### T-1 3/4 (5mm) SOLID STATE LAMP

Part Number: L-7113SEC-J3

#### Hyper Red

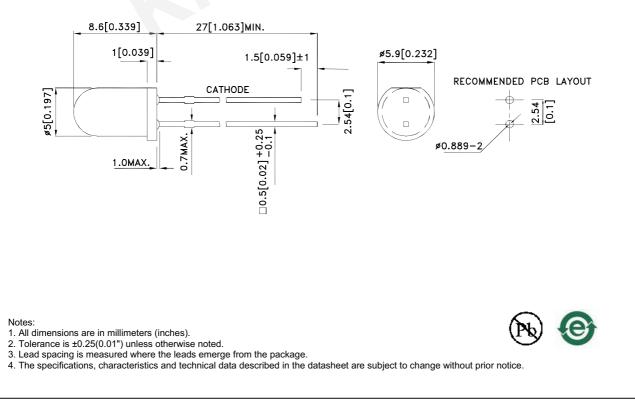
#### Features

- Low power consumption.
- Popular T-1 3/4 diameter package.
- General purpose leads.
- Reliable and rugged.
- Long life solid state reliability.
- Available on tape and reel.
- RoHS compliant.

#### Description

The Hyper Red device is based on light emitting diode chip made from AlGaInP.

#### **Package Dimensions**



SPEC NO: DSAI9693 **APPROVED: WYNEC**  **REV NO: V.8A CHECKED:** Allen Liu DATE: NOV/14/2013 **DRAWN: D.N.Huang** 

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#### Selection Guide

Selection Guide					
Part No.	Dice	Dice Lens Type Iv (mcd) [2]			Viewing Angle [1]
			Min.	Тур.	201/2
L-7113SEC-J3	Hyper Red (AlGaInP)	Water Clear	7000	11000	20°
			*5000	*8000	

Notes:

1. 01/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%.
\* Luminous intensity value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

#### Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λpeak	Peak Wavelength	Hyper Red	640		nm	I⊧=20mA
λD [1]	Dominant Wavelength	Hyper Red	625		nm	IF=20mA
Δλ1/2	Spectral Line Half-width	Hyper Red	25		nm	I⊧=20mA
С	Capacitance	Hyper Red	27		pF	VF=0V;f=1MHz
Vf [2]	Forward Voltage	Hyper Red	2.2	2.8	V	I⊧=20mA
lr	Reverse Current	Hyper Red		10	uA	VR = 5V

Notes:

1.Wavelength: +/-1nm.

2. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.

3. Wavelength value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

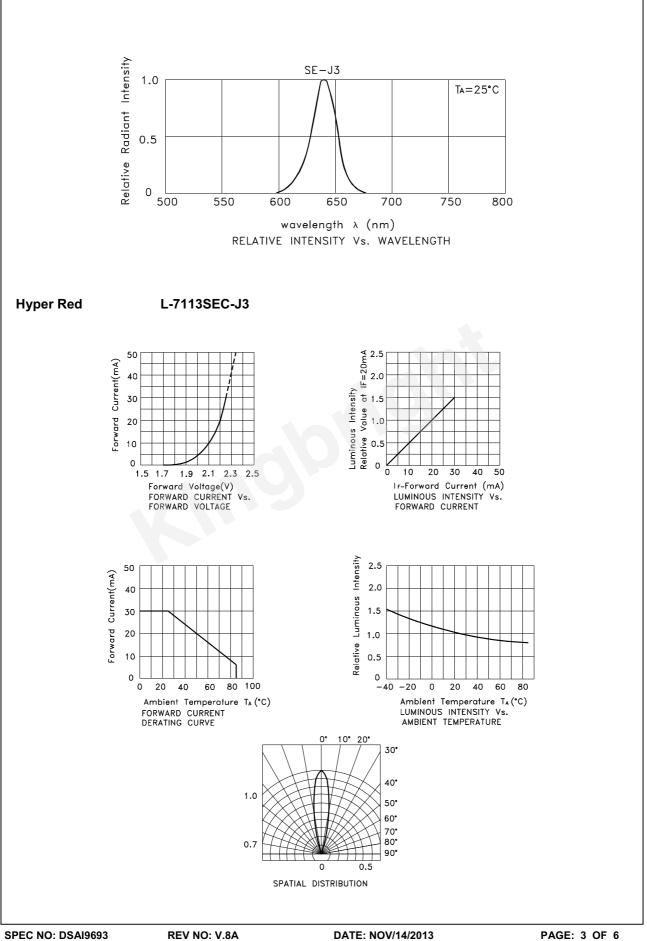
Parameter	Hyper Red	Units	
Power dissipation	84	mW	
DC Forward Current	30	mA	
Peak Forward Current [1]	150	mA	
Reverse Voltage	5	V	
Operating/Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C		
Lead Solder Temperature [2]	260°C For 3 Seconds		
Lead Solder Temperature [3]	260°C For 5 Seconds		

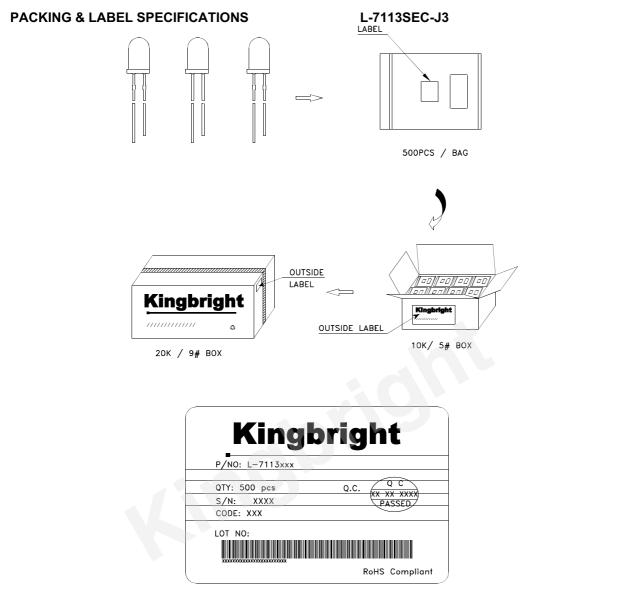
Notes:

1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.

2. 2mm below package base.

3. 5mm below package base.



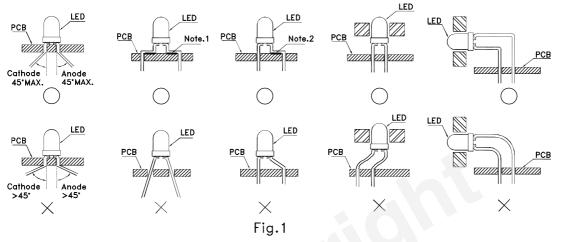


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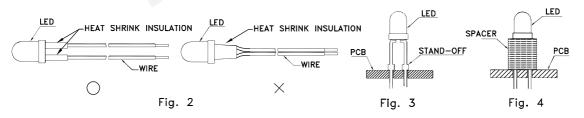
### PRECAUTIONS

1. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures. (Fig. 1)



) " Correct mounting method "imes" Incorrect mounting method

- 2. When soldering wire to the LED, use individual heat-shrink tubing to insulate the exposed leads to prevent accidental contact short-circuit. (Fig.2)
- 3. Use stand-offs (Fig.3) or spacers (Fig.4) to securely position the LED above the PCB.



- 4. Maintain a minimum of 3mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend. (Fig. 5 and 6)
- 5. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (Fig. 7)

