

MDOB128064V2V-WI 1		8 x 64	OLED Module
		Spe	ecification
Version: 2 Date: 27/11/2018			
		R	evision
1	19/04/2018		
			Static electricity test, Content of Test.

Displa			
Resolution	128 x 64		
Appearance	White on Black		
Logic Voltage	3V		loHS
Interface	I2C		ompliant
Module Size	27.30 x 27.30 x 2.37mm		
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ +80°C	Box Quantity	Weight / Display
Construction	COB		

* - For full design functionality, please use this specification in conjunction with the SSD1306BZ specification. (Provided Separately)

Display Accessories				
Part Number	Description			

Optional Varian	ts
Appearance	Voltage

General Specification

The Features is described as follow:

- Module dimension: 27.3 x 27.3 x 2.37 mm
- Active area: 21.74 × 10.86 mm
- Dot Matrix: 128 × 64
- Dot size: 0.148 × 0.148 mm
- Dot pitch: 0.17 × 0.17 mm
- Display Mode : Passive Matrix
- Duty: 1/64 Duty
- Display Color: White
- IC: SSD1306BZ
- Interface:I2C
- Size: 0.96 inch

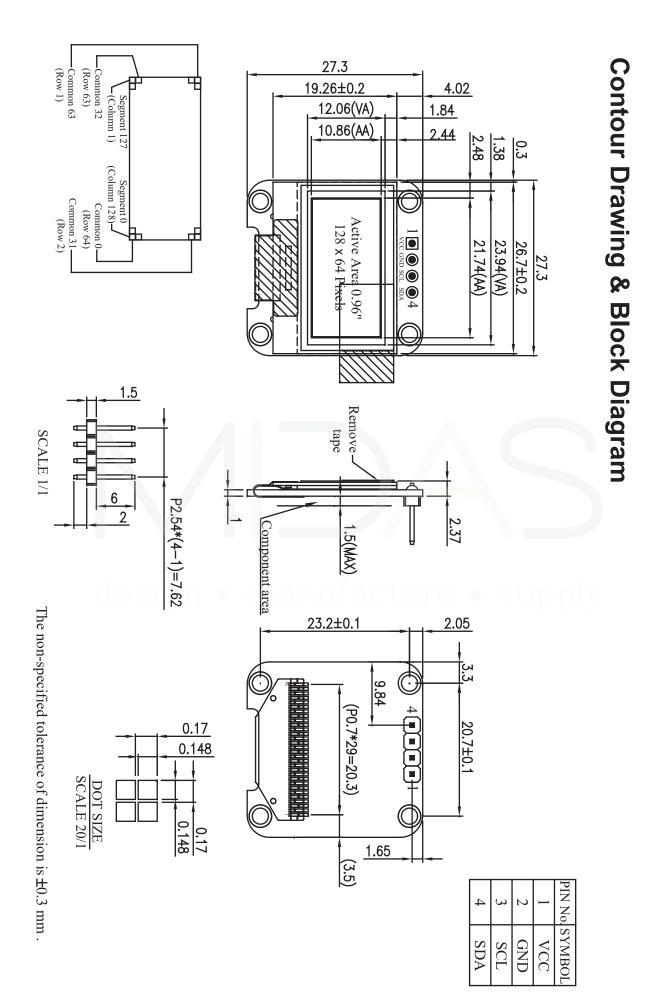
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Interface Pin Function

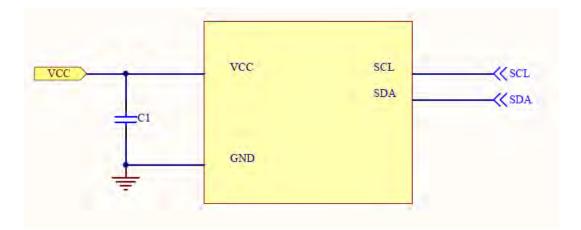
No.	Symbol	Function
1	VCC	Power supply input: 2.8 – 5.2V
2	GND	Ground
3	SCL	This is the serial clock input
4	SDA	This is a serial data input



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Application recommendations



C1: 1.0uF (1)

Note

(1) The capacitor value is recommended value. Select appropriate value against module application.

