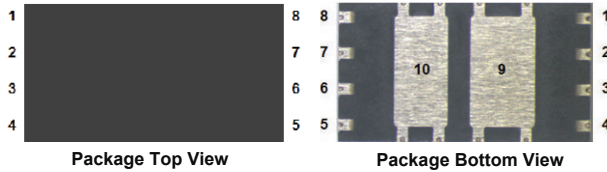


40 V N- and P-Channel Common Drain MOSFET Pair and 200 V N-Channel MOSFET

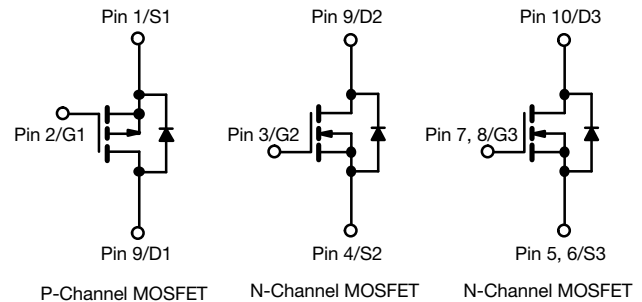


FEATURES

- Optimized triple die package
- TrenchFET® power MOSFET
- 100 % R_g and UIS tested
- AEC-Q101 qualified
- Material categorization:
for definitions of compliance please see
www.vishay.com/doc?99912



PRODUCT SUMMARY			
	N-CH 2	P-CH 1	N-CH 3
V _{DS} (V)	40	-40	200
R _{DS(on)} (Ω) at V _{GS} = 10 V	0.0092	0.030	0.060
R _{DS(on)} (Ω) at V _{GS} = 4.5 V	0.0135	0.048	-
I _D (A)	30	-30	20
Q _g typ. (nC)	25.5	30.2	14
Configuration	N- and p-pair		
Package	Triple die		



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T _A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)						
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	N-CH 2	P-CH 1	N-CH 3	UNIT	
Drain-source voltage	V _{DS}	40	-40	200	V	
Gate-source voltage	V _{GS}	20	20	20		
Continuous drain current (T _J = 175 °C)	I _D	T _C = 25 °C	30	-30	20	A
		T _C = 125 °C	30	-30	11	
Pulsed drain current (t = 300 μs)	I _{DM}	120	-120	60		
Continuous source drain current	I _S	T _C = 25 °C	30	-30	20	
		T _C = 125 °C	30	-30	11.4	
Single pulse avalanche current	I _{AS}	26.5	-25	20		
Single pulse avalanche energy	E _{AS}	35	31	20	mJ	
Maximum power dissipation	P _D	T _C = 25 °C	48	48	60	W
		T _C = 125 °C	16	16	20	
Operating junction and storage temperature range	T _J , T _{stg}	-55 to +175			°C	

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	N-CH 2	P-CH 1	N-CH 3	UNIT
Junction-to-case (drain)	R _{thJC}	2.6	2.6	2.4	°C/W

Notes

- Package limited, T_C = 25 °C
- Surface mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board
- t = 10 s
- See solder profile (www.vishay.com/doc?73257). The end of the lead terminal is exposed copper (not plated) as a result of the singulation process in manufacturing
- Rework conditions: manual soldering with a soldering iron is not recommended for leadless components



SPECIFICATIONS ($T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)							
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Static							
Drain-source breakdown voltage	V_{DS}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	N-Ch 2	40	-	-	V
		$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	P-Ch 1	-40	-	-	
		$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	N-Ch 3	200	-	-	
Gate-source threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	N-Ch 2	1.5	2.0	2.5	V
		$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	P-Ch 1	1.5	2.0	2.5	
		$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	N-Ch 3	2.5	3.0	3.5	
Gate-source leakage	I_{GSS}	$V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{ V}$	N-Ch 2	-	-	± 100	nA
			P-Ch 1	-	-	± 100	
			N-Ch 3	-	-	± 100	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 40\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	N-Ch 2	-	-	1	mA
		$V_{DS} = -40\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	P-Ch 1	-	-	-1	
		$V_{DS} = 200\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	N-Ch 3	-	-	1	
		$V_{DS} = 40\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	N-Ch 2	-	-	50	
		$V_{DS} = -40\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	P-Ch 1	-	-	-50	
		$V_{DS} = 200\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	N-Ch 3	-	-	50	
On-state drain current ^a	$I_{D(on)}$	$V_{DS} \geq 5\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$	N-Ch 2	25	-	-	A
		$V_{DS} \leq 5\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$	P-Ch 1	-25	-	-	
		$V_{DS} \geq 5\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$	N-Ch 3	20	-	-	
Drain-source on-state resistance ^a	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 9.8\text{ A}$	N-Ch 2	-	0.0077	0.0092	Ω
		$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -6\text{ A}$	P-Ch 1	-	0.0220	0.0300	
		$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ A}$	N-Ch 3	-	0.0500	0.0600	
		$V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 8.9\text{ A}$	N-Ch 2	-	0.0940	0.0135	
		$V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = -4.7\text{ A}$	P-Ch 1	-	0.0360	0.0480	
Forward transconductance ^a	g_{fs}	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 9.8\text{ A}$	N-Ch 2	-	65	-	S
		$V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}, I_D = 6\text{ A}$	P-Ch 1	-	16	-	
		$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 19\text{ A}$	N-Ch 3	-	19	-	
Dynamic ^b							
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$	N-Ch 2	-	1474	-	pF
		$V_{DS} = -20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$	P-Ch 1	-	1302	-	
		$V_{DS} = 100\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$	N-Ch 3	-	1450	-	
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$	N-Ch 2	-	218	-	pF
		$V_{DS} = -20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$	P-Ch 1	-	222	-	
		$V_{DS} = 100\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$	N-Ch 3	-	116	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$	N-Ch 2	-	89	-	pF
		$V_{DS} = -20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$	P-Ch 1	-	154	-	
		$V_{DS} = 100\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$	N-Ch 3	-	9	-	
Total gate charge	Q_g	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 10\text{ A}$	N-Ch 2	-	23	-	nC
		$V_{DS} = -20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -10\text{ A}$	P-Ch 1	-	30.2	-	
		$V_{DS} = 100\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 10\text{ A}$	N-Ch 3	-	14	-	
Gate-source charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 10\text{ A}$	N-Ch 2	-	4.4	-	nC
		$V_{DS} = -20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -10\text{ A}$	P-Ch 1	-	4.1	-	
		$V_{DS} = 100\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 10\text{ A}$	N-Ch 3	-	4.4	-	
Gate-drain charge	Q_{gd}	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 10\text{ A}$	N-Ch 2	-	4.3	-	nC
		$V_{DS} = -20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -10\text{ A}$	P-Ch 1	-	7.4	-	
		$V_{DS} = 100\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 10\text{ A}$	N-Ch 3	-	5	-	
Gate resistance	R_g	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	N-Ch 2	-	-	2.1	Ω
			P-Ch 1	-	-	9.5	
			N-Ch 3	-	-	2.9	



