# LX2162A

# QorlQ LX2162A/LX2122A/LX2082A Data Sheet

Rev. 0 — 02/2021 Data Sheet: Technical Data

- Arm® Cortex®-A72 cores:
  - Up to 2.0 GHz
  - Single-threaded cores with 48 KB L1 instruction cache and 32 KB L1 data cache
- · Cache Coherent Interconnect Fabric
  - Up to 1300 MHz
  - 8 MB Level 3 cache with ECC and On-Chip Memory (OCM) mode
- One 72-bit (64-bit + ECC) 2.9 GT/s DDR4 SDRAM memory controllers
- Datapath acceleration architecture 2.0 (DPAA2)
  - Packet parsing, classification, and distribution (WRIOP)
  - Queue and Hardware buffer management
  - Cryptography acceleration (SEC) at up to 50 Gbps
  - Decompression/compression acceleration (DCE) at up to 88 Gbps
  - Queue Direct Memory Access (QDMA) engine
  - Management Complex (MC)
  - 2 MB Packet Express Buffer
  - L2 Switching (105 Gbps)
- · 12 SerDes lanes at up to 25 Gbps
- · 3x PCIe Gen3 controllers: x8, x4, x4
- Ethernet interfaces supporting IEEE 1588
  - Up to 14 Ethernet MACs
  - Support for 10G-SXGMII (USXGMII)
  - Support for SGMII (and 1000Base-KX)
  - Support for XFI, SFI, and 10GBase-KR
  - Support for 50GAUI-2 (50G) and 25GAUI (25G)
  - Support for XLAUI (and 40GBase-KR4) for 40G
  - Support for two RGMII parallel interfaces

- · Additional peripheral interfaces
  - One USB 3.0 controller with integrated PHY
  - Two enhanced secure digital host controllers
  - Two Controller Area Network (CAN) modules, optionally supporting Flexible Datarate
  - Flexible Serial Peripheral Interface (FlexSPI) and three Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) controllers
  - Eight I2C controllers
  - Four UARTs
  - Up to 101 General Purpose IOs (GPIO)
- Support for hardware virtualization and partitioning enforcement (Arm MMU-500)
- Global interrupt controller (Arm GIC-500)
- QorlQ platform trust architecture 3.0 with 256 KB on-chip RAM for trusted accesses
- Two Flextimers, one secure watchdog timer and one non-secure watchdog timer
- Debug supporting run control, data acquisition, highspeed trace, and performance/event monitoring
- · Support for Voltage ID (VID) for yield improvement



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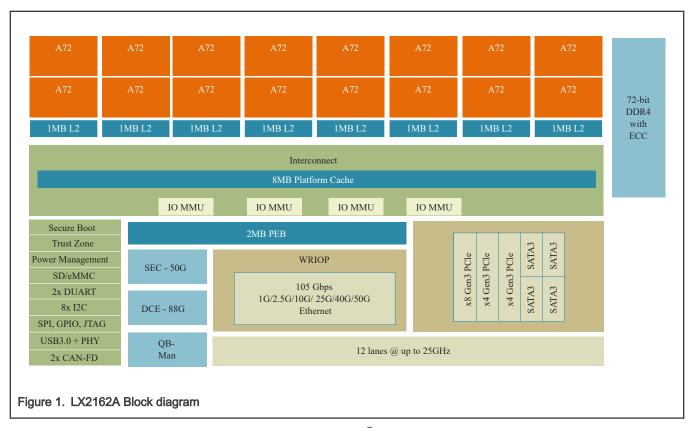
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#### 1 Introduction

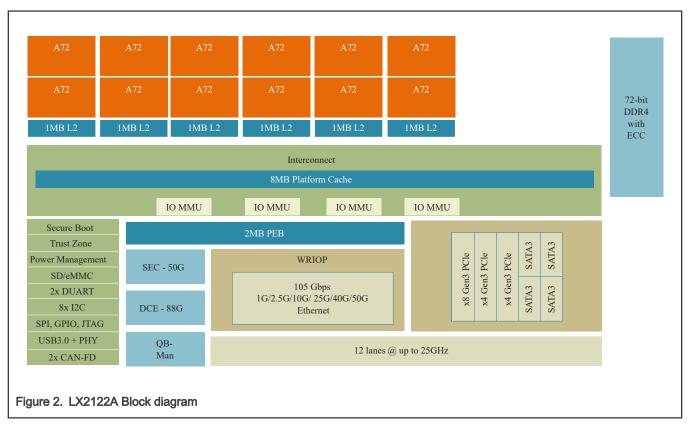
The QorlQ LX2162A processor is built on NXP's software-aware, core-agnostic DPAA2 architecture, which delivers scalable acceleration elements sized for application needs, unprecedented efficiency, and smarter, more capable networks. When coupled with ease-of-use facilities such as real-time monitoring and debug, virtualization, and software management utilities, the available toolkits allow for both hardware and software engineers to bring a complete solution to market faster than ever.

The device integrated multicore processor combines sixteen Arm Cortex<sup>®</sup>-A72 processor cores with high-performance data path acceleration logic and network and peripheral bus interfaces required for networking, storage, telecom/datacom, wireless infrastructure, and mil/aerospace applications.

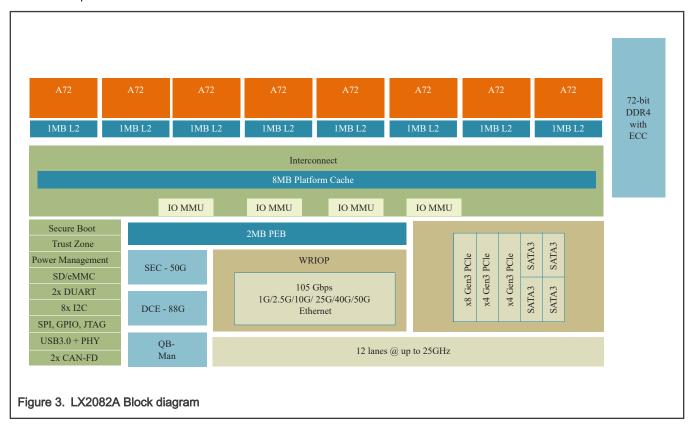
The device processor is supported by a consistent API that provides both basic and complex manipulation of the hardware peripherals in the device, releasing the developer from the classic programming challenges of interfacing with new peripherals at the hardware level.



The LX2122A integrated multicore processor combines twelve Arm® v8 A72 cores. This figure shows the major functional units within the chip.



