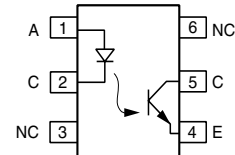
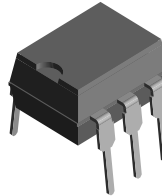


## Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, No Base Connection

### Features

- Breakdown Voltage, 5300 V<sub>RMS</sub>
- No Base Terminal Connection for Improved Common Mode Interface Immunity
- Long Term Stability
- Industry Standard Dual-in-Line Package
- Lead-free component
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC



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### Agency Approvals

- UL1577, File No. E52744 System Code H or J, Double Protection
- DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VDE0884)  
DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending
- BSI IEC60950 IEC60065
- FIMKO

### Description

The CNY17F is an optocoupler consisting of a Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diode optically coupled to a silicon planar phototransistor detector in a plastic plug-in DIP-6 package.

The coupling device is suitable for signal transmission between two electrically separated circuits. The potential difference between the circuits to be coupled is not allowed to exceed the maximum permissible reference voltages.

In contrast to the CNY17 Series, the base terminal of the F type is not connected, resulting in a substantially improved common-mode interference immunity.

### Order Information

Part	Remarks
CNY17F-1	CTR 40 - 80 %, DIP-6
CNY17F-2	CTR 63 - 125 %, DIP-6
CNY17F-3	CTR 100 - 200 %, DIP-6
CNY17F-4	CTR 160 - 320 %, DIP-6
CNY17F-1X006	CTR 40 - 80 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17F-1X007	CTR 40 - 80 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17F-1X009	CTR 40 - 80 %, SMD-6 (option 9)
CNY17F-2X006	CTR 63 - 125 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17F-2X007	CTR 63 - 125 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17F-2X009	CTR 63 - 125 %, SMD-6 (option 9)
CNY17F-3X006	CTR 100 - 200 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17F-3X007	CTR 100 - 200 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17F-3X009	CTR 100 - 200 %, SMD-6 (option 9)
CNY17F-4X006	CTR 160 - 320 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17F-4X007	CTR 160 - 320 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17F-4X009	CTR 160 - 320 %, SMD-6 (option 9)

For additional information on the available options refer to Option Information.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Stresses in excess of the absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute Maximum Rating for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability.

### Input

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse voltage		$V_R$	6.0	V
DC forward current		$I_F$	60	mA
Surge forward current	$t \leq 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	$I_{FSM}$	2.5	A
Power dissipation		$P_{diss}$	100	mW

### Output

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage		$BV_{CEO}$	70	V
Collector current		$I_C$	50	mA
	$t \leq 1.0\text{ ms}$	$I_C$	100	mA
Total power dissipation		$P_{diss}$	150	mW

### Coupler

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Isolation test voltage (between emitter and detector referred to standard climate 23/50 DIN 50014)		$V_{ISO}$	5300	$V_{RMS}$
Creepage			$\geq 7.0$	mm
Clearance			$\geq 7.0$	mm
Isolation thickness between emitter and detector			$\geq 0.4$	mm
Comparative tracking index per DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303, part 1			175	
Isolation resistance	$V_{IO} = 500\text{ V}$	$R_{IO}$	$\geq 10^{11}$	$\Omega$
Storage temperature range		$T_{stg}$	- 55 to + 150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Ambient temperature range		$T_{amb}$	- 55 to + 100	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Junction temperature		$T_j$	100	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering temperature	max. 10 s, dip soldering: distance to seating plane $\geq 1.5\text{ mm}$	$T_{sld}$	260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



### Electrical Characteristics

T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluation. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.