SPECIFICATIONS ($T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)							
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Dynamic ^b							
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 20\text{ V}, R_L = 2\ \Omega$ $I_D = 10\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10\text{ V}, R_g = 1\ \Omega$	N-Ch 2	-	8	-	ns
		$V_{DD} = -20\text{ V}, R_L = 2\ \Omega$ $I_D = -10\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = -10\text{ V}, R_g = 1\ \Omega$	P-Ch 1	-	7	-	
		$V_{DD} = 100\text{ V}, R_L = 5.2\ \Omega$ $I_D = 10\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10\text{ V}, R_g = 2.5\ \Omega$	N-Ch 3	-	10	-	
Rise time	t_r	$V_{DD} = 20\text{ V}, R_L = 2\ \Omega$ $I_D = 10\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10\text{ V}, R_g = 1\ \Omega$	N-Ch 2	-	12	-	
		$V_{DD} = -20\text{ V}, R_L = 2\ \Omega$ $I_D = -10\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = -10\text{ V}, R_g = 1\ \Omega$	P-Ch 1	-	9	-	
		$V_{DD} = 100\text{ V}, R_L = 5.2\ \Omega$ $I_D = 10\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10\text{ V}, R_g = 2.5\ \Omega$	N-Ch 3	-	3	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{DD} = 20\text{ V}, R_L = 2\ \Omega$ $I_D = 10\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10\text{ V}, R_g = 1\ \Omega$	N-Ch 2	-	22	-	
		$V_{DD} = -20\text{ V}, R_L = 2\ \Omega$ $I_D = -10\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = -10\text{ V}, R_g = 1\ \Omega$	P-Ch 1	-	43	-	
		$V_{DD} = 100\text{ V}, R_L = 5.2\ \Omega$ $I_D = 10\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10\text{ V}, R_g = 2.5\ \Omega$	N-Ch 3	-	15	-	
Fall time	t_f	$V_{DD} = 20\text{ V}, R_L = 2\ \Omega$ $I_D = 10\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10\text{ V}, R_g = 1\ \Omega$	N-Ch 2	-	10	-	
		$V_{DD} = -20\text{ V}, R_L = 2\ \Omega$ $I_D = -10\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = -10\text{ V}, R_g = 1\ \Omega$	P-Ch 1	-	19	-	
		$V_{DD} = 100\text{ V}, R_L = 5.2\ \Omega$ $I_D = 10\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10\text{ V}, R_g = 2.5\ \Omega$	N-Ch 3	-	2	-	
Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics							
Pulsed current	I_{SM}		N-Ch 2	-	-	120	A
			P-Ch 1	-	-	-120	
			N-Ch 3	-	-	50	
Forward voltage	V_{SD}	$I_S = 6.5\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	N-Ch 2	-	0.79	-	V
		$I_S = -3.4\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	P-Ch 1	-	-0.78	-	
		$I_S = 19\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	N-Ch 3	-	0.9	-	

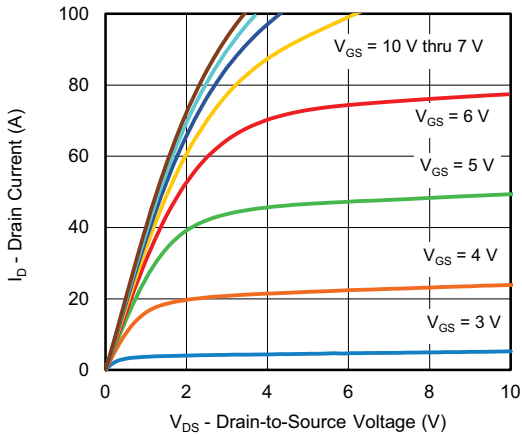
Notes

- a. Pulse test; pulse width $\leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\ \%$
- b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing

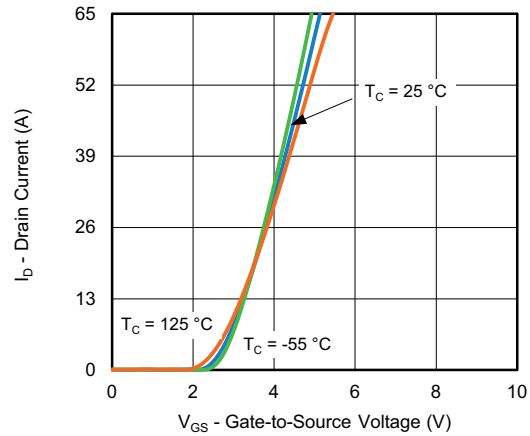
Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



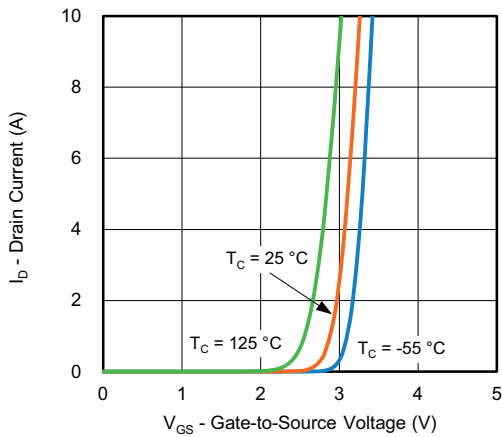
CHANNEL-1 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