The LX2082A integrated multicore processor combines eight  $Arm^{\mathbb{R}}$  v8 A72 cores. This figure shows the major functional units within the chip.



#### 1.1 Device selection

This table shows how to set the TEST\_SEL\_B and the cfg\_svr[0:1] pins at power-on-reset to select between LX2162A, LX2122A, and LX2082A.

Table 1. Device Personality Selection

Personality	TEST_SEL_B	cfg_svr0	cfg_svr1
		(primary signal XSPI1_A_CS0_B)	(primary signal XSPI1_A_CS1_B)
LX2162A	1	1	1
LX2122A	0	1	1
LX2082A	1	0	1

### 2 Pin assignments

#### 2.1 1150 ball layout diagrams

Figure 4 and Figure 5 show the left and right halves of the LX2162A ball map.

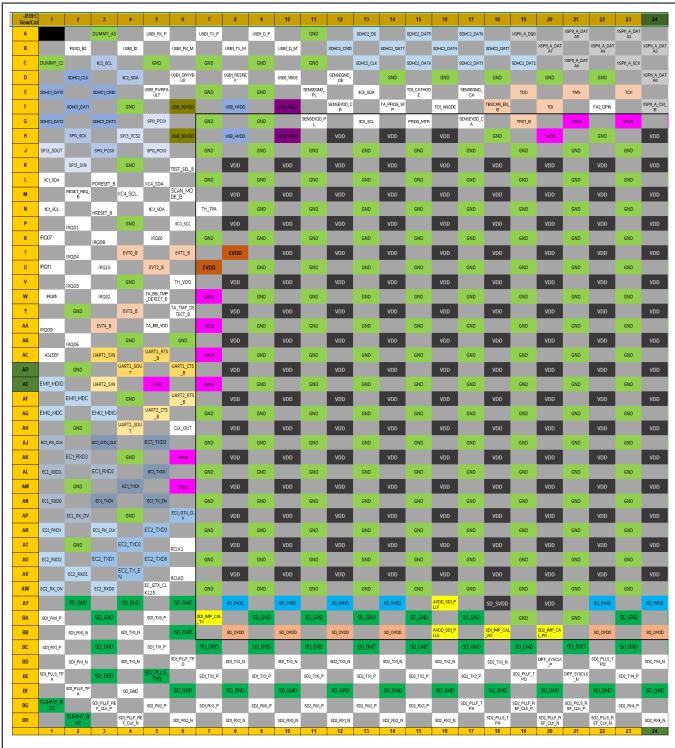
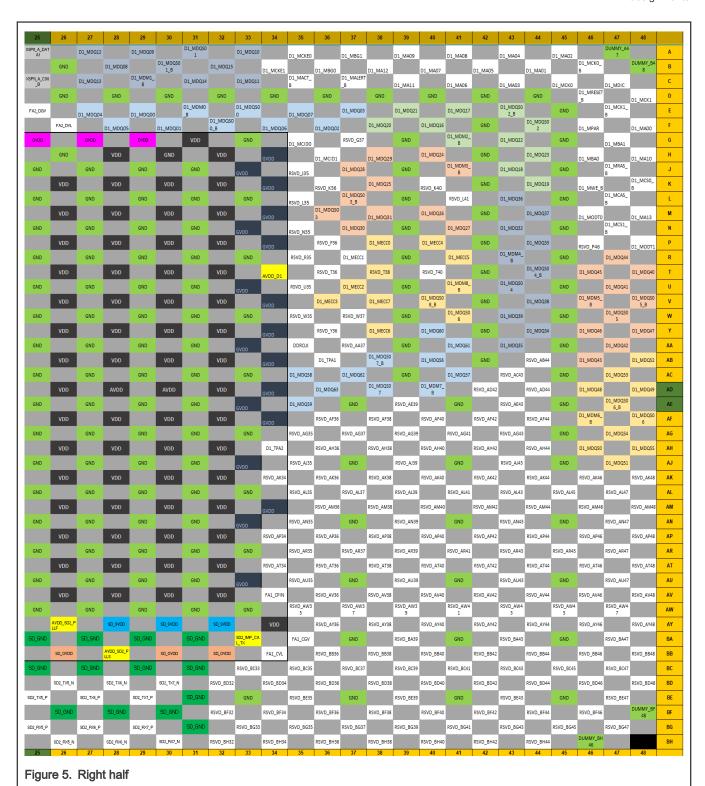


Figure 4. Left half

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## 2.2 Pinout list

This table provides the pinout listing for the LX2162A by bus. Primary functions are **bolded** in the table.

