

Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

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LOCTITE 415

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE 415

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use: Adhesive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd Adhesives Wood Lane End HP2 4RQ Hemel Hempstead

Great Britain

Phone: +44 (1442) 278000

SDSinfo.Adhesive@henkel.com For Safety Data Sheet updates please visit our website https://mysds.henkel.com/index.html#/appSelection or www.henkeladhesives.com.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (CLP):	
Skin irritation	Category 2
H315 Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye irritation	Category 2
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.	
Target organ: respiratory tract irritation	

2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:



Methyl 2-cyanoacrylate

Signal word:	Warning
Hazard statement:	H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
Supplemental information	Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of children.
Precautionary statement: Prevention	P261 Avoid breathing vapors. P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.
Precautionary statement: Response	P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Precautionary statement: Disposal	P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

None if used properly. Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

Following substances are present in a concentration >= 0,1% and fulfill the criteria for PBT/vPvB, or were identified as endocrine disruptor (ED):

This mixture does not contain any substances in concentration \geq the concentration limit that are assessed to be a PBT, vPvB or ED.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No. EC Number REACH-Reg No.	Concentration	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M- factors and ATEs	Add. Information
Methyl 2-cyanoacrylate 137-05-3 205-275-2 01-2120096139-47	50- 100 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	STOT SE 3; H335; C >= 10 %	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1 204-327-1 01-2119496065-33	0,1-< 0,3 %	Repr. 1B, H360F		SVHC
Hydroquinone 123-31-9 204-617-8 01-2119524016-51	0,01-< 0,1 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Carc. 2, H351 Muta. 2, H341 Acute Tox. 4, Oral, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	M acute = 10 M chronic = 1 M acute = 10	

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information".

Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

Skin contact:

Do not pull bonded skin apart. It may be gently peeled apart using a blunt object such as a spoon, preferably after soaking in warm soapy water.

Cyanoacrylates give off heat on solidification. In rare cases a large drop will generate enough heat to cause a burn.

Burns should be treated normally after the adhesive has been removed from the skin.

If lips are accidentally stuck together apply warm water to the lips and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth.

Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips apart with direct opposing action.

Eye contact:

If the eye is bonded closed, release eyelashes with warm water by covering with wet pad.

Cyanoacrylate will bond to eye protein and will cause periods of weeping which will help to debond the adhesive.

Keep eye covered until debonding is complete, usually within 1-3 days.

Do not force eye open. Medical advice should be sought in case solid particles of cyanoacrylate trapped behind the eyelid cause any abrasive damage.

Ingestion:

Ensure that breathing passages are not obstructed. The product will polymerise immediately in the mouth making it almost impossible to swallow. Saliva will slowly separate the solidified product from the mouth (several hours).

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

SKIN: Redness, inflammation.

RESPIRATORY: Irritation, coughing, shortness of breath, chest tightness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide. Fine water spray

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: None known

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) can be released.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.

Additional information:

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Do not use cloths for mopping up. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off the floor. Cured material can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ventilation (low level) is recommended when using large volumes Use of dispensing equipment is recommended to minimise the risk of skin or eye contact Avoid skin and eye contact. See advice in section 8

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Refer to Technical Data Sheet

7.3. Specific end use(**s**) Adhesive

Adnesive

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ррт	mg/m ³	21	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Mecrilate 137-05-3 [METHYL CYANOACRYLATE]	0,3	1,4	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	15 minutes	EH40 WEL
Hydroquinone 123-31-9 [HYDROQUINONE]		0,5	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for

Ireland

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ррт	mg/m ³	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Mecrilate 137-05-3 [MECRYLATE]	1		Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	15 minutes	IR_OEL
Mecrilate 137-05-3 [MECRYLATE]	0,2		Time Weighted Average (TWA):		IR_OEL
Hydroquinone 123-31-9 [HYDROQUINONE]		0,5	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		IR_OEL

Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):