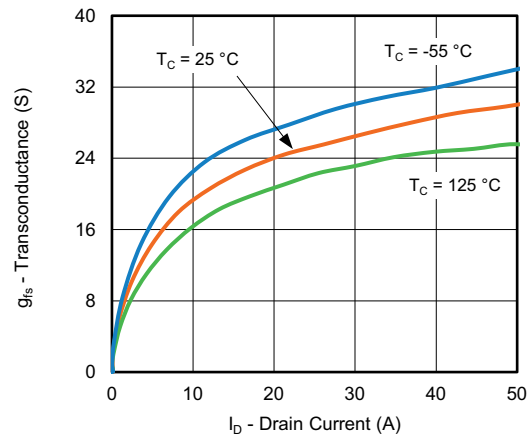
Output Characteristics



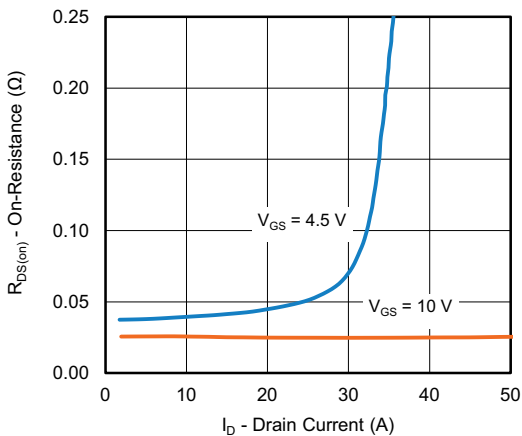
Transfer Characteristics



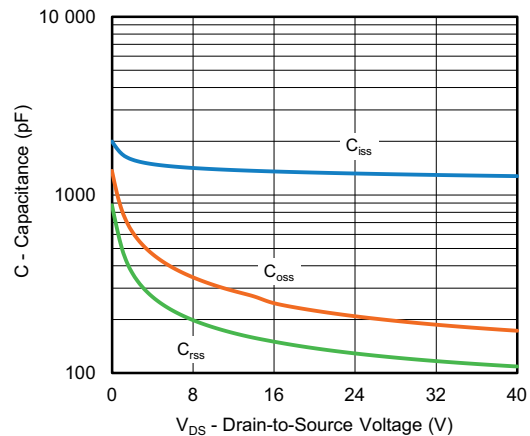
Transfer Characteristics



Transconductance



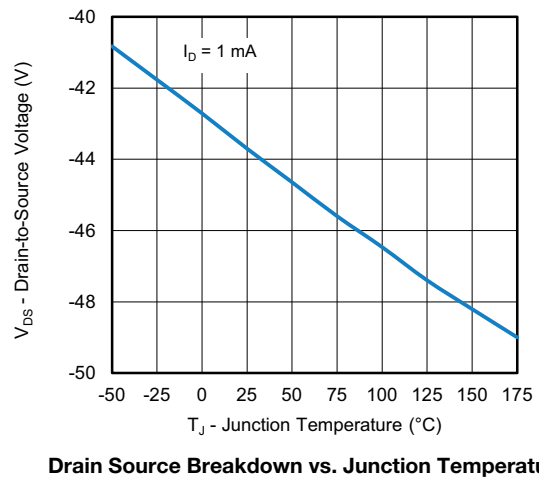
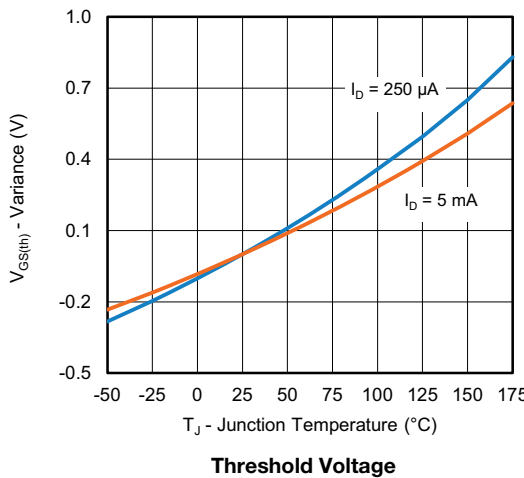
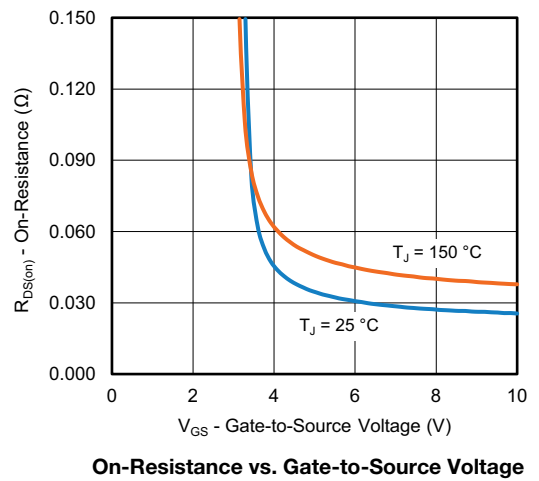
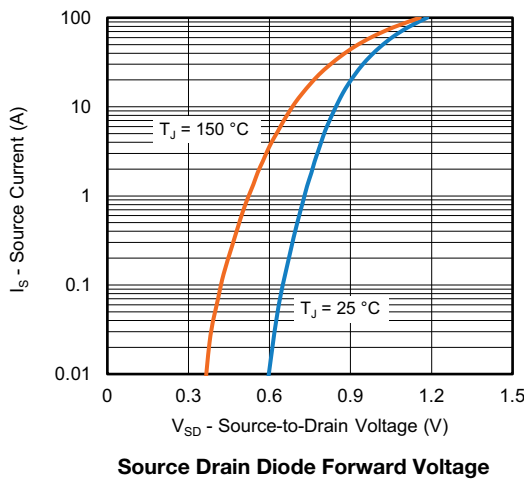
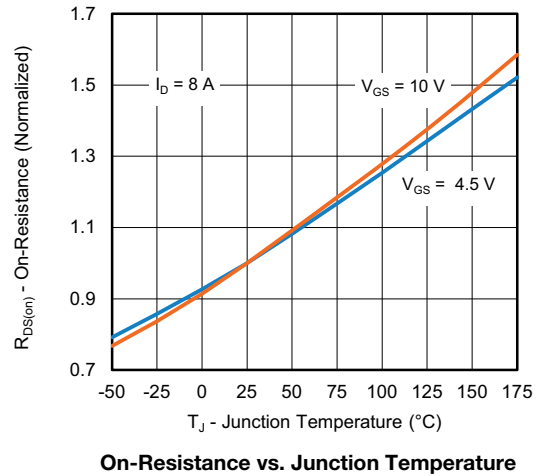
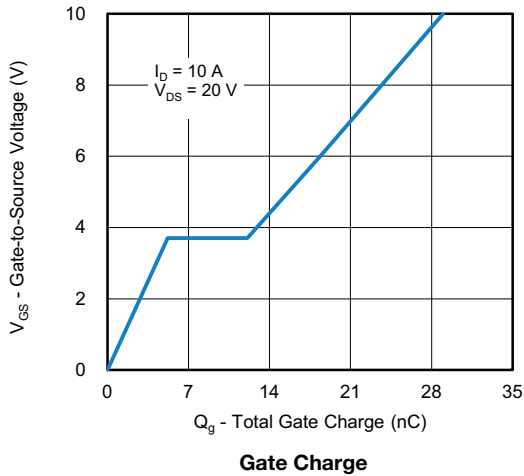
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current



