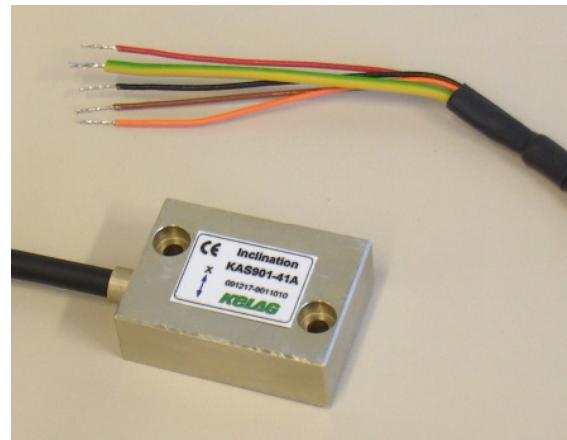
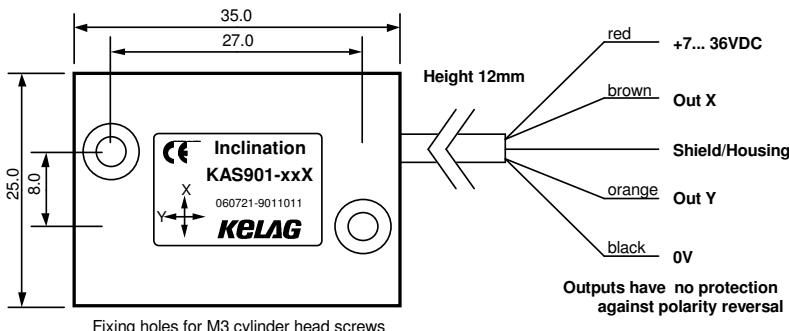


## Two Axis Inclination Sensor KAS901-51 and -52

The sensors are based one an advanced "bulk micro machined" technology. The three dimensional structure of these sensors comprise a pendulum made of mono crystalline silicon. The pendulum is hermetically enclosed between two silicon discs. From this construction results a long term stable, high resolution und shock resistant sensor. A gas damping prevents overshooting and interfering resonance oscillation. An ASIC measures the capacitive change caused by the movement of the pendulum.

- **senses in positive and negative direction**
- **static and dynamic acceleration measured**
- **high repeatability up to 0,01% over range**
- **high resolution: up to 0,001% over range**
- **shock resistance of the pendulum min. 50'000g**
- **temperature range -30 .. +85 °C**
- **active and passive temperature compensation**
- **small, solid brass housing with fixing holes**
- **rugged PVC cable**
- **large output span: 0.5 .. 4.5V output over measuring range**
- **power supply requirement: 7... 36 VDC, stabilized**



### Other versions in other housings:

- **single and dual axis sensors in rugged IP67 housing with cable or connector and standardized output 4... 20mA, 2...10V and Modbus**
- **smaller cases and sensors for higher temperatures ranges**

Parameter	Conditions	KAS901-51	KAS901-52	Unit
Measuring range <sup>4)</sup>		+/- 0,5 +/- 30	+/- 1 +/- 90	G °
Repeatability at 0° (horizontal position) <sup>1)</sup>	at 20 °C, typically	0,25 0,014	0,25 0,014	mg °
Resolution at 0° / 1g	DC .. 10Hz  DC .. 1Hz	0,05 0,003 0,015 0,001	0,05 0,003 0,015 0,001	mg °
typ. Offset temperature dependency <sup>8)</sup>	20...60 °C	-0/+0,066 -0/+0,006	-0/+0,066 -0/+0,006	mg / °C ° / °C
long term stability <sup>6)</sup>	10 years <sup>6)</sup>	0,62 0,036	0,62 0,036	mg °
Measuring direction	horizontal	x-axis	x-axis	
Cross axis sensitivity <sup>2)</sup>	Max.	4	4	%
Damping	-3 dB	18	18	Hz <sup>5)</sup>
Operating temperature range		-30 <sup>7)</sup> .. +85	-30 <sup>7)</sup> .. +85	°C
Shock resistance Chip		20'000	20'000	g
Output signal V <sub>out</sub>		0,5 .. 4,5	0,5 .. 4,5	V
Offset = V <sub>out</sub> in 0° / rest pos. Sensitivity		2,5 4	2,5 2	V V/g
Power supply <sup>3)</sup>		7 ... 36	7 ... 36	VDC
Analog resistive output load	Vout to Vdd or GND	Min. 10	Min. 10	kOhm
Analog capacitive output load		Max. 20	Max. 20	nF

1) **Repeatability:** maximum offset occurring with position change after return to initial position (corresponds to achievable precision, including temperature hysteresis after temperature compensation and linearization).

2) **Cross axis sensitivity:** maximum error occurring with (additional) inclination or acceleration from another direction than the measuring plane

3) **Supply** stabilized

4) **Measuring range:** Trigonometric function:

$$\text{angle} = \arcsin\left(\frac{\text{Vout} - 2,5 \text{ (Offset)}}{\text{Sensitivity}}\right)$$

(paste values without units)

5) Typical values;

6) **Long term stability:** calculated values from HTB tests. Test results available at request.

7) Cable is specified for -15 °C for dynamic and -30 °C for static applications

8) Related to sensing element