

Ferrites and accessories

ETD 29/16/10 Core and accessories

Series/Type: B66358, B66359
Date: September 2006

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Core B66358

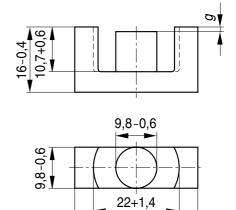
- To IEC 61185
- For SMPS transformers with optimum weight/performance ratio at small volume
- Delivery mode: single units

Magnetic characteristics (per set)

 Σ I/A = 0.93 mm⁻¹ I_e = 70.4 mm A_e = 76.0 mm² A_{min} = 71.0 mm²

 $V_e = 5350 \text{ mm}^3$

Approx. weight 28 g/set



30,6-1,6

FEK0044-8

Ungapped

Material	A _L value nH	μ_{e}	P _V W/set	Ordering code
N27	2000 +30/–20%	1470	< 1.04 (200 mT, 25 kHz, 100 °C)	B66358G0000X127
N87	2200 +30/–20%	1610	< 2.80 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B66358G0000X187
N97	2250 +30/–20%	1670	< 2.40 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B66358G0000X197

Gapped

Material	g mm	A _L value approx. nH	μ_{e}	Ordering code ** = 27 (N27) = 87 (N87)
N27,	0.10 ±0.02	621	457	B66358G0100X1**
N87	0.20 ±0.02	383	281	B66358G0200X1**
	0.50 ±0.05	201	148	B66358G0500X1**
	1.00 ±0.05	124	91	B66358G1000X1**

The A_L value in the table applies to a core set comprising one ungapped core (dimension g=0) and one gapped core (dimension g>0).



Core B66358

Calculation factors (for formulas, see "E cores: general information")

Material	Material Relationship between air gap – A _L value		Calculation of saturation current			
	K1 (25 °C)	K2 (25 °C)	K3 (25 °C)	K4 (25 °C)	K3 (100 °C)	K4 (100 °C)
N27	124	-0.7	195	-0.847	181	-0.865
N87	124	-0.7	192	-0.796	176	-0.873

Validity range: K1, K2: 0.10 mm < s < 2.00 mm

K3, K4: $70 \text{ nH} < A_L < 680 \text{ nH}$



Accessories B66359

Coil former (magnetic axis horizontal)

Material: GFR polyterephthalate, UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085:

Valox 420-SE0® [E45329 (M)], GE PLASTICS B V

Solderability: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s

Resistance to soldering heat: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s

Winding: see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.1"

Squared pins.

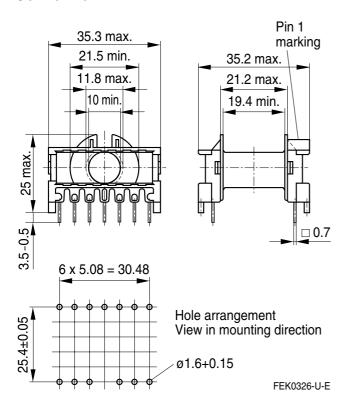
Yoke

Material: Stainless spring steel (0.4 mm)

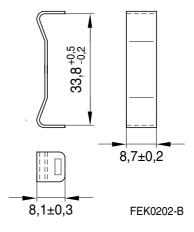
Coil former					Ordering code
Sections	A _N mm ²	I _N mm	A_R value $\mu\Omega$	Pins	
1	97	52.8	18.7	13	B66359A1013T001 ¹⁾ B66359B1013T001 B66359W1013T001
Yoke (ordering code per piece, 2 are required)					B66359A2000X000

¹⁾ Molded-in pins

Coil former



Yoke





Accessories B66359

Coil former (magnetic axis vertical)

Material: GFR polyterephthalate (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085:

H

max. operating temperature 180 °C), color code black

Rynite FR 530® [E41938 (M)], E I DUPONT DE NEMOURS & CO INC

Solderability: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s

Resistance to soldering heat: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s

Winding: see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.1"

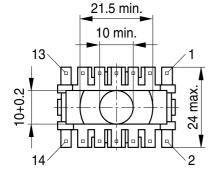
Squared pins.

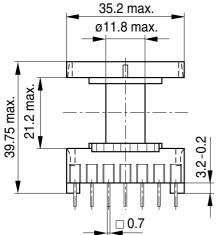
Yoke

Material: Stainless spring steel (0.4 mm)

Coil former		Ordering code			
Sections	A _N mm ²	I _N mm	A_R value $\mu\Omega$	Pins	
1	97	52.8	18.7	14	B66359X1014T001
Yoke (orde	ring code pe	B66359A2000X000			

Coil former

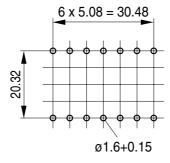




Pin 1 marking

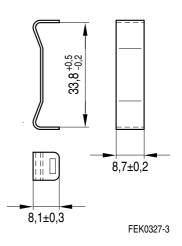
Hole arrangement View in mounting direction

 3.6 ± 0.2



FEK0466-U-E

Yoke





Ferrites and accessories

Cautions and warnings

Mechanical stress and mounting

Ferrite cores have to meet mechanical requirements during assembling and for a growing number of applications. Since ferrites are ceramic materials one has to be aware of the special behavior under mechanical load.

As valid for any ceramic material, ferrite cores are brittle and sensitive to any shock, fast changing or tensile load. Especially high cooling rates under ultrasonic cleaning and high static or cyclic loads can cause cracks or failure of the ferrite cores.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "General – Definitions, 8.1".

Effects of core combination on A_L value

Stresses in the core affect not only the mechanical but also the magnetic properties. It is apparent that the initial permeability is dependent on the stress state of the core. The higher the stresses are in the core, the lower is the value for the initial permeability. Thus the embedding medium should have the greatest possible elasticity.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "General – Definitions, 8.2".

Heating up

Ferrites can run hot during operation at higher flux densities and higher frequencies.

NiZn-materials

The magnetic properties of NiZn-materials can change irreversible in high magnetic fields.

Processing notes

- The start of the winding process should be soft. Else the flanges may be destroid.
- To strong winding forces may blast the flanges or squeeze the tube that the cores can no more be mount.
- To long soldering time at high temperature (>300 °C) may effect coplanarity or pin arrangement.
- Not following the processing notes for soldering of the J-leg terminals may cause solderability problems at the transformer because of pollution with Sn oxyd of the tin bath or burned insulation of the wire. For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.2".
- The dimensions of the hole arrangement have fixed values and should be understood as a recommendation for drilling the printed circuit board. For dimensioning the pins, the group of holes can only be seen under certain conditions, as they fit into the given hole arrangement. To avoid problems when mounting the transformer, the manufacturing tolerances for positioning the customers' drilling process must be considered by increasing the hole diameter.

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