Capacitance

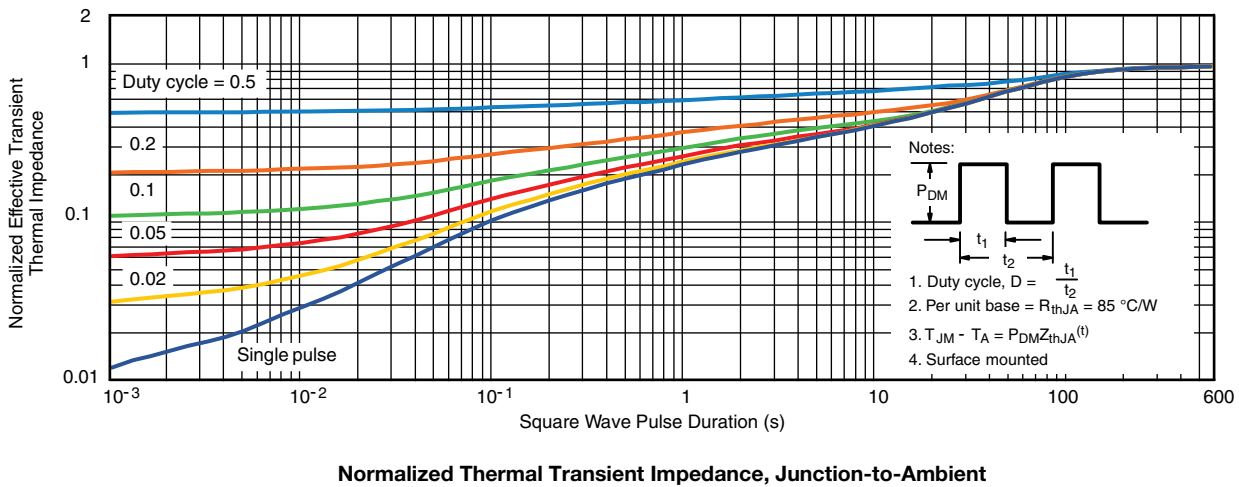
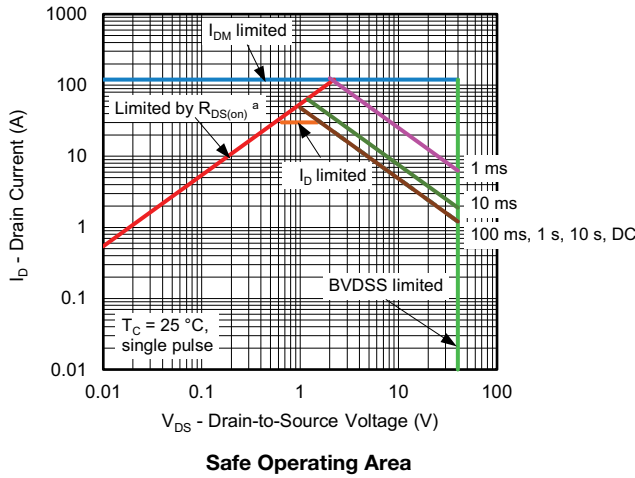


CHANNEL-1 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)





CHANNEL-1 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)

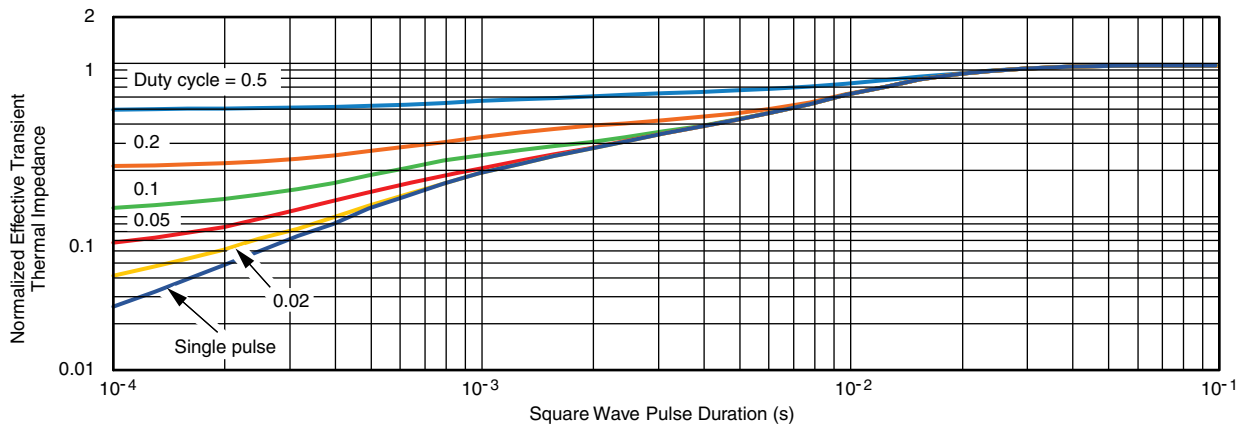


Note

a. $V_{GS} >$ minimum V_{GS} at which $R_{DS(on)}$ is specified



CHANNEL-1 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)



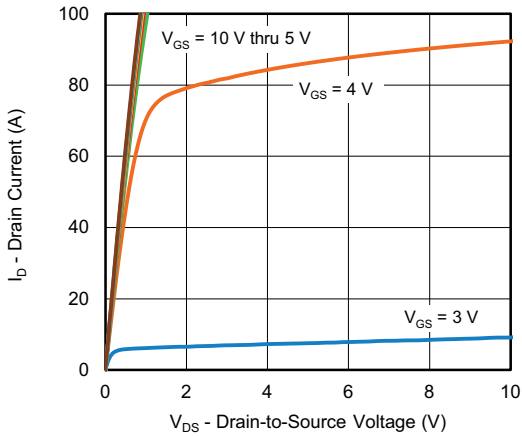
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Case

Note

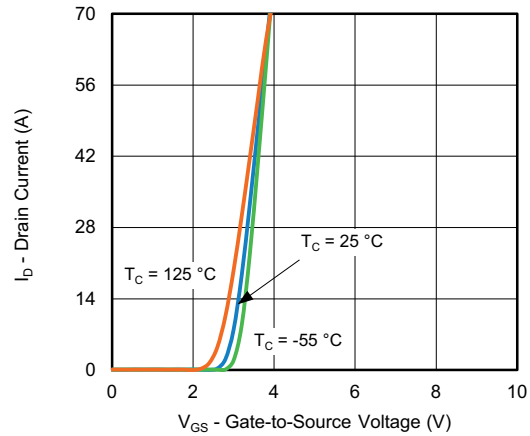
- The characteristics shown in the two graphs
 - Normalized Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Ambient (25 °C)
 - Normalized Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Case (25 °C)are given for general guidelines only to enable the user to get a “ball park” indication of part capabilities. The data are extracted from single pulse transient thermal impedance characteristics which are developed from empirical measurements. The latter is valid for the part mounted on printed circuit board - FR4, size 1" x 1" x 0.062", double sided with 2 oz. copper, 100 % on both sides. The part capabilities can widely vary depending on actual application parameters and operating conditions



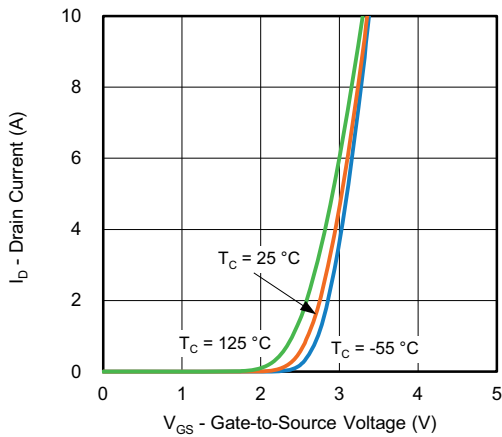
CHANNEL-2 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



