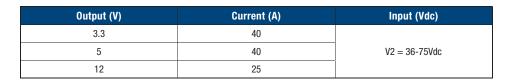


Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter





Typical unit

#### **FEATURES**

- Advanced Bus Converter industry standard eighth-brick with digital PMBus interface
- Optional standard five pin Eighth-brick
- High efficiency
- Fast dynamic response
- ± 1% Vout Setting accuracy
- 2250 Vdc input to output isolation voltage
- Optional baseplate (B option)
- Voltage droop load sharing for parallel operation
- Certified to UL/EN/IEC 60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2
   No. 60950-1, 2nd Edition, safety approvals and EN55022/CISPR22 standards

#### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**

Murata Power Solutions is introducing the first in a series of digitally controlled DC-DC converters that are based on a 32-bit ARM processor. The DBE series provides a fully regulated, digitally controlled DC output in an eighth-brick format that will support the evolving, Advanced Bus Converter (ABC) industry standard footprint for isolated board mounted power modules. The DBE series supports advances in power conversion technology including a digital interface supporting the PMBus protocol for communications to power modules.

The DBE series products are eighth-brick DC-DC converter with a digital interface supporting the PMBus standard for communicating with power devices. The DBE series also supports the

TNV standard for input Voltage with a 36–75Vin specified Vin range and was designed to provide payload power in distributed power architectures. The DBE offers a "droop" load sharing option for paralleling modules in the most demanding, power hungry applications or to provide redundancy in high reliability applications. The converter also offers high input to output isolation of 2250 VDC as required for Power over Ethernet (PoE) applications. The DBE series is suitable for applications covering MicroTCA, servers and storage applications, networking equipment, Power over Ethernet (PoE), fan trays, wireless networks, wireless pre-amplifiers, industrial and test equipment along with other applications requiring a regulated 12V and 5V.

#### **Power Management (PMBus Options)**

- Configurable soft-start/stop
- Configurable output voltage (Vout) and voltage margins (Margin low and Margin high)
- Configurable protection limits for OVP, input over voltage, input under voltage, over current, on/ off, and temperature
- Module Status monitor Vout, lout, Vin, Temp, Power good, and On/Off
- System status monitor (Vout, lout, Vin and Temp over time)

#### **Applications**

- Distributed power architectures
- Intermediate bus voltage applications
- Servers and storage applications
- Network equipment









Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

PERFORMANC	RFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS SUMMARY AND ORDERING GUIDE ①														
				Output	t				Inp	out					
	<b>V</b> out	Іоит	Total Power	Ripple & Noise (mVp-p)				VIN Nom.		l <sub>IN</sub> , min. load	lın, full load	Efficiency		Open Frame Package Dimensions (max.)	
Root Model	(V)	(A, max)	(W)	Тур.	Max.	Line (%)	Load (%)	(V)	(V)	(mA)	(A)	Min.	Тур.	(inches, max.)	(mm)
DBE0340V2	3.3	40	132	60	100	±0.3	±0.25	48	36-75	90	2.96	91%	92.5%	2.3x0.9x0.45	58.4x22.9x11.4
DBE0240V2	5	40	200	50	100	±0.25	±0.25	48	36-75	90	4.46	93%	94%	2.3x0.9x0.45	58.4x22.9x11.4
DBE0125V2	12	25	300	80	150	±0.25	±0.25	48	36-75	110	9.25	93%	94.6%	2.3x0.9x0.46	58.4x22.9x11.7
DVE0340V2 ②	3.3	40	132	60	100	±0.3	±0.25	48	36-75	90	2.96	91%	92.5%	2.3x0.9x0.45	58.4x22.9x11.4
DVE0240V2 ②	5	40	200	50	100	±0.25	±0.25	48	36-75	90	4.46	93%	94%	2.3x0.9x0.45	58.4x22.9x11.4
DVE0125V2 ②	12	25	300	80	150	±0.25	±0.25	48	36-75	110	9.25	93%	94.6%	2.3x0.9x0.46	58.4x22.9x11.7

Typical at TA = +25°C under nominal line voltage and full-load conditions. All models are specified with an external 1µF multi-layer ceramic and 10µF capacitors across their output pins.

#### **DIGITAL CONTROL BRICK PART NUMBER FORMAT**

Description	Pa	rt N	lum	ber	Stru	ıctu	re											Definition and Options
Product Family	D	Х																DB = Full Featured Digital Bus converter, DV = NO PMBus, NO Sense & Trim Pins
Form Factor			Е															E = Eighth Brick
Vout ①				0	1													01 = 12Vout, 02 = 5Vout, 03=3.3Vout (Without PMBus Vout cannot be changed)
Output Current						2	5											Max lout in Amps
Vin Range								V	2									V2 = 36-75V
Logic ①										N								N = Negative, P = Positive
Pin Length ②											х							1 = 0.110" (cut), $2 = 0.145$ " (cut). Omit for standard shown in the mechanical drawings
Mechanical Configuration												В						B = Baseplate, Omit for Open Frame (Standard Configuration)
Load Sharing													S					S = Load Sharing, Omit for Standard (Standard Configuration)
Paste In Hole (PIH) Processable 3														R			R = MSL-3 compliant Packaging, Blank for Standard Configuration / Packaging	
Specific Customer Configuration															х	х	Customer Code; Omit for Standard	
RoHS																	C	RoHS 6/6 Compliant

#### ① PMBus Configurable

② Minimum order quantity is required. Samples available with standard pin length only.

3 PIH parts are special order only.

Note: Some model number combinations may not be available. See website or contact your local Murata sales representative.

#### **Part Number Examples**

DBE0125V2NBSC = Full Featured Digital 1/8th Brick, 12Vout, 25A, 36-75Vin, Negative logic, Baseplate, Load Sharing, RoHS 6/6 compliant DVE0240V2NBSC = No PMBus, No Sense & Trim 1/8th Brick, 5Vout, 40A, 36-75Vin, Negative logic, Baseplate, Load Sharing, RoHS 6/6 compliant

<b>EVALUATIO</b>	EVALUATION BOARD AVAILABLE FROM MURATA POWER SOLUTIONS								
Part Number	Application Note	USB Adaptor Part Number	GUI Software Application Note						
MPS-TD001	www.murata-ps.com/data/apnotes/dcan-63.pdf	MPS-AD001	www.murata-ps.com/data/apnotes/dcan-63.pdf						

Contact your local Murata sales representative for ordering details.

② DVE models do not have the PMBus feature.

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4.03

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# Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate

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3.92

**Full Load Conditions** 

Low Line input current

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS, DBE	0340 (3.3 <b>V</b> , 40A)			DC-DC Bus	s Converte
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	Conditions ①	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Input Voltage, Continuous		0		80	Vdc
Input Voltage, Transient	100 mS max. duration			100	Vdc
Isolation Voltage	Input to output, continuous			2250	Vdc
Input Reverse Polarity	None, install external fuse		None		
On/Off Remote Control	Power on, referred to -Vin	0		13.50	Vdc
Output Power		0		132	W
Output Current	Current-limited, no damage, short-circuit protected	0		40	А
Storage Temperature Range	Vin = Zero (no power)	-55		125	°C
Absolute maximums are stress ratings. Exposure listed in the Performance/Functional Specification INPUT	of devices to greater than any of these conditions r as Table is not implied nor recommended.	may adversely affect lon	g-term reliability. Proper op	eration under conditions	other than those
Operating voltage range (V2)		36	48	75	Vdc
Start-up threshold	(Default, Conf via PMBUS)	32	34	36	Vdc
Undervoltage shutdown	(Default, Conf via PMBUS)	30	32	34	Vdc
Internal Filter Type			Pi		
External Input Fuse (Recommended)			10		Α
Input current					

Inrush Transient	Vin = 48V.			0.05	A <sup>2</sup> -Sec.
Short Circuit input current			0.05	0.10	Α
No Load input current	lout = minimum, unit=0N		90	120	mA
Shut-Down input currrent(Off, UV, OT)			20	40	mA
GENERAL and SAFETY					
	Vin_49V full load	01	02.5		0/.

Vin = nominal

Vin = minimum

Efficiency	Vin=min. Input to output, continuous	91	92		%
	Input to output, continuous			2250 1500 1500	,0
			2250		Vdc
Isolation Voltage	Input to Baseplate, continuous		1500		Vdc
	Output to Baseplage, continuous		1500		Vdc
Insulation Safety Rating			Functional		
Isolation Resistance			10		ΜΩ
Isolation Capacitance			1000		pF
Sarety	Certified to UL-60950-1, CSA-C22.2 No.60950- 1, IEC/EN60950-1, 2nd edition		Yes		
Calculated MTBF	Per Telcordia SR-332, issue 1, class 3, ground fixed, Tcase=+25°C		2200		Hours x 10 <sup>3</sup>

Calculated MTBF	Per Telcordia SR-332, issue 1, class 3, ground fixed, Tcase=+25°C		2200		Hours x 10 <sup>3</sup>
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Fixed Switching Frequency			180		KHz
Turn on Time	(Default, Conf via PMBUS)  Vin On to Vout regulated			50	mS
Ramp-up time	Remote On to Vout regulated			30	mS
Vout Rise Time	Conf via PMBUS, from 0% to 100%	9	15	20	mS
Vout Fall Time	Conf via PMBUS, from 100% to 0%	7	10	13	mS
Dynamic Load Response	25-75-25% load step to 1% error band, 1A/uS, with 470uF output external Cap		100	200	μSec
Dynamic Load Peak Deviation	same as above		500	700	mVdc
EEATURES and ORTIONS					

PEATURES and UPTIONS
Remote On/Off Control

			300	700	IIIVUC
FEATURES and OPTIONS					
Remote On/Off Control					
Primary On/Off control (designed to be driving	with an open collector logic, Voltages referenc	ed to -Vin)			
"P" suffix:					
Positive Logic, ON state	ON = pin open or external voltage	3.5		13.50	V
Positive Logic, OFF state	OFF = ground pin or external voltage	0		0.80	V
Control Current	open collector/drain		1	2	mA
"N" suffix:					
Negative Logic, ON state	ON = pin open or external voltage	-0.1		0.80	V
Negative Logic, OFF state	OFF = ground pin or external voltage	3.5		13.50	V
Control Current	open collector/drain		1	2	mA

Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

#### FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS, DBE0340 (3.3V, 40A, CONT.)

OUTPUT	Conditions ①	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Total Output Power		0	132	133.32	W
Voltage					
Setting Accuracy	At 100% load, no trim	3.27	3.3	3.33	Vdc
Overvoltage Protection	Conf via PMBUS, Magnetic Feedback	4.0	4.5	5.0	Vdc
Voltage Droop (Conf via PMBUS)	communication, magnetic research		0		ΜΩ
Current			-		
Output Current Range		0	40	40	A
Minimum Load			No minimum load		
Current Limit Inception ②	90% of Vnom., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS	44	49	53	A
Short Circuit		**			
Short Circuit Current	Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout		2.5	3.0	Α
Short Circuit Duration				0.0	
(remove short for recovery)	Output shorted to ground, no damage		Continuous		
Short circuit protection method	Hiccup current limiting		Non-latching		
Regulation ③					
Line Regulation	Vin=min. to max., Vout=nom., full load			±0.3	%
Load Regulation	lout=min. to max., Vin=nom.			±0.25	%
Ripple and Noise	5 Hz- 20 MHz BW, Cout=1μF MLCC			100	mV pk-pk
<u>''</u>	paralleled with 10μF		0.02		% of Vnom./°C
Temperature Coefficient	At all outputs	000	0.02	7500	
Output Capacitance	Low ESR	220		7500	μF
Power Good—Negative logic (Conf via PMBUS	5)				
Power good high stage voltage		2.4		3.6	Vdc
Power good low stage voltage		-0.1		0.40	Vdc
Out voltage for power good off triggering	Conf via PMBUS	2	2.3	2.5	Vdc
Out Voltage for power good on triggering	Conf via PMBUS	2.6	2.8	3	Vdc
PMBus					
PMBUS GENERAL					
PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. F	PEC is supported. Linear data format used.				ľ
Bus speed				400	Khz
Logic high input		2		3.3	Vdc
Logic low input		-0.1		0.8	Vdc
Logic high output		2.4		3.6	Vdc
Logic low output		-0.1		0.4	Vdc
PMBUS ADDRESSING					
If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or resistor connected to GND.	or 12d, SAO or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus addro	ess 119d is assigned	instead. PMBUS address	= 8*SA0 + SA1. SA0/	SA1 value VS
0			10		kΩ
1			22		kΩ
2			33		kΩ
3			47		kΩ
4			68		kΩ
5			100		kΩ
6			150		kΩ
_					

Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

#### FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS, DBE0340 (3.3V, 40A, CONT.)

PMBus	Conditions ①	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
PMBus MONITORING ACCURACY	- Conditions		Typical/Nominal		- Onito
VIN READ		-2		2	%
VOUT READ		-2		2	%
IOUT_READ (> = 10A)		-5		5	%
IOUT_READ (<10A)		-1		1	A
TEMP_READ		-5		5	°C
	IS (PMBUS MONITORING & FUNCTION		N)		
Fault Protection Specifications	or in the common transfer of the control of	IAL DEGUIII 110			
Output Voltage, Over Voltage protection, OVP	Factory default		4.5		٧
VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT, Configurable via PMBus	-	4.0	1.0	5.0	V
**************************************	Fault response time	4.0	200	0.0	μS
Input Voltage, Input Over Voltage Protection	Factory default		80		V
input voltage, input ever voltage i retection	Setpoint accuracy	-2	00	2	%
VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT (Configurable via	,	-2			
PMBus) 4	>VIN_OV_WARM_LIMIT		34	110	V
-	Delay		300		μS
Input Voltage, Input Under Voltage Protection, UVLV	Factory default		32		V
-	Setpoint accuracy	-2		2	%
VIN_FAULT_LIMIT_LIMIT(Configurable via PMBus) ④	<pre><vin_uv_warm_limit <vin_ov_fault_limit<="" td=""><td></td><td>32</td><td>75</td><td>V</td></vin_uv_warm_limit></pre>		32	75	V
,	Delay		300		μS
Over Current Protection, OCP	Setpoint accuracy (Io)	-3		3	%
	(factory default)		48		А
IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT (Configurable via PMBus) ④	>IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMT	0		50	А
,	Fault response time		200		μS
Over Temperature Protection, OTP	OT_FAULT_LIMIT (factory default)		125		°C
OT_FAULT_LIMIT (Configurable via PMBus) @	>OT_WARM_LIMIT	0		150	°C
,	OTP accuracy (factory default)	5		5	°C
	Fault response time		300		μS
MECHANICAL (Through Hole Models)					
Outline Dimensions—open frame			2.3x0.9x0.45		Inches
	WxLxH		58.4x22.9x11.4		mm
Outline Dimensions—with baseplate			2.3x0.9x0.52		Inches
	WxLxH		58.4x22.9x13.2		mm
Weight	Open frame		34		Grams
	With baseplate		45		Grams
Through Hole Pin Diameter			0.04 & 0.062		Inches
			1.016 & 1.575		mm
Through Hole Pin Material			Copper alloy		
TH Pin Plating Metal and Thickness	Nickel subplate		50		μ-inches
	Gold overplate		5		μ-inches
ENVIRONMENTAL					
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	with derating	-40		85	°C
Operating Baseplate Temperature		-40		110	°C
Storage Temperature	Vin = Zero (no power)	-55		125	°C
Thermal Protection/Shutdown	Measured at hotspot		125		°C
Electromagnetic Interference Conducted, EN55022/CISPR22	External filter required		В		Class
RoHS rating			RoHS-6		

#### **Notes**

② Over-current protection is non-latching with auto recovery (Hiccup)

Typical at TA = +25°C under nominal line voltage and full-load conditions. All models are specified with an external 1μF multi-layer ceramic and 10μF capacitors across their output pins.