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
	DDR SDRAM Mei	mory Interface			
D1_MA00	Address	F48	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MA01	Address	B44	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MA02	Address	A45	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MA03	Address	C43	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MA04	Address	A43	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MA05	Address	B42	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MA06	Address	C41	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MA07	Address	B40	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MA08	Address	A41	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MA09	Address	A39	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MA10	Address	H48	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MA11	Address	C39	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MA12	Address	B38	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MA13	Address	M48	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MACT_B	Activate	C35	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MALERT_B	Alert	C37	I	GV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 16
D1_MBA0	Bank Select	H46	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MBA1	Bank Select	G47	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MBG0	Bank Group	B36	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MBG1	Bank Group	A37	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MCAS_B	Column Address Strobe / MA[15]	L47	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MCK0	Clock	C45	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MCK1	Clock	D48	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MCKE0	Clock Enable	A35	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	2
D1_MCKE1	Clock Enable	B34	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	2
D1_MCK0_B	Clock Complement	B46	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MCK1_B	Clock Complement	E47	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MCS0_B	Chip Select	K48	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MCS1_B	Chip Select	N47	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
D1_MCID0	Chip ID 0	G35	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MCID1	Chip ID 1	H36	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDIC	Driver Impedence Calibration	C47	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	3
D1_MDM0_B/D1_MDBI0_B	Data Mask/MDBI[0]_B	E31	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDM1_B/D1_MDBI1_B	Data Mask/MDBI[1]_B	C29	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDM2_B/D1_MDBI2_B	Data Mask/MDBI[2]_B	G41	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDM3_B/D1_MDBI3_B	Data Mask/MDBI[3]_B	J41	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDM4_B/D1_MDBI4_B	Data Mask/MDBI[4]_B	R43	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDM5_B/D1_MDBI5_B	Data Mask/MDBI[5]_B	V46	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDM6_B/D1_MDBI6_B	Data Mask/MDBI[6]_B	AF46	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDM7_B/D1_MDBI7_B	Data Mask/MDBI[7]_B	AD40	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDM8_B/D1_MDBI8_B	Data Mask/MDBI[8]_B	U41	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ00	Data	E29	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ01	Data	F30	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ02	Data	F36	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ03	Data	E37	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ04	Data	E27	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ05	Data	F28	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ06	Data	F34	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ07	Data	E35	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ08	Data	B28	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ09	Data	A29	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ10	Data	A33	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ11	Data	C33	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ12	Data	A27	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ13	Data	C27	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ14	Data	C31	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ15	Data	B32	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ16	Data	F40	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ17	Data	E41	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ18	Data	J43	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
D1_MDQ19	Data	K44	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ20	Data	F38	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ21	Data	E39	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ22	Data	G43	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ23	Data	H44	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ24	Data	H40	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ25	Data	K38	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ26	Data	M40	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ27	Data	N41	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ28	Data	J37	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ29	Data	H38	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ30	Data	N37	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ31	Data	M38	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ32	Data	N43	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ33	Data	P44	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ34	Data	Y44	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ35	Data	AA43	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ36	Data	L43	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ37	Data	M44	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ38	Data	V44	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ39	Data	W43	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ40	Data	T48	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ41	Data	U47	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ42	Data	AA47	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ43	Data	AB46	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ44	Data	R47	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ45	Data	T46	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ46	Data	Y46	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ47	Data	Y48	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ48	Data	AD46	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ49	Data	AD48	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
D1_MDQ50	Data	AH46	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ51	Data	AJ47	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ52	Data	AB48	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ53	Data	AC47	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ54	Data	AG47	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ55	Data	AH48	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ56	Data	AB40	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ57	Data	AC41	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ58	Data	AC35	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ59	Data	AE35	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ60	Data	Y40	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ61	Data	AA41	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ62	Data	AC37	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQ63	Data	AD36	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS00	Data Strobe	E33	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS01	Data Strobe	A31	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS02	Data Strobe	F44	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS03	Data Strobe	M36	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS04	Data Strobe	U43	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS05	Data Strobe	W47	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS06	Data Strobe	AF48	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS07	Data Strobe	AD38	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS08	Data Strobe	W41	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS00_B	Data Strobe	F32	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS01_B	Data Strobe	B30	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS02_B	Data Strobe	E43	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS03_B	Data Strobe	L37	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS04_B	Data Strobe	T44	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS05_B	Data Strobe	V48	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS06_B	Data Strobe	AE47	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MDQS07_B	Data Strobe	AB38	IO	GV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
D1_MDQS08_B	Data Strobe	V40	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MECC0	Error Correcting Code	P38	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MECC1	Error Correcting Code	R37	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MECC2	Error Correcting Code	U37	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MECC3	Error Correcting Code	V36	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MECC4	Error Correcting Code	P40	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MECC5	Error Correcting Code	R41	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MECC6	Error Correcting Code	Y38	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MECC7	Error Correcting Code	V38	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MODT0	On Die Termination	M46	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	2
D1_MODT1	On Die Termination / MCID[2]	P48	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	2
D1_MPAR	Address Parity Out	F46	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MRAS_B	Row Address Strobe / MA[16]	J47	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MWE_B	Write Enable / MA[14]	K46	0	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_MRESET_B	Reset to DRAM	D46	Ю	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
D1_TPA1	PLL Test Point Analog	AB36	-	-	
D1_TPA2	DDR PHY Test Point Analog	AH34	-	GV <sub>DD</sub>	
	I2C1				
IIC1_SCL /GPIO1_DAT03	Serial Clock	N1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
IIC1_SDA /GPIO1_DAT02	Serial Data	L1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
	I2C2				<u>'</u>
IIC2_SCL /GPIO1_DAT31 / FTM1_CH0 /SDHC1_CD_B	Serial Clock	C3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
IIC2_SDA /GPIO1_DAT30 / FTM2_CH0 /SDHC1_WP	Serial Data	D4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
	I2C3				
IIC3_SCL /GPIO1_DAT29 / CAN1_TX /EVT5_B	Serial Clock	P6	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
IIC3_SDA /GPIO1_DAT28 / CAN1_RX /EVT6_B	Serial Data	N5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
	I2C4				1
IIC4_SCL /GPIO1_DAT27 / CAN2_TX /EVT7_B	Serial Clock	M4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
IIC4_SDA /GPIO1_DAT26 / CAN2_RX /EVT8_B	Serial Data	L5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
	I2C5	1			-1
IIC5_SCL /GPIO1_DAT25 / SDHC1_CLK_SYNC_OUT / SPI3_SOUT	Serial Clock	J1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
IIC5_SDA /GPIO1_DAT24 / SDHC1_CLK_SYNC_IN / SPI3_SIN	Serial Data	K2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
	I2C6	1			'
IIC6_SCL /GPIO1_DAT23 / SDHC2_CLK_SYNC_OUT	Serial Clock	G13	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
IIC6_SDA /GPIO1_DAT22 / SDHC2_CLK_SYNC_IN	Serial Data	E13	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	5, 6
	I2C7				
IIC7_SCL/ <b>SDHC2_DAT5</b> / GPIO2_DAT16 / XSPI1_B_DATA5	Serial Clock	A15	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
IIC7_SDA/ <b>SDHC2_DAT4</b> / GPIO2_DAT15 / XSPI1_B_DATA4	Serial Data	B16	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
	I2C8				
IIC8_SCL/ <b>SDHC2_DAT7</b> / GPIO2_DAT18 / XSPI1_B_DATA7	Serial Clock	B14	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
IIC8_SDA/ <b>SDHC2_DAT6</b> / GPIO2_DAT17 / XSPI1_B_DATA6	Serial Data	C15	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
	XSPI1				
XSPI1_A_CS0_B / GPIO2_DAT21 /cfg_svr0	Chip Select	C25	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
XSPI1_A_CS1_B / GPIO2_DAT20 /cfg_svr1	Chip Select	F24	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
XSPI1_A_DATA0 / GPIO2_DAT24	Data	D24	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_A_DATA1 / GPIO2_DAT25	Data	A25	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table continues on the next page...

