

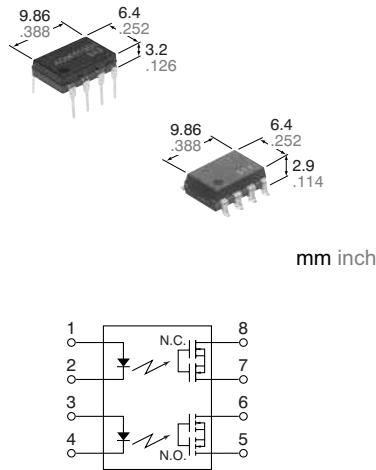
Panasonic

ideas for life

General use and economy type.
DIP (1 Form A/1 Form B) 8-pin type.
Reinforced insulation 5,000V type.

GU-E PhotoMOS (AQW61○EH)

FEATURES



- 1. 60V type couples high capacity (0.5A) with low on-resistance (1Ω).**

Item	GU-E (1 Form A/1 Form B type)	
Part No.	AQW610EH	AQW612EH
Load voltage	350V	60V
Continuous load current	0.12A	0.5A
ON resistance (typ.)	18Ω	1Ω

- 2. This is the PhotoMOS 1 Form A/1 Form B output type relay that has attained a low, economical price.**

- 3. Reinforced insulation 5,000 V type**

More than 0.4 mm internal insulation distance between inputs and outputs. Conforms to EN41003, EN60950 (reinforced insulation).

- 4. Compact 8-pin DIP size**

The device comes in a compact (W) 6.4×(L)9.86×(H)3.2 mm (W).252×(L).388×(H).126 inch, 8-pin DIP size (through hole terminal type).

- 5. Applicable for 1 Form A 1 Form B use as well as two independent 1 Form A and 1 Form B use**

- 6. Controls low-level analog signals**

PhotoMOS relays feature extremely low closed-circuit offset voltage to enable control of low-level analog signals without distortion.

- 7. High sensitivity, high speed response.**

Can control a maximum 0.14 A load current with a 5 mA input current. Fast operation speed of 0.5ms (typ.) [N.O.].(AQW610EH)

- 8. Low-level off-state leakage current**

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Power supply
- Measuring equipment
- Security equipment
- Modem
- Telephone equipment
- Electricity, plant equipment
- Sensors

TYPES

Type	I/O isolation voltage	Output rating*		Part No.			Packing quantity	
				Through hole terminal	Surface-mount terminal			
		Load voltage	Load current	Tube packing style		Tape and reel packing style		Tube
AC/DC type	Reinforced 5,000 V					Picked from the 1/2/3/4-pin side	Picked from the 5/6/7/8-pin side	
	60 V	500 mA	AQW612EH	AQW612EHA	AQW612EHAX	AQW612EHAZ	1 tube contains 40 pcs. 1 batch contains 400 pcs.	
	350 V	120 mA	AQW610EH	AQW610EHA	AQW610EHAX	AQW610EHAZ		
	400 V	100 mA	AQW614EH	AQW614EHA	AQW614EHAX	AQW614EHAZ		

*Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Note: For space reasons, the SMD terminal shape indicator "A" and the package style indicator "X" or "Z" are not marked on the relay.

GU-E PhotoMOS (AQW610EH)

RATING

1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item		Symbol	AQW612EH (A)	AQW610EH (A)	AQW614EH (A)	Remarks
Input	LED forward current	I_F	50 mA			
	LED reverse voltage	V_R	5 V			
	Peak forward current	I_{FP}	1 A		$f = 100 \text{ Hz, Duty factor} = 0.1\%$	
	Power dissipation	P_{in}	75 mW			
Output	Load voltage (peak AC)	V_L	60 V	350 V	400 V	
	Continuous load current	I_L	0.5 A (0.6 A)	0.12 A (0.14 A)	0.1 A (0.13 A)	Peak AC, DC (): in case of using only 1a or 1b, 1 channel
	Peak load current	I_{peak}	1.5 A	0.36 A	0.3 A	100 ms (1 shot), $V_L = \text{DC}$
	Power dissipation	P_{out}	800 mW			
Total power dissipation		P_T	850 mW			
I/O isolation voltage		V_{iso}	5,000 V AC			
Temperature limits	Operating	T_{opr}	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F		Non-condensing at low temperatures	
	Storage	T_{stg}	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F			

