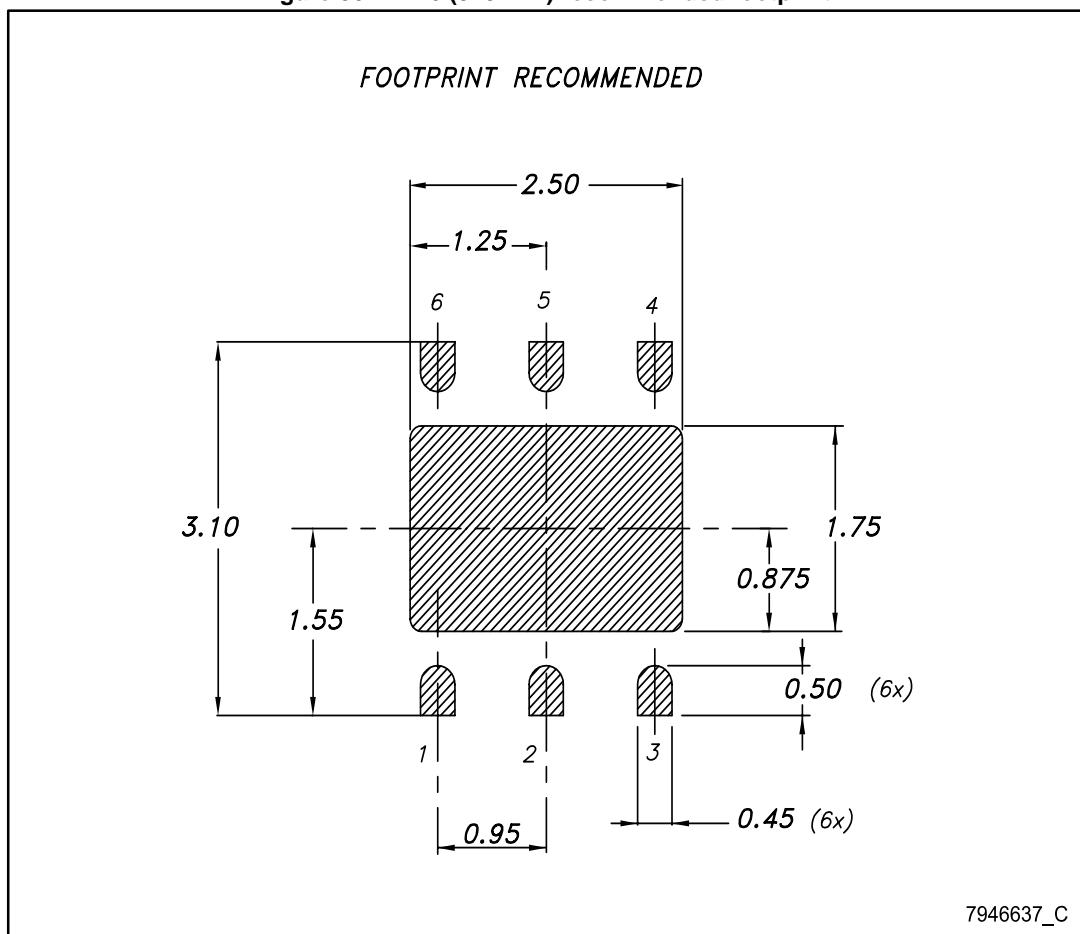


Table 8: DFN6 (3x3 mm) mechanical data

| Dim. | mm | | |
|------|------|------|------|
| | Min. | Typ. | Max. |
| A | 0.80 | | 1 |
| A1 | 0 | 0.02 | 0.05 |
| A3 | | 0.20 | |
| b | 0.23 | | 0.45 |
| D | 2.90 | 3 | 3.10 |
| D2 | 2.23 | | 2.50 |
| E | 2.90 | 3 | 3.10 |
| E2 | 1.50 | | 1.75 |
| e | | 0.95 | |
| L | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.50 |

Figure 36: DFN6 (3x3 mm) recommended footprint



7.2 DFN6 (3x3 mm) packing information

Figure 37: DFN6 (3x3 mm) tape outline

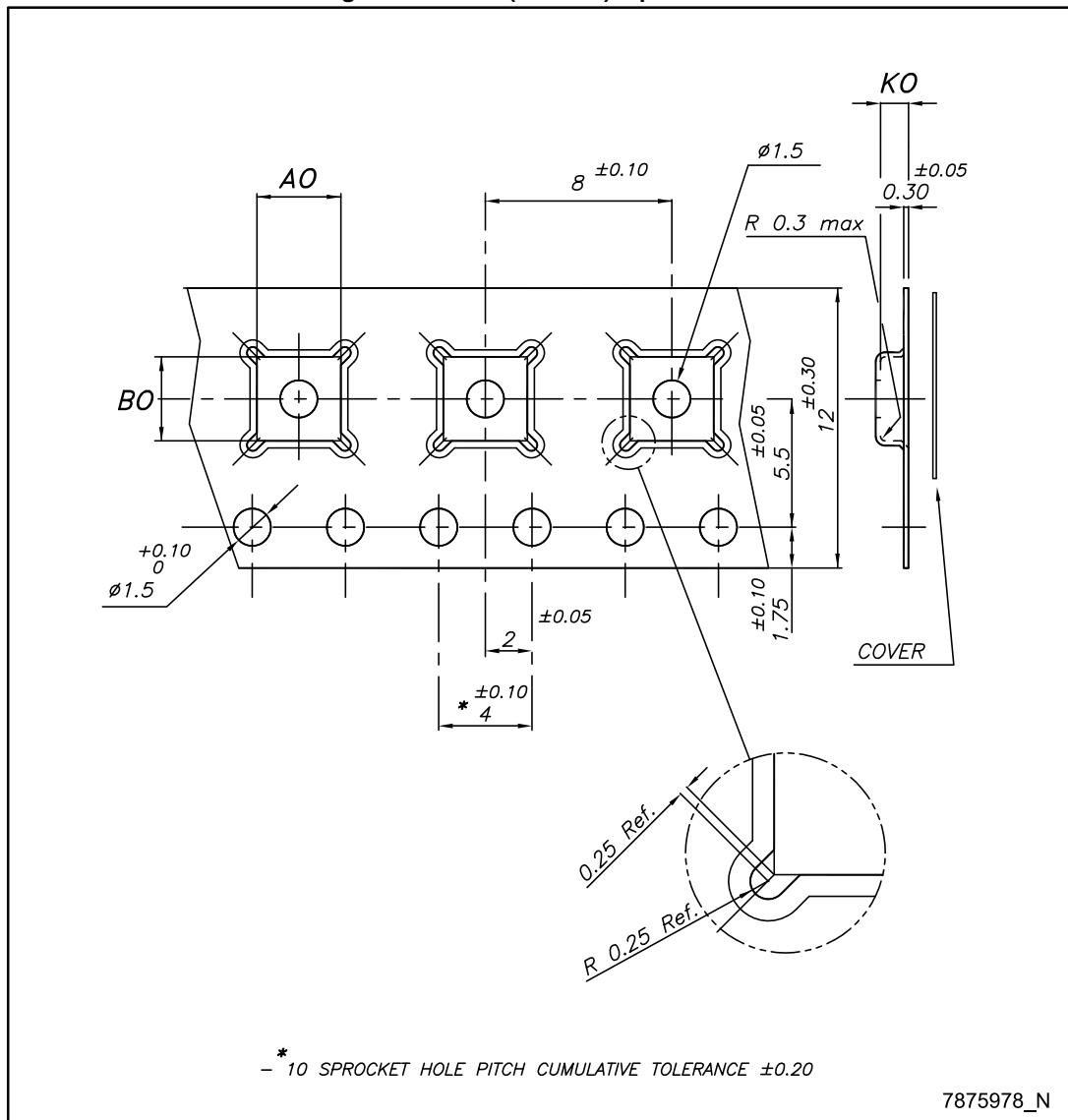


Figure 38: DFN6 (3x3 mm) reel outline

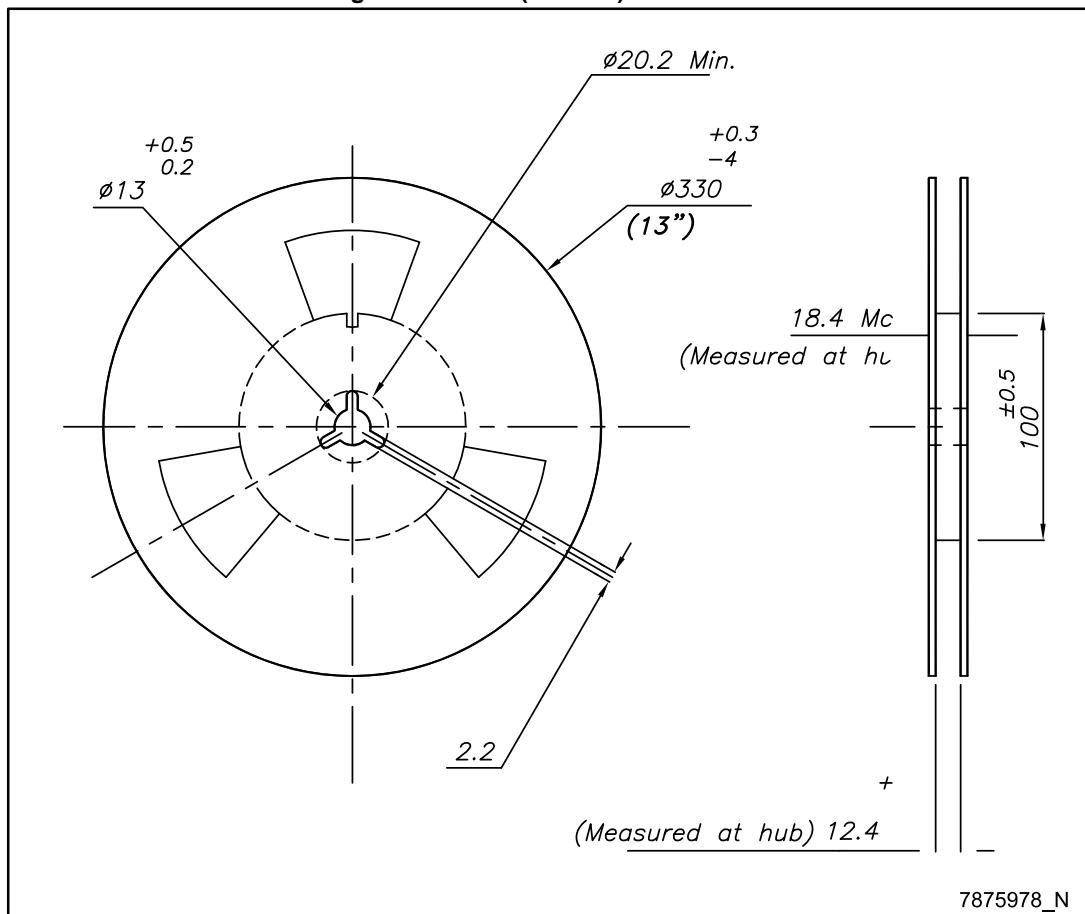


Table 9: DFN6 (3x3 mm) tape and reel mechanical data

| Dim. | mm | | |
|------|------|------|------|
| | Min. | Typ. | Max. |
| A0 | 3.20 | 3.30 | 3.40 |
| B0 | 3.20 | 3.30 | 3.40 |
| K0 | 1 | 1.10 | 1.20 |

8 Revision history

Table 10: Document revision history

| Date | Revision | Changes |
|-------------|----------|--|
| 29-Jul-2009 | 1 | Initial release. |
| 16-Apr-2010 | 2 | Modified <i>Figure 8 on page 9</i> . |
| 11-Oct-2011 | 3 | Document status promoted from preliminary data to datasheet. |
| 24-Apr-2014 | 4 | Part numbers LD39100xx, LD39100xx12 and LD39100xx25 changed to LD39100. Updated <i>Table 1: Device summary</i> . Updated the description in cover page <i>Section 1: "Circuit schematics"</i> , <i>Section 2: "Pin configuration"</i> , <i>Section 4: "Electrical characteristics"</i> , <i>Section 5: "Typical performance characteristics"</i> , not found, not found. Deleted previous <i>Section 8: Different output voltage versions of the LD39100xx available on request</i> . Added <i>Section 8: Packaging mechanical data</i> . Minor text changes. |
| 24-Sep-2015 | 5 | Updated <i>Figure 32: Typical application circuit for fixed output version</i> . Minor text changes. |

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