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
XSPI1_A_DATA2 / GPIO2_DAT26	Data	A23	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_A_DATA3 / GPIO2_DAT27	Data	B24	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_A_DATA4 / GPIO2_DAT28	Data	B22	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_A_DATA5 / GPIO2_DAT29	Data	A21	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_A_DATA6 / GPIO2_DAT30	Data	C21	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_A_DATA7 / GPIO2_DAT31	Data	B20	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_A_DQS / GPIO2_DAT23	Data Strobe	A19	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_A_SCK / GPIO2_DAT22 /cfg_eng_use0	Clock	C23	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
XSPI1_B_CS1_B/ SDHC2_CMD / GPIO2_DAT19 /SPI2_SOUT	Chip Select	B12	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
XSPI1_B_DATA0/ SDHC2_DAT0 / GPIO2_DAT11 /SPI2_SIN / cfg_gpinput4	Data	A17	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_B_DATA1/ SDHC2_DAT1 / GPIO2_DAT12 /SPI2_PCS2 / cfg_gpinput5	Data	B18	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_B_DATA2/ SDHC2_DAT2 / GPIO2_DAT13 /SPI2_PCS1 / cfg_gpinput6	Data	C19	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_B_DATA3/ SDHC2_DAT3 / GPIO2_DAT14 /SPI2_PCS0 / cfg_gpinput7	Data	C17	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_B_DATA4/ SDHC2_DAT4 / GPIO2_DAT15 /IIC7_SDA	Data	B16	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
XSPI1_B_DATA5/ SDHC2_DAT5 / GPIO2_DAT16 /IIC7_SCL	Data	A15	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_B_DATA6/ SDHC2_DAT6 / GPIO2_DAT17 /IIC8_SDA	Data	C15	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_B_DATA7/ SDHC2_DAT7 / GPIO2_DAT18 /IIC8_SCL	Data	B14	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_B_DQS/ <b>SDHC2_DS</b> / GPIO2_DAT10 /SPI2_PCS3	Data Strobe	A13	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
XSPI1_B_SCK/ <b>SDHC2_CLK</b> / GPIO2_DAT09 /SPI2_SCK	Clock	C13	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
	eSDHC <sup>2</sup>	1			
SDHC1_CD_B/ IIC2_SCL / GPIO1_DAT31 /FTM1_CH0	Card Detect	C3	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SDHC1_CLK /GPIO1_DAT16 / SPI1_SCK	Host to Card Clock	D2	0	EV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SDHC1_CLK_SYNC_IN/ IIC5_SDA /GPIO1_DAT24 SPI3_SIN	Input Synchronous Clock	K2	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SDHC1_CLK_SYNC_OUT/ IIC5_SCL /GPIO1_DAT25 / SPI3_SOUT	Output Synchronuous Clock	J1	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SDHC1_CMD / GPIO1_DAT21 /SPI1_SOUT	Command/Response	E3	Ю	EV <sub>DD</sub>	5
SDHC1_CMD_DIR / GPIO1_DAT14 / <b>SPI3_PCS1</b> / SDHC1_DAT5	Command Direction	G5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SDHC1_DAT0 / GPIO1_DAT17 /SPI1_SIN / cfg_gpinput0	Data	E1	Ю	EV <sub>DD</sub>	5
SDHC1_DAT0_DIR / GPIO1_DAT13 /SPI3_PCS2 / SDHC1_DAT6	DAT0 Direction	H4	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SDHC1_DAT1 / GPIO1_DAT18 /SPI1_PCS2 / cfg_gpinput1	Data	F2	Ю	EV <sub>DD</sub>	5

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
SDHC1_DAT123_DIR / GPIO1_DAT12 / <b>SPI3_PCS3</b> / SDHC1_DAT7	DATA[1:3] Direction	J5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SDHC1_DAT2 / GPIO1_DAT19 /SPI1_PCS1 / cfg_gpinput2	Data	G1	Ю	EV <sub>DD</sub>	5
SDHC1_DAT3 / GPIO1_DAT20 /SPI1_PCS0 / cfg_gpinput3	Data	G3	Ю	EV <sub>DD</sub>	5
SDHC1_DAT4/ SDHC1_VSEL / GPIO1_DAT15 /SPI1_PCS3 / SPI3_PCS0	Data	J3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SDHC1_DAT5/ SDHC1_CMD_DIR / GPIO1_DAT14 / <b>SPI3_PCS1</b>	Data	G5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SDHC1_DAT6/ SDHC1_DAT0_DIR / GPIO1_DAT13 / <b>SPI3_PCS2</b>	Data	H4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SDHC1_DAT7/ SDHC1_DAT123_DIR / GPIO1_DAT12 / <b>SPI3_PCS3</b>	Data	J5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SDHC1_DS /GPIO4_DAT29 / SPI3_SCK	Data Strobe (eMMC HS400 mode)	H2	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SDHC1_VSEL / GPIO1_DAT15 /SPI1_PCS3 / SPI3_PCS0 /SDHC1_DAT4	SDHC Voltage Select	J3	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SDHC1_WP/ <b>IIC2_SDA</b> / GPIO1_DAT30 /FTM2_CH0	Write Protect	D4	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
	eSDHC	2			
SDHC2_CLK /GPIO2_DAT09 / SPI2_SCK /XSPI1_B_SCK	Host to Card Clock	C13	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SDHC2_CLK_SYNC_IN/ IIC6_SDA /GPIO1_DAT22	Input Synchronous Clock	E13	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SDHC2_CLK_SYNC_OUT/ IIC6_SCL /GPIO1_DAT23	Output Synchronuous Clock	G13	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SDHC2_CMD / GPIO2_DAT19 /SPI2_SOUT / XSPI1_B_CS1_B	Command/Response	B12	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
SDHC2_DAT0 / GPIO2_DAT11 /SPI2_SIN / XSPI1_B_DATA0 / cfg_gpinput4	Data	A17	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5
SDHC2_DAT1 / GPIO2_DAT12 /SPI2_PCS2 / XSPI1_B_DATA1 / cfg_gpinput5	Data	B18	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5
SDHC2_DAT2 / GPIO2_DAT13 /SPI2_PCS1 / XSPI1_B_DATA2 / cfg_gpinput6	Data	C19	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5
SDHC2_DAT3 / GPIO2_DAT14 /SPI2_PCS0 / XSPI1_B_DATA3 / cfg_gpinput7	Data	C17	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5
SDHC2_DAT4 / GPIO2_DAT15 /IIC7_SDA / XSPI1_B_DATA4	Data	B16	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5
SDHC2_DAT5 / GPIO2_DAT16 /IIC7_SCL / XSPI1_B_DATA5	Data	A15	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5
SDHC2_DAT6 / GPIO2_DAT17 /IIC8_SDA / XSPI1_B_DATA6	Data	C15	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5
SDHC2_DAT7 / GPIO2_DAT18 /IIC8_SCL / XSPI1_B_DATA7	Data	B14	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5
SDHC2_DS /GPIO2_DAT10 / SPI2_PCS3 /XSPI1_B_DQS	Data Strobe (eMMC HS400 mode)	A13	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 11
	UART 1				
UART1_CTS_B / GPIO1_DAT08 /UART3_SIN	Clear To Send	AD6	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
UART1_RTS_B / GPIO1_DAT09 / UART3_SOUT /cfg_eng_use1	Ready to Send	AC5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
UART1_SIN /GPIO1_DAT10	Receive Data	AC3	1	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
UART1_SOUT / GPIO1_DAT11 /cfg_rcw_src1	Transmit Data	AD4	0	$OV_{DD}$	1

