

The Grove - Light sensor integrates a photo-resistor(light dependent resistor) to detect the intensity of light. The resistance of photoresistor decreases when the intensity of light increases. A dual OpAmp chip LM358 on board produces voltage corresponding to intensity of light(i.e. based on resistance value). The output signal is analog value, the brighter the light is, the larger the value. This module can be used to build a light controlled switch i.e. switch off lights during day time and switch on lights during night time.

Warning

The light sensor value only reflects the approximated trend of the intensity of light, it DOES NOT represent the exact Lumen.

Get One Now 📜

[https://www.seeedstudio.com/Grove-Light-Sensor-v1.2-p-2727.html]

Version

Product Version	Changes	Released Date
Grove - Light Sensor 1.0	Initial	Apr 28 2013
Grove - Light Sensor(P)	Move Grove connector to back side	May 15 2014
Grove - Light Sensor(P) V1.1	Replace photoresistor-5528 with LS06- S Vs.Grove - Light Sensor(P)	Dec 31 2015
Grove - Light Sensor 1.2	Replace photoresistor-5528 with LS06- S Vs.Grove - Light Sensor 1.0	Jan 20 2016

Features

- Analog value output
- High reliability and sensibility
- Small footprint
- Recognize wider spectrum

👌 Tip

More details about Grove modules please refer to Grove System [https://wiki.seeedstudio.com/Grove_System/]

Platform Support



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Caution

The platforms mentioned above as supported is/are an indication of the module's software or theoritical compatibility. We only provide software library or code examples for Arduino platform in most cases. It is not possible to provide software library / demo code for all possible MCU platforms. Hence, users have to write their own software library.

Specification

ltem	Value
Operating voltage	3~5V
Operating current	0.5~3 mA
Response time	20-30 milliseconds
Peak Wavelength	540 nm
Weight	4 g

Getting Started

Play With Arduino

Hardware

• Step 1. Prepare the below stuffs:



• Step 2. Connect Grove-Light Sensor to port A0 of Grove-Base Shield.

- Step 3. Connect Grove-Led Bar to port D2 of Grove-Base Shield.
- Step 4. Plug Grove Base Shield into Seeeduino.
- Step 5. Connect Seeeduino to PC through a USB cable.



Note

If we don't have Grove Base Shield, We also can directly connect Grove-Light Sensor to Seeeduino as below.

Seeeduino	Grove-Light Sensor
5V	Red
GND	Black
Not Conencted	White
A0	Yellow

Seeeduino	Grove-Led Bar
5V	Red
GND	Black
D3	White
D2	Yellow

Software

- Step 1. Download the Grove-LED Bar Library [https://github.com/Seeed-Studio/Grove_LED_Bar/archive/master.zip] from Github.
- Step 2. Refer How to install library [https://wiki.seeedstudio.com/How_to_install_Arduino_Library] to install library for Seeeduino.
- Step 3. Copy the code into Seeeduino IDE and upload.

```
1
    #include <Grove LED Bar.h>
2
3
   Grove_LED_Bar bar(3, 2, 0); // Clock pin, Data pin, Oric
4
5
   void setup()
6
7
8
      bar.begin();
9
      bar.setGreenToRed(true);
10
11
12 void loop()
13 {
14
15
      int value = analogRead(A0);
     value = map(value, 0, 800, 0, 10);
16
17
18
      bar.setLevel(value);
      delay(100);
19
20 }
```

• Step 2. The Led bar will change base on light.

Play with Codecraft

Hardware

Step 1. Connect a Grove - Light Sensor to port A0 of a Base Shield.

Step 2. Plug the Base Shield to your Seeeduino/Arduino.

Step 3. Link Seeeduino/Arduino to your PC via an USB cable.

Software

Step 1. Open Codecraft [https://ide.chmakered.com/], add Arduino support, and drag a main procedure to working area.

Note
If this is your first time using Codecraft, see also Guide for Codecraft using
Arduino
[https://wiki.seeedstudio.com/Guide_for_Codecraft_using_Arduino/].

Step 2. Drag blocks as picture below or open the cdc file which can be downloaded at the end of this page.

setup			
Serial baud rate	9600 👻	bps	
юор		+	
Serial println	ght value:		
Serial println	Eig	ht Pin	A0 -
Delay ms 1000			
	5		

Upload the program to your Arduino/Seeeduino.

