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## **Model Number**

### NDS-F146-8E2-V1

Inductive transmitter system

### **Features**

- · 8 channels
- 8 sensor inputs
- Fast, flexible installation/separati-

## **Technical data**

recillical data	
Nominal ratings	
Number of signal channels	8
Signal transfer direction	from secondary side to primary side
Sensor supply voltage	12 V $\pm$ 10 % , overload and short-circuit resistant
Ripple	≤ 5 %
Transfer power	max. 2.5 W (1.5 W at 5 mm)
Load step	≤ 100 mA
Functional safety related parameters	
MTTF <sub>d</sub>	465 a
Mission Time (T <sub>M</sub> )	20 a
Diagnostic Coverage (DC)	0 %
Input	
Number	8
Input type	Input for sensor signals
Connectable sensor types	DC, 3-wire , PNP ( switched high )
Input current	≤ 1 mA
Internal resistor	$\geq$ 15 k $\Omega$
Ambient conditions	
Ambient temperature	0 50 °C (32 122 °F)
Storage temperature	-25 85 °C (-13 185 °F)
Mechanical specifications	
Degree of protection	IP65
Material	

Installation screw mounting Mass 140 g

**General information** 

Housing

Maximum cable length between WIS module and WIS Note transmitter must not exceed 5 m.

PA 66-FR

# Compliance with standards and directives

Directive conformity

EMC Directive 89/336/EEC EN 61000-6-2:2001, EN 61000-6-4:2001, EN 50295:1999

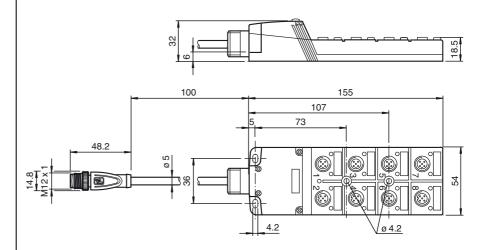
Standard conformity

EN 60947-5-2:2007 IEC 60947-5-2:2007 Standards

## Approvals and certificates

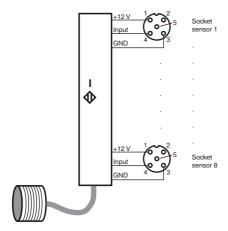
CCC approval / marking not required for products rated  $\leq\!36~\text{V}$ CCC approval

### **Dimensions**



#### **Electrical Connection**

#### Connection:



#### **Functional description**

A WIS (wireless inductive system) inductive transfer system always consists of the following four components:

- WIS primary module
- WIS primary transmitter
- WIS secondary transmitter
- WIS secondary module

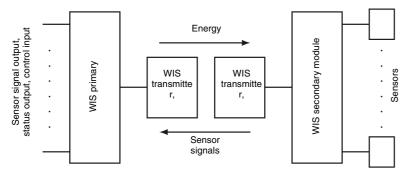
The WIS primary module is installed in the stationary component and is connected to a downstream control (i.e., PLC). The WIS primary transmitter connected to the WIS primary module. The WIS secondary transmitter and the WIS secondary module that is connected to it are installed in the moveable part of the component. The WIS secondary module disposes of connection capabilities for several sensors. If the two transmitters are located in front of each other within the system range, then electric power is transferred from the primary side to the secondary side. The sensors attached to the WIS secondary module are now supplied with electric energy and begin to operate. The sensor output signals are transmitted in the opposite direction from the secondary side to the primary side and are separately available on the WIS promary module output terminals for further processing by the equipment control. The sensor signal status is also displayed by LEDs that correspond to the sensor channels.

A separate output signal Tx on the WIS primary module indicates the communication status. A high signal indicates communication between the WIS transmitters. This is also indicated by a glowing LED Tx.

Power transfer and communication in the system can be activated and deactivated on the WIS primary module with the EN input.

Input signal on EN	Function
+ UB (24 V DC)	Transfer activated
GND or open.	Transfer deactivated

#### **Function schematic**



The sum of the currents of all sensors attached to the WIS secondary module must not be greater than the maximum transferable current. This is calculated by dividing the transferable power by the 12 V provided by the transmitters.

**EPPPERL+FUCHS**