





### 1a 10A, 1a1b/2a 8A small polarized power relays

### **FEATURES**

- 1. Compact with high capacity High capacity switching in a small package: 1 Form A, 10 A 250 V AC; 1 Form A 1 Form B and 2 Form A, 8 A 250 V AC.
- 2. High sensitivity: 200 mW nominal operating power
- High breakdown voltage Independent coil and the contact structure improves breakdown voltage.

Between contact and coil	Between open contacts
4,000 Vrms for 1 min.	1,000 Vrms for 1 min.
10,000 V surge	1,500 V surge
breakdown voltage	breakdown voltage

Conforms with FCC Part 68

- 4. Latching types available
- 5. Sealed construction allows automatic washing.
- 6. High insulation resistance Creepage distance and clearances between contact and coil: Min. 8 mm DK2a-L2: 6.8 mm DK1a1b-L2: 6.8 mm
- 7. Sockets are available
- 8. Complies with safety standards Complies with Japan Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law requirements for operating 200 V power supply circuits, and complies with UL, CSA, and TÜV safety standards.

# DK RELAYS

### **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

- 1. Switching power supply
- 2. Power switching for various OA equipment
- 3. Control or driving relays for industrial machines (robotics, numerical control machines, etc.)
- 4. Output relays for programmable logic controllers, temperature controllers, timers and so on.
- 5. Home appliances

#### About Cd-free contacts

We have introduced Cadmium free type products to reduce Environmental Hazardous Substances.

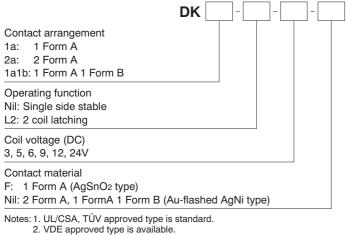
(The suffix "F" should be added to the part number)

(Note: The Suffix "F" is required only for 1 Form A contact type. The 2 Form A and 1 Form A 1 Form B contact type is originally Cadmium free, the suffix "F" is

not required.) Please replace parts containing

Cadmium with Cadmium-free products and evaluate them with your actual application before use because the life of a relay depends on the contact material and load.

### **ORDERING INFORMATION**



3. 1 coil latching type available

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Contact	Nominal coil	Single side stable	2 coil latching
arrangement voltage	voltage	Part No.	Part No.
-	3V DC	DK1a-3V-F	DK1a-L2-3V-F
	5V DC	DK1a-5V-F	DK1a-L2-5V-F
	6V DC	DK1a-6V-F	DK1a-L2-6V-F
1 Form A	9V DC	DK1a-9V-F	DK1a-L2-9V-F
	12V DC	DK1a-12V-F	DK1a-L2-12V-F
	24V DC	DK1a-24V-F	DK1a-L2-24V-F
1 Form A	3V DC	DK1a1b-3V	DK1a1b-L2-3V
	5V DC	DK1a1b-5V	DK1a1b-L2-5V
	6V DC	DK1a1b-6V	DK1a1b-L2-6V
1 Form B	9V DC	DK1a1b-9V	DK1a1b-L2-9V
	12V DC	DK1a1b-12V	DK1a1b-L2-12V
	24V DC	DK1a1b-24V	DK1a1b-L2-24V
	3V DC	DK2a-3V	DK2a-L2-3V
	5V DC	DK2a-5V	DK2a-L2-5V
2 Form A	6V DC	DK2a-6V	DK2a-L2-6V
Z FOIM A	9V DC	DK2a-9V	DK2a-L2-9V
	12V DC	DK2a-12V	DK2a-L2-12V
	24V DC	DK2a-24V	DK2a-L2-24V

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

\* For sockets, see page 7.