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
UART2_CTS_B / GPIO1_DAT04 /UART4_SIN	Clear To Send	AG5	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
UART2_RTS_B / GPIO1_DAT05 / UART4_SOUT /cfg_eng_use2	Ready to Send	AF6	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
UART2_SIN /GPIO1_DAT06	Receive Data	AE3	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
UART2_SOUT / GPIO1_DAT07 /cfg_rcw_src0	Transmit Data	AH4	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
	UART	3			
UART3_SIN/ <b>UART1_CTS_B</b> / GPIO1_DAT08	Serial Input	AD6	1	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
UART3_SOUT/ UART1_RTS_B / GPIO1_DAT09 /cfg_eng_use1	Serial Output	AC5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
	UART	4	I		
UART4_SIN/ <b>UART2_CTS_B</b> / GPIO1_DAT04	Serial Input	AG5	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
UART4_SOUT/ UART2_RTS_B / GPIO1_DAT05 /cfg_eng_use2	Serial Output	AF6	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
	Interrupt Co	ntroller	l		l
IRQ00 /GPIO3_DAT00 / FTM1_CH4	External Interrupt	R5	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
IRQ01 /GPIO3_DAT01 / FTM2_CH4	External Interrupt	P2	1	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
IRQ02 /GPIO3_DAT02 / FTM1_CH5	External Interrupt	W3	I	$OV_{DD}$	1
IRQ03 /GPIO3_DAT03 / FTM2_CH5	External Interrupt	V2	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
IRQ04 /GPIO3_DAT04 / FTM1_CH6	External Interrupt	T2	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
IRQ05 /GPIO3_DAT05 / FTM2_CH6	External Interrupt	W1	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
IRQ06 /GPIO3_DAT06 / FTM1_CH7	External Interrupt	AB2	1	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
IRQ07 /GPIO3_DAT07 / FTM2_CH7	External Interrupt	R1	I	$OV_{DD}$	1

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
IRQ08 /GPIO3_DAT08	External Interrupt	R3	ı	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
IRQ09 /GPIO3_DAT09	External Interrupt	AA1	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
IRQ10 /GPIO3_DAT10	External Interrupt	U3	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
IRQ11 /GPIO3_DAT11	External Interrupt	U1	ı	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
	Trust Architec	cture			ı
TA_BB_TMP_DETECT_B	Battery Backed Tamper Detect	W5	I	TA_BB_V <sub>DD</sub>	
TA_TMP_DETECT_B	Tamper Detect	Y6	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
	System Con	trol			ı
HRESET_B	Hard Reset	N3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	5, 6
PORESET_B	Power On Reset	L3	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
RESET_REQ_B / GPIO2_DAT08	Reset Request (POR or Hard)	M2	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 18
	Clocking				1
DDRCLK	DDR Controller Clock	AA35	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
DIFF_SYSCLK_N	Differential System Clock (negative)	BE21	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
DIFF_SYSCLK_P	Differential System Clock (positive)	BD20	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
EC_GTX_CLK125 / GPIO4_DAT24	RGMII Reference Clock	AW5	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
	Debug				·
ASLEEP /GPIO2_DAT06 / EVT9_B /cfg_rcw_src2	Asleep	AC1	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
CLK_OUT /GPIO2_DAT07 / FTM1_CH1 /cfg_rcw_src3	Clock Out	AH6	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	2
CLK_OUT2/ <b>EC1_TXD0</b> / GPIO4_DAT03	Clock Output	AN3	0	$OV_{DD}$	1
EVT0_B /GPIO3_DAT12 / FTM2_CH1	Event 0	T4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	7
EVT1_B /GPIO3_DAT13 / FTM1_CH2	Event 1	Т6	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	7
EVT2_B /GPIO3_DAT14 / FTM2_CH2	Event 2	U5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	7
EVT3_B /GPIO3_DAT15 / FTM1_CH3	Event 3	Y4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	7

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
EVT4_B /GPIO3_DAT16 / FTM2_CH3	Event 4	AA3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	7
EVT5_B/ <b>IIC3_SCL</b> / GPIO1_DAT29 /CAN1_TX	Event 5	P6	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
EVT6_B/ <b>IIC3_SDA</b> / GPIO1_DAT28 /CAN1_RX	Event 6	N5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
EVT7_B/ <b>IIC4_SCL</b> / GPIO1_DAT27 /CAN2_TX	Event 7	M4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
EVT8_B/ <b>IIC4_SDA</b> / GPIO1_DAT26 /CAN2_RX	Event 8	L5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
EVT9_B/ <b>ASLEEP</b> / GPIO2_DAT06 /cfg_rcw_src2	Event 9	AC1	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
	DFT				'
SCAN_MODE_B	Internal Use Only	M6	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	8
TEST_SEL_B	Internal Use Only	K6	I	$OV_{DD}$	5
	JTAG				
TBSCAN_EN_B	Test Boundary Scan Enable	F18	I	$OV_{DD}$	5
TCK	Test Clock	E23	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
TDI	Test Data In	F20	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	7
TDO	Test Data Out	E19	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	2
TMS	Test Mode Select	E21	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	7
TRST_B	Test Reset	G19	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	7
	Analog Sig	nals			,
D1_TPA1	PLL Test Point Analog	AB36	-	-	10
D1_TPA2	DDR PHY Test Point Analog	AH34	-	GV <sub>DD</sub>	10
FA1_CGV	Internal Use Only	BA35	-	-	12
FA2_DGV	Internal Use Only	E25	-	-	12
FA1_CPIN	Internal Use Only	AV34	-	-	12
FA2_DPIN	Internal Use Only	F22	-	-	12
TD1_ANODE	Thermal diode anode	F16	-	-	14
TD1_CATHODE	Thermal diode cathode	E15	-	-	14
TH_TPA	Thermal Test Point Analog	N7	-	-	10