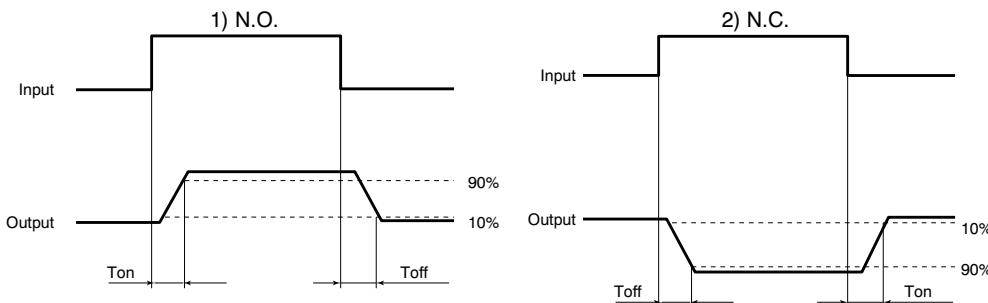
2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item			Symbol	AQW612EH (A)	AQW610EH (A)	AQW614EH (A)	Condition
Input	LED operate current	Typical	$I_{Fon}(\text{N.O.})$	1.3 mA			
		Maximum	$I_{Foff}(\text{N.C.})$	3.0 mA			
	LED reverse current	Minimum	$I_{Foff}(\text{N.O.})$	0.4 mA			
		Typical	$I_{Fon}(\text{N.C.})$	1.3 mA			
Output	LED dropout voltage	Typical	V_F	1.25 (1.14 V at $I_F = 5 \text{ mA}$)			$I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$
		Maximum		1.5 V			
	On resistance	Typical	R_{on}	1Ω	18Ω	26Ω	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA (N.O.) } I_F = 0 \text{ mA (N.C.)}$ $I_L = \text{Max.}$ Within 1 s on time
		Maximum		2.5Ω	25Ω	35Ω	
Transfer characteristics	Off state leakage current	Maximum	I_{Leak}	1μA (N.O.), 10μA (N.C.)			$I_F = 0 \text{ mA (N.O.) } I_F = 5 \text{ mA (N.C.)}$ $V_L = \text{Max.}$
	Operate (OFF) time*	Typical	$T_{on}(\text{N.O.})$ $T_{off}(\text{N.C.})$	1.0 ms (N.O.) 3.0 ms (N.C.)	0.5 ms (N.O.) 1.0 ms (N.C.)	0.5 ms (N.O.) 0.8 ms (N.C.)	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA } > 5 \text{ mA}$ $I_L = \text{Max.}$
		Maximum		4.0 ms (N.O.) 10.0 ms (N.C.)	3.0 ms		
	Reverse (ON) time*	Typical	$T_{off}(\text{N.O.})$ $T_{on}(\text{N.C.})$	0.05ms (N.O.), 0.2ms (N.C.)	0.08ms (N.O.), 0.3ms (N.C.)	0.08ms (N.O.), 0.2ms (N.C.)	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA } > 0 \text{ mA}$ $I_L = \text{Max.}$
		Maximum		1.0ms			
	I/O capacitance	Typical	C_{iso}	0.8 pF			$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_B = 0 \text{ V}$
		Maximum		1.5 pF			
	Initial I/O isolation resistance	Minimum	R_{iso}	1,000MΩ			500 V DC

Note: Recommendable LED forward current $I_F = 5$ to 10 mA.