### RATING

#### 1. Coil data

#### 1) Single side stable

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)			
3V DC			66.6mA	45Ω					
5V DC		10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)		40mA	125Ω				
6V DC	70%V or less of						33.3mA	180Ω	200mW
9V DC	nominal voltage (Initial)		22.2mA	405Ω	200111	nominal voltage			
12V DC			16.6mA	720Ω					
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω					

#### 2) 2 coil latching

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage     Reset voltage     Current       (at 20°C 68°F)     (at 20°C 68°F)     [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power		Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)			
Ū.			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
3V DC			66.6mA	66.6mA	45Ω	45Ω				
5V DC					40mA	40mA	125Ω	125Ω 125Ω		
6V DC	70%V or less of	70%V or less of	33.3mA	33.3mA	180Ω	180Ω	200mW	200mW	130%V of	
9V DC	nominal voltage (Initial)	nominal voltage (Initial)	22.2mA	22.2mA	405Ω	405Ω	20011100	2001111	nominal voltage	
12V DC	(	(	16.6mA	16.6mA	720Ω	720Ω				
24V DC			8.3mA	8.3mA	2,880Ω	2,880Ω				

Characteristics		Item	Specifications					
	Arrangement		1 Form A	2 Form A				
Contact Contact resistance (Initial)		1 Form A     1 Form A 1 Form B     2 Form A       Max. 30 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)						
	Contact material		Au-flashed AgSnO2 type	Au-flashed AgSnO <sub>2</sub> type Au-flashed AgNi type				
	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		10 A 250 V AC, 10 A 30 V DC	8 A 250 V AC,8 A 30 V DC	8 A 250 V AC,8 A 30 V DC			
	Max. switching powe	r (resistive load)	2,500VA, 300 W	2,000 VA, 240 W	2,000 VA, 240 W			
Rating	Max. switching voltage	ge	250 V AC, 125 V DC	250 V AC, 125 V DC	250 V AC, 125 V DC			
	Max. switching curre	nt	10 A	8 A	8 A			
	Nominal operating power		200 mW					
Min. switching capacity		ity (Reference value)*1		10m A 5 V DC				
	Insulation resistance	(Initial)	Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) N	Min. 1,000M $\Omega$ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section				
Electrical	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)					
		Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)					
	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Initial)	between contacts and coil	10,000 V					
characteristics	Temperature rise (co	il) (at 65°C 149°F)	Max. 40°C (By resistive method	od, nominal voltage applied to th	ne coil; max. switching current)			
	Operate time [Set tin	ne] (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 10 ms (Approx. 5 ms) [10 ms (Approx. 5 ms)] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)					
	Release time [Reset	time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 8 ms (Approx. 3 ms) [10 ms (Approx. 3 ms)] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)				
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s <sup>2</sup> (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detect		detection time: 10µs.)			
Mechanical	SHOCK TESISIANCE	Destructive	Min. 980 r	n/s <sup>2</sup> (Half-wave pulse of sine wa	ave: 6 ms.)			
characteristics	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at do	uble amplitude of 1.5 mm (Dete	ection time: 10µs.)			
	VIDIALION TESISLANCE	Destructive	10 to	55 Hz at double amplitude of 3	3 mm			
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 5×107 (at 300 times/min.)					
Expected life	Electrical		Min. 10 <sup>5</sup> (resistive load, at 20 times/min., at rated capacity)					
Conditions	Conditions for operat	tion, transport and storage*3	Ambient temperature: -40°C to +65°C -40°F to +149°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)					
	Max. operating spee	d (at rated load)		20 times/min.				
Unit weight			Approx. 5 g .18 oz	Approx. 6 g .21 oz	Approx. 6 g .21 oz			

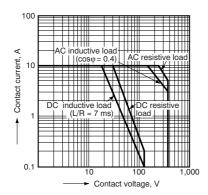
Notes:

\*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

\*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50µs according to JEC-212-1981
\*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT section in Relay Technical Information.