Success

When the code finishes uploaded, you will see the brightnedd value displayed in the Serial Monitor.

Play With Raspberry Pi (With Grove Base Hat for Raspberry Pi)

Hardware

• Step 1. Things used in this project:



- Step 2. Plug the Grove Base Hat into Raspberry. •
- **Step 3**. Connect the light sensor to port A0 of the Base Hat.
- **Step 4**. Connect the Raspberry Pi to PC through USB cable. •





Note

For step 3 you are able to connect the light sensor to **any Analog Port** but make sure you change the command with the corresponding port number.

Software

Attention

If you are using **Raspberry Pi with Raspberrypi OS >= Bullseye**, you have to use this command line **only with Python3**.

- Step 1. Follow Setting Software
 [https://wiki.seeedstudio.com/Grove_Base_Hat_for_Raspberry_
 Pi/#installation] to configure the development environment.
- Step 2. Download the source file by cloning the grove.py library.



2 python3 grove_light_sensor_v1_2.py 0

Following is the grove_light_sensor_v1_2.py code.

```
1
    import math
2
    import sys
3
    import time
4
    from grove.adc import ADC
5
6
7
    class GroveLightSensor:
8
        def __init__(self, channel):
9
10
            self.channel = channel
            self.adc = ADC()
11
12
13
        @property
14
        def light(self):
            value = self.adc.read(self.channel)
15
16
            return value
17
18
   Grove = GroveLightSensor
19
20
21
    def main():
22
        if len(sys.argv) < 2:</pre>
23
            print('Usage: {} adc_channel'.format(sys.argv[0]
24
            sys.exit(1)
25
26
        sensor = GroveLightSensor(int(sys.argv[1]))
27
```

```
28 print('Detecting light...')
29 while True:
30 print('Light value: {0}'.format(sensor.light))
31 time.sleep(1)
32
33 if __name__ == '__main__':
34 main()
```

Success

If everything goes well, you will be able to see the following result corresponding to the surrounding light

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/grove.py/grove $ python3 grove_light_set
1
2
   Detecting light...
3 Light value: 600
   Light value: 448
4
  Light value: 267
5
   Light value: 311
6
7 Light value: 102
8 Light value: 82
9 Light value: 63
10 Light value: 54
11 Light value: 49
12 Light value: 45
13 Light value: 545
14 ^CTraceback (most recent call last):
15
     File "grove_light_sensor_v1_2.py", line 67, in <module</pre>
16
       main()
17
     File "grove_light_sensor_v1_2.py", line 64, in main
18
       time.sleep(1)
19 KeyboardInterrupt
```

You can quit this program by simply press Ctrl + C.



You may have noticed that for the analog port, the silkscreen pin number is something like **A1**, **A0**, however in the command we use parameter **0** and **1**, just the same as digital port. So please make sure you plug the module into the correct port, otherwise there may be pin conflicts.

Play With Raspberry Pi (with GrovePi_Plus)

Hardware

• Step 1. Prepare the below stuffs:



- Step 2. Plug the GrovePi_Plus into Raspberry.
- Step 3. Connect Grove-light sensor to A0 port of GrovePi_Plus.
- Step 4. Connect Grove-Red Led to D4 port of GrovePi_Plus.
- Step 5. Connect the Raspberry to PC through USB cable.



Software

Attention

If you are using **Raspberry Pi with Raspberrypi OS >= Bullseye**, you have to use this command line **only with Python3**.

• Step 1. Follow Setting Software

[https://www.dexterindustries.com/GrovePi/get-started-withthe-grovepi/setting-software/] to configure the development environment.

• Step 2. Git clone the Github repository.



• Step 3. Excute below commands.

Ē

1 cd ~/GrovePi/Software/Python

2 python3 grove_light_sensor.py

Here is the grove_light_sensor.py code.