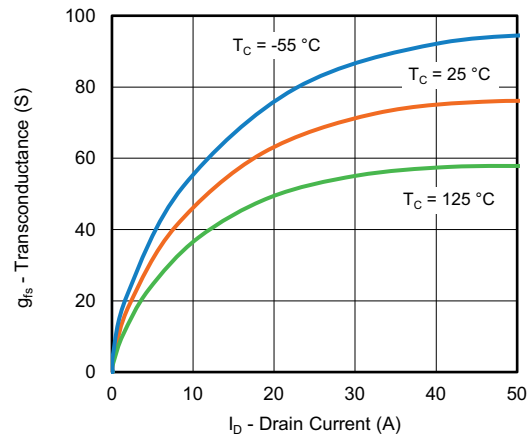
Output Characteristics



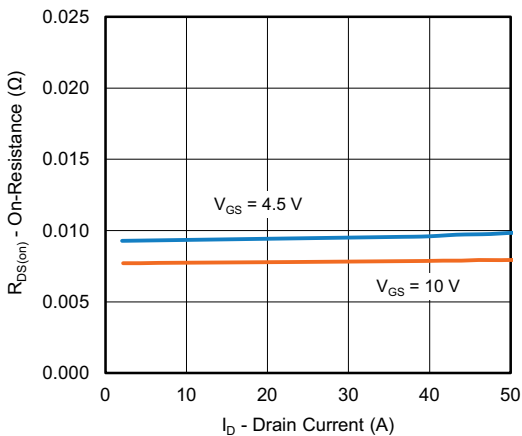
Transfer Characteristics



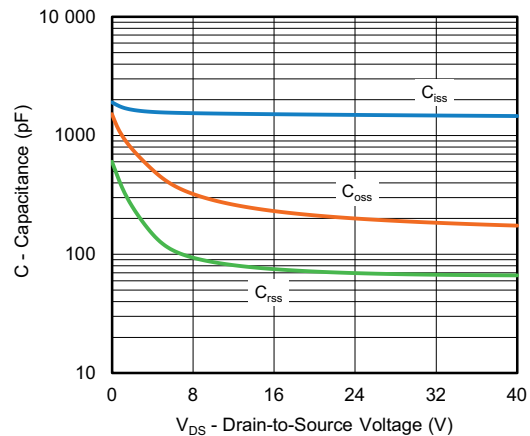
Transfer Characteristics



Transconductance



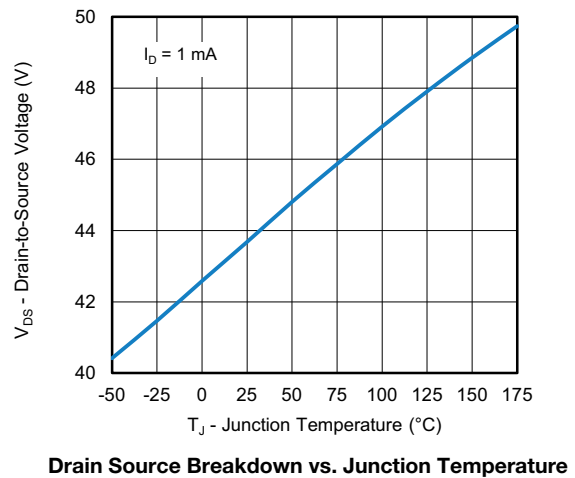
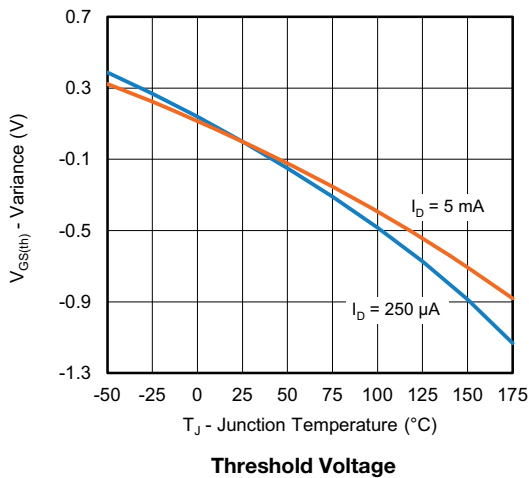
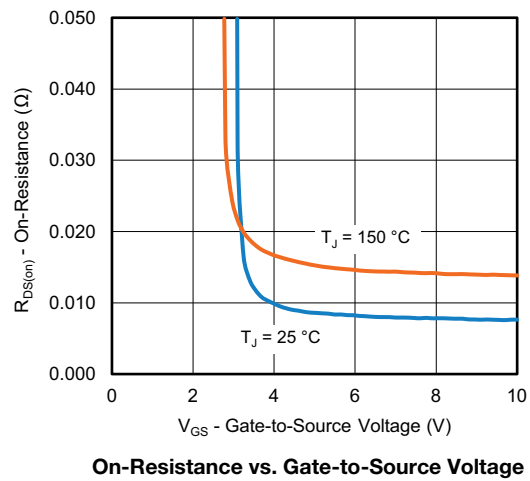
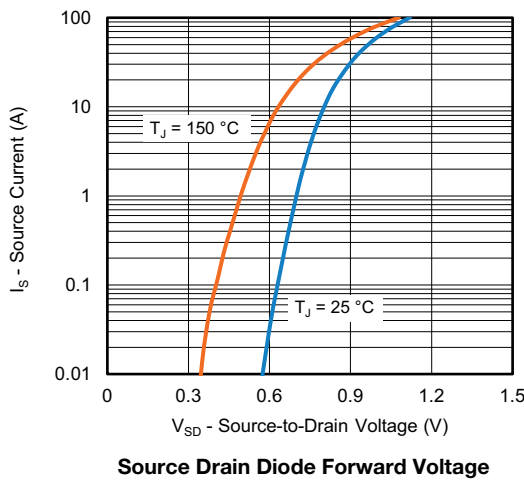
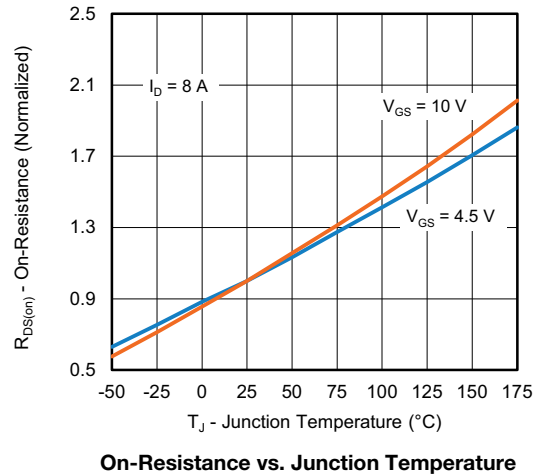
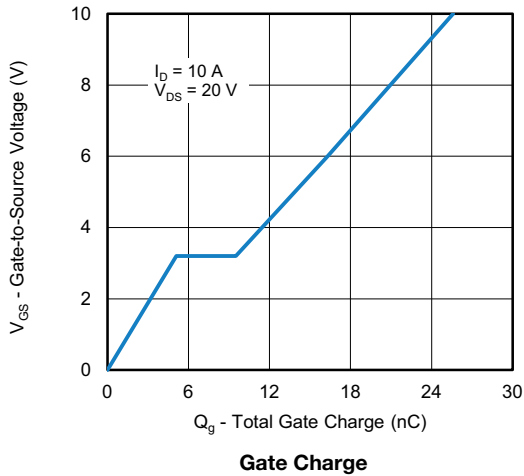
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current