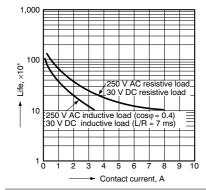
### **REFERENCE DATA**

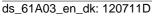
1-(1). Maximum operating power (1 Form A)

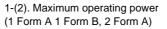


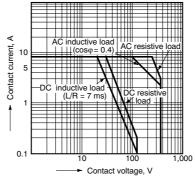
2-(2). Life curve

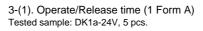
(1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A)

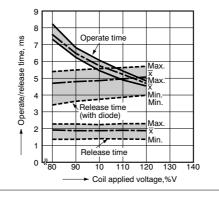




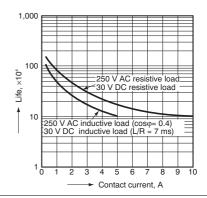




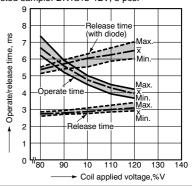




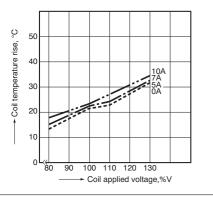




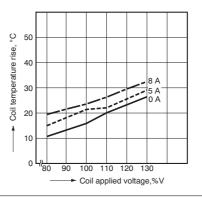
3-(2). Operate/Release time (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A) Tested sample: DK1a1b-12V, 5 pcs.



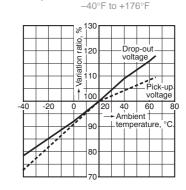
4-(1). Coil temperature rise (1 Form A) Tested sample: DK1a-12V, 5 pcs. Ambient temperature: 30°C 86°F



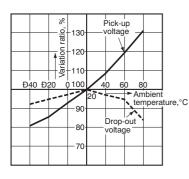
4-(2). Coil temperature rise (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A) Tested sample: DK1a1b-12V, 5 pcs. Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



5-(1). Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A) Tested sample: DK1a-24V, 6 pcs Ambient temperature: -40°C to +80°C



5-(2). Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A)

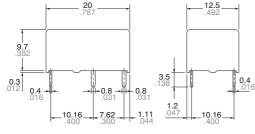


### DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

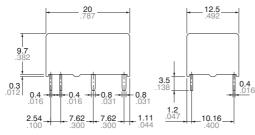
#### 1. 1 Form A type CAD Data



External dimensions Single side stable type



2 coil latching type

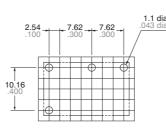


General tolerance:  $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$ 

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.

1.1 dia 043 dia

#### PC board pattern (Bottom view)



7.62

Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

7.62

2.54

10.16

Schematic (Bottom view) Single side stable



(Deenergized condition)

#### 2 coil latching



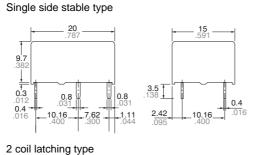
(Reset condition)

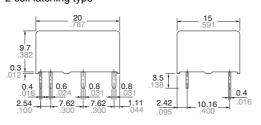
Since this is a polarized relay, the connection to the coil should be done according to the above schematic.

#### 2. 1 Form A 1 Form B type, 2 Form A type CAD Data External dimensions



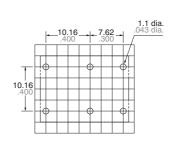


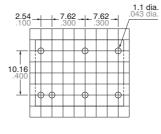




General tolerance:  $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$ 

#### PC board pattern (Bottom view)





Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ 

Schematic (Bottom view) <1 Form A 1 Form B type> Single side stable



(Deenergized condition) 2 coil latching



<2 Form A> Single side stable



(Deenergized condition) 2 coil latching



(Reset condition)

Since this is a polarized relay, the connection to the coil should be done according to the above schematic.

