

Current Transducer LF 205-S

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit



Electrical data

I_{PN}	Primary nominal RI	MS current		20	0		Α
I_{PM}	Primary current, measuring range		0 ±420			Α	
R_{M}	Measuring resistance @		$T_{A} = 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} T_{A} = 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$			5 °C	
			$R_{ m Mmin}$	$R_{\text{M max}}$	$R_{ m M\ min}$	$R_{ m M\ max}$	
	with ±12 V	@ $\pm 200 A_{max}$	0	71	0	69	Ω
		@ ±420 A _{max}	0	14	0	12	Ω
	with ±15 V	@ ±200 A _{max}	0	100	23	98	Ω
		@ ±420 A _{max}	0	28	23	26	Ω
I_{SN}	Secondary nominal RMS current		100			mΑ	
$N_{\rm P}/N_{\rm S}$	Turns ratio		1 : 2000				
U_{c}	Supply voltage (+5 %)			±12 15			V
I_{C}	Current consumption @ ±15 V			17 + I _S			mΑ

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

$\varepsilon_{\mathrm{tot}}$	Total error @ I_{PN} , T_{A} = 25 °C	±0.5		%
$arepsilon_{\!\scriptscriptstyle \perp}$	Linearity error	< 0.1		%
_		Тур	Max	
I_{O}	Offset current @ I_P = 0, T_A = 25 °C		±0.2	mA
I_{OM}	Magnetic offset current $^{1)}$ @ $I_{\rm P}$ = 0 and specified $R_{\rm M}$,			
	after an overload of $3 \times I_{PN}$		±0.1	mA
I_{OT}	Temperature variation of $I_{\rm O}$ = -40 °C +85 °C	±0.12	±0.4	mA
t _{D 10}	Delay time to 10 % of I_{PN}	< 500		ns
t _{D 90}	Delay time $^{1)}$ to 90 % of I_{PN}	< 1		μs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB)	DC	100	kHz

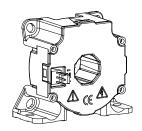
General data

T_{A}	Ambient operating temperature	-	-40 +85	°C
T_{Ast}	Ambient storage temperature	-	-40 +90	°C
$R_{\rm S}$	Resistance of secondary winding @ T_A = 70 °	°C 3	33	Ω
	@ $T_{A} = 85^{\circ}$	°C 3	35	Ω
m	Mass	7	78	g
	Standards	E	EN 50178: 1997	,

Notes: 1) The result of the coercive force of the magnetic circuit

²⁾ For a di/dt = 100 A/µs.

$I_{PN} = 200 A$



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- · Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

Industrial.

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Insulation coordination				
U_{d}	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min	3.5	kV	
U_{Ni}	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	8.8	kV	
U_{e}	Partial discharge extinction RMS voltage @ 10 pC	> 2	kV	
		Min		
d_{CD}	Creepage distance	11	mm	
$d_{Cp} \ d_{Cl}$	Clearance	10.2	mm	
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (group IIIa)	175		

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
$\overline{d_{\rm Cp},d_{\rm Cl},U_{\rm Ni}}$	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	500 V	500 V
Reinforced insulation	250 V	250 V

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

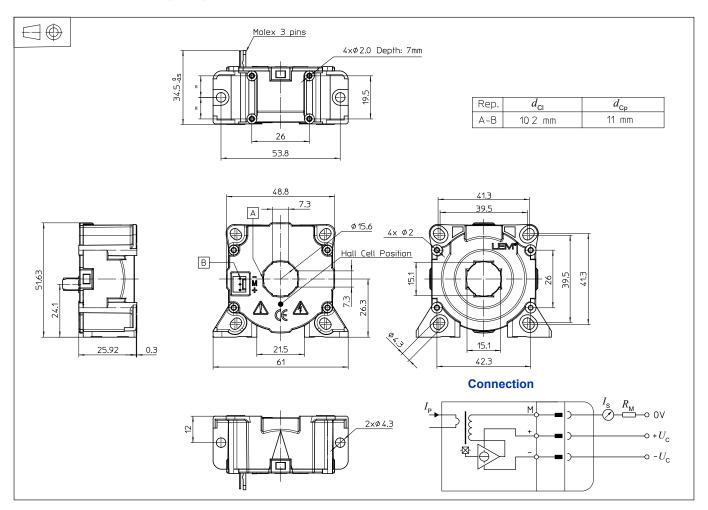
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions LF 205-S (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

±0.2 mm General tolerance

Transducer fastening

2 holes Ø 4.3 mm Vertical position 2 steel screws M4

Recommended fastening torque 1.5 N·m

Or

4 holes Ø 2.0 mm depth: 7 mm 4 screws PTKA 25 length: 6 mm

Transducer fastening

Horizontal position 4 holes Ø 4.3 mm

4 steel screws M4

Recommended fastening torque 1.5 N·m

Or

4 holes Ø 2.0 mm

4 screws PTKA 25 min length: 11.5 mm with

thickness of fixed plate

Recommended fastening torque 0.7 N·m

Ø 15.5 mm Primary through-hole Connection of secondary Molex 6410 3 Tin plated pins

Remarks

- I_{S} is positive when I_{P} flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: https://www.lem.com/en/file/3137/download/.
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and delay time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.