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
SD1_IMP_CAL_RX	SerDes Receive Impedence Calibration	BB18	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	9
SD1_IMP_CAL_TX	SerDes Transmit Impedance Calibration	BA7	I	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	13
SD1_PLLF_REF_CLK	SerDes PLL Fast Reference Clock	BG3	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_PLLF_REF_CLK_B	SerDes PLL Fast Reference Clock Complement	BH4	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_PLLF_TPA	SerDes PLL Fast Analog Test Point	BF2	0	AVDD_SD1_PLLF	10
SD1_PLLF_TPD	SerDes PLL Fast Digital Test Point	BD6	0	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	10
SD1_PLLS_TPA	SerDes PLL Slow Analog Test Point	BE1	0	AVDD_SD1_PLLS	10
SD1_PLLS_TPD	SerDes PLL Slow Digital Test Point	BE5	0	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	10
SD1_RX0_N	SerDes Receive Data (negative)	BB2	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_RX1_N	SerDes Receive Data (negative)	BD2	I	SD_SV DD	
SD1_RX2_N	SerDes Receive Data (negative)	ВН6	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_RX3_N	SerDes Receive Data (negative)	ВН8	I	SD_SV DD	
SD1_RX0_P	SerDes Receive Data (positive)	BA1	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_RX1_P	SerDes Receive Data (positive)	BC1	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_RX2_P	SerDes Receive Data (positive)	BG5	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_RX3_P	SerDes Receive Data (positive)	BG7	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_TX0_N	SerDes Transmit Data (negative)	BB4	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_TX1_N	SerDes Transmit Data (negative)	BD4	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_TX2_N	SerDes Transmit Data (negative)	BD8	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
SD1_TX3_N	SerDes Transmit Data (negative)	BD10	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_TX0_P	SerDes Transmit Data (positive)	BA5	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_TX1_P	SerDes Transmit Data (positive)	BC5	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_TX2_P	SerDes Transmit Data (positive)	BE7	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD1_TX3_P	SerDes Transmit Data (positive)	BE9	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
	Serdes 2				
SD2_IMP_CAL_RX	SerDes Receive Impedence Calibration	BB20	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	9
SD2_IMP_CAL_TX	SerDes Transmit Impedance Calibration	BA33	I	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	13
SD2_PLLF_REF_CLK	SerDes PLL Fast Reference Clock	BG19	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_PLLF_REF_CLK_B	SerDes PLL Fast Reference Clock Complement	BH20	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_PLLF_TPA	SerDes PLL Fast Analog Test Point	BG17	0	AVDD_SD2_PLLF	10
SD2_PLLF_TPD	SerDes PLL Fast Digital Test Point	BE19	0	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	10
SD2_PLLS_REF_CLK	SerDes PLL Slow Reference Clock	BG21	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_PLLS_REF_CLK_B	SerDes PLL Slow Reference Clock Complement	BH22	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_PLLS_TPA	SerDes PLL Slow Analog Test Point	BH18	0	AVDD_SD2_PLLS	10
SD2_PLLS_TPD	SerDes PLL Slow Digital Test Point	BD22	0	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	10
SD2_RX0_N	SerDes Receive Data (negative)	BH10	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX1_N	SerDes Receive Data (negative)	BH12	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX2_N	SerDes Receive Data (negative)	BH14	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
SD2_RX3_N	SerDes Receive Data (negative)	BH16	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX4_N	SerDes Receive Data (negative)	BH24	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX5_N	SerDes Receive Data (negative)	BH26	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX6_N	SerDes Receive Data (negative)	BH28	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX7_N	SerDes Receive Data (negative)	BH30	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX0_P	SerDes Receive Data (positive)	BG9	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX1_P	SerDes Receive Data (positive)	BG11	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX2_P	SerDes Receive Data (positive)	BG13	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX3_P	SerDes Receive Data (positive)	BG15	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX4_P	SerDes Receive Data (positive)	BG23	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX5_P	SerDes Receive Data (positive)	BG25	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX6_P	SerDes Receive Data (positive)	BG27	1	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_RX7_P	SerDes Receive Data (positive)	BG29	I	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX0_N	SerDes Transmit Data (negative)	BD12	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX1_N	SerDes Transmit Data (negative)	BD14	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX2_N	SerDes Transmit Data (negative)	BD16	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX3_N	SerDes Transmit Data (negative)	BD18	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX4_N	SerDes Transmit Data (negative)	BD24	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX5_N	SerDes Transmit Data (negative)	BD26	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
SD2_TX6_N	SerDes Transmit Data (negative)	BD28	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX7_N	SerDes Transmit Data (negative)	BD30	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX0_P	SerDes Transmit Data (positive)	BE11	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX1_P	SerDes Transmit Data (positive)	BE13	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX2_P	SerDes Transmit Data (positive)	BE15	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX3_P	SerDes Transmit Data (positive)	BE17	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX4_P	SerDes Transmit Data (positive)	BE23	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX5_P	SerDes Transmit Data (positive)	BE25	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX6_P	SerDes Transmit Data (positive)	BE27	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD2_TX7_P	SerDes Transmit Data (positive)	BE29	0	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
	USB PHY	,			'
USB1_D_M	USB PHY Data Minus	B10	Ю	USB_HV <sub>DD</sub>	
USB1_D_P	USB PHY Data Plus	A9	Ю	USB_HV <sub>DD</sub>	
USB1_DRVVBUS / GPIO4_DAT25 /cfg_soc_use	USB PHY Digital signal - Drive VBUS	D6	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
USB1_ID	USB PHY ID Detect	B4	I	-	
<b>USB1_PWRFAULT</b> / GPIO4_DAT26	USB PHY Digital signal - Power Fault	E5	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
USB1_RESREF	USB PHY Impedance Calibration	D8	Ю	-	15