③ Regulation specifications describe the output voltage changes as the line voltage or load current is varied from its nominal or midpoint value to either extreme.

#### Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Rus Converter

<b>FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS, DE</b>	BE0240 (5V, 40A)			DC-DC Bu	s Converte
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	Conditions ①	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Input Voltage, Continuous		0		80	Vdc
Input Voltage, Transient	100 mS max. duration			100	Vdc
Isolation Voltage	Input to output, continuous			2250	Vdc
Input Reverse Polarity	None, install external fuse		None		
On/Off Remote Control	Power on, referred to -Vin	0		13.50	Vdc
Output Power		0		200	W
Output Current	Current-limited, no damage, short-circuit protected	0		40	A
Storage Temperature Range	Vin = Zero (no power)	-55		125	°C
listed in the Performance/Functional Specifica	ure of devices to greater than any of these conditions nations Table is not implied nor recommended.	nay adversely affect lo	ng-term reliability. Proper op	eration under conditions	other than those
INPUT		26	40	75	Vdo
Operating voltage range (V2)	(2.6. 1) 2.6.1. 2142112	36	48	75	Vdc
Start-up threshold	(Default, Conf via PMBUS)	32	34	36	Vdc
Undervoltage shutdown	(Default, Conf via PMBUS)	30	32	34	Vdc
Internal Filter Type			Pi		
External Input Fuse (Recommended)			10		Α
Input current					
Full Load Conditions	Vin = nominal		4.43	4.53	Α
Low Line input current	Vin = minimum		5.94	6.03	Α
Inrush Transient	Vin = 48V.			0.05	A <sup>2</sup> -Sec.
Short Circuit input current			0.05	0.10	A
No Load input current	lout = minimum, unit=0N		90	120	mA
Shut-Down input current(Off, UV, OT)	iout – minimum, umt–on		20	40	mA
. , , ,			20	40	IIIA
GENERAL and SAFETY					
Efficiency	Vin=48V, full load	93	94		%
	Vin=min.	93	93.5		%
	Input to output, continuous		2250		Vdc
Isolation Voltage	Input to Baseplate, continuous		1500		Vdc
	Output to Baseplage, continuous		1500		Vdc
Insulation Safety Rating			Functional		
Isolation Resistance			10		ΜΩ
Isolation Capacitance			1000		pF
	Certified to UL-60950-1, CSA-C22.2 No.60950-				þi.
Safety	1, IEC/EN60950-1, 2nd edition Per Telcordia SR-332, issue 1, class 3, ground		Yes		
Calculated MTBF	fixed, Tcase=+25°C		2200		Hours x 10 <sup>3</sup>
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Fixed Switching Frequency			180		KHz
Turn on Time	(Default, Conf via PMBUS)  Vin On to Vout regulated			50	mS
Ramp-up time	Remote On to Vout regulated			30	mS
Vout Rise Time	Conf via PMBUS, from 0% to 100%	9	15	20	mS
Vout Fall Time	Conf via PMBUS, from 100% to 0%	7	10	13	mS
Dynamic Load Response	25-75-25% load step to 1% error band, 1A/uS, with 470uF output external Cap	<u>-</u>	100	200	μSec
Dynamic Load Peak Deviation	same as above		500	700	mVdc
FEATURES and OPTIONS	ouno do abovo		000	700	111740
Remote On/Off Control	to contain the con	-14- W. Y			
<u> </u>	ing with an open collector logic, Voltages reference	ea to -vin)			
"P" suffix:					1
Positive Logic, ON state	ON = pin open or external voltage	3.5		13.50	V
Positive Logic, OFF state	OFF = ground pin or external voltage	0		0.80	V
Control Current	open collector/drain		1	2	mA
"N" suffix:					
Negative Logic, ON state	ON = pin open or external voltage	-0.1		0.80	V
<del> </del>					+

 $OFF = ground\ pin\ or\ external\ voltage$ 

open collector/drain

**Negative Logic, OFF state** 

**Control Current** 

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Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

#### FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS, DBE0240 (5V, 40A, CONT.)

OUTPOUT         Conditions ⊕         Minimum         Typical/Nominal         Maximum           Total Output Power         0         200         200           Voltage         At 100% load, no trim         4.95         5         5.05           Overvoltage Protection         Conf via PMBUS, Magnetic Feedback         5.6         6         7           Voltage Droop (Conf via PMBUS)         0         0         40         40           Output Current Range         0         40         40         40           Minimum Load         0         40         49         53           Short Circuit         5         0         5         3.0           Short Circuit Duration         0         4         49         53           Short Circuit Duration         0         2.5         3.0           Short Circuit Duration         0         No	Units
Setting Accuracy	W
Setting Accuracy	
Overvoltage Protection         Conf via PMBUS, Magnetic Feedback         5.6         6         7           Voltage Droop (Conf via PMBUS)         0         0         0           Current         Output Current Range         0         40         40           Minimum Load         90% of Vnorm., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS         44         49         53           Short Circuit         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout         2.5         3.0           Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery)         Output shorted to ground, no damage (remove short for recovery)         Continuous         Continuous           Short Circuit Duration	Vdc
Voltage Droop (Conf via PMBUS)         0           Current           Output Current Range         0         40         40           Minimum Load         0         40         40           Current Limit Inception ⊕         90% of Vnom., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS         44         49         53           Short Circuit         Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout         2.5         3.0           Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery)         Output shorted to ground, no damage (remove short for recovery)         Non-latching         Continuous           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Non-latching           Regulation ⊕         Uin=min. to max., Votr=nom., full load         ±0.3         ±0.3           Lacad Regulation Noise         5 Hz - 20 MHz BW, Cout=1µF MLCC paralleled with 10µF         100         ±0.25           Ripple and Noise         5 Hz - 20 MHz BW, Cout=1µF MLCC paralleled with 10µF         0.02         7500           Temperature Coefficient         At all outputs         0.02         7500           Power good high stage voltage         Low ESR         220         7500           Power good on begative logic (Conf via PMBUS)         2.4         3.6           Power good	Vdc
Current         Output Current Range         0         40         40           Minimum Load         No minimum load         No minimum load           Current Limit Inception ②         99% of Vnom., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS         44         49         53           Short Circuit           Short Circuit Duration           Continuous           Short Circuit Duration         Continuous         Continuous           Continuous           Short Circuit Duration         Output shorted to ground, no damage         Continuous           Continuous           Short Circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching           Non-latching           Non-latching           Mon-latching           Non-latching	MΩ
Output Current Range         0         40         40           Minimum Load         No minimum load         No minimum load           Current Limit Inception ②         90% of Vnom., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS         44         49         53           Short Circuit         Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout         2.5         3.0           Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery)         Output shorted to ground, no damage         Continuous         Continuous           Regulation ③         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Non-latching           Regulation ③         Vin=min. to max., Vout=nom., full load         ±0.3           Load Regulation         Vin=min. to max., Vin=nom.         ±0.25           Ripple and Noise         5 Hz- 20 MHz BW, Cout=1µF MLCC paralleled with 10µF         100         100           Temperature Coefficient         At all outputs         20.02         7500         1	
Minimum Load Current Limit Inception ② 90% of Vnom., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS 44 49 53 Short Circuit Current Short Circuit Current Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout 2.5 3.0 Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery) 0 Uutput shorted to ground, no damage Continuous (remove short for recovery) 1 Hiccup current limiting Non-latching Non-latch	Α
Current Limit Inception ② 90% of Vnom., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS 44 49 53 Short Circuit Short Circuit Current Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout 2.5 3.0 Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery) Public to ground, no damage (remove short for recovery) Public to ground, no damage (remove short for recovery) Public to ground, no damage (remove short for recovery) Public to ground, no damage (remove short for recovery) Public to ground, no damage (remove short for recovery) Public to ground, no damage (remove short for recovery) Public Pub	
Short Circuit Current Short Circuit Current Short Circuit Current Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery) Short circuit protection method Hiccup current limiting Non-latching Regulation Stine Regulation Uni-min. to max., Vout=nom., full load Load Regulation Stine Stine Regulation Sti	Α
Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery) (remove short for recovery) Regulation ③  Line Regulation ①  Line Regulation  Vin=min. to max., Vout=nom., full load Load Regulation  Load Regulation  Vin=min. to max., Vout=nom., full load Load Regulation  Load Regulation  Vin=min. to max., Vin=nom. Load Regulation  SHZ-20 MHz BW, Cout=1µF MLCC paralleled with 10µF  Temperature Coefficient  At all outputs  Low ESR  220  7500  Power Good—Negative logic (Conf via PMBUS)  Power good high stage voltage  Power good low stage voltage  Power good low stage voltage  Conf via PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triggering  Conf via PMBUS  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triggering  Conf via PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Conf via PMBUS Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Conf via PMBUS Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Conf via PMBUS Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Conf via PMBUS Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Conf via PMBUS Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Conf via PMBUS Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Supported. Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Supported.	
Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery) (remove short for recovery) Regulation ③  Line Regulation ①  Line Regulation  Vin=min. to max., Vout=nom., full load Load Regulation  Load Regulation  Vin=min. to max., Vout=nom., full load Load Regulation  Load Regulation  Vin=min. to max., Vin=nom. Load Regulation  SHZ-20 MHz BW, Cout=1µF MLCC paralleled with 10µF  Temperature Coefficient  At all outputs  Low ESR  220  7500  Power Good—Negative logic (Conf via PMBUS)  Power good high stage voltage  Power good low stage voltage  Power good low stage voltage  Conf via PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triggering  Conf via PMBUS  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triggering  Conf via PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Conf via PMBUS Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Conf via PMBUS Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Conf via PMBUS Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Conf via PMBUS Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Conf via PMBUS Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Voltage for power good on triguering  Conf via PMBUS Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Supported. Acout Supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed  Acout Supported.	Α
Regulation   Short circuit protection method   Hiccup current limiting   Non-latching	
Line Regulation   S	
Line Regulation   Vin=min. to max., Vout=nom., full load   ±0.3	
Load Regulation   lout=min. to max., Vin=nom.   ±0.25	
Ripple and Noise    S Hz- 20 MHz BW, Cout=1µF MLCC paralleled with 10µF   100	%
Temperature Coefficient At all outputs Output Capacitance Low ESR 220 7500  Power Good—Negative logic (Conf via PMBUS)  Power good high stage voltage Power good low stage voltage Conf via PMBUS Out voltage for power good off triggering Conf via PMBUS  Out Voltage for power good on triggering Conf via PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed Logic high input Logic high output Logic high output Logic low output  PMBUS ADDRESSING  If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SAO or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SAO + SA1. SAO/	%
Temperature Coefficient Output Capacitance Low ESR 220 7500  Power Good—Negative logic (Conf via PMBUS)  Power Good high stage voltage 2.4 3.6 Power good low stage voltage -0.1 0.40 Out voltage for power good off triggering Conf via PMBUS 3.5 4 Out Voltage for power good on triggering Conf via PMBUS 3.75 4.25 4.75  PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed Logic high input 2 3.3 Logic low input -0.1 0.8 Logic high output -0.1 0.4 PMBUS ADDRESSING  If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SAO or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SAO + SA1. SAO/	mV pk-pk
Power Good—Negative logic (Conf via PMBUS)  Power good high stage voltage 2.4 3.6  Power good low stage voltage -0.1 0.40  Out voltage for power good off triggering Conf via PMBUS 3 3.5 4  Out Voltage for power good on triggering Conf via PMBUS 3.75 4.25 4.75  PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed 400  Logic high input 2 2 3.33  Logic low input -0.1 0.8  Logic high output 2.4 3.6  Logic low output 2.4 3.6  Logic low output -0.1 0.4  PMBUS ADDRESSING  If the calculated PMBus address is Od, 11d or 12d, SAO or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SAO + SA1. SAO/	% of Vnom./°C
Power good high stage voltage 2.4 3.6 Power good low stage voltage -0.1 0.40  Out voltage for power good off triggering Conf via PMBUS 3.35 4.25 4.75  PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed 400 Logic high input 2 3.3 Logic low input 1.0 Logic high output 2.4 3.6 Logic low output 1.0 Logic low output 2.4 3.6 Logic low output 1.0 Logic low outpu	μF
Power good low stage voltage  Out voltage for power good off triggering Conf via PMBUS 3 3.5 4.25 4.75  PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed 400 Logic high input 2 3.3 Logic low input 1.01 1.08 Logic high output 2.4 3.6 Logic low output  PMBUS ADDRESSING If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SAO or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SAO + SA1. SAO/	
Out voltage for power good off triggering Conf via PMBUS 3 3.5 4 Out Voltage for power good on triggering Conf via PMBUS 3.75 4.25 4.75  PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed 400 Logic high input 2 2 3.3 Logic low input -0.1 0.8 Logic high output 2.4 3.6 Logic low output -0.1 0.4  PMBUS ADDRESSING  If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SAO or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SAO + SA1. SAO/	Vdc
Out voltage for power good off triggering Conf via PMBUS 3 3.5 4 Out Voltage for power good on triggering Conf via PMBUS 3.75 4.25 4.75  PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed 400 Logic high input 2 2 3.3 Logic low input -0.1 0.8 Logic high output 2.4 3.6 Logic low output -0.1 0.4  PMBUS ADDRESSING  If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SAO or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SAO + SA1. SAO/	Vdc
Out Voltage for power good on triggering Conf via PMBUS 3.75 4.25 4.75  PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed 400  Logic high input 2 3.3  Logic low input -0.1 0.8  Logic high output 2.4 3.6  Logic low output -0.1 0.4  PMBUS ADDRESSING  If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SA0 or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SA0 + SA1. SA0/	Vdc
PMBUS           PMBUS GENERAL           PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.           Bus speed         400           Logic high input         2         3.3           Logic low input         -0.1         0.8           Logic high output         2.4         3.6           Logic low output         -0.1         0.4           PMBUS ADDRESSING           If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SAO or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SAO + SA1. SAO/	Vdc
PMBUS GENERAL           PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.           Bus speed         400           Logic high input         2         3.3           Logic low input         -0.1         0.8           Logic high output         2.4         3.6           Logic low output         -0.1         0.4           PMBUS ADDRESSING           If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SAO or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SAO + SA1. SAO/	
Bus speed         400           Logic high input         2         3.3           Logic low input         -0.1         0.8           Logic high output         2.4         3.6           Logic low output         -0.1         0.4           PMBUS ADDRESSING           If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SAO or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SAO + SA1. SAO/	
Bus speed         400           Logic high input         2         3.3           Logic low input         -0.1         0.8           Logic high output         2.4         3.6           Logic low output         -0.1         0.4           PMBUS ADDRESSING           If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SA0 or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SA0 + SA1. SA0/	
Logic low input  Logic high output  Logic low output  2.4  3.6  Logic low output  -0.1  0.8  2.4  3.6  Logic low output  -0.1  0.4  PMBUS ADDRESSING  If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SA0 or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SA0 + SA1. SA0/	Khz
Logic low input  Logic high output  Logic low output  2.4  3.6  Logic low output  -0.1  0.4  PMBUS ADDRESSING  If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SA0 or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SA0 + SA1. SA0/	Vdc
Logic low output -0.1 0.4  PMBUS ADDRESSING  If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SA0 or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SA0 + SA1. SA0/	Vdc
PMBUS ADDRESSING  If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SA0 or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SA0 + SA1. SA0/	Vdc
If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SAO or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead. PMBUS address = 8*SAO + SA1. SAO/	Vdc
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_
rgalaur konnigeren in divu.	A1 value VS
<b>0</b> 10	kΩ
1 22	kΩ
2 33	kΩ
3 47	kΩ
4 68	kΩ
5 100	kΩ
6 150	kΩ
7 220	kΩ

Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

#### FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS, DBE0240 (5V, 40A, CONT.)

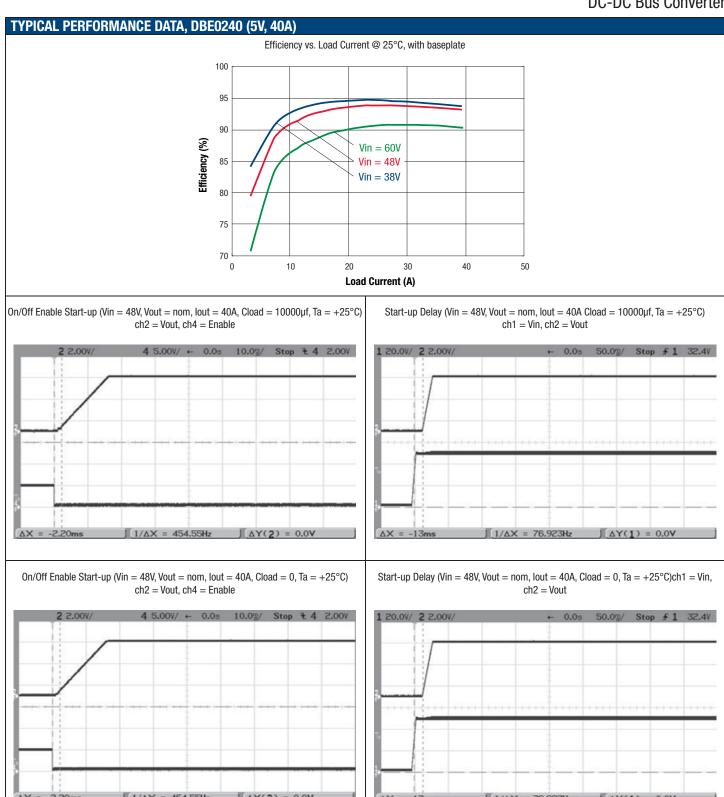
PMBus	Conditions ①	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
PMBus MONITORING ACCURACY	Conditions U	Millilliuiii	Typical/Notifilial	Maxilliulli	UIIIIS
VIN READ		-2		2	%
VOUT READ		-2 -2		2	%
					_
IOUT_READ (> = 10A)		-5		5	%
IOUT_READ (<10A)		-1		1	A
TEMP_READ	IO (DEEDLIO ESCAUTODINO O FUNCTION	-5	ND.	5	°C
	IS (PMBUS MONITORING & FUNCTION	IAL DESCRIPTIO	N)		
Fault Protection Specifications					
Output Voltage, Over Voltage protection, OVP	Factory default		6		V
VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT, Configurable via PMBus	= = =	5.6		7	V
	Fault response time		200		μS
Input Voltage, Input Over Voltage Protection	Factory default		80		V
	Setpoint accuracy	-2		2	%
VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT (Configurable via PMBus) ⊕	>VIN_OV_WARM_LIMIT		34	110	V
	Delay		300		μS
Input Voltage, Input Under Voltage Protection, UVLV	Factory default		32		V
	Setpoint accuracy	-2		2	%
VIN_FAULT_LIMIT_LIMIT(Configurable via PMBus) 4	<pre><vin_uv_warm_limit <vin_ov_fault_limit<="" td=""><td></td><td>32</td><td>75</td><td>V</td></vin_uv_warm_limit></pre>		32	75	V
	Delay		300		μS
Over Current Protection, OCP	Setpoint accuracy (lo)	-3		3	%
	(factory default)		48		Α
IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT (Configurable via PMBus) ④	>IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMT	0		50	А
	Fault response time		200		μS
Over Temperature Protection, OTP	OT_FAULT_LIMIT (factory default)		125		°C
OT_FAULT_LIMIT (Configurable via PMBus) @	>OT_WARM_LIMIT	0		150	°C
	OTP accuracy (factory default)	5		5	°C
	Fault response time		300		μS
MECHANICAL (Through Hole Models)					
Outline Dimensions—open frame			2.3x0.9x0.45		Inches
-	WxLxH		58.4x22.9x11.4		mm
Outline Dimensions—with baseplate			2.3x0.9x0.52		Inches
•	WxLxH		58.4x22.9x13.2		mm
Weight	Open frame		34		Grams
	With baseplate		45		Grams
Through Hole Pin Diameter			0.04 & 0.062		Inches
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			1.016 & 1.575		mm
Through Hole Pin Material			Copper alloy		
TH Pin Plating Metal and Thickness	Nickel subplate		50		μ-inches
	Gold overplate		5		μ-inches
ENVIRONMENTAL	acia ciorpiato				F
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	with derating	-40		85	°C
Operating Baseplate Temperature	with dolating	-40		110	°C
Storage Temperature	Vin = Zero (no power)	-55		125	°C
Thermal Protection/Shutdown	Measured at hotspot		125	120	°C
Electromagnetic Interference	·				
Conducted, EN55022/CISPR22 RoHS rating	External filter required		B RoHS-6		Class
nono rating			ทบที่จ-ช		

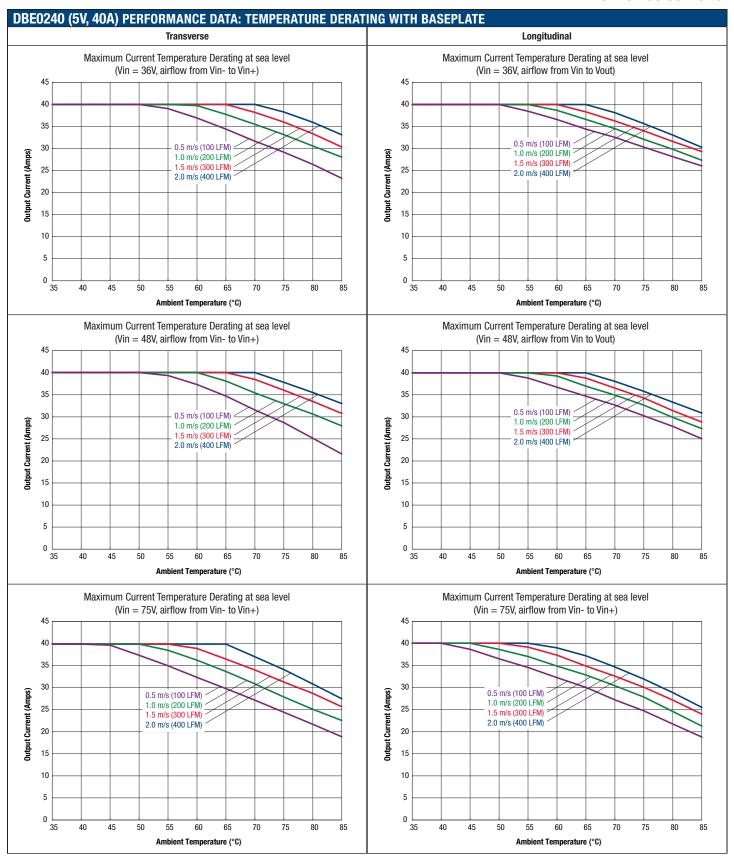
#### **Notes**

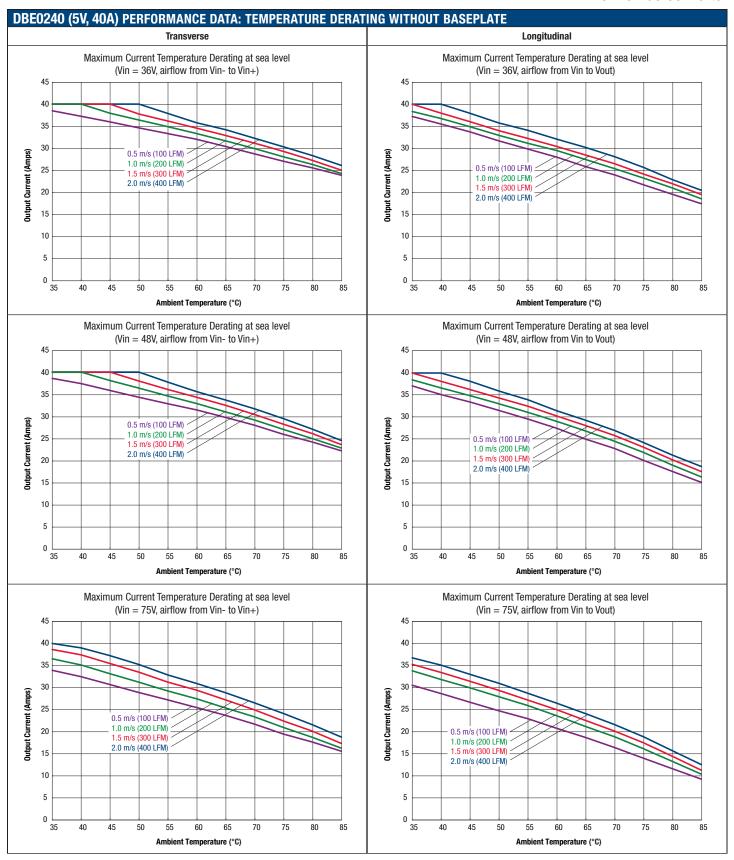
② Over-current protection is non-latching with auto recovery (Hiccup)

Typical at TA = +25°C under nominal line voltage and full-load conditions. All models are specified with an external 1μF multi-layer ceramic and 10μF capacitors across their output pins.

③ Regulation specifications describe the output voltage changes as the line voltage or load current is varied from its nominal or midpoint value to either extreme.







Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

#### **FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS, DBE0125 (12V, 25A)**

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	Conditions ①	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Input Voltage, Continuous		0		80	Vdc
Input Voltage, Transient	100 mS max. duration			100	Vdc
Isolation Voltage	Input to output, continuous			2250	Vdc
Input Reverse Polarity	None, install external fuse		None		
On/Off Remote Control	Power on, referred to -Vin	0		13.50	Vdc
Output Power		0		306	W
Output Current	Current-limited, no damage, short-circuit protected	0		25	А
Storage Temperature Range	Vin = Zero (no power)	-55		125	°C

Absolute maximums are stress ratings. Exposure of devices to greater than any of these conditions may adversely affect long-term reliability. Proper operation under conditions other than those listed in the Performance/Functional Specifications Table is not implied nor recommended.

sted in the Performance/Functional Specifications Table is not implied nor recommended.								
INPUT								
Operating voltage range		36	48	75	Vdc			
Start-up threshold	(Default, Conf via PMBUS)	32	34	36	Vdc			
Undervoltage shutdown	(Default, Conf via PMBUS)	30	32	34	Vdc			
Internal Filter Type			Pi					
External Input fuse			20		Α			
Input current					1			
Full Load Conditions	Vin = nominal		9.25	9.6	Α			
Low Line input current	Vin = minimum		12.28	12.8	Α			
Inrush Transient	Vin = 48V.			0.05	A <sup>2</sup> -Sec.			
Short Circuit input current			0.03	0.10	Α			
No Load input current	lout = minimum, unit=0N		110	150	mA			
Shut-Down input currrent (Off, UV, OT)			20	40	mA			
Back Ripple Current	Measured at the input of module with a simu- lated source impedance of 4.7μH, 220μF, 100V, across source, 33μF, 100V external capacitors across input pins		2000	3000	mAp-p			
Back Ripple Current (no filtering)			620	1000	mAp-p			
GENERAL and SAFETY								
Efficiency	Vin=48V, full load	93	94.6		%			
Efficiency	Vin=min.	93	95		%			
	Input to output, continuous		2250		Vdc			
Isolation Voltage	Input to Baseplate, continuous		1500		Vdc			
	Output to Baseplage, continuous		1500		Vdc			
Insulation Safety Rating			Functional					
Isolation Resistance			10		ΜΩ			
Isolation Capacitance			1500		pF			
Safety	Certified to UL-60950-1, CSA-C22.2 No.60950- 1, IEC/EN60950-1, 2nd edition		Yes					
Calculated MTBF	Per Telcordia SR-332, issue 1, class 3, ground fixed, Tcase=+25°C		1800		Hours x 10 <sup>3</sup>			
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS								
SWITCHING FREQUENCY (Configurable via PMBUS)			180		kHz			
TURN ON TIME (Default, Configurable via PMBI	JS)			T				
Vin On to Vout Regulated (100% Vout)				60	ms			
Remote On to Vout Regulated (100% Vout)				30	ms			
Vin Start up delay time			25	40	ms			
Enable Start up delay time				10	ms			
VOUT RISE TIME (Default, Configurable via PM	BUS)							
From 0%~100%		16	20	23	ms			
From 10%~90%		12.8	16	18.4	ms			
VOUT FALL TIME OF REGULATED OFF (Default,	Configurable via PMBUS)							
From 100%~0%		16	20	23	ms			
From 90%~10%		12.8	16	18.4	ms			
Dynamic Load Response	25-75-25% load step to 1% error band		150	300	μSec			
Dynamic Load Peak Deviation	same as above		400	500	mVdc			

Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

#### **FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS, DBE0125 (12V, 25A, CONT.)**

Remote On/Off Control (designed to be driving with an open collector logic, Voltages referenced to -Vin)  "P" suffix:  Positive Logic, ON state  ON = pin open or external voltage ON = positive Logic, ON state ON = pin open or external voltage ON = positive Logic, ON state ON = pin open or external voltage ON = positive Logic, ON state OFF = ground pin or external voltage OFF = ground pin or ext	FEATURES and OPTIONS	Conditions ①	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
### strike:    Positive Logic, Off state	Remote On/Off Control					
### strike:    Positive Logic, Off state	Primary On/Off control (designed to be driving	g with an open collector logic, Voltages reference	ed to -Vin)			
Positive Logic, OFF state	"P" suffix:		•			
Control Current	Positive Logic, ON state	ON = pin open or external voltage	3.5		13.5	V
Control Current	<u> </u>		0		0.8	V
Magnifer Logic, OFF state	<u> </u>		<del>-</del>	1		
Negative Logic, ON state						1
Negative Logic, OFF state   OFF = ground pin or external votage   3.5   13.5   V   Control Current   Copen collector/datal   1   2   mA		ON – nin onen or external voltage	-0 1		0.8	V
Control Courrent   Open collector/drain   1   2   mA						
Secondary On/Off control (Pull up to 3.3V Internally, Voltages referenced to -Vout)		0 1	0.0	1		
Pacifical Caje, ON state		•		ı		IIIA
Positive Logic, ON state	, , ,	ilially, voltages referenced to -vout)				
Positive Logic, OFF state		ON pin open or external valtage	1.5		2.2	V
Control Current	•					
N° suffix:			0			-
Negative Logic, ON state         ON = pin open or external voltage         0         0.8         V           Negative Logic, OFF state         OFF = ground pin or external voltage         1.5         3.3         V           Control Current         open collector/drain         1         2         mA           Remote Sense Compliance         Series pins connected externally to respective Vour pins         w         10         %           Control Current         Series pins connected externally to respective Vour pins         w         10         %           Control Current           Setting Accuracy         At 100% load, no trim         11.76         12         12.24         Vote           Overvoltage Protection         Conf via PMBUIS         Mg         10         15.6         MG           Voltage Droop (Conf via PMBUIS)         41.10% load, no trim         11.8         12.4         15.6         MG           Current Lourent         MG         1         2.5         A         MG           Minimum Load         0         0         2.5         A           Minimum Load         0         0         0         0         A         1         A		open collector/drain		1	2	mA .
Megative Logic, QFF state   OFF = ground pin or external voltage ope collect for in   1						
Control Current						_
Remote Sense Compilance   Sense pins connected externally to respective Vout pins   Vout pins		9	1.5			V
Note	Control Current	·		1	2	mA
	Remote Sense Compliance				10	%
Total Output Power   0   300   306   W   Voltage   Voltage   Setting Accuracy   At 100% load, no trim   11.76   12   12.24   Vdc   Overvoltage Protection   Conf via PMBUS, Magnetic Feedback   13.8   14.4   15.6   Vdc	OUTPUT	vout piris				
Voltage   Setting Accuracy			0	300	306	\\/
Setting Accuracy			<u> </u>	300	300	VV
Overvoltage Protection         Conf via PMBUS, Magnetic Feedback         13.8         14.4         15.6         Vota Voltage Droop (Conf via PMBUS)         without "S" suffix         0         MΩ           Current Current Range         0         10         MΩ           Output Current Range         0         No minimum load         25         A           Minimum Load         No minimum load         27         29         31         A           Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout         0.4         1         A           Short Circuit Duration (renove short for recovery)         Output shorted to ground, no damage         Continuous         Continuous           Short circuit Duration         Output shorted to ground, no damage         Continuous         To 29         31         A           Short Circuit Duration         Output shorted to ground, no damage         Continuous         Continuous         Continuous         To 20         To 20         MI         A         A         1         A         A         1         A         To 20         MI         A         5         F         MV         To 20         MI         D         MV         To 20         MV         To 20		At 1000/ load no trim	11.70	10	10.04	Vdo
Voltage Drop (Conf via PMBUS)         without "S" suffix with "S" suffix         0         MΩ           Current Output Current Range         0         25         A           Minimum Load         0         No minimum load         25         A           Current Limit Inception ™         98% of Vnom., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS         27         29         31         A           Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout         0.4         1         A           Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout         0.4         1         A           Short Circuit Duration         Output shorted to ground, no damage         Continuous             Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching             Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching             Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching             Short circuit protection method         Vin=min. to max., Vout=nom., full load          ±75         mV           Line Regulation		1				
Voltage Droop (Conf via PMBUS)         with "S" suffix         10         MΩ           Current         Output Current Range         0         25         A           Minimum Load         No minimum load         1         A           Current Limit Inception ②         98% of Vnom., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS         27         29         31         A           Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout         0.4         1         A           Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery)         Output shorted to ground, no damage         Continuous	Overvoltage Protection		13.8		15.6	
Current         Output Current Range         0         25         A           Minimum Load         Power Good—Negative Logic (Conf via PMBUS)         27         29         31         A           Current Limit Inception ②         98% of Vnom., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS         27         29         31         A           Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout         0.4         1         A           Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery)         Output shorted to ground, no damage         Continuous         Continuous           Short Circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Image: Continuous         Continuous         Continuous         Image: Continuous         Continuous         Image: Continuous         Continuous         Continuous         Continuous         Mon-latching         Non-latching         Mon-latching         Mon-latching         Mon-latching         Mon-latching         Mon-latching         Mon-latching	Voltage Droop (Conf via PMBUS)			-		+
Output Current Range         0         25         A           Minimum Load         98% of Vnom., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS         27         29         31         A           Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout         0.4         1         A           Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery)         Output shorted to ground, no damage         Continuous         Continuous           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Non-latching           Regulation ®           Uine Regulation Non-latching         Vin=min. to max., Vout=nom., full load         ± 275         mV           Load Regulation Noise         Iout=min. to max., Vin=nom.         ± 45         mV           Ripple and Noise         5 Hz - 20 MHz BW, Cout=1 µF MLCC paralleled with 10 µF         80         150         mV pk-pk           Temperature Coefficient         A t all outputs         0.01         0.02         % of Vnom./°C           Maximum Output Capacitance         Low ESR         100         10,000         µF           Power Good How stage voltage         2.4         3.6         Vdc           Power good low stage voltage         Conf via PMBUS         8.64         9.6         10	-	with "S" suffix		10		MΩ
Minimum Load         No minimum load         Current Limit Inception ②         98% of Vnom., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS         27         29         31         A           Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout         0.4         1         A           Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery)         Output shorted to ground, no damage (remove short for recovery)         Continuous         Continuous           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Non-latching           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Non-latching           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Non-latching           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Non-latching           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Continuous           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Continuous         ### PX           Begulation         Ululamin to max, Vini=nom.         ### PX         ### PX         ## PX         ## PX           Right Regula						1
Current Limit Inception ②         98% of Vnom., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS         27         29         31         A           Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Voul femous short for recovery)         0.4         1         A           Short circuit Duration (remove short for recovery)         Output shorted to ground, no damage         Continuous         Continuous           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Non-latching           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Non-latching           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Non-latching           Short Circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Non-latching           Short Circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Non-latching         To           Begulation         Vin-min. to max, Vout=nom, full load         1         ±75         mV           Load Regulation         Jout Distage W. Coult—limit. to max, Vin=nom.         80         150         mV pk-pk           Rispan="6">Temperature Coefficient         At all outputs         0.01			0		25	Α
Short Circuit Current	Minimum Load			No minimum load		
Short Circuit Current         Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout         0.4         1         A           Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery)         Output shorted to ground, no damage         Continuous         Continuous           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Image: Non-latching         Image	Current Limit Inception ②	98% of Vnom., after warmup, Conf via PMBUS	27	29	31	Α
Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery)         Output shorted to ground, no damage (move short for recovery)         Continuous         Continuous           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching         Image: Continuous of the continuous of th	Short Circuit					
(remove short for recovery)         Output shorted to ground, no damage         Continuous           Short circuit protection method         Hiccup current limiting         Non-latching           Regulation ®           Line Regulation         Vin=min. to max., Vin=nom.         ±45         mV           Load Regulation         lout=min. to max., Vin=nom.         ±45         mV           Ripple and Noise         5 Hz- 20 MHz BW, Cout=1µF MLCC paralleled with 10µF         80         150         mV pk-pk           Temperature Coefficient         At all outputs         0.01         0.02         % of Vnom./*C           Maximum Output Capacitance         Low ESR         100         10,000         µF           Power good—Negative logic (Conf via PMBUS)         ±44         3.6         Vdc           Power good high stage voltage         2.4         3.6         Vdc           Power good low stage voltage         -0.1         0.4         Vdc           Out voltage for power good off triggering         Conf via PMBUS         8.64         9.6         10.56         Vdc           PMBUS GENERAL           PMBUS GENERAL           PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.           Bus speed         40		Hiccup technique, autorecovery within 1% of Vout		0.4	1	Α
Regulation		Output shorted to ground, no damage		Continuous		
Regulation	*			Non latching		
Line Regulation         Vin=min. to max., Vout=nom., full load         ±75         mV           Load Regulation         lout=min. to max., Vin=nom.         ±45         mV           Ripple and Noise         5 Hz- 20 MHz BW, Cout=1µF MLCC paralleled with 10µF         80         150         mV pk-pk           Temperature Coefficient         At all outputs         0.01         0.02         % of Vnom./°C           Maximum Output Capacitance         Low ESR         100         10,000         µF           Power Good—Negative logic (Conf via PMBUS)         English output         3.6         Vdc           Power good low stage voltage         2.4         3.6         Vdc           Power good low stage voltage         2.4         3.6         Vdc           Out voltage for power good off triggering         Conf via PMBUS         8.64         9.6         10.56         Vdc           PMBUS         PMBUS GENERAL         PMBUS GENERAL         PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.         400         Khz           Logic high input         2         3.3         Vdc           Logic high output         0         0.8         Vdc		niccup current inniting		Non-latering		
Load Regulation   Iout=min. to max., Vin=nom.   ±45 mV		Min min to many Mark many full land			. 75	
Simple and Noise   Single						+
Rippie and Noise     paralleled with 10μF     80     150     mV pκ-pk       Temperature Coefficient     At all outputs     0.01     0.02     % of Vnom./°C       Maximum Output Capacitance     Low ESR     100     10,000     μF       Power Good—Negative logic (Conf via PMBUS)	Load Regulation				±45	mv
Temperature Coefficient         At all outputs         0.01         0.02         % of Vnom./°C           Maximum Output Capacitance         Low ESR         100         10,000         μF           Power Good—Negative logic (Conf via PMBUS)         Vdc         3.6         Vdc           Power good high stage voltage         2.4         3.6         Vdc           Power good low stage voltage         -0.1         0.4         Vdc           Out voltage for power good off triggering         Conf via PMBUS         8.64         9.6         10.56         Vdc           PMBUS general         Vdc	Ripple and Noise	1		80	150	mV pk-pk
Maximum Output Capacitance     Low ESR     100     10,000     μF       Power Good—Negative logic (Conf via PMBUS)       Power good high stage voltage     2.4     3.6     Vdc       Power good low stage voltage     -0.1     0.4     Vdc       Out voltage for power good off triggering     Conf via PMBUS     8.64     9.6     10.56     Vdc       Out Voltage for power good on triggering     Conf via PMBUS     9.72     10.8     11.88     Vdc       PMBUS GENERAL       PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.       Bus speed     400     Khz       Logic high input     2     3.3     Vdc       Logic low input     0     0.8     Vdc       Logic high output     2.4     3.6     Vdc	Temperature Coefficient			0.01	0.02	% of Vnom./°C
Power Good—Negative logic (Conf via PMBUS)  Power good high stage voltage 2.4 3.6 Vdc  Power good low stage voltage -0.1 0.4 Vdc  Out voltage for power good off triggering Conf via PMBUS 8.64 9.6 10.56 Vdc  Out Voltage for power good on triggering Conf via PMBUS 9.72 10.8 11.88 Vdc  PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS  ENSURABLE FUNCTION OF CONTROL OF CON	· ·		100	0.01		
Power good high stage voltage 2.4 3.6 Vdc  Power good low stage voltage -0.1 0.4 Vdc  Out voltage for power good off triggering Conf via PMBUS 8.64 9.6 10.56 Vdc  Out Voltage for power good on triggering Conf via PMBUS 9.72 10.8 11.88 Vdc  PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed 400 Khz  Logic high input 2 2 3.3 Vdc  Logic low input 0 0 0.8 Vdc  Logic high output 2.4 3.6 Vdc			100		10,000	ļ pi
Power good low stage voltage -0.1 0.4 Vdc  Out voltage for power good off triggering Conf via PMBUS 8.64 9.6 10.56 Vdc  Out Voltage for power good on triggering Conf via PMBUS 9.72 10.8 11.88 Vdc  PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed 400 Khz  Logic high input 2 2 3.33 Vdc  Logic low input 0 0 0.8 Vdc  Logic high output 2.4 3.6 Vdc		7	2.4		2.6	Vdo
Out voltage for power good off triggering Conf via PMBUS 8.64 9.6 10.56 Vdc  Out Voltage for power good on triggering Conf via PMBUS 9.72 10.8 11.88 Vdc  PMBUS  PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed 400 Khz  Logic high input 2 2 3.3 Vdc  Logic low input 0 0 0.8 Vdc  Logic high output 2.4 3.6 Vdc						
Out Voltage for power good on triggering Conf via PMBUS 9.72 10.8 11.88 Vdc  PMBUS  PMBUS GENERAL  PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.  Bus speed 400 Khz  Logic high input 2 2 3.33 Vdc  Logic low input 0 0 0.8 Vdc  Logic high output 2.4 3.6 Vdc		Confuio DMDUC		0.6		_
PMBUS           PMBUS GENERAL           PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.           Bus speed         400         Khz           Logic high input         2         3.3         Vdc           Logic low input         0         0.8         Vdc           Logic high output         2.4         3.6         Vdc						_
PMBUS GENERAL           PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.           Bus speed         400         Khz           Logic high input         2         3.3         Vdc           Logic low input         0         0.8         Vdc           Logic high output         2.4         3.6         Vdc		CONT VIA PINIBUS	9.72	10.8	11.88	Vac
PMBUS REV. 1.2. SMBALERT# is supported. PEC is supported. Linear data format used.           Bus speed         400         Khz           Logic high input         2         3.3         Vdc           Logic low input         0         0.8         Vdc           Logic high output         2.4         3.6         Vdc						
Bus speed         400         Khz           Logic high input         2         3.3         Vdc           Logic low input         0         0.8         Vdc           Logic high output         2.4         3.6         Vdc						
Logic high input         2         3.3         Vdc           Logic low input         0         0.8         Vdc           Logic high output         2.4         3.6         Vdc		PEC is supported. Linear data format used.				
Logic low input         0         0.8         Vdc           Logic high output         2.4         3.6         Vdc					400	+
Logic high output 2.4 3.6 Vdc	Logic high input		2		3.3	Vdc
	Logic low input		0		0.8	Vdc
Logic low output -0.1 0.4 Vdc	Logic high output		2.4		3.6	Vdc
	Logic low output		-0.1		0.4	Vdc

Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

#### **FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS, DBE0125 (12V, 25A, CONT.)**

PMBus	Conditions ①	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
PMBUS ADDRESSING					
If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or resistor connected to GND.	r 12d, SAO or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus addr	ess 119d is assigned	l instead. PMBUS address =	: 8*SA0 + SA1. SA0/S	A1 value VS
0			10		kΩ
1			22		kΩ
2			33		kΩ
3			47		kΩ
4			68		kΩ
5			100		kΩ
6			150		kΩ
7			220		kΩ
MBus MONITORING ACCURACY					
VIN_READ		-3		3	%
VOUT_READ		-2		2	%
IOUT_READ		-1.5		1.5	А
TEMP_READ		-5		5	°C
	IS (PMBUS MONITORING & FUNCTION	IAL DESCRIPTIO	N)		
ault Protection Specifications	,				
utput Voltage, Over Voltage protection, OVP	Factory default		14.4		٧
OUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT, Configurable via PMBus		8.1		15.6	٧
/	Fault response time		200		μS
put Voltage, Input Over Voltage Protection	Factory default		80		V
	Setpoint accuracy	-2		2	%
IN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT (Configurable via PMBus) ④	>VIN_OV_WARM_LIMIT		34	110	V
	Delay		300		μS
nput Voltage, Input Under Voltage Protection, UVLV	Factory default		32		V
	Setpoint accuracy	-2		2	%
IN_FAULT_LIMIT_LIMIT(Configurable via PMBus) ④	<pre><vin_uv_warm_limit <vin_ov_fault_limit<="" td=""><td></td><td>32</td><td>75</td><td>V</td></vin_uv_warm_limit></pre>		32	75	V
	Delay		300		μS
ver Current Protection, OCP	Setpoint accuracy (lo)	-3		3	%
	(factory default)		29		Α
OUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT (Configurable via PMBus) ④	>IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMT	0		34	А
	Fault response time		200		μS
ver Temperature Protection, OTP	OT_FAULT_LIMIT (factory default)		120/125		°C
T_FAULT_LIMIT (Configurable via PMBus) 4	>OT_WARM_LIMIT	30		130	°C
	OTP accuracy (factory default)	5		5	°C
	Fault response time		300		μS
MECHANICAL (Through Hole Models)					
outline Dimensions—open frame			2.3x0.9x0.46		Inches
	WxLxH		58.4x22.7x11.7		mm
utline Dimensions—with baseplate			2.3x0.9x0.52		Inches
	WxLxH		58.4x22.7x13.2		mm
/eight—open frame			0.98		Ounces
			28		Grams
Veight—with baseplate			1.37		Ounces
			39		Grams
hrough Hole Pin Diameter			0.04 & 0.062		Inches
			1.016 & 1.575		mm
hrough Hole Pin Material			Copper alloy		
H Pin Plating Metal and Thickness	Nickel subplate		50		μ-inches
	Gold overplate		5		μ-inches

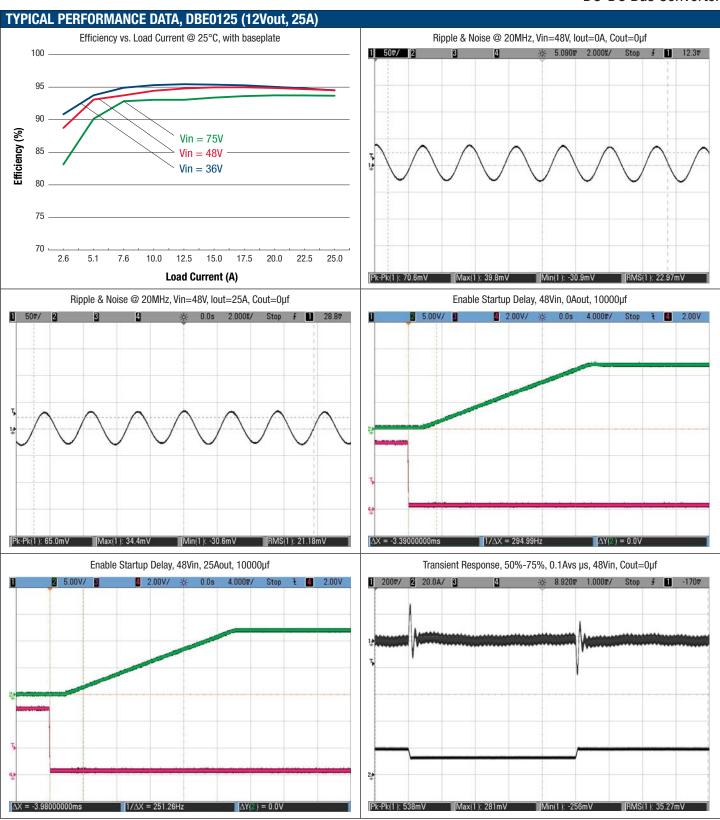
Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

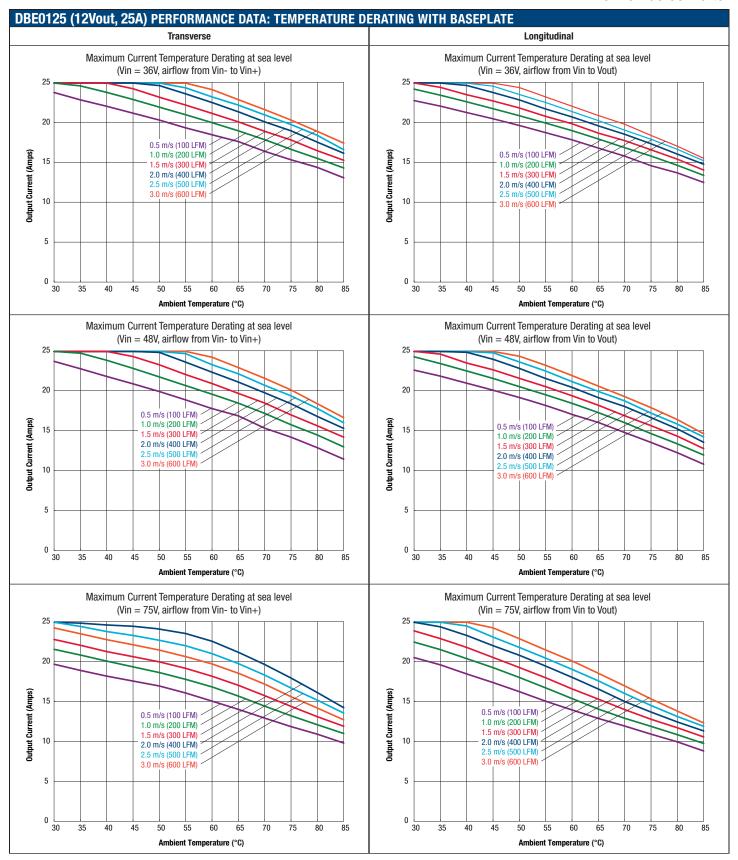
#### FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS, DBE0125 (12V, 25A, CONT.)

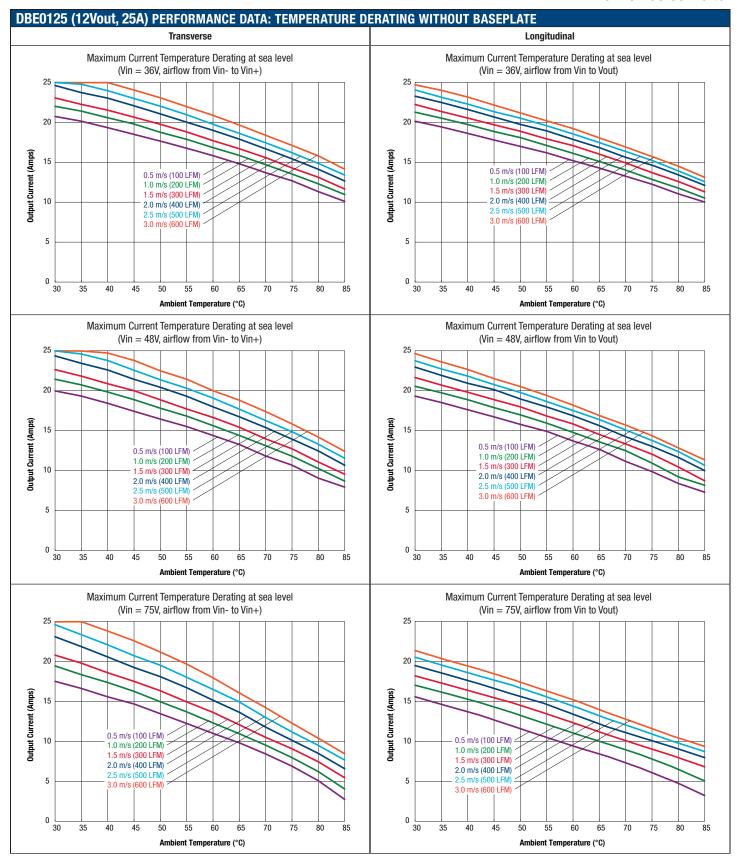
ENVIRONMENTAL	Conditions ①	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	With derating	-40		85	°C
Operating Baseplate Temperature	No derating according to IPC 9592	-40		110	°C
Storage Temperature	Vin = Zero (no power)	-55		125	°C
Thermal Protection/Shutdown—open frame	Measured at hotspot		140		°C
Thermal Protection/Shutdown with baseplate @			130		°C
Electromagnetic Interference Conducted, EN55022/CISPR22	External filter required		В		Class
Radiated, EN55022/CISPR22			В		Class
RoHS rating			RoHS-6		

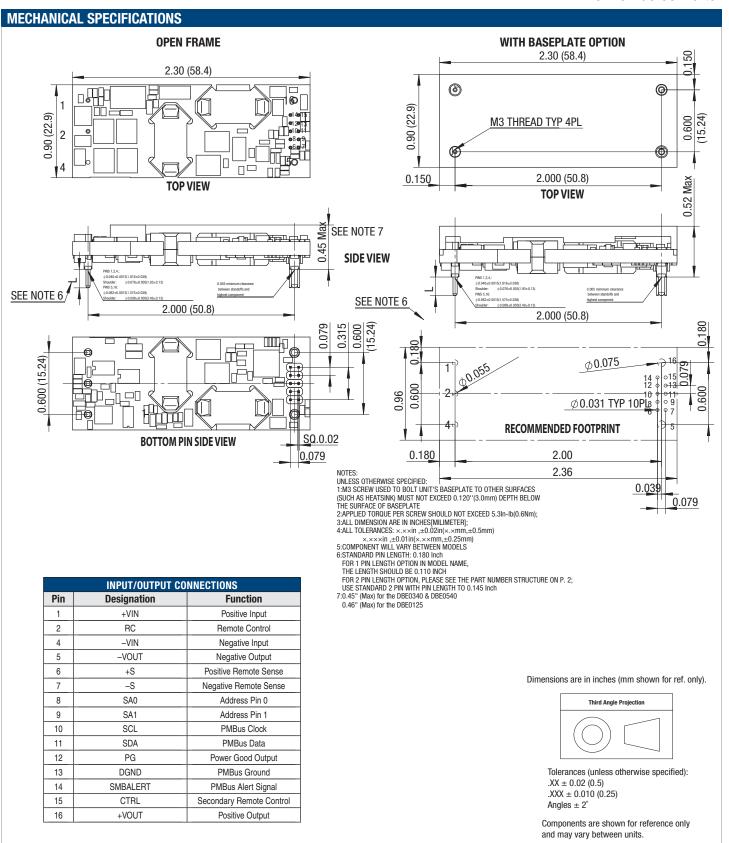
#### Notes

- Typical at TA = +25°C under nominal line voltage and full-load conditions. All models are specified with an external 1µF multi-layer ceramic and 10µF capacitors across their output pins.
- ② Over-current protection is non-latching with auto recovery (Hiccup)
- ® Regulation specifications describe the output voltage changes as the line voltage or load current is varied from its nominal or midpoint value to either extreme.
- When baseplate temperature is above the maximum operating baseplate temperature of 110°C and below thermal protection temperature of 130°C, the module will continue working but the thermal stress will be above the IPC9592 guide limit for long-term operation. It is not recommended to run in such a situation long-term.

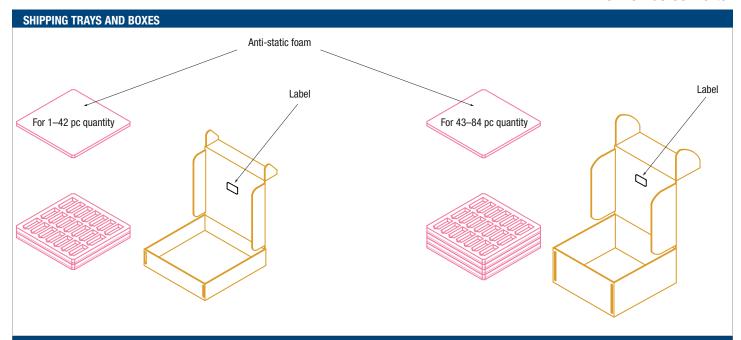






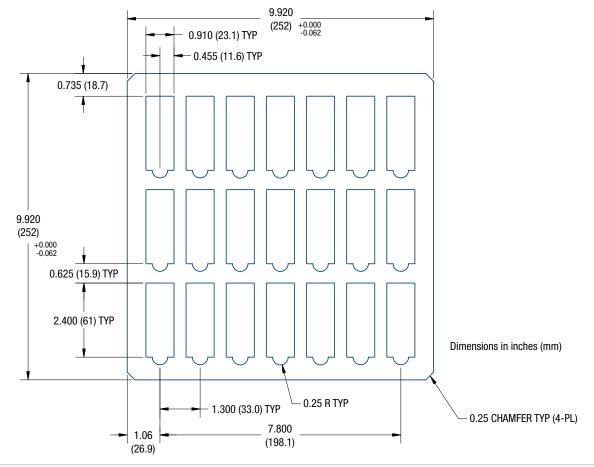


Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

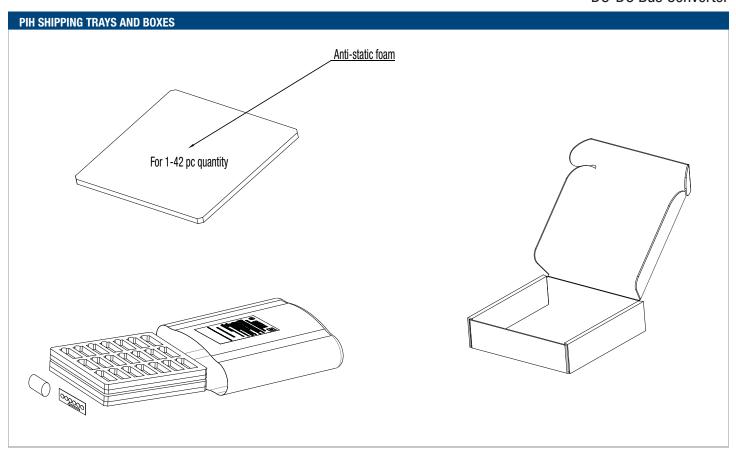


#### **SHIPPING TRAY**

DBE/DVE modules are supplied in a 21-piece (3-by-7) shipping tray. The tray is an anti-static closed-cell polyethylene foam. Dimensions are shown below.







Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

#### **TECHNICAL NOTES**

#### **Power Management Overview**

The module includes a wide range of readable and configurable power management features that are easy to implement with a minimum of external components. Furthermore, the module includes protection features that continuously protect the load from damage due to unexpected system faults. The SMBALERT pin alerts the host if there is a fault in the module. The following product parameters can continuously be monitored by a host: Vout, lout, Vin, Temperature, and Power Good. The module is distributed with a default configuration suitable for a wide range operation in terms of Vin, Vout, and load. All power management functions can be reconfigured using the PMBus interface. The product provides a PMBus digital interface that enables the user to configure many aspects of the device operation as well as monitor the input and output parameters. Please contact Murata-PS for design support of special configurations.

#### **Soft-start Power Up**

The default rise time of the ramp up is 20 ms. When starting by applying input voltage the control circuit boot-up time adds an additional 10 ms delay. The soft-start power up of the module can be reconfigured using the PMBus interface.

#### **Over Voltage Protection (OVP)**

The module includes over voltage limiting circuitry for protection of the load. The default OVP limit is 20% above the nominal output voltage. If the output voltage surpasses the OVP limit, the module can respond in different ways. The default response from an over voltage fault is to immediately shut down. The device will continuously check for the presence of the fault condition, and when the fault condition no longer exists the device will be re-enabled. The OVP fault level and fault response can be reconfigured using the PMBus interface.

#### **Over Current Protection (OCP, Current limit)**

The module includes current limiting circuitry for protection at continuous over load. The default setting for the product is hicup mode. The current limit could be configured by simply setting the IOUT\_OC\_FAULT\_LIMIT to be greater than the IOUT\_OC\_WARN\_LIMIT. The maximum value that the current limit could be set is 50A.

#### **Power Good**

The module provides Power Good (PG) flag in the Status Word register that indicates the output voltage is within a specified tolerance of its target level and no fault condition exists. The Power Good pin default logic is negative and it can be configured by MFR\_PGOOD\_POLARITY.

#### **Switching Frequency Adjust Using PMBus**

By default the switching frequency is set to 175-250 KHz variable frequency control. The product is optimized at this frequency but it can be changed to 175 KHz fixed frequency control. The thermal performance can be affected if the switching frequency is changed when Vin is above 50 Vdc. The following graph shows Frequency vs. Vin.

#### **PMBus Interface**

This module offers a PMBus digital interface that enables the user to configure many characteristics of the device operation as well as to monitor the input and output voltages, output current and device temperature. The module can be used with any standard two-wire I2C or SMBus host device. In addition, the module is compatible with PMBus version 1.2 and includes an SMBALERT line to help alleviate bandwidth limitations related to continuous fault monitoring. The module supports 100 kHz and 400 kHz bus clock frequency only.

#### **Monitoring via PMBus**

A system controller (host device) can monitor a wide variety of parameters through the PMBus interface. The controller can monitor fault conditions by monitoring the SMBALERT pin, which will be asserted when any number of pre-configured fault or warning conditions occur. The system controller can also continuously monitor any number of power conversion parameters including but not limited to the following:

- · Input voltage
- · Output voltage
- Output current
- Module temperature

#### **Software Tools for Design and Production**

For these modules Murata-PS provides software for configuring and monitoring via the PMBus interface. For more information please contact your local Murata-PS representative.

Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

# SA0 SA1 $R_1 \qquad R_0 \qquad C0$

Figure 1. Schematic of Connection of Address Resistors

Digit (SA0, SA1 index)	Resistor Value [kΩ]
0	10
1	22
2	33
3	47
4	68
5	100
6	150
7	220

#### **PMBus Addressing**

Figure 1 and the accompanying table display the recommended resistor values for hard-wiring PMBus addresses (1% tolerance resistors recommended): The address is set in the form of two octal (0 to 7) digits, with each pin setting one digit. The SA1 pin sets the high order digit and SA0 sets the low order digit. The resistor values for each digit is shown below.

The SAO and SA1 pins can be configured with a resistor to GND according to the following equation.

PMBus Address =  $8 \times (SA0 \text{ value}) + (SA1 \text{ value})$ 

If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, default PMBus address is assigned instead. From a system point of view, the user shall also be aware of further limitations of the addresses as stated in the PMBus Specification. It is not recommended to keep the SAO and SA1 pins left open.

#### **PMBus Commands**

The products are designed to be PMBus compliant. The following tables list the implemented PMBus read commands. For more detailed information see "PMBus Power System Management Protocol Specification, Part I – General Requirements, Transport and Electrical Interface" and "PMBus Power System Management Protocol, Part II – Command Language."

#### **OVERALL**

СМД	Command Name <sup>1</sup>	SMBus Transaction Type: Writing Data	SMBus Transaction Type: Reading Data
01h	OPERATION <sup>2</sup>	Write Byte	Read Byte
02h	ON_OFF_CONFIG <sup>3</sup>	Write Byte	Read Byte
03h	CLEAR_FAULTS	Send byte	N/A
10h	WRITE_PROTECT	Write Byte	Read Byte
11h	STORE_DEFAULT_ALL4	Send byte	N/A
12h	RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL4	Send byte	N/A
15h	STORE_USER_ALL4	Send byte	N/A
16h	RESTORE_USER_ALL4	Send byte	N/A
19h	CAPABILITY	N/A	Read Byte
20h	VOUT_MODE	N/A	Read Byte
21h	VOUT_COMMAND	Write Word	Read Word
22h	VOUT_TRIM	Write Word	Read Word
25h	VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH	Write Word	Read Word
26h	VOUT_MARGIN_LOW	Write Word	Read Word
28h	VOUT_DROOP	Write Word <sup>11</sup>	Read Word
40h	VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word
41h	VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE <sup>5</sup>	Write Byte	Read Byte
42h	VOUT_OV_WARN_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word
46h	IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word
47h	IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE6	Write Byte	Read Byte
4Ah	IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word
4Fh	OT_FAULT_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word
50h	OT_FAULT_RESPONSE <sup>5</sup>	Write Byte	Read Byte
51h	OT_WARN_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word
55h	VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word
56h	VIN_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE7	Write Byte	Read Byte
57h	VIN_OV_WARN_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word
58h	VIN_UV_WARN_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word
59h	VIN_UV_FAULT_LIMIT	Write Word	Read Word
5Ah	VIN_UV_FAULT_RESPONSE <sup>7</sup>	Write Byte	Read Byte
5Eh	POWER_GOOD_ON	Write Word	Read Word
5Fh	POWER_GOOD_OFF	Write Word	Read Word

Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

### **OVERALL (CONT.)**

CMD	Command Name <sup>1</sup>	SMBus Transaction Type: Writing Data	SMBus Transaction Type: Reading Data
60h	TON_DELAY	Write Word <sup>11</sup>	Read Word
61h	TON_RISE <sup>12</sup>	Write Word <sup>11</sup>	Read Word
64h	TOFF_DELAY	Write Word <sup>11</sup>	Read Word
65h	TOFF_FALL <sup>12</sup>	Write Word <sup>11</sup>	Read Word
78h	STATUS_BYTE	Write Byte	Read Byte
79h	STATUS_WORD	Write Word	Read Word
7Ah	STATUS_VOUT	Write Byte	Read Byte
7Bh	STATUS_IOUT	Write Byte	Read Byte
7Ch	STATUS_INPUT	Write Byte	Read Byte
7Dh	STATUS TEMPERATURE	Write Byte	Read Byte
7Eh	STATUS CML	Write Byte	Read Byte
88h	READ_VIN	N/A	Read Word
8Bh	READ_VOUT	N/A	Read Word
8Ch	READ_IOUT	N/A	Read Word
8Dh	READ TEMPERATURE 18	N/A	Read Word
8Eh	READ TEMPERATURE 29	N/A	Read Word
94h	READ DUTY CYCLE	N/A	Read Word
95h	READ_FREQUENCY	N/A	Read Word
96h	READ_POUT	N/A	Read Word
98h	PMBUS REVISION	N/A	Read Byte
99h	MFR ID	N/A	Block Read
9Ah	MFR MODEL <sup>10</sup>	Block Write	Block Read
9Bh	MFR REVISION <sup>10</sup>	Block Write	Block Read
9Dh	MFR DATE <sup>10</sup>	Block Write	Block Read
9Eh	MFR SERIAL <sup>10</sup>	Block Write	Block Read
A0h	MFR VIN MIN	N/A	Read Word
A1h		N/A N/A	Read Word
A111	MFR_VIN_MAX	N/A N/A	Read Word
	MFR_IIN_MAX		
A3h	MFR_PIN_MAX	N/A	Read Word
A4h	MFR_VOUT_MIN	N/A	Read Word
A5h	MFR_VOUT_MAX	N/A	Read Word
A6h	MFR_IOUT_MAX	N/A	Read Word
A7h	MFR_POUT_MAX	N/A	Read Word
A8h	MFR_TAMBIENT_MAX	N/A	Read Word
A9h	MFR_TAMBIENT_MIN	N/A	Read Word
B0h	USER_DATA_00	Block Write	Block Read
B1h	USER_DATA_01	Block Write	Block Read
C0h	MFR_MAX_TEMP_1	N/A	Read Word
D0h	MFR_VARIABLE_FREQUENCY_DISABLE	Write Byte	Read Byte
DBh	MFR_CURRENT_SHARE_CONFIG	Write Byte	Read Byte
DDh	MFR_PRIMARY_ON_OFF_CONFIG	Write Byte	Read Byte
DEh	MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY	Write Byte	Read Byte
E8h	MFR_VIN_OV_FAULT_HYS	Write Word	Read Word
E9h	MFR_VIN_UV_FAULT_HYS	Write Word	Read Word
EAh	MFR_OT_FAULT_HYS	Write Word	Read Word
F6h	MFR_CALIBRATION_STATUS	N/A	Read Byte
F9h	MFR_VIN_SENSE_CALIBRATION	Write byte	N/A
FAh	MFR_IOUT_SENSE_CALIBRATION	Write Word	N/A
FBh	MFR_VOUT_SET_POINT_CALIBRATION	Write Word	N/A
FCh	MFR_SUPERVISOR_PASSWORD	Block Write	N/A

#### Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

#### **OVERALL (CONT.)**

- a) Unit restores the entire contents of the non-volatile User Store memory when power up
  - b) PEC is supported
  - c) Max bus speed: 400kHZ
  - d) SMBALERT# is supported
  - e) Linear data format used
  - f) addressing: If the calculated PMBus address is 0d, 11d or 12d, SAO or SA1 lefts open, default PMBus address 119d is assigned instead.
- Not supported items:
  - 100101XXb Margin Low(Ignore Fault),
  - 101001XXb On Margin High(Ignore Fault)
- Restart delay of turned off by OPEATION or CONTROL or primary on/off is 200ms
- Unit will shutdown 1 second for protection , then recover automatically.
- Restart delay unit: 500ms, lower limit: 500ms. Turn off delay unit: 0ms, lower limit: 0ms if bits 7:6=11b, restart delay is 500ms

- 6. Restart delay unit and Turn off delay unit are same as note 5 Bits 7:6: 00b,01b,10b are not supported
- 7. Restart delay unit: 100ms, lower limit: 100ms. Turn off delay unit:0ms, lower limit: 0ms if bits 7:6=11b, restart delay is 100ms
- Temperature of baseplate side
- Temperature of pin side
- 10. Unit's actual information
- 11. Not available in Droop current share mode
- 12. Value of 0 is acceptable, which is the same as lower limit to unit.