Name on list	Environmental Compartment	Exposure period	Value				Remarks
	•		mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	aqua		0,0068				
methylphenyl)methane	(freshwater)		mg/l				
119-47-1	````		C				
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	aqua (marine		0,00068				
methylphenyl)methane	water)		mg/l				
119-47-1			-				
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	aqua		0,048 mg/l				
methylphenyl)methane	(intermittent						
119-47-1	releases)						
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	sewage		100 mg/l				
methylphenyl)methane	treatment plant						
119-47-1	(STP)						
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	sediment				102 mg/kg		
methylphenyl)methane	(freshwater)						
119-47-1							
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	sediment				10,2 mg/kg		
methylphenyl)methane	(marine water)						
119-47-1							
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	Soil				20,4 mg/kg		
methylphenyl)methane							
119-47-1							
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	oral				10 mg/kg		
methylphenyl)methane							
119-47-1							
Hydroquinone	aqua		0,00057				
123-31-9	(freshwater)		mg/l				
Hydroquinone	aqua (marine		0,000057				
123-31-9	water)		mg/l				
Hydroquinone	sediment				0,0049		
123-31-9	(freshwater)				mg/kg		
Hydroquinone	sediment				0,00049		
123-31-9	(marine water)				mg/kg		
Hydroquinone	aqua		0,00134				
123-31-9	(intermittent		mg/l				
	releases)						
Hydroquinone	Soil				0,00064		
123-31-9					mg/kg		
Hydroquinone	sewage		0,71 mg/l				
123-31-9	treatment plant						
	(STP)						

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Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure			Value	Remarks
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	Workers	dermal	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		3,175 mg/kg	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	Workers	inhalation	exposure - systemic effects			
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		0,635 mg/kg	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		4,48 mg/m3	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	General population	dermal	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		1,59 mg/kg	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	General population	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		5,5 mg/m3	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	General population	oral	Acute/short term 1,5 exposure - systemic effects		1,59 mg/kg	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		0,318 mg/kg	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1,1 mg/m3	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		0,318 mg/kg	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		3,33 mg/kg	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		2,1 mg/m3	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	General population	dermal	5		1,66 mg/kg	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	General population	inhalation			1,05 mg/m3	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		0,6 mg/kg	

Biological Exposure Indices:

None

8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls: Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation. An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area Filter type: A (EN 14387)

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Polyethylene or polypropylene gloves are recommended when using large volumes. Do not use PVC, rubber or nylon gloves.

Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:

Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166. Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing.

Skin protection:

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts. Wear suitable protective clothing.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

1. Information on basic physical and chemica	al properties
Physical state	liquid
Delivery form	liquid
Colour	Colorless to light yellow
Odor	Irritating
Melting point	Not applicable, Product is a liquid
Solidification temperature	< -25 °C (< -13 °F)
Initial boiling point	> 149 °C (> 300.2 °F)None
Flammability	The product is not flammable.
Explosive limits	Not applicable, The product is not flammable.
Flash point	80 - 93 °C (176 - 199.4 °F); no method
Auto-ignition temperature	485 °C (905 °F)
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable, Substance/mixture is not self-reactive, no
	organic peroxide and does not decompose under foreseen
	conditions of use
pH	Not applicable, Product reacts with water.
Viscosity (kinematic)	> 20,5 mm2/s
(40 °C (104 °F);)	
Solubility (qualitative)	Polymerises in presence of water.
(20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: Water)	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable
	Mixture
Vapour pressure	< 0,2 mm hg
(20 °C (68 °F))	
Vapour pressure	< 700 mbar;no method
(50 °C (122 °F))	
Density	1,1 g/cm3
(20 °C (68 °F))	

Relative vapour density: (20 °C) Particle characteristics 3

Not applicable Product is a liquid

9.2. Other information

Other information not applicable for this product

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Rapid exothermic polymerization will occur in the presence of water, amines, alkalis and alcohols.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions See section reactivity

10.4. Conditions to avoid No decomposition if used according to specifications.

10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General toxicological information:

Cyanoacrylates are considered to have relatively low toxicity. Acute oral LD50 is >5000mg/kg (rat). It is almost impossible to swallow as it rapidly polymerises in the mouth.

Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of vapours may lead to chronic effects in sensitive individuals In dry atmosphere with < 50% humidity, vapours may irritate the eyes and respiratory system

1.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
Methyl 2-cyanoacrylate 137-05-3	LD50	> 4.440 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert- butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	LD50	> 10.000 mg/kg	rat	not specified
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	LD50	367 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
Methyl 2-cyanoacrylate	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rabbit	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402 (Acute
137-05-3				Dermal Toxicity)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-	LD50	> 10.000 mg/kg	rat	not specified
butyl-5-				
methylphenyl)methane				
119-47-1				
Hydroquinone	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rabbit	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
123-31-9				

Acute inhalative toxicity:

No data available.

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Bonds skin in seconds. Considered to be of low toxicity: acute dermal LD50 (rabbit)>2000mg/kg Due to polymerisation at the skin surface allergic reaction is unlikely to occur

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Methyl 2-cyanoacrylate 137-05-3	irritating	24 h	rabbit	not specified
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	not irritating	24 h	rabbit	Weight of evidence

Serious eye damage/irritation:

Liquid product will bond eyelids. In a dry atmosphere (RH<50%) vapours may cause irritation and lachrymatory effect

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Methyl 2-cyanoacrylate 137-05-3	irritating		rabbit	not specified

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Test type	Species	Method
CAS-No.				
Methyl 2-cyanoacrylate	not sensitising	Skin sensitisation	guinea pig	not specified
137-05-3				
Hydroquinone	sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation	guinea pig	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline
123-31-9	_	test		406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Hydroquinone	sensitising	Mouse local lymphnode	mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline
123-31-9		assay (LLNA)		429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph
				Node Assay)

Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Methyl 2-cyanoacrylate 137-05-3	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Methyl 2-cyanoacrylate 137-05-3	positive	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Methyl 2-cyanoacrylate 137-05-3	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Methyl 2-cyanoacrylate 137-05-3	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert- butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	positive	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Methyl 2-cyanoacrylate 137-05-3	negative	not specified		mouse	not specified
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	positive	intraperitoneal		mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	negative	oral: gavage		rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 478 (Genetic Toxicology: Rodent Dominant Lethal Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	positive	intraperitoneal		mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 483 (Mammalian Spermatogonial Chromosome Aberration Test)

Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Sex	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	carcinogenic	oral: gavage	103 w 5 d/w	rat	male/female	equivalent or similar OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	carcinogenic	oral: gavage	103 w 5 d/w	mouse	female	equivalent or similar OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies)

Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Test type	Route of application	Species	Method
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert- butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	NOAEL P 12,5 mg/kg	screening	oral: gavage	rat	OECD Guideline 421 (Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOAEL P 15 mg/kg NOAEL F1 150 mg/kg NOAEL F2 150 mg/kg	Two generation study	oral: gavage	rat	EPA OTS 798.4700 (Reproduction and Fertility Effects)

STOT-single exposure:

No data available.

STOT-repeated exposure::

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result / Value	Route of	Exposure time /	Species	Method
CAS-No.		application	Frequency of		
			treatment		
Methyl 2-cyanoacrylate	NOAEL > 200 mg/kg	oral: feed	90 d	rat	equivalent or similar to
137-05-3			daily		OECD Guideline 408
					(Repeated Dose 90-Day
					Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Hydroquinone	NOAEL 50 mg/kg	oral: gavage	13 w	rat	not specified
123-31-9			5 d/w		
Hydroquinone	NOAEL 73,9 mg/kg	dermal	13 w	rat	equivalent or similar to
123-31-9			6 h/d, 5 d/w		OECD Guideline 411
					(Subchronic Dermal
					Toxicity: 90-Day Study)

Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

11.2 Information on other hazards

not applicable

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General ecological information:

Biological and Chemical Oxygen Demands (BOD and COD) are insignificant. Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity (Fish):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1		Toxicity > Water solubility	96 h	<i>y</i> 1	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	LC50	0,638 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