```
Ū
1
   import time
2
   import grovepi
3
4
5
6
   light sensor = 0
8
9
10
   led = 4
11
12
   threshold = 10
13
14
15
   grovepi.pinMode(light sensor,"INPUT")
   grovepi.pinMode(led,"OUTPUT")
16
17
18
   while True:
19
        try:
20
21
            sensor_value = grovepi.analogRead(light_sensor)
22
23
24
            resistance = (float)(1023 - sensor value) * 10 /
25
26
            if resistance > threshold:
27
28
                grovepi.digitalWrite(led,1)
29
            else:
30
31
                grovepi.digitalWrite(led,0)
32
            print("sensor value = %d resistance = %.2f" %(se
33
```

34	<pre>time.sleep(.5)</pre>	
35		
36	except IOError:	
37	<pre>print ("Error")</pre>	

• Step 4. The led will turn on when the light sensor gets covered.



Eagle File for Grove - Light Sensor V1.0

Eagle File for Grove - Light Sensor(P) V1.0

Eagle File for Grove - Light Sensor(P) V1.1

Resources

• [Codecraft] CDC File

[https://files.seeedstudio.com/wiki/Grove_Light_Sensor/res/Gr ove_Light_Sensor_CDC_File.zip]

• [Eagle&PDF] Eagle File for Grove - Light Sensor V1.0 [https://files.seeedstudio.com/wiki/Grove_Light_Sensor/resour ces/Grove%20-%20Light%20Sensor.zip]

- [Eagle&PDF] Eagle File for Grove Light Sensor(P) V1.0 [https://files.seeedstudio.com/wiki/Grove_Light_Sensor/resour ces/Grove%20-%20Light%20Sensor%28P%29.zip]
- [Eagle&PDF] Eagle File for Grove Light Sensor(P) V1.1 [https://files.seeedstudio.com/wiki/Grove_Light_Sensor/resour ces/Grove%20-%20Light%20Sensor%28P%29%20v1.1.zip]
- [Datasheet] LS06-MΦ5 Reference Information
 [https://files.seeedstudio.com/wiki/Grove_Light_Sensor/res/LS
 06-M%CE%A65_datasheet.pdf]
- [Datasheet] LM358.PDF

[https://files.seeedstudio.com/wiki/Grove_Light_Sensor/res/L M358.pdf]



• [More Reading] Secret Box

Here we will show you a project made with Grove - Light Sensor -Secret Box. First you need a box, a paper box, wooden box, any box is ok. Put something in the box, because we named it secret box, that means we don't want anybody to open it, otherwise there will be an alarm to inform you.

Here we use LinkIt ONE as the controller, which is an Arduino compatible board and consist of rich function. And you need things below:

- Linklt ONE [https://www.seeedstudio.com/Linklt-ONE-p-2017.html]
- Grove Light Sensor
- Grove Base Shield
- A Sim Card

Let's connect Grove - Light Sensor to A0 or Base Shield, and open Arduino IDE, copy below code and upload the example to LinkIt ONE. Then someone open the box, the light will detect it, and send you a SMS.

```
1
2
3
4
   #include <LGSM.h>
5
6
   char num[20] = "13425171053";
    char text[100] = "Warning: Your box had been opened!!";
7
8
9
10
   const int pinLight = A0;
11
12
   bool isLightInBox()
13
14
        return (analogRead(pinLight)<50); // when get data</pre>
15
16
17 void setup()
```

```
18 {
19
        Serial.begin(115200);
20
        while(!isLightInBox());
21
22
        delay(2000);
23
24
25
26
   void loop()
27
28
        if(!isLightInBox())
29
30
            Serial.println("box had been opened");
31
32
            while(!LSMS.ready())
33
34
                delay(1000);
35
36
            Serial.println("SIM ready for work!");
37
38
            LSMS.beginSMS(num);
39
            LSMS.print(text);
40
41
            if(LSMS.endSMS())
42
43
                Serial.println("SMS is sent");
44
            else
45
46
47
                Serial.println("SMS send fail");
48
49
50
            while(!isLightInBox());
51
            delay(2000);
52
53
        delay(10);
54
55 }
```

Have fun.

Projects

Grove - Introduction in a Light Sensor:



(https://www.hackster.io/ingo-lohs/groveintroduction-in-a-light-sensor-a55efd)

The Environment Cube! Know the Land Beneath You using Sigfox:

A cube with all the necessary sensors, suitable for a wide range of applications like agriculture, monitoring, ,etc.



(https://www.hackster.io/dhairyaparikh/the-environment-cube-knowthe-land-beneath-you-using-sigfox-952f29)

Light sensor Grove module:



Tech Support

Please submit any technical issue into our forum

[https://forum.seeedstudio.com/].



[https://www.seeedstudio.com/act-4.html?

utm_source=wiki&utm_medium=wikibanner&utm_campaign=newpr oducts]