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*For more information, please refer to Application Note provided by MIDAS.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	VCC	1.65	5.5	V	1,2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	+80	°C	_
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	+85	°C	_

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6."Optics & Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.

Electrical Characteristics

DC Electrical Characteristics

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VCC	_	2.8	—	5.2	V
Input High Volt.	VIH	_	0.8×VDD	_	VDDIO	V
Input Low Volt.	VIL	_	0	_	0.2×VDD	V
Output High Volt.	VOH	_	0.9×VDD	_	VDDIO	V
Output Low Volt.	VOL	_	0	_	0.1×VDD	V
50% Check Board operating Current	ICC	Vcc=7.5V	_	12.0	20.0	mA

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Initial code

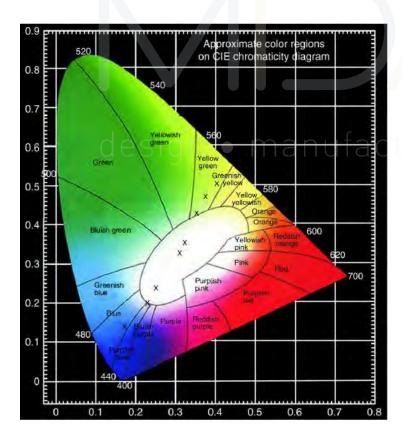
Void init_SSD1306BZ(void){

Write command(0xAE); // Display Off Write_command(0xD5); //SET DISPLAY CLOCK Write_command(0x80); //105HZ Write command(0xA8); // Select Multiplex Ratio Write_command(Duty); // Default => 0~0x3F (1/64 Duty) Write_command(0xD3); //Setting Display Offset Write command(0x00): //00H Reset. set common start Write command(0x40); //Set Display Start Line Write_command(0x8D); // Set Charge Pump Write_command(0x14); // Endable Charge Pump Write_command(0xA1); //Set Segment Re-Map Default //0xA0 (0x00) => column Address 0 mapped to 127 //0xA1 (0x01) => Column Address 127 mapped to 0 Write_command(0xC8); //Set COM Output Scan Direction Write command(0xDA); //Set COM Hardware Configuration Write command(0x12); //Alternative COM Pin---See IC Spec page 34 Write_command(0x81); //Set Contrast Control Write_command(Contrast_volue); Write command(0xD9); //Set Pre-Charge period Write command(0x22); Write command(0xDB): //Set Deselect Vcomh level Write_command(0x30); // Write_command(0xA4); //Entire Display ON //Set Normal Display Write command(0xA6); Write command(0xAF); // Display ON

}

Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	(V)θ	_	160	—	_	deg
View Angle	(H)φ	_	160	—	—	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1	_	_	_
Deenenee Time	T rise	_		10	_	μs
Response Time	T fall	_		10	_	μs
Display with 50% check Board Brightness(reference)		rightness(reference)	60	80	_	cd/m2
CIEx(White)		(CIE1931)	0.26	0.28	0.30	_
CIEy(White)		(CIE1931)	0.30	0.32	0.34	_



OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value	20,000 Hrs	-	Note

Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.

Reliability

Content of Reliability Test

Environmenta	l Test		1
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable Standard
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	85°C 240hrs	
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	80°C 240hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60°C,90%RH 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Operation	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity Operation for a long time.	60°C,90%RH 120hrs	
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle. -40°C 25°C 80°C 30min <u>5min 30min</u>	-40°C /80°C 30 cycles	suppl
Mechanical Tes	st		
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	Frequency:10~55Hz amplitude:1.5mm Time:0.5hrs/axis Test axis:X,Y,Z	
Others	·		·
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the finished product housing.	Air Discharge model ±4kv,10 times	

*** Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25°C

Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

Evaluation criteria

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within \pm 50% of initial value.