Type of connection

*Operate/Reverse time

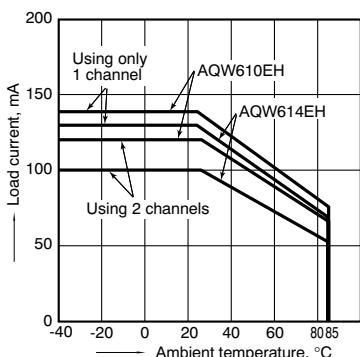


- Dimensions
- Schematic and Wiring Diagrams
- Cautions for Use

REFERENCE DATA

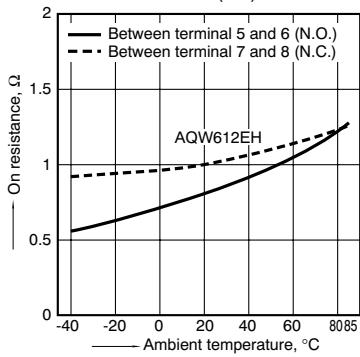
1-(1). Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$
 -40°F to $+185^{\circ}\text{F}$



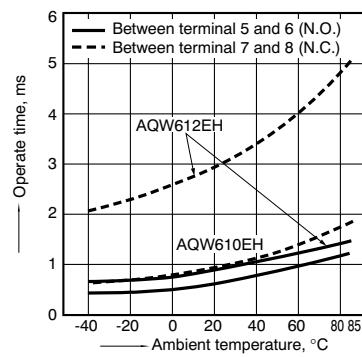
2-(1). On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8;
LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC);
Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



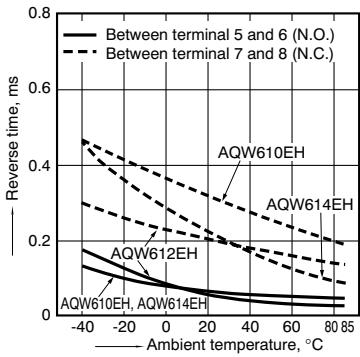
3. Operate time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Sample: All types;
Load voltage: Max. (DC);
Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



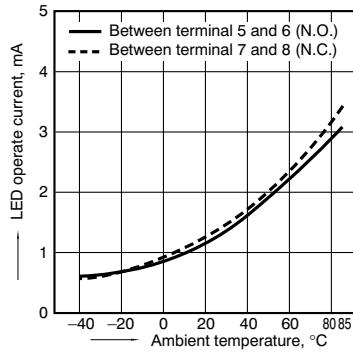
4. Reverse time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC);
Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



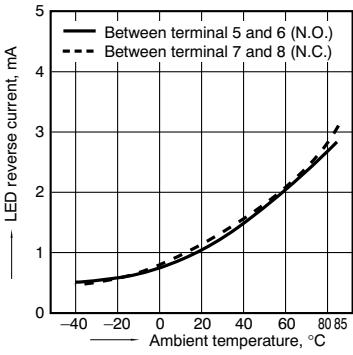
5. LED operate current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Sample: All types;
Load voltage: Max. (DC);
Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



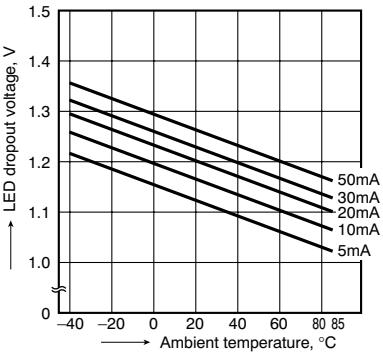
6. LED reverse current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Sample: All types;
Load voltage: Max. (DC);
Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



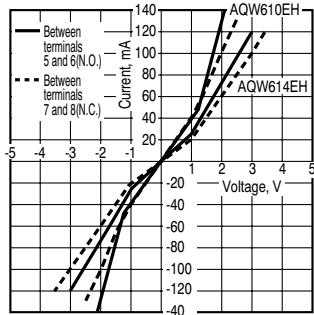
7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Sample: All types;
LED current: 5 to 50 mA