### Input

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	I <sub>F</sub> = 60 mA	V <sub>F</sub>		1.25	1.65	V
Breakdown voltage	I <sub>R</sub> = 10 μA	V <sub>BR</sub>	6.0			V
Reserve current	V <sub>R</sub> = 6.0 V	I <sub>R</sub>		0.01	10	μA
Capacitance	V <sub>R</sub> = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	C <sub>O</sub>		25		pF
Thermal resistance		R <sub>th</sub>		750		K/W

### Output

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Collector-emitter capacitance	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	C <sub>CE</sub>		5.2		pF
Base - collector capacitance	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	C <sub>BC</sub>		6.5		pF
Emitter - base capacitance	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0 V, f = 1.0 MHz	C <sub>EB</sub>		7.5		pF
Thermal resistance		R <sub>th</sub>		500		K/W

### Coupler

Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Saturation voltage, collector-emitter	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA, I <sub>C</sub> = 2.5 mA		V <sub>CEsat</sub>		0.25	0.4	V
Coupling capacitance			C <sub>C</sub>		0.6		pF
Collector-emitter leakage current	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V	CNY17F-1	I <sub>CEO</sub>		2.0	50	nA
		CNY17F-2	I <sub>CEO</sub>		2.0	50	nA
		CNY17F-3	I <sub>CEO</sub>		5.0	100	nA
		CNY17F-4	I <sub>CEO</sub>		5.0	100	nA

### Current Transfer Ratio

Current Transfer Ratio I<sub>C</sub>/I<sub>F</sub> at V<sub>CE</sub> = 5.0 V, 25 °C and Collector-Emitter Leakage Current by dash number

Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Current Transfer Ratio	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA	CNY17F-1	CTR	40		80	%
		CNY17F-2	CTR	63		125	%
		CNY17F-3	CTR	100		200	%
		CNY17F-4	CTR	160		320	%
	I <sub>F</sub> = 1.0 mA	CNY17F-1	CTR	13	30		%
		CNY17F-2	CTR	22	45		%
		CNY17F-3	CTR	34	70		%
		CNY17F-4	CTR	56	90		%

### Switching Characteristics

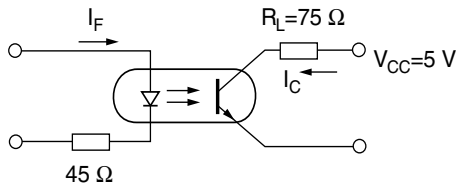
Linear operation (without saturation)

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Turn-on time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \text{ } \Omega$	$t_{on}$		3.0		$\mu\text{s}$
Rise time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \text{ } \Omega$	$t_r$		2.0		$\mu\text{s}$
Turn-off time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \text{ } \Omega$	$t_{off}$		2.3		$\mu\text{s}$
Fall time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \text{ } \Omega$	$t_f$		2.0		$\mu\text{s}$
Cut-off frequency	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 75 \text{ } \Omega$	$f_{CO}$		250		kHz

Switching operation (with saturation)

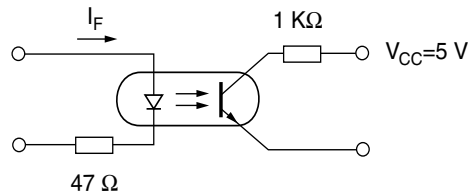
Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Turn-on time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-1	$t_{on}$		3.0		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-2	$t_{on}$		4.2		$\mu\text{s}$
		CNY17F-3	$t_{on}$		4.2		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-4	$t_{on}$		6.0		$\mu\text{s}$
Rise time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-1	$t_r$		2.0		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-2	$t_r$		3.0		$\mu\text{s}$
		CNY17F-3	$t_r$		3.0		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-4	$t_r$		4.6		$\mu\text{s}$
Turn-off time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-1	$t_{off}$		18		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-2	$t_{off}$		23		$\mu\text{s}$
		CNY17F-3	$t_{off}$		23		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-4	$t_{off}$		25		$\mu\text{s}$
Fall time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-1	$t_f$		11		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-2	$t_f$		14		$\mu\text{s}$
		CNY17F-3	$t_f$		14		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	CNY17F-4	$t_f$		15		$\mu\text{s}$

### Typical Characteristics ( $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)



icny17f\_01

Figure 1. Linear Operation ( without Saturation)



icny17f\_02

Figure 2. Switching Operation (with Saturation)