Capacitance

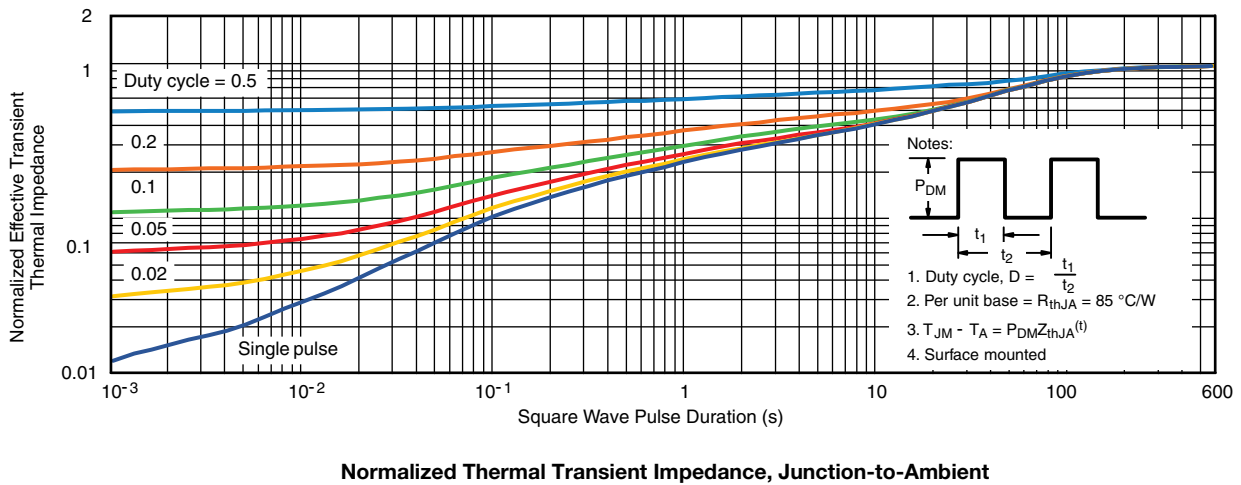
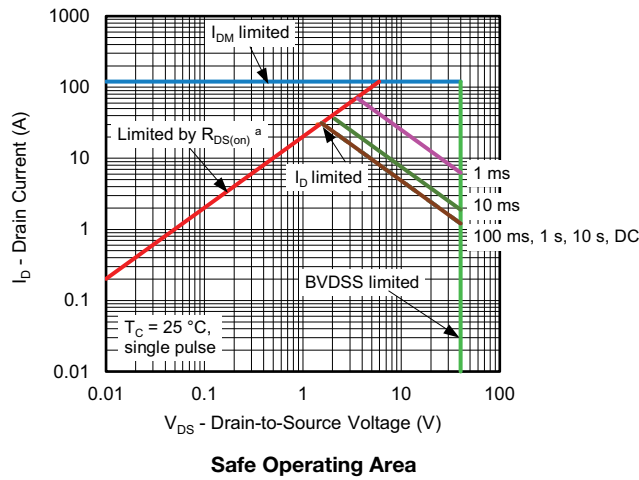


CHANNEL-2 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)





CHANNEL-2 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)

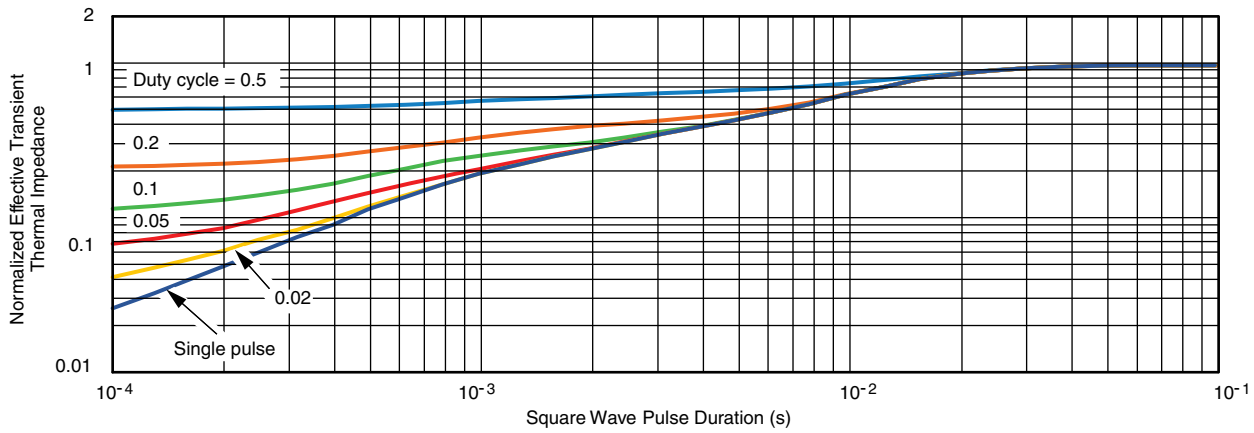


Note

a. $V_{GS} >$ minimum V_{GS} at which $R_{DS(on)}$ is specified



CHANNEL-2 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)



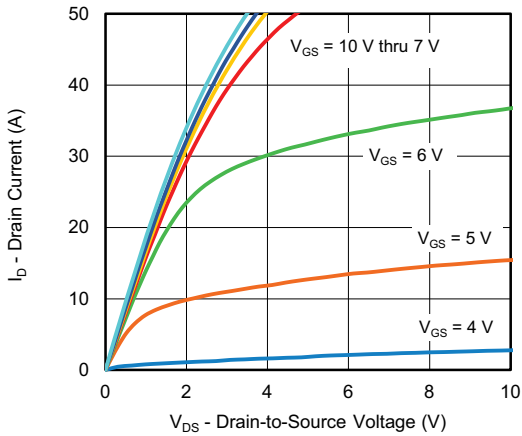
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Case