USB1_RX_M	USB PHY 3.0 Receive Data (negative)	В6	I	USB_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
USB1_RX_P	USB PHY 3.0 Receive Data (positive)	A5	I	USB_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
USB1_TX_M	USB PHY 3.0 Transmit Data (negative)	B8	0	USB_SV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
USB1_TX_P	USB PHY 3.0 Transmit Data (positive)	A7	0	USB_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
USB1_VBUS	USB PHY VBUS	D10	I	-	19
	Ethernet Cont	roller 1			
EC1_GTX_CLK / GPIO4_DAT05	Transmit Clock Out	AJ3	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC1_RXD0 /GPIO4_DAT09	Receive Data	AN1	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC1_RXD1 /GPIO4_DAT08	Receive Data	AL1	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC1_RXD2 /GPIO4_DAT07	Receive Data	AL3	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC1_RXD3 /GPIO4_DAT06	Receive Data	AK2	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC1_RX_CLK /GPIO4_DAT10	Receive Clock	AJ1	ı	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC1_RX_DV /GPIO4_DAT11	Receive Data Valid	AP2	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC1_TXD0 /GPIO4_DAT03 / CLK_OUT2	Transmit Data	AN3	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC1_TXD1 /GPIO4_DAT02	Transmit Data	AM4	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC1_TXD2 /GPIO4_DAT01	Transmit Data	AL5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC1_TXD3 /GPIO4_DAT00	Transmit Data	AJ5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC1_TX_EN /GPIO4_DAT04	Transmit Enable	AN5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 11
	Ethernet Cont	roller 2			
<b>EC2_GTX_CLK</b> / GPIO4_DAT17	Transmit Clock Out	AP6	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
<b>EC2_RXD0</b> /GPIO4_DAT21 / TSEC_1588_TRIG_IN2	Receive Data	AW3	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC2_RXD1 /GPIO4_DAT20 / TSEC_1588_PULSE_OUT1	Receive Data	AV2	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC2_RXD2 /GPIO4_DAT19	Receive Data	AU1	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC2_RXD3 /GPIO4_DAT18	Receive Data	AR1	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC2_RX_CLK / GPIO4_DAT22 / TSEC_1588_CLK_IN	Receive Clock	AR3	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC2_RX_DV /GPIO4_DAT23 / TSEC_1588_TRIG_IN1	Receive Data Valid	AW1	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC2_TXD0 /GPIO4_DAT15 / TSEC_1588_PULSE_OUT2	Transmit Data	AU5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
EC2_TXD1 /GPIO4_DAT14 / TSEC_1588_CLK_OUT	Transmit Data	AU3	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC2_TXD2 /GPIO4_DAT13 / TSEC_1588_ALARM_OUT1	Transmit Data	AT4	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC2_TXD3 /GPIO4_DAT12 / TSEC_1588_ALARM_OUT2	Transmit Data	AR5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
EC2_TX_EN /GPIO4_DAT16	Transmit Enable	AV4	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 11
	Sync Ethernet C	lockOut	I		1
RCLK0	Reconstructed Clock	AV6	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
RCLK1	Reconstructed Clock	AT6	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
	Ethernet Managemer	it Interface 1	<u> </u>		
EMI1_MDC	Management Data Clock	AF2	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
EMI1_MDIO	Management Data In/Out	AE1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
	Ethernet Managemer	t Interface 2	I	·	
EMI2_MDC	Management Data Clock	AG1	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
EMI2_MDIO	Management Data In/Out	AG3	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	5, 6
	General Purpose In	put/Output			
GPIO1_DAT02/ IIC1_SDA	General Purpose Input/Output	L1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT03/ IIC1_SCL	General Purpose Input/Output	N1	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	
GPIO1_DAT04/ UART2_CTS_B /UART4_SIN	General Purpose Input/Output	AG5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT05/ UART2_RTS_B / UART4_SOUT /cfg_eng_use2	General Purpose Input/Output	AF6	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
GPIO1_DAT06/ UART2_SIN	General Purpose Input/Output	AE3	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	
GPIO1_DAT07/ UART2_SOUT /cfg_rcw_src0	General Purpose Input/Output	AH4	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
GPIO1_DAT08/ UART1_CTS_B /UART3_SIN	General Purpose Input/Output	AD6	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT09/ UART1_RTS_B / UART3_SOUT /cfg_eng_use1	General Purpose Input/Output	AC5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
GPIO1_DAT10/ UART1_SIN	General Purpose Input/Output	AC3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT11/ UART1_SOUT /cfg_rcw_src1	General Purpose Input/Output	AD4	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GPIO1_DAT12/ SDHC1_DAT123_DIR / SPI3_PCS3 /SDHC1_DAT7	General Purpose Input/Output	J5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT13/ SDHC1_DAT0_DIR / SPI3_PCS2 /SDHC1_DAT6	General Purpose Input/Output	H4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT14/ SDHC1_CMD_DIR / SPI3_PCS1 /SDHC1_DAT5	General Purpose Input/Output	G5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT15/ SDHC1_VSEL /SPI1_PCS3 / SPI3_PCS0 /SDHC1_DAT4	General Purpose Input/Output	J3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT16/ <b>SDHC1_CLK</b> / SPI1_SCK	General Purpose Input/Output	D2	Ю	EV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT17/ SDHC1_DAT0 /SPI1_SIN / cfg_gpinput0	General Purpose Input/Output	E1	Ю	EV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT18/ SDHC1_DAT1 /SPI1_PCS2 / cfg_gpinput1	General Purpose Input/Output	F2	Ю	EV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT19/ SDHC1_DAT2 /SPI1_PCS1 / cfg_gpinput2	General Purpose Input/Output	G1	Ю	EV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT20/ SDHC1_DAT3 /SPI1_PCS0 / cfg_gpinput3	General Purpose Input/Output	G3	Ю	EV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT21/ SDHC1_CMD /SPI1_SOUT	General Purpose Input/Output	E3	Ю	EV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT22/ <b>IIC6_SDA</b> / SDHC2_CLK_SYNC_IN	General Purpose Input/Output	E13	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT23/ <b>IIC6_SCL</b> / SDHC2_CLK_SYNC_OUT	General Purpose Input/Output	G13	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT24/ IIC5_SDA / SDHC1_CLK_SYNC_IN / SPI3_SIN	General Purpose Input/Output	K2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT25/ IIC5_SCL / SDHC1_CLK_SYNC_OUT / SPI3_SOUT	General Purpose Input/Output	J1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT26/ <b>IIC4_SDA</b> / CAN2_RX /EVT8_B	General Purpose Input/Output	L5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GPIO1_DAT27/ <b>IIC4_SCL</b> / CAN2_TX /EVT7_B	General Purpose Input/Output	M4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT28/ <b>IIC3_SDA</b> / CAN1_RX /EVT6_B	General Purpose Input/Output	N5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT29/ <b>IIC3_SCL</b> / CAN1_TX /EVT5_B	General Purpose Input/Output	P6	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	