#### **MURATA-PS DEFINED COMMANDS (01-CFH REFER TO PMBUS 1.2 SPEC)**

7:1 0000000 Reserved			<b>LD</b> 0011	IMANDO (OT OTTTILI EITTO TIMBO	0 112 01 20)					
7:1 0000000 Reserved  O Turn on variable frequency control  DBh: MFR_CURRENT_SHARE_CONFIG  Bits Purpose Value Meaning  Control 1 Droop current share disabled  On/Off 2 pin VOUT_DROOP TON_DELAY TOFF_DELAY TON_RISE TOFF_FAL  On/Off 2 configurable configu										
Variable frequency control  DBh: MFR_CURRENT_SHARE_CONFIG  Bits Purpose Value Meaning  On/Off 2 pin VOUT_DROOP TON_DELAY TOFF_DELAY TON_RISE TOFF_FAL  Ovariable frequency control  On/Off 2 configurable configurable configurable configurable configurable configurable configurable configurable confount of the control of t	Bits	Purpose	Value	Meaning						
control 1 Turn off variable frequency control    DBh: MFR_CURRENT_SHARE_CONFIG	7:1		0000000	Reserved						
Control 1 Turn off variable frequency control  DBh: MFR_CURRENT_SHARE_CONFIG  To control 0 Current share disabled 0 Configurable config	٥	Variable frequency	0	Turn on variable frequency control						
Purpose   Value   Meaning   On/Off 2 pin   VOUT_DROOP   TON_DELAY   TOFF_DELAY   TON_RISE   TOFF_FAL	U	control	1	Turn off variable frequency control						
7:1 0000000 Reserved	DB	h: MFR_CURRENT_	SHARE_C	ONFIG						
Variable frequency control  O Current share disabled On/Off 2 configurable configurable locked to 0x0000 locked to 0x000 locked to 0x0000 lock	Bits	Purpose	Value	Meaning	On/Off 2 pin	VOUT_DROOP	TON_DELAY	TOFF_DELAY	TON_RISE	TOFF_FAL
control 1 Droop current share mode enabled On/Off 2 locked to 0x0000 locked to 0x000 locked to 0x0000 locked to 0x000 locked to 0x0000 locked	7:1		0000000	Reserved						
control 1 Droop current share mode enabled On/Off 2 locked to 0x000A locked to 0x0000 locked to 0x000 locked to 0x00 locked to 0x000 locked to 0x00 locked to 0x00 locked to 0x000 locked to 0x00 locked to 0x00 locked to 0x00 locked to 0x000 locked to 0x00 locked to 0x000 locked to 0x000 locked to 0x00 locked to 0x000 locked to 0x000 locked to 0x00 locked to 0x00 locked to 0x000 locked to 0x00 locked t	_	Variable frequency	0	Current share disabled	0n/0ff 2	configurable	configurable	configurable	configurable	configurable
Bits Purpose Value Meaning  7:3 00000 Reserved  Controls how the unit responds to the CONTROL pin 1 Unit requires the primary ON/OFF pin to be asserted to start the unit.  Polarity of primary ON/OFF logic 1 Active high (Pull pin low to start the unit)  O Reserved  DEh: MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY  Bits Purpose Value Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value of pin 12  Power good polarity of pin 12  O Power good polarity of pin 12  O Positive logic, output high if Vout rises to specific value Positive logic, output high if Vout rises to	0		1	Droop current share mode enabled	On/Off 2	locked to 0x000A	locked to 0x0001	locked to 0x0000	locked to 0x0000	locked to 0x00
7:3 00000 Reserved  Controls how the unit responds to the CONTROL pin  Polarity of primary ON/OFF logic 1 Active logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value of pin 12  Power good polarity of pin 12  Controls how the Unit ignores the primary ON/OFF pin to be asserted to start the unit.  Unit requires the primary ON/OFF pin to be asserted to start the unit.  Active logic (Pull pin low to start the unit)  Active logic (Pull pin low to start the unit)  Reserved  Meaning  Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value of positive logic, output high if Vout rises to	DD	·								
Controls how the unit responds to the CONTROL pin  1 Polarity of primary ON/OFF pin to be asserted to start the unit.  0 Active low (Pull pin low to start the unit)  1 Active high (Pull high or open to start the unit)  0 Reserved  DEh: MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY  Bits Purpose Value Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value of pin 12  0 Power good polarity of pin 12  1 Unit requires the primary ON/OFF pin to be asserted to start the unit.  1 Matting asserted to start the unit.  1 Active high (Pull high or open to start the unit)  2 Reserved  Meaning  Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value of positive logic, output high if Vout rises to	Bits	Purpose	Value	Meaning						
2 unit responds to the CONTROL pin 1 Unit requires the primary ON/OFF pin to be asserted to start the unit.  1 Polarity of primary ON/OFF logic 1 Active high (Pull high or open to start the unit)  0 Reserved  DEh: MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY  Bits Purpose Value Meaning  7:1 0000000 Reserved  Power good polarity of pin 12 0 Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value of pin 12 1 North pin to be asserted to start the unit)  0 Reserved  Meaning  0 Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value of pin 12 1 Positive logic, output high if Vout rises to	7:3		00000	Reserved						
CONTROL pin 1 asserted to start the unit.  Polarity of primary ON/OFF logic 1 Active low (Pull pin low to start the unit)  Reserved  DEh: MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY  Bits Purpose Value Meaning  7:1 0000000 Reserved  Power good polarity of pin 12 0 Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value of positive logic, output high if Vout rises to		Controls how the	0	Unit ignores the primary ON/OFF pin						
Polarity of primary ON/OFF logic 0 Active low (Pull pin low to start the unit) 1 Active high (Pull high or open to start the unit) 0 Reserved  DEh: MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY  Bits Purpose Value Meaning 7:1 0000000 Reserved  Power good polarity of pin 12 0 Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value of positive logic, output high if Vout rises to	2	unit responds to the	-1	Unit requires the primary ON/OFF pin to be						
ON/OFF logic  1 Active high (Pull high or open to start the unit) 0 Reserved  DEh: MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY  Bits Purpose Value Meaning 7:1 0000000 Reserved  Power good polarity of pin 12 0 Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value of positive logic, output high if Vout rises to		CONTROL pin	1							
0 Reserved  DEh: MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY  Bits Purpose Value Meaning  7:1 0000000 Reserved  Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value of pin 12 Positive logic, output high if Vout rises to	1		0	Active low (Pull pin low to start the unit)						
DEh: MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY  Bits Purpose Value Meaning  7:1 0000000 Reserved  Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value of pin 12 Positive logic, output high if Vout rises to		ON/OFF logic	1	Active high (Pull high or open to start the unit)						
Bits Purpose Value Meaning 7:1 0000000 Reserved  Power good polarity of pin 12 0 Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value Positive logic, output high if Vout rises to	0		0	Reserved						
7:1 0000000 Reserved  Ower good polarity of pin 12 Negative logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value Positive logic, output high if Vout rises to	DE	h: MFR_ PGOOD_PC	DLARITY							
Power good polarity of pin 12  Positive logic, output low if Vout rises to specific value positive logic, output high if Vout rises to	Bits	Purpose	Value	Meaning						
Power good polarity of pin 12 Specific value Positive logic, output high if Vout rises to	7:1		0000000	Reserved						
of pin 12 specific value Positive logic, output high if Vout rises to			n							
	0									
		of pin 12	1	specific value						

Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

#### **STATUS WORD AND BYTE (GREEN = SUPPORTED)**

STATUS_VOUT	
7 VOUT_OV_FAULT	
6 VOUT_OV_WARNING	
5 VOUT_UV_WARNING	
4 VOUT_UV_FAULT	
3 VOUT_MAX Warning	
2 TON_MAX_FAULT	
1 TOFF_MAX_WARNING	
0 VOUT Tracking Error	

STATUS_IOUT
7 IOUT_OC_FAULT
6 IOUT_OC_LV_FAULT
5 IOUT_OC_WARNING
4 IOUT_UC_FAULT
3 Current Share Fault
2 In Power Limiting Mode
1 POUT_OP_FAULT
0 POUT_OP_WARNING

STATUS_TEMPERATURE
7 OT_FAULT
6 OT_WARNING
5 UT_WARNING
4 UT_FAULT
3 Reserved
2 Reserved
1 Reserved
0 Reserved

STATUS_CML	
7 Invalid/Unsupported Command	
6 Invalid/Unsupported Data	
5 Packet Error Check Failed	
4 Memory Fault Detected	
3 Processor Fault Detected	
2 Reserved	
1 Other Communication Fault	
0 Other Memory Or Logic Fault	

STATUS_WORD
7 VOUT
6 IOUT/POUT
5 INPUT
4 MFR_SPECIFIC
3 POWER_GOOD#
2 FANS
1 OTHER
0 UNKNOWN
7 BUSY
6 OFF
5 VOUT_OV_FAULT
4 IOUT_OC_FAULT
3 VIN_UV_FAULT
2 TEMPERATURE
1 CML
0 NONE OF THE ABOVE

STATUS_OTHER	
7 Reserved	
6 Reserved	
5 Input A Fuse/Breaker Fault	
4 Input B Fuse/Breaker Fault	
3 Input A OR-ing Device Fault	
2 Input B OR-ing Device Fault	
1 Output OR-ing Device Fault	
0 Reserved	

STATUS_INPUT
7 VIN_OV_FAULT
6 VIN_OV_WARNING
5 VIN_UV_WARNING
4 VIN_UV_FAULT
2 IIN_OC_FAULT
1 IIN_OC_WARNING
0 PIN_OP_WARNING

STATUS_MFR_SPECIFIC
Manufacturer Defined

STATUS_FANS_1_2	
7 Fan 1 Fault	
6 Fan 2 Fault	
5 Fan 1 Warning	
4 Fan 2 Warning	
3 Fan 1 Speed Override	
2 Fan 2 Speed Override	
1 Air Flow Fault	
0 Air Flow Warning	

STATUS_FANS_3_4
7 Fan 3 Fault
6 Fan 4 Fault
5 Fan 3 Warning
4 Fan 4 Warning
3 Fan 3 Speed Override
2 Fan 4 Speed Override
1 Reserved
0 Reserved

Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

#### **TECHNICAL NOTES (CONT.)**

#### Parallel Load Sharing (S Option, Droop Load Sharing)

Two or more converters may be connected in parallel at both the input and output terminals to support higher output current (total power, see figure 2) or to improve reliability due to the reduced stress that results when the modules are operating below their rated limits. For applications requiring current share, followed the guidelines below. The products have a pre-configured voltage droop. The stated output voltage set point is at no load. The output voltage will decrease when the load current is increased. The voltage will drop droop 0.35V while load reaches max load. Our goal is to have each converter contribute nearly identical current into the output load under all input, environmental and load conditions.

#### **Using Parallel Connections - Load Sharing (Power Boost)**

**Direct Connection Parallel Guidelines** 

- Use a common input power source. The input voltage must be between 36V and 75V.
- +Vout and -Vout of all parallel units should be connected with a balance output impedance; +Sense and -Sense should be connected together (see figure 2).
- Turn all units off before configuring the output voltage via PMBus commands; all units must have the same output voltage configuration.
- It is recommended to turn on one unit first and then turn other unit (s) on after the output for the first one has settled. Turn on the next unit (s) after the previous unit reaches its regulated output voltage for at least 10mS. Users can use a different control signal to turn each unit on.
- Users have the option to use a common primary or secondary Remote On/ Off logic control signal to turn on modules at the same time after the input voltage rises above 36V.
- Do not use PMBus to control unit On/Off when parallel operation is used.
- First power up the parallel system (all converters) with a load not exceeding the rated load of 60%\*35A\*UNITS\_QUANTITY and allow converters to settle (typically 10-50mS) before applying full load (90% load is recommended). If the loads are downstream POL converters, power these up shortly after the converter has reached steady state output. Also be aware of the delay caused by charging up external bypass capacitors.
- When converters are connected in parallel, allow for a safety factor of at least 10%. Up to 90% of max output current can be used from each module.
- It is critical that the PCB layout incorporates identical connections from each module to the load; use the same trace rating and airflow/thermal environments. If you add input filter components, use identical components and layout.
- For Power-down, do not soft-off (GUI) while in parallel operation. Power down units by primary or secondary On/Off signal. Turn units off at the same time or one by one to avoid the OCP being triggered.

**CAUTION:** This converter is not internally fused. To avoid danger to persons or equipment and to retain safety certification, the user must connect an external fast-blow input fuse as listed in the specifications. Be sure that the PC board pad area and etch size are adequate to provide enough current so that the fuse will blow with an overload.

#### **Using Parallel Connections – Redundancy (N+1)**

The redundancy connections require external user supplied "OR"ing diodes or "OR"ing MOSFETs for reliability purposes. The diodes allow for an uninterruptable power system operation in case of a catastrophic failure (shorted output) by one of the converters.

The diodes should be identical part numbers to enhance balance between the converters. The default factory nominal voltage should be sufficiently matched between converters. The OR'ing diode system is the responsibility of the user. Be aware of the power levels applied to the diodes and possible heat sink requirements.

Schottky power diodes with approximately 0.3V drops or "OR"ing MOSFETs may be suitable in the loop whereas 0.7 V silicon power diodes may not be advisable. In the event of an internal device fault or failure of the mains power modules on the primary side, the other devices automatically take over the entire supply of the loads. In the basic N+1 power system, the "N" equals the number of modules required to fully power the system and "+1" equals one back-up module that will take over for a failed module. If the system consists of two power modules, each providing 50% of the total load power under normal operation and one module fails, another one delivers full power to the load. This means you can use smaller and less expensive power converters as the redundant elements, while achieving the goal of increased availability.

#### **Thermal Shutdown**

Extended operation at excessive temperature will initiate overtemperature shutdown triggered by a temperature sensor outside the PWM controller. This operates similarly to overcurrent and short circuit mode. The inception point of the overtemperature condition depends on the average power delivered, the ambient temperature and the extent of forced cooling airflow. Thermal shutdown uses only the hiccup mode (autorestart) and PMBus configurable hysteresis.

#### **Start Up Considerations**

When power is first applied to the DC-DC converter, there is some risk of start up difficulties if you do not have both low AC and DC impedance and adequate regulation of the input source. Make sure that your source supply does not allow the instantaneous input voltage to go below the minimum voltage at all times.

Use a moderate size capacitor very close to the input terminals. You may need two or more parallel capacitors. A larger electrolytic or ceramic cap supplies the surge current and a smaller parallel low-ESR ceramic cap gives low AC impedance.

Remember that the input current is carried both by the wiring and the ground plane return. Make sure the ground plane uses adequate thickness copper. Run additional bus wire if necessary.

#### **Input Fusing**

Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. Fuses should also be used when there is the possibility of sustained input voltage reversal which is not current-limited. For greatest safety, we recommend a fast blow fuse installed in the ungrounded input supply line.

Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

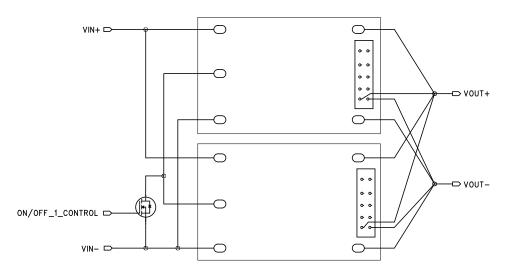


Figure 2. Load Sharing Block Diagram

#### Input Under-Voltage Shutdown and Start-Up Threshold

Under normal start-up conditions, converters will not begin to regulate properly until the rising input voltage exceeds and remains at the Start-Up Threshold Voltage (see Specifications). Once operating, converters will not turn off until the input voltage drops below the Under-Voltage Shutdown Limit. Subsequent restart will not occur until the input voltage rises again above the Start-Up Threshold. This built-in hysteresis prevents any unstable on/off operation at a single input voltage. The over/under-voltage fault level and fault response and hysterisis can be configured via the PMBus interface.

#### **Start-Up Time**

Assuming that the output current is set at the rated maximum, the Vin to Vout Start-Up Time (see Specifications) is the time interval between the point when the rising input voltage crosses the Start-Up Threshold and the fully loaded output voltage enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. Actual measured times will vary with input source impedance, external input capacitance, input voltage slew rate and final value of the input voltage as it appears at the converter.

These converters include a soft start circuit to moderate the duty cycle of its PWM controller at power up, thereby limiting the input inrush current.

The On/Off Remote Control interval from On command to Vout (final  $\pm 5\%$ ) assumes that the converter already has its input voltage stabilized above the Start-Up Threshold before the On command. The interval is measured from the On command until the output enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. The specification assumes that the output is fully loaded at maximum rated current. Similar conditions apply to the On to Vout regulated specification such as external load capacitance and soft start circuitry.

#### **Recommended Input Filtering**

The user must assure that the input source has low AC impedance to provide dynamic stability and that the input supply has little or no inductive content,

including long distributed wiring to a remote power supply. The converter will operate with no additional external capacitance if these conditions are met.

For best performance, we recommend installing a low-ESR capacitor immediately adjacent to the converter's input terminals. The capacitor should be a ceramic type such as the Murata GRM32 series or a polymer type. Make sure that the input terminals do not go below the undervoltage shutdown voltage at all times. More input bulk capacitance may be added in parallel (either electrolytic or tantalum) if needed.

#### **Recommended Output Filtering**

The converter will achieve its rated output ripple and noise with no additional external capacitor. However, the user may install more external output capacitance to reduce the ripple even further or for improved dynamic response. Again, use low-ESR ceramic (Murata GRM32 series) or polymer capacitors. Mount these close to the converter. Measure the output ripple under your load conditions.