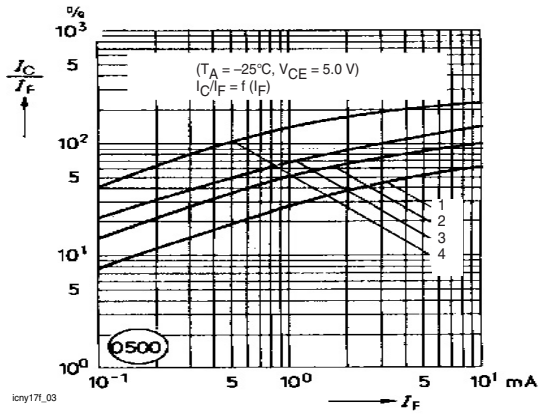


Figure 3. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

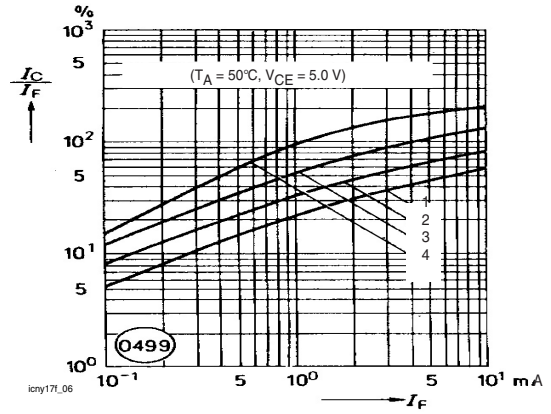


Figure 6. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

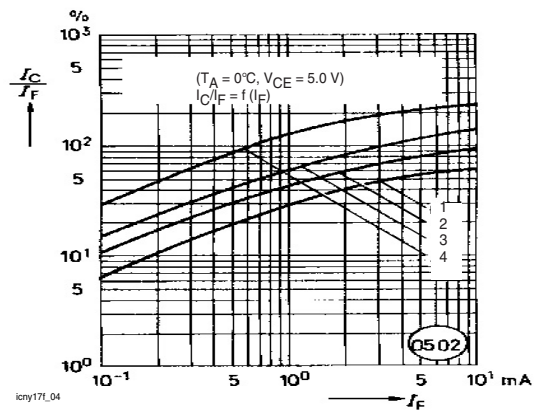


Figure 4. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

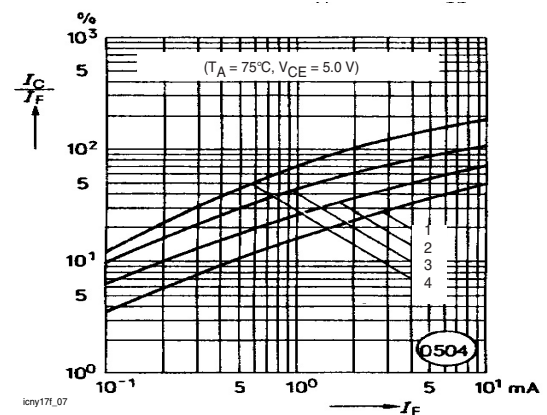


Figure 7. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

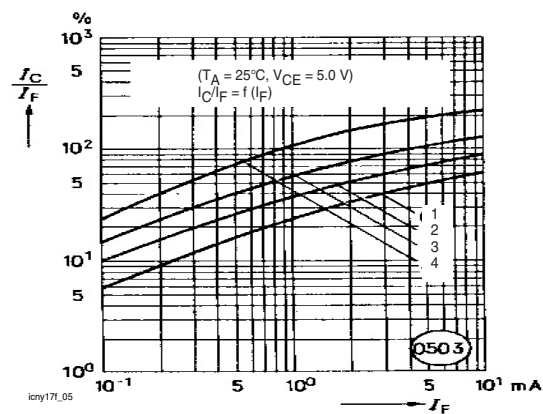


Figure 5. Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