Note

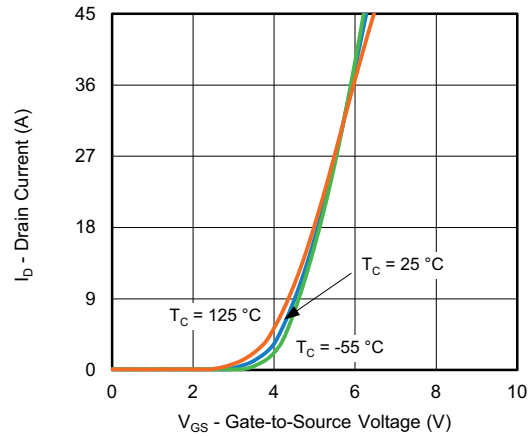
- The characteristics shown in the two graphs
 - Normalized Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Ambient (25 °C)
 - Normalized Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Case (25 °C)are given for general guidelines only to enable the user to get a “ball park” indication of part capabilities. The data are extracted from single pulse transient thermal impedance characteristics which are developed from empirical measurements. The latter is valid for the part mounted on printed circuit board - FR4, size 1" x 1" x 0.062", double sided with 2 oz. copper, 100 % on both sides. The part capabilities can widely vary depending on actual application parameters and operating conditions



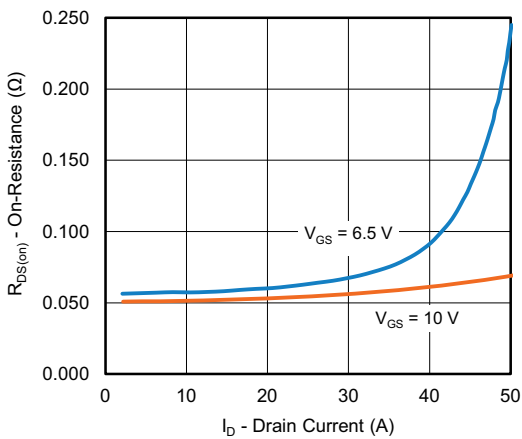
CHANNEL-3 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



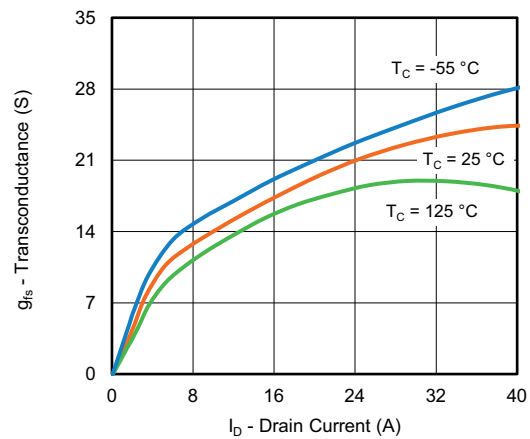
Output Characteristics



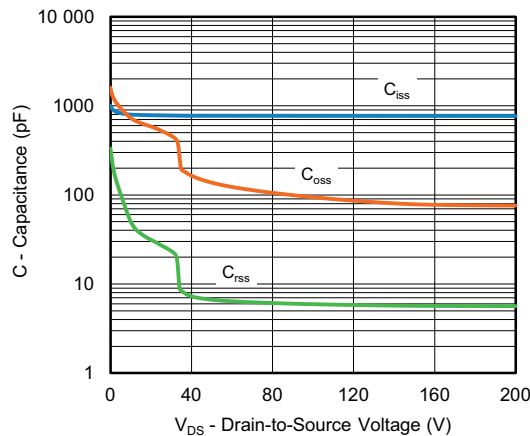
Transfer Characteristics



On-Resistance vs. Drain Current



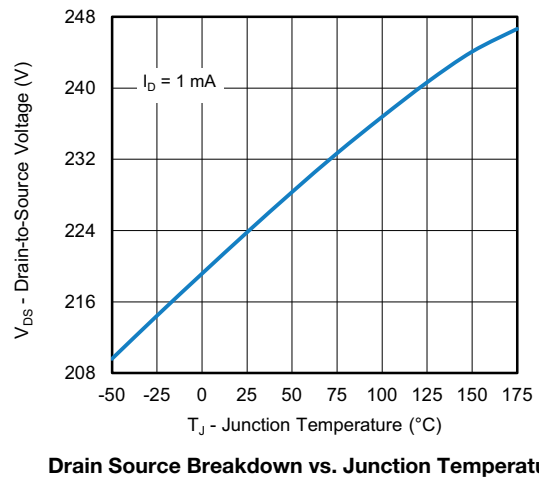
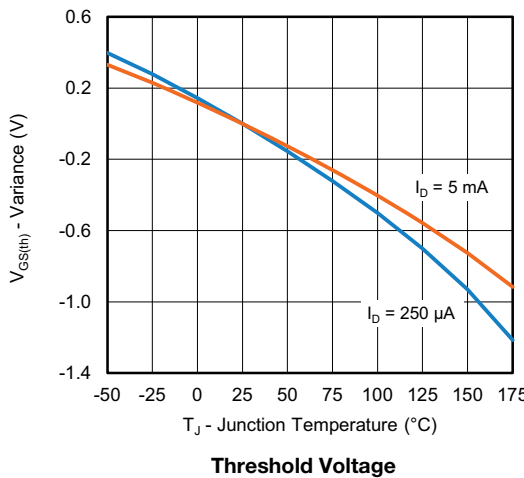
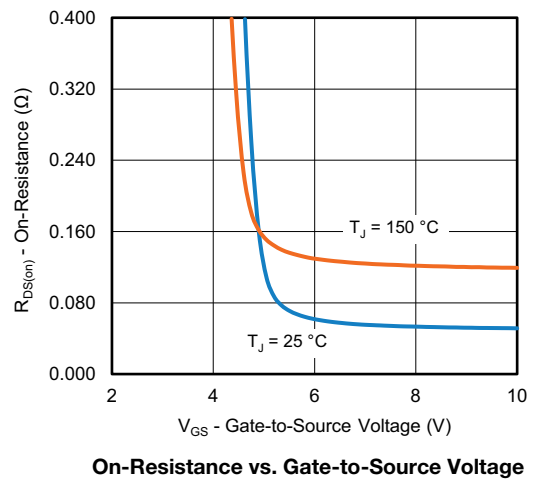
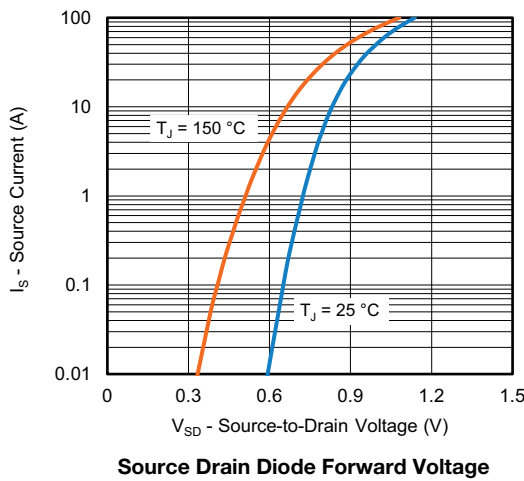
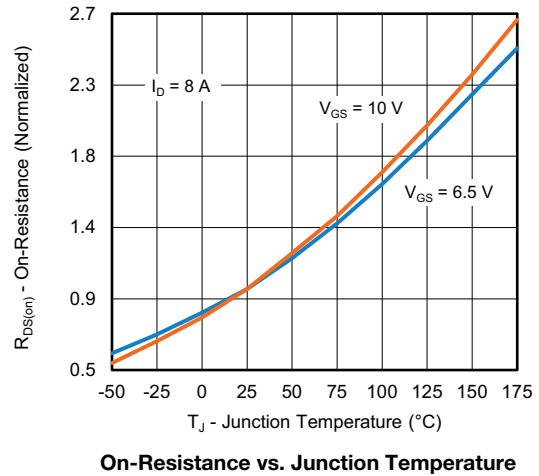
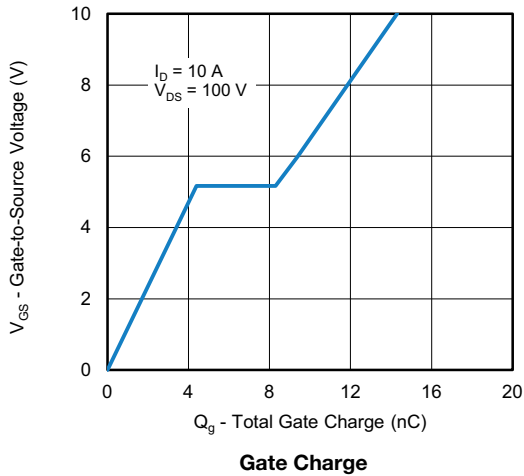
Transconductance