Use only as much capacitance as required to achieve your ripple and noise objectives. Excessive capacitance can make step load recovery sluggish or possibly introduce instability. Do not exceed the maximum rated output capacitance listed in the specifications.

#### **Input Ripple Current and Output Noise**

All models in this converter series are tested and specified for input reflected ripple current and output noise using designated external input/output components, circuits and layout as shown in the figures below. The Cbus and Lbus components simulate a typical DC voltage bus.

#### **Minimum Output Loading Requirements**

All models regulate within specification and are stable under no load to full load conditions.

# CURRENT PROBE +Vin LBUS CIN = 220μF, ESR < 700mΩ @ 100kHz

Figure 3. Measuring Input Ripple Current

#### Thermal Shutdown (OTP, UTP)

LBUS =  $12\mu H$ 

Cbus =  $220\mu\text{F}$ , ESR  $< 100\text{m}\Omega$  @ 100kHz

To prevent many over temperature problems and damage, these converters include thermal shutdown circuitry. If environmental conditions cause the temperature of the DC-DCs to rise above the Operating Temperature Range up to the shutdown temperature, an on-board electronic temperature sensor will power down the unit. When the temperature decreases below the turn-on threshold set in the command recover temp is (OT\_FAULT\_LIMIT-MFR\_OT\_FAULT\_HYS), the hysteresis is defined in general electrical specification section. The OTP and hysteresis of the module can be reconfigured using the PMBus. The OTP and UTP fault limit and fault response can be configured via the PMBus.

**CAUTION:** If you operate too close to the thermal limits, the converter may shut down suddenly without warning. Be sure to thoroughly test your application to avoid unplanned thermal shutdown.

#### **Temperature Derating Curves**

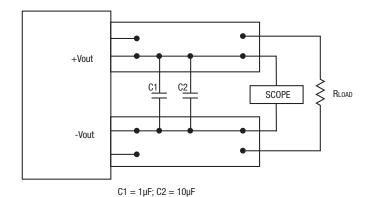
The graphs in this data sheet illustrate typical operation under a variety of conditions. The Derating curves show the maximum continuous ambient air temperature and decreasing maximum output current which is acceptable under increasing forced airflow measured in Linear Feet per Minute ("LFM"). Note that these are AVERAGE measurements. The converter will accept brief increases in current or reduced airflow as long as the average is not exceeded.

Note that the temperatures are of the ambient airflow, not the converter itself which is obviously running at higher temperature than the outside air. Also note that "natural convection" is defined as very flow rates which are not using fan-forced airflow. Depending on the application, "natural convection" is usually about 30-65 LFM but is not equal to still air (0 LFM).

Murata Power Solutions makes Characterization measurements in a closed cycle wind tunnel with calibrated airflow. We use both thermocouples and an infrared camera system to observe thermal performance. As a practical matter, it is quite difficult to insert an anemometer to precisely measure airflow in most applications. Sometimes it is possible to estimate the effective airflow if you thoroughly understand the enclosure geometry, entry/exit orifice areas and the fan flowrate specifications.

<u>CAUTION</u>: If you exceed these Derating guidelines, the converter may have an unplanned Over Temperature shut down. Also, these graphs are all collected near Sea Level altitude. Be sure to reduce the derating for higher altitude.

# Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter



LOAD 2-3 INCHES (51-76mm) FROM MODULE Figure 4. Measuring Output Ripple and Noise (PARD)

#### **Output Short Circuit Condition**

The short circuit condition is an extension of the "Current Limiting" condition. When the monitored peak current signal reaches a certain range, the PWM controller's outputs are shut off thereby turning the converter "off." This is followed by an extended time out period. This period can vary depending on other conditions such as the input voltage level. Following this time out period, the PWM controller will attempt to re-start the converter by initiating a "normal start cycle" which includes softstart. If the "fault condition" persists, another "hiccup" cycle is initiated. This "cycle" can and will continue indefinitely until such time as the "fault condition" is removed, at which time the converter will resume "normal operation." Operating in the "hiccup" mode during a fault condition is advantageous in that average input and output power levels are held low preventing excessive internal increases in temperature.

#### Remote On/Off Control

The DBE series modules are equipped with both primary (On/Off 1, enabled, pull up internal) and secondary (On/Off 2, disabled, pull up internal) control pins for increased system flexibility. Both are configurable via PMBus. The On/Off pins are TTL open-collector and/or CMOS open-drain compatible. (See general specifications for threshold voltage levels. See also MFR\_PRIMARY\_ON\_OFF\_CONFIG section.)

<u>Negative-logic</u> models are on (enabled) when the On/Off is grounded or brought to within a low voltage (see specifications) with respect to -Vin. The device is off (disabled) when the On/Off is left open or is pulled high to +13.5Vdc with respect to -Vin. The On/Off function allows the module to be turned on/off by an external device switch.

<u>Positive-logic</u> models are enabled when the On/Off pin is left open or is pulled high to +13.5V with respect to -Vin. Positive-logic devices are disabled when the On/Off is grounded or brought to within a low voltage (see specifications) with respect to -Vin. For voltage levels for On/Off 2 signal see functional specifications.

The restart delay for this module to turn On/Off by the On/Off control pin is 100ms.

On/Off 1 or 2 Control status				
Not ignored			Igno	red
On/Off 1 or 2 pin	P LOGIC	N LOGIC	P LOGIC	N LOGIC
OPEN	ON	0FF	ON	ON
PULL HIGH	ON	0FF	ON	ON
PULL LOW	0FF	ON	ON	ON

# Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

On/Off 1 can be configured by PMBus command MFR\_PRIMARY\_ON\_OFF\_ CONFIG (DDh); default configuration is not ignored; required On/Off 1 control pin to be asserted to start the unit.

On/Off 2 can be configured by PMBUS command ON\_OFF\_CONFIG (02h); default configuration is ignored; treat it as always ON.

DBE's On/Off status is dependent on On/Off 1 control, On/Off 2 control, and OPERATION (PMBus command) status; all three must be ON to turn DBE on; if one of them is OFF, unit will be turned off.

#### **Output Capacitive Load**

These converters do not require external capacitance added to achieve rated specifications. Users should only consider adding capacitance to reduce switching noise and/or to handle spike current load steps. Install only enough capacitance to achieve noise objectives. Excess external capacitance may cause degraded transient response and possible oscillation or instability.

#### **Remote Sense Input**

Use the Sense inputs with caution. Sense is normally connected **at the load**. Sense inputs compensate for output voltage inaccuracy delivered at the load.

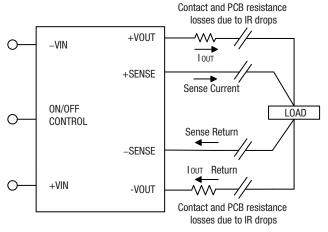


Figure 5. Remote Sense Circuit Configuration

#### **Soldering Guidelines**

Murata Power Solutions recommends the specifications below when installing these converters. These specifications vary depending on the solder type. Exceeding these specifications may cause damage to the product. Be cautious when there is high atmospheric humidity. We strongly recommend a mild pre-bake (100° C. for 30 minutes). Your production environment may differ; therefore please thoroughly review these guidelines with your process engineers.

Wave Solder Operations for through-hole mounted products (THMT)			
For Sn/Ag/Cu based solders:			
Maximum Preheat Temperature	115° C.		
Maximum Pot Temperature	270° C.		
Maximum Solder Dwell Time	7 seconds		
For Sn/Pb based solders:			
Maximum Preheat Temperature	105° C.		
Maximum Pot Temperature	250° C.		
Maximum Solder Dwell Time	6 seconds		

This is done by correcting IR voltage drops along the output wiring and the current carrying capacity of PC board etch. This output drop (the difference between Sense and Vout when measured at the converter) should not exceed 0.5V. Consider using heavier wire if this drop is excessive. Sense inputs also improve the stability of the converter and load system by optimizing the control loop phase margin.

Note: The Sense input and power Vout lines are internally connected through low value resistors to their respective polarities so that the converter can operate without external connection to the Sense. Nevertheless, if the Sense function is not used for remote regulation, the user should connect +Sense to +Vout and -Sense to -Vout at the converter pins.

The remote Sense lines carry very little current. They are also capacitively coupled to the output lines and therefore are in the feedback control loop to regulate and stabilize the output. As such, they are not low impedance inputs and must be treated with care in PC board layouts. Sense lines on the PCB should run adjacent to DC signals, preferably Ground. In cables and discrete wiring, use twisted pair, shielded tubing or similar techniques.

Any long, distributed wiring and/or significant inductance introduced into the Sense control loop can adversely affect overall system stability. If in doubt, test your applications by observing the converter's output transient response during step loads. There should not be any appreciable ringing or oscillation. You may also adjust the output trim slightly to compensate for voltage loss in any external filter elements. Do not exceed maximum power ratings.

Please observe Sense inputs tolerance to avoid improper operation:

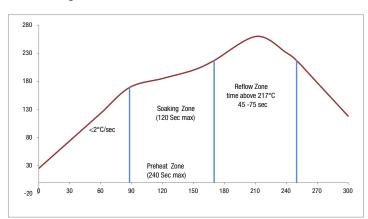
#### $[Vout(+) - Vout(-)] - [Sense(+) - Sense(-)] \le 10\%$ of Vout(-)

Output overvoltage protection is monitored at the output voltage pin, not the Sense pin. Therefore excessive voltage differences between Vout and Sense together with trim adjustment of the output can cause the overvoltage protection circuit to activate and shut down the output.

Power derating of the converter is based on the combination of maximum output current and the highest output voltage. Therefore the designer must ensure:

(Vout at pins) x (lout)  $\leq$  (Max. rated output power)

#### **PIH Soldering Profile**



Optimal Peak 245°C, Max Peak 260°C.

Lead-Free Solder type: SAC305

Duration Time above Liquidus: 45 to 75 seconds Ramp less than 1°C per second across liquidus

Cooling rate less than 3°C per second

Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

#### **Emissions Performance**

Murata Power Solutions measures its products for conducted emissions against the EN 55022 and CISPR 22 standards. Passive resistance loads are employed and the output is set to the maximum voltage. If you set up your own emissions testing, make sure the output load is rated at continuous power while doing the tests.

The recommended external input and output capacitors (if required) are included. Please refer to the fundamental switching frequency. All of this information is listed in the Product Specifications. An external discrete filter is installed and the circuit diagram is shown below.

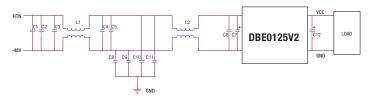


Figure 6. Conducted Emissions Test Circuit

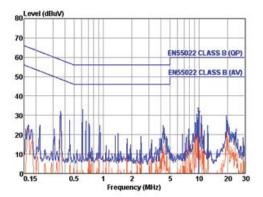
#### [1] Conducted Emissions Parts List

Reference	Part Number	Description	Vendor
C1, C2, C3, C4, C5	GRM32ER72A105KA01L	SMD CERAMIC-100V- 1000nF-X7R-1210	Murata
C6	GRM319R72A104KA01D	SMD CERAMIC 100V-100nF- ±10%-X7R-1206	Murata
L1, L2	PG0060T	COMMON MODE-473uH- ±25%-A	Pulse
C8, C9, C10, C11	GRM55DR72J224KW01L	SMD CERAMIC 630V-0.22uF- ±10%-X7R-2220	Murata
C7 UHE2A221MHD		Aluminum100V-220Uf- ±10%-long lead	Nichicon
C12	NA		

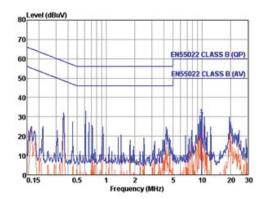
#### [2] Conducted Emissions Test Equipment Used

Hewlett Packard HP8594L Spectrum Analyzer – S/N 3827A00153 2Line V-networks LS1-15V 50Ω/50Uh Line Impedance Stabilization Network

#### [3] Conducted Emissions Test Results



Graph 1. Conducted emissions performance, Positive Line, CISPR 22, Class B, full load



Graph 2. Conducted emissions performance, Negative Line, CISPR 22, Class B, full load

#### [4] Layout Recommendations

Most applications can use the filtering which is already installed inside the converter or with the addition of the recommended external capacitors. For greater emissions suppression, consider additional filter components and/or shielding. Emissions performance will depend on the user's PC board layout, the chassis shielding environment and choice of external components. Please refer to Application Note GEAN-02 for further discussion.

Since many factors affect both the amplitude and spectra of emissions, we recommend using an engineer who is experienced at emissions suppression.

# Up to 300W Digital Fully Regulated Intermediate DC-DC Bus Converter

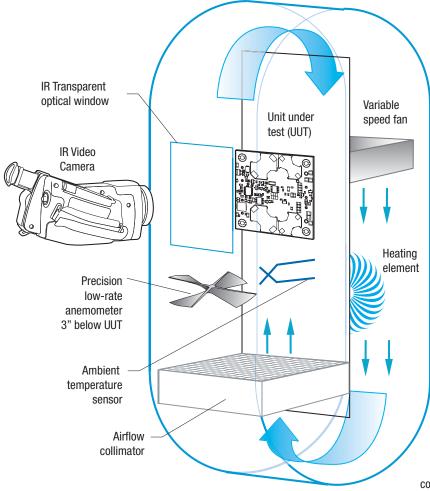


Figure 7. Vertical Wind Tunnel

#### **Vertical Wind Tunnel**

Murata Power Solutions employs a computer controlled custom-designed closed loop vertical wind tunnel, infrared video camera system, and test instrumentation for accurate airflow and heat dissipation analysis of power products. The system includes a precision low flow-rate anemometer, variable speed fan, power supply input and load controls, temperature gauges, and adjustable heating element.

The IR camera monitors the thermal performance of the Unit Under Test (UUT) under static steady-state conditions. A special optical port is used which is transparent to infrared wavelengths.

Both through-hole and surface mount converters are soldered down to a 10" x 10" host carrier board for realistic heat absorption and spreading. Both longitudinal and transverse airflow studies are possible by rotation of this carrier board since there are often significant differences in the heat dissipation in the two airflow directions. The combination of adjustable airflow, adjustable ambient heat, and adjustable Input/Output currents and voltages mean that a very wide range of measurement conditions can be studied.

The collimator reduces the amount of turbulence adjacent to the UUT by minimizing airflow turbulence. Such turbulence influences the effective heat transfer characteristics and gives false readings. Excess turbulence removes more heat from some surfaces and less heat from others, possibly causing uneven overheating.

Both sides of the UUT are studied since there are different thermal gradients on each side. The adjustable heating element and fan, built-in temperature gauges, and no-contact IR camera mean that power supplies are tested in real-world conditions.

Murata Power Solutions, Inc. 11 Cabot Boulevard, Mansfield, MA 02048-1151 U.S.A. ISO 9001 and 14001 REGISTERED



This product is subject to the following <u>operating requirements</u> and the Life and Safety Critical Application Sales Policy: Refer to: http://www.murata-ps.com/requirements/

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