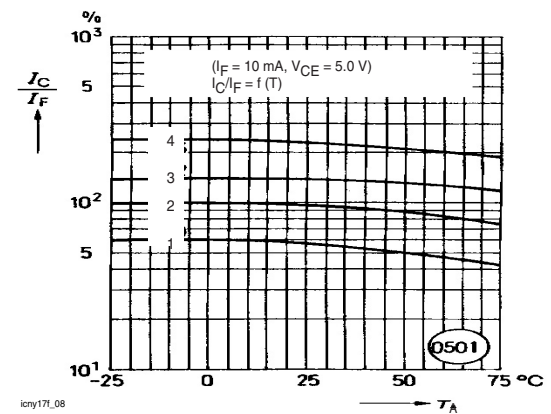


Figure 8. Current Transfer Ratio (CTR) vs. Temperature

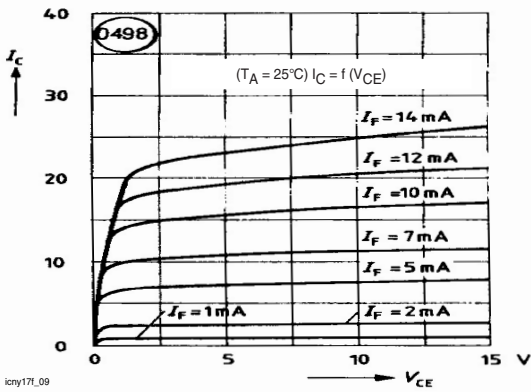


Figure 9. Output Characteristics CNY17F-2, -3

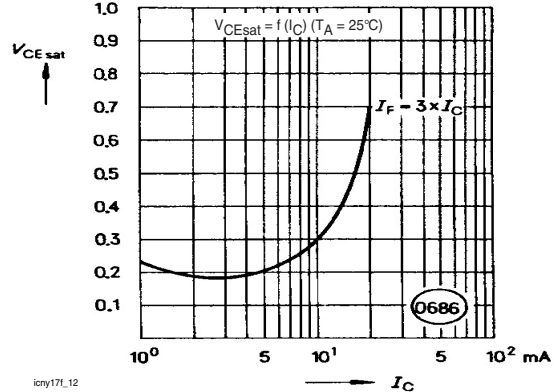


Figure 12. Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17F-1

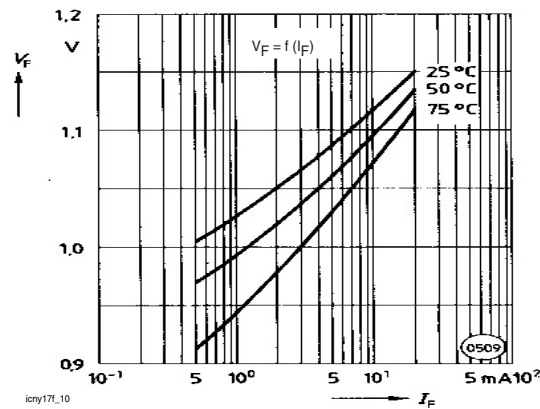


Figure 10. Forward Voltage

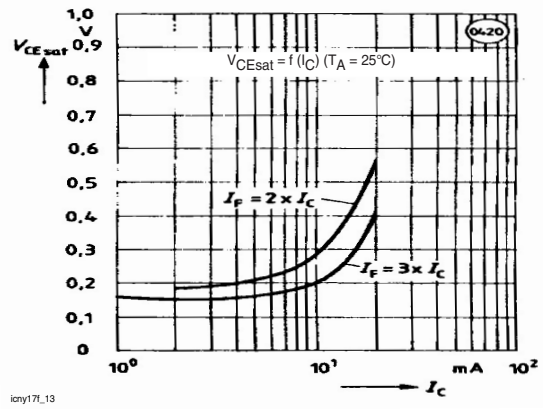


Figure 13. Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17F-2

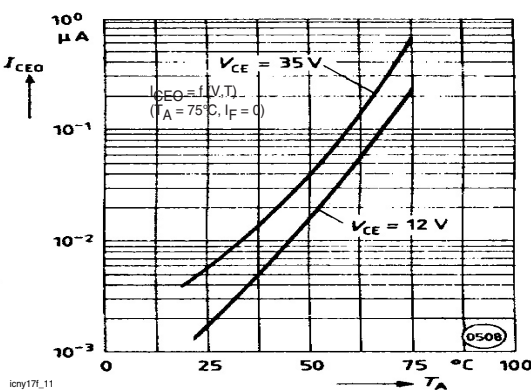


Figure 11. Collector-Emitter off-state Current