Toxicity (Daphnia):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	EC50	Toxicity > Water solubility	48 h		OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	EC50	0,134 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances		Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1		Toxicity > Water solubility	21 d	1 0	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOEC	0,0057 mg/l	21 d	1 0	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)

Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	EC50	Toxicity > Water	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	
methylphenyl)methane		solubility		(reported as Selenastrum	Growth Inhibition Test)
119-47-1				capricornutum)	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	NOEC	Toxicity > Water	72 h		
methylphenyl)methane		solubility		(reported as Selenastrum	Growth Inhibition Test)
119-47-1				capricornutum)	
Hydroquinone	EC50	0,335 mg/l	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga,
123-31-9				(new name: Pseudokirchneriella	Growth Inhibition Test)
				subcapitata)	

Toxicity to microorganisms

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	EC50	Toxicity > Water	3 h	activated sludge	OECD Guideline 209
methylphenyl)methane		solubility			(Activated Sludge,
119-47-1					Respiration Inhibition Test)
Hydroquinone	EC 50	0,038 mg/l	30 min		not specified
123-31-9					

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product is not biodegradable.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure time	Method
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	under test conditions no biodegradation observed	aerobic	0 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 C (Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (I))
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	readily biodegradable	aerobic	75 - 81 %	30 d	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Bioconcentratio n factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Temperature	Species	Method
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	320 - 780	60 d		Cyprinus carpio	OECD Guideline 305 E (Bioaccumulation: Flow-through Fish Test)

12.4. Mobility in soil

Cured adhesives are immobile.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	LogPow	Temperature	Method
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	6,25	20 °C	OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	0,59		EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous substances	PBT / vPvB
CAS-No.	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
methylphenyl)methane	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
119-47-1	
Hydroquinone	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
123-31-9	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

not applicable

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Cured adhesive: Dispose of as water insoluble non-toxic solid chemical in authorised landfill or incinerate under controlled conditions.

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contribution of this product to waste is very insignificant in comparison to article in which it is used

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Waste code

08 04 09* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1.	UN numbe	UN number or ID number			
	ADR	Not dangerous goods			
	RID	Not dangerous goods			
	ADN	Not dangerous goods			
	IMDG	Not dangerous goods			
	IATA	3334			
14.2.	UN proper shipping name				
	ADR	Not dangerous goods			
	RID	Not dangerous goods			
	ADN	Not dangerous goods			
	IMDG	Not dangerous goods			
	IATA	Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (Cyanoacrylate ester)			
14.3.	Transport hazard class(es)				
	ADR	Not dangerous goods			
	RID	Not dangerous goods			
	ADN	Not dangerous goods			
	IMDG	Not dangerous goods			
	IATA	9			
14.4.	Packing group				
	ADR	Not dangerous goods			
	RID	Not dangerous goods			
	ADN	Not dangerous goods			
	IMDG IATA	Not dangerous goods III			
14.5.	Environmental hazards				
	ADR	not applicable			
	RID	not applicable			
	ADN	not applicable			
	IMDG	not applicable			
	IATA	not applicable			
14.6.	Special precautions for user				
	ADR	not applicable			
	RID	not applicable			
	ADN	not applicable			
	IMDG	not applicable			
	IATA	Primary packs containing less than 500ml are unregulated by this mode of transport			
	1/1//	and may be shipped unrestricted.			
14.7.	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments				
	not applicable				

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS) (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009): Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (Regulation (EU) No 649/2012): Persistent organic pollutants (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021): Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows: H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H360F May damage fertility. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

ED:	Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties
EU OEL:	Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit
EU EXPLD 1:	Substance listed in Annex I, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
EU EXPLD 2	Substance listed in Annex II, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
SVHC:	Substance of very high concern (REACH Candidate List)
PBT:	Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic criteria
PBT/vPvB:	Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic plus very persistent and very
	bioaccumulative criteria
vPvB:	Substance fulfilling very persistent and very bioaccumulative criteria

Further information:

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This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

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