GPIO1_DAT30/ <b>IIC2_SDA</b> / FTM2_CH0 /SDHC1_WP	General Purpose Input/Output	D4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO1_DAT31/ <b>IIC2_SCL</b> / FTM1_CH0 /SDHC1_CD_B	General Purpose Input/Output	C3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT06/ <b>ASLEEP</b> / EVT9_B /cfg_rcw_src2	General Purpose Input/Output	AC1	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
GPIO2_DAT07/ <b>CLK_OUT</b> / FTM1_CH1 /cfg_rcw_src3	General Purpose Input/Output	AH6	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
GPIO2_DAT08/ RESET_REQ_B	General Purpose Input/Output	M2	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
GPIO2_DAT09/ <b>SDHC2_CLK</b> / SPI2_SCK /XSPI1_B_SCK	General Purpose Input/Output	C13	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT10/ <b>SDHC2_DS</b> / SPI2_PCS3 /XSPI1_B_DQS	General Purpose Input/Output	A13	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT11/ SDHC2_DAT0 /SPI2_SIN / XSPI1_B_DATA0 / cfg_gpinput4	General Purpose Input/Output	A17	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT12/ SDHC2_DAT1 /SPI2_PCS2 / XSPI1_B_DATA1 / cfg_gpinput5	General Purpose Input/Output	B18	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT13/ SDHC2_DAT2 /SPI2_PCS1 / XSPI1_B_DATA2 / cfg_gpinput6	General Purpose Input/Output	C19	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT14/ SDHC2_DAT3 /SPI2_PCS0 / XSPI1_B_DATA3 / cfg_gpinput7	General Purpose Input/Output	C17	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT15/ SDHC2_DAT4 /IIC7_SDA / XSPI1_B_DATA4	General Purpose Input/Output	B16	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GPIO2_DAT16/ SDHC2_DAT5 /IIC7_SCL / XSPI1_B_DATA5	General Purpose Input/Output	A15	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT17/ SDHC2_DAT6 /IIC8_SDA / XSPI1_B_DATA6	General Purpose Input/Output	C15	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT18/ SDHC2_DAT7 /IIC8_SCL / XSPI1_B_DATA7	General Purpose Input/Output	B14	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT19/ SDHC2_CMD /SPI2_SOUT / XSPI1_B_CS1_B	General Purpose Input/Output	B12	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT20/ XSPI1_A_CS1_B /cfg_svr1	General Purpose Input/Output	F24	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
GPIO2_DAT21/ XSPI1_A_CS0_B /cfg_svr0	General Purpose Input/Output	C25	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
GPIO2_DAT22/ XSPI1_A_SCK /cfg_eng_use0	General Purpose Input/Output	C23	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
GPIO2_DAT23/ XSPI1_A_DQS	General Purpose Input/Output	A19	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT24/ XSPI1_A_DATA0	General Purpose Input/Output	D24	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT25/ XSPI1_A_DATA1	General Purpose Input/Output	A25	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT26/ XSPI1_A_DATA2	General Purpose Input/Output	A23	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT27/ XSPI1_A_DATA3	General Purpose Input/Output	B24	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT28/ <b>XSPI1_A_DATA4</b>	General Purpose Input/Output	B22	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT29/ XSPI1_A_DATA5	General Purpose Input/Output	A21	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT30/ XSPI1_A_DATA6	General Purpose Input/Output	C21	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO2_DAT31/ <b>XSPI1_A_DATA7</b>	General Purpose Input/Output	B20	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO3_DAT00/ <b>IRQ00</b> / FTM1_CH4	General Purpose Input/Output	R5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GPIO3_DAT01/ <b>IRQ01</b> / FTM2_CH4	General Purpose Input/Output	P2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO3_DAT02/ IRQ02 / FTM1_CH5	General Purpose Input/Output	W3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO3_DAT03/ <b>IRQ03</b> / FTM2_CH5	General Purpose Input/Output	V2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO3_DAT04/ <b>IRQ04</b> / FTM1_CH6	General Purpose Input/Output	T2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO3_DAT05/ <b>IRQ05</b> / FTM2_CH6	General Purpose Input/Output	W1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO3_DAT06/ IRQ06 / FTM1_CH7	General Purpose Input/Output	AB2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO3_DAT07/ <b>IRQ07</b> / FTM2_CH7	General Purpose Input/Output	R1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO3_DAT08/ IRQ08	General Purpose Input/Output	R3	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	
GPIO3_DAT09/ IRQ09	General Purpose Input/Output	AA1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO3_DAT10/ IRQ10	General Purpose Input/Output	U3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO3_DAT11/ <b>IRQ11</b>	General Purpose Input/Output	U1	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	
GPIO3_DAT12/ <b>EVT0_B</b> / FTM2_CH1	General Purpose Input/Output	T4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO3_DAT13/ <b>EVT1_B</b> / FTM1_CH2	General Purpose Input/Output	Т6	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	
GPIO3_DAT14/ <b>EVT2_B</b> / FTM2_CH2	General Purpose Input/Output	U5	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	
GPIO3_DAT15/ <b>EVT3_B</b> / FTM1_CH3	General Purpose Input/Output	Y4	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	
GPIO3_DAT16/ <b>EVT4_B</b> / FTM2_CH3	General Purpose Input/Output	AA3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT00/ EC1_TXD3	General Purpose Input/Output	AJ5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT01/ EC1_TXD2	General Purpose Input/Output	AL5	10	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT02/ EC1_TXD1	General Purpose Input/Output	AM4	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	
GPIO4_DAT03/ <b>EC1_TXD0</b> / CLK_OUT2	General Purpose Input/Output	AN3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT04/ EC1_TX_EN	General Purpose Input/Output	AN5	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	
GPIO4_DAT05/ EC1_GTX_CLK	General Purpose Input/Output	AJ3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GPIO4_DAT06/ EC1_RXD3	General Purpose Input/Output	AK2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT07/ EC1_RXD2	General Purpose Input/Output	AL3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT08/ EC1_RXD1	General Purpose Input/Output	AL1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT09/ EC1_RXD0	General Purpose Input/Output	AN1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT10/ EC1_RX_CLK	General Purpose Input/Output	AJ1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT11/ <b>EC1_RX_DV</b>	General Purpose Input/Output	AP2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT12/ <b>EC2_TXD3</b> / TSEC_1588_ALARM_OUT2	General Purpose Input/Output	AR5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT13/