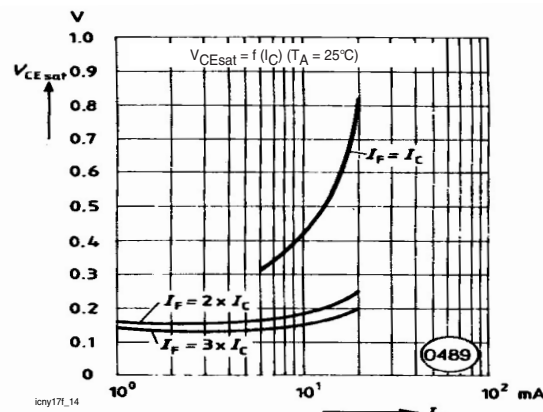


Figure 14. Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17F-3

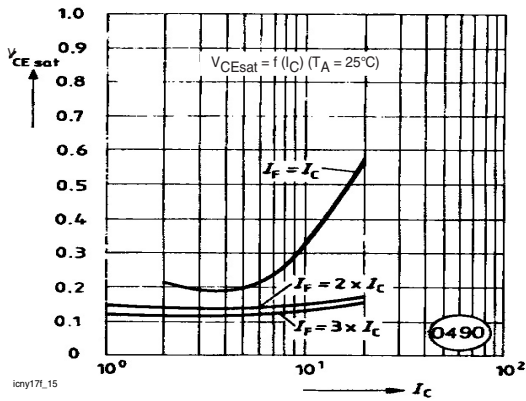


Figure 15. Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17F-4

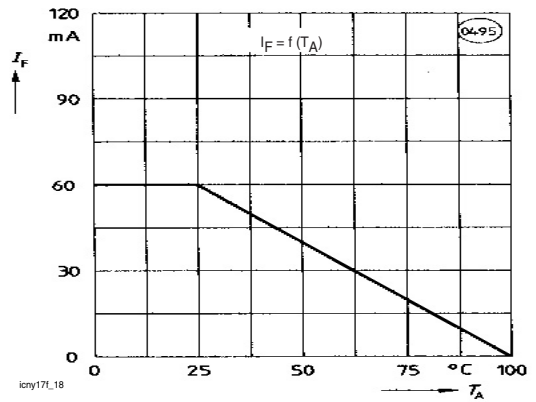


Figure 18. Permissible Forward Current Diode

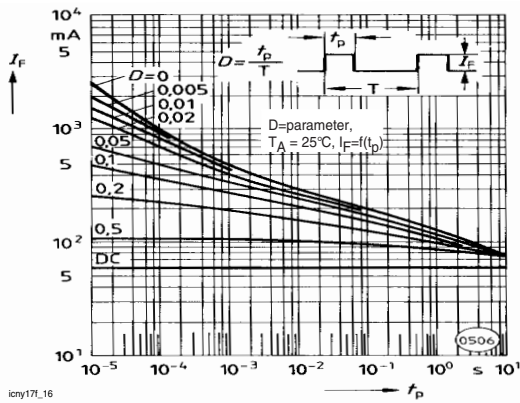


Figure 16. Permissible Pulse Load

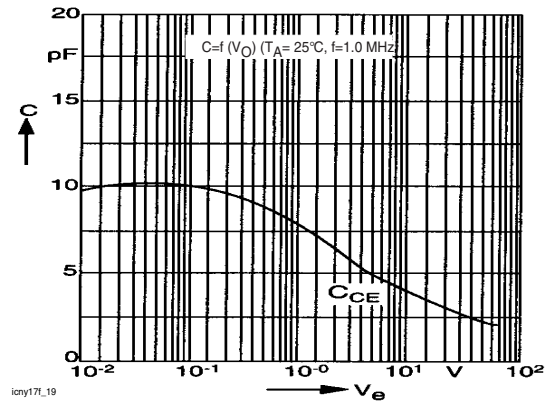


Figure 19. Transistor Capacitance

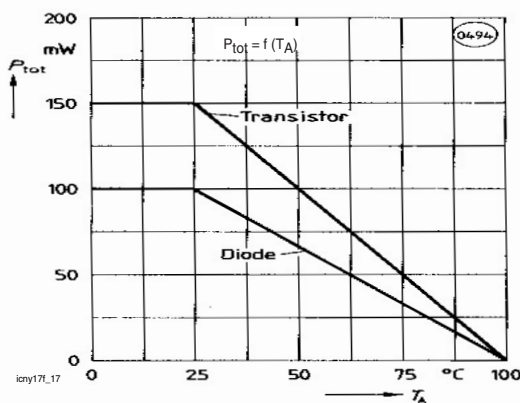
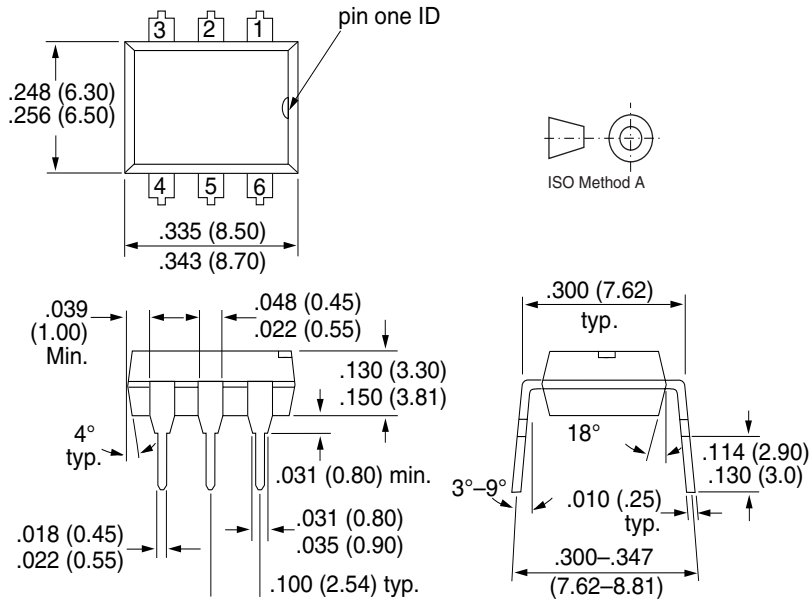