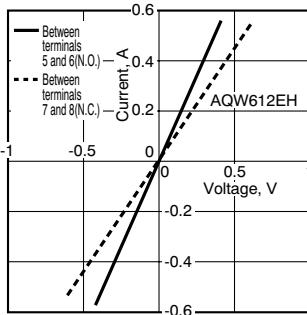
8-(1). Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8;
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



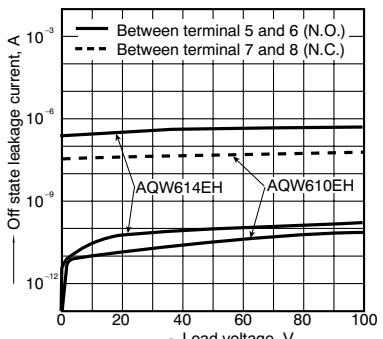
8-(2). Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8;
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



9-(1). Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

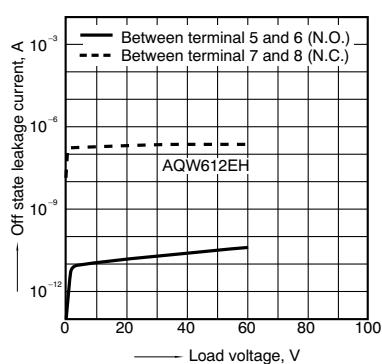
Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8;
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



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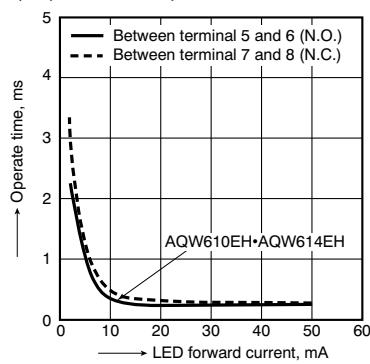
9-(2). Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8;
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



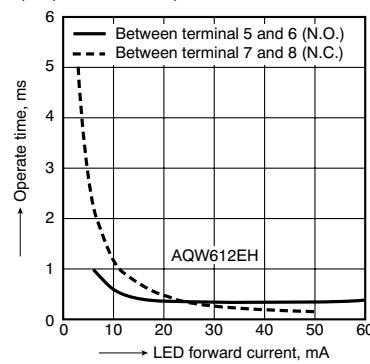
10-(1). Operate time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8;
Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current:
Max. (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



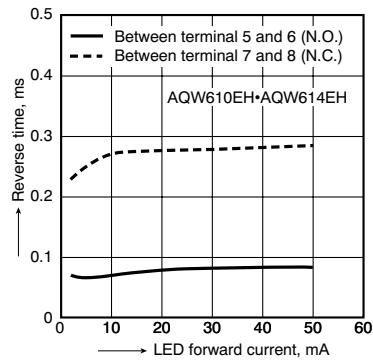
10-(2). Operate time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8;
Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current:
Max. (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



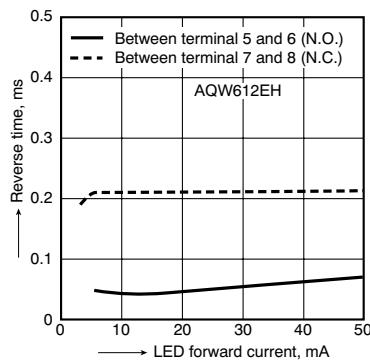
11-(1). Reverse time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8;
Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current:
Max. (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



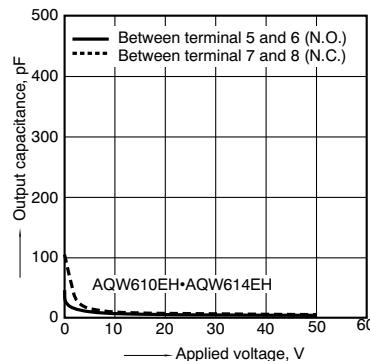
11-(2). Reverse time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8;
Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current:
Max. (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



12-(1). Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8;
Frequency: 1 MHz;
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



12-(2). Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8;
Frequency: 1 MHz;
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