Capacitance

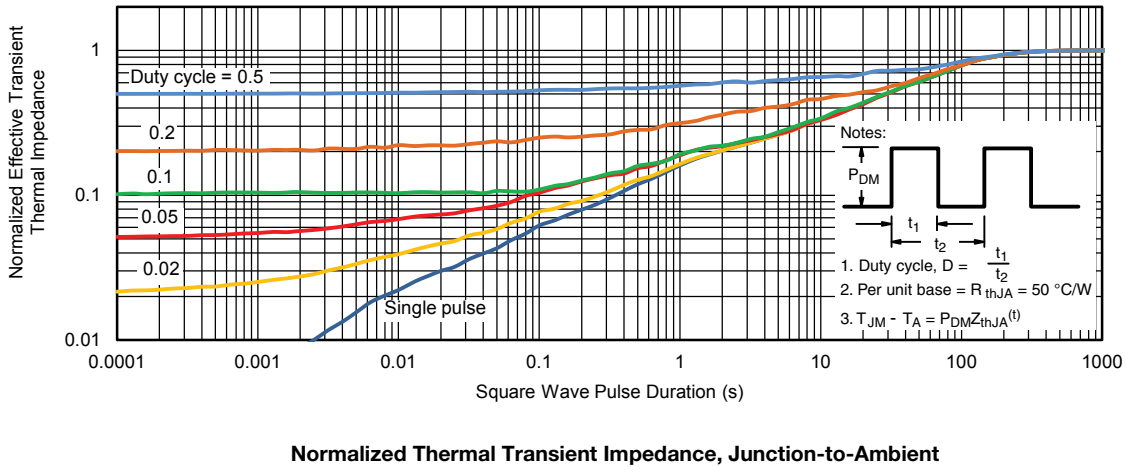
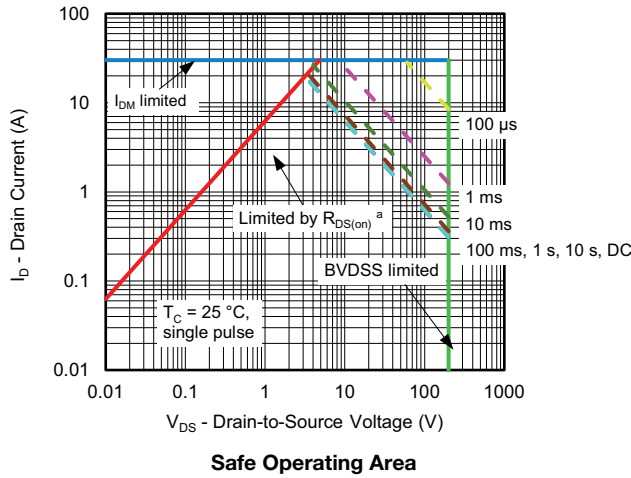


CHANNEL-3 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)





CHANNEL-3 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)

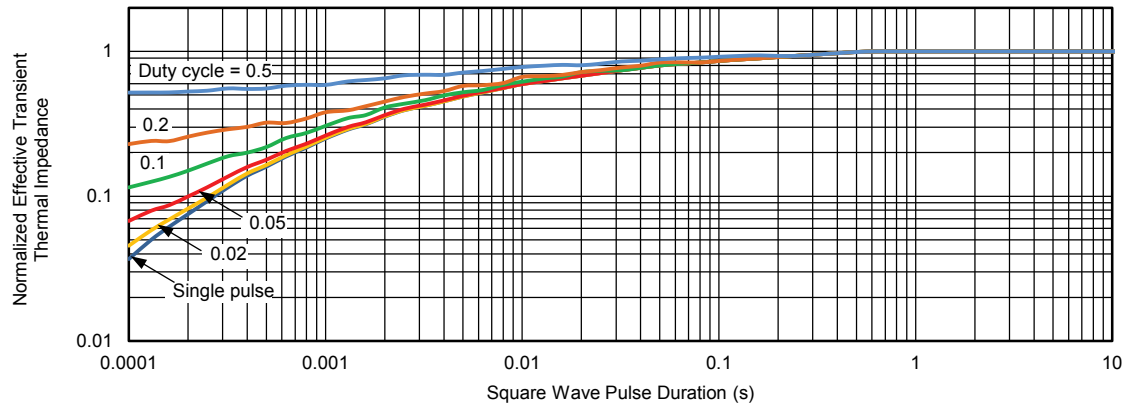


Note

a. $V_{GS} >$ minimum V_{GS} at which $R_{DS(on)}$ is specified



CHANNEL-3 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Case

Note

- The characteristics shown in the two graphs
 - Normalized Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Ambient (25 °C)
 - Normalized Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Case (25 °C)
 are given for general guidelines only to enable the user to get a “ball park” indication of part capabilities. The data are extracted from single pulse transient thermal impedance characteristics which are developed from empirical measurements. The latter is valid for the part mounted on printed circuit board - FR4, size 1" x 1" x 0.062", double sided with 2 oz. copper, 100 % on both sides. The part capabilities can widely vary depending on actual application parameters and operating conditions

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package / tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg?76755.



Disclaimer

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and / or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.