### SAFETY STANDARDS

ltom	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CS	CSA (Certified)		VDE (Certified)		TÜV (Certified)	
Item	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	
1 Form A	E43028	10A 250V AC <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	10A 250V AC <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> HP 125, 250V AC 10A 30V DC	006099UG	AC 250V 10A (cosφ=1.0) AC 250V 5A (cosφ=0.4) DC 30V 10A (0ms)	8705 1645 520	10A 250V AC (cos∳=1.0) 5A 250V AC (cos∳=0.4) 10A 30V DC	
1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A	E43028	8A 250V AC <sup>1/</sup> 4HP 125, 250V AC 8A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	8A 250V AC <sup>1/</sup> 4HP 125, 250V AC 8A 30V DC	006099UG	1 Form A 1 Form B: AC 250V 8A (cos∳=1.0) 2 Form A: AC 250V 8A (cos∳=1.0) AC 250V 4A (cos∳=0.4)	8705 1645 520 (1 Form A 1 Form B) 9407 13461 097 (2 Form A)	8A 250V AC (cos∳=1.0) 4A 250V AC (cos∳=0.4) 8A 30V DC	

### NOTES

 Soldering should be done under the following conditions:
250°C 482°F within 10s
300°C 572°F within 5s
350°C 662°F within 3s
Soldering depth: 2/3 terminal pitch
External magnetic field
Since DK relays are highly sensitive polarized relays, their characteristics will

polarized relays, their characteristics will be affected by a strong external magnetic field. Avoid using the relay under that condition. 3. When using, please be aware that the a contact and b contact sides of 1 Form A and 1 Form B types may go on simultaneously at operate time and release time.

### For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information.



### ACCESSORIES



**RELAY COMPATIBILITY** 

Socket

Single side stable type

2 coil latching type

Single side stable type

2 coil latching type

### FEATURES

1 Form A

2 coil

latching type

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Single side

stable type

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DK relay sockets that can be used also for DY relay.

### TYPES

Туре	Туре			
	Single side stable	DK1a-PS		
1 Form A	2 coil latching	DK1a-PSL2		
1 Form A 1 Form B,	Single side stable	DK2a-PS		
2 Form A*	2 coil latching	DK2a-PSL2		
Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs				

Note: \* 2 Form A type is DK relays only.

### SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specifications
Breakdown voltage	4,000 Vrms (Detection current: 10 mA) (Except the portion between coil terminals)
Insulation resistance	Min. 1,000 m $\Omega$ (at 500 V DC)
Heat resistance	150°C (for 1 hour)
Max. continuous current	10 A (DK1a-PS, DK1a-PSL2), 8 A (DK2a-PS, DK2a-PSL2)

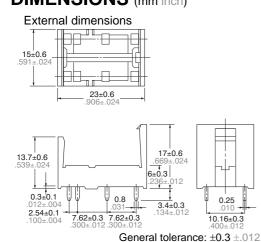
## **DIMENSIONS** (mm inch)

Relay

1 Form A

1 Form A 1 Form B

2 Form A



PC board pattern (Bottom view)

1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A

2 coil

latching type

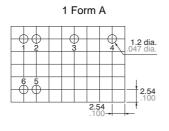
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Single side

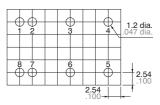
stable type

•



The above shows 2 coil latching type. No.2 and 5 terminal are eliminated on single side stable type.

#### 1 Form A 1 Form B



Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ 

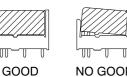
The above shows 2 coil latching type. No.2 and 7 terminal are eliminated on single side stable type.

### FIXING AND REMOVAL METHOD

1. Match the direction of relav and socket.



2. Both ends of the relay are to be secured firmly so that the socket hooks on the top surface of the relay.



NO GOOD

3. Remove the relay, applying force in the direction shown below.



4. In case there is not enough space to grasp the relay with fingers, use screwdrivers in the way shown in the illustration.

Notes: 1. Exercise care when removing relays. If greater than necessary force is applied at the socket hooks, deformation may alter the dimensions so that the hook will no longer catch, and other damage may also occur. 2. It is hazardous to use IC chip sockets.