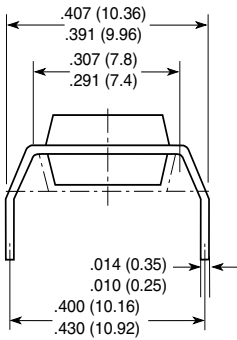
Figure 17. Permissible Power Dissipation for Transistor and Diode

## Package Dimensions in Inches (mm)

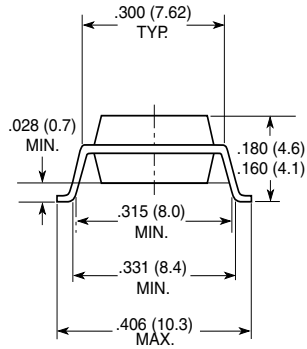


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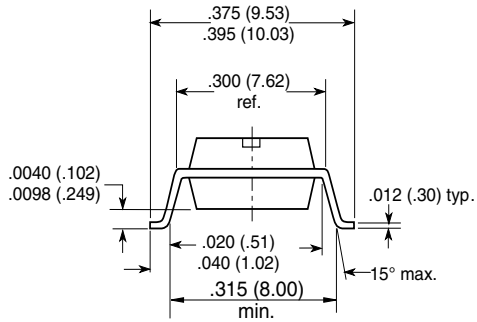
**Option 6**



**Option 7**



**Option 9**



18450



## **Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement**

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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Datasheets for electronics components.