APPENDIX:

RESIDUE IMAGE

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.

Inspection specification

NO	Item		Criterion		AQL	
01	Electrical Testing	 1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character, dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications. 1.6 OLED viewing angle defect. 1.7 Mixed product types. 1.8 Contrast defect. 				
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	 2.1 White and black spots on display ≦0.25mm, no more than three white or black spots present. 2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm. 				
03	OLED black spots, white spots, contamin ation (non- display)	→x <u>+</u> <u>+</u>	SIZE $\Phi \le 0.10$ $0.10 < \Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.25$ $0.25 < \Phi$	Acceptable QTY Accept no dense 2 1 0	2.5	
	d e	3.2 Line type : (As following d $\downarrow w$ $\downarrow w$ $\downarrow L = 3.0$ $L \le 2.5$ 	Width W \leq 0.02 0.02 < W \leq 0.03 0.03 < W \leq 0.05 0.05 < W	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 2 As round type	2.5	
04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are visible, judge using black spot specifications, not easy to find, must check in specify direction.		Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 3 2 0 3	2.5	
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED black spo	ts, white spots, co	ntamination.		

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
		Symbols Define: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length: 6.1 General glass chip : 6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack between panels: X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	
	Chipped glass	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	2.5
06		6.1.2 Corner crack:	
		z: Chip thicknessy: Chip widthx: Chip length $Z \le 1/2t$ Not over viewing area $x \le 1/8a$ $1/2t < z \le 2t$ Not exceed 1/3k $x \le 1/8a$ \odot If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each chip.	
	Glass crack	Symbols : x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length 6.2 Protrusion over terminal : 6.2.1 Chip on electrode pad :	2.5
		$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	

NO	Item	Criterion		
06	Glass crack	6.2.2 Non-conductive portion: $\begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ \hline \\ y \\ \hline \\ y \\ \hline \\ x \\ x$	2.5	
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.		
08	Backlight elements	 8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards. 8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong. 		
09	Bezel	9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.		

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
10	PCB , COB	10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination.	2.5
		10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC.	2.5 0.65
		10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram.10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the	2.5
		seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places.	2.5
		10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals. 10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production	0.65
		characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts. 10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product	0.65
		characteristic chart. 10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or	2.5
		screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down.	
11	Soldering	11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB. 11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections,	2.5 2.5
		oxidation or icicle. 11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB.	2.5
		11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.	0.65
	des	12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.	2.5
12	General appearance	12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on	0.65 2.5
		 product. 12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits. 12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever. 	2.5 2.5
		12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.	2.5
		12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened. 12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.	2.5 0.65
		12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins. 12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on	0.65 0.65
		packaging specification sheet. 12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet.	0.65

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Short	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal B Dark Fixel

Precautions in use of OLED Modules

(1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
(2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the

components of OLED display module.

(3) Don't disassemble the OLED display module.

(4) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.

(5) Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.

(6) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.

(7) Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.

(8) It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use fix information for long time in real application.

(9) Don't use fixed information in OLED panel for long time, that will extend "screen burn" effect time..

(10) MIDAS has the right to change the passive components, including R2and R3 adjust resistors. (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)

(11) MIDAS have the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, MIDAS have the right to modify the version.)

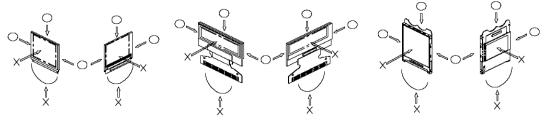
Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.

* Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- * Water
- * Ketone
- * Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- (7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OLED display module.
- (9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
- * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
- * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
- * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
- * Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- (11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

Storage Precautions

- (1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. And, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments.(We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from MIDAS. At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.
- (2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module, when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.

Designing Precautions

- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)

(4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.

- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- (6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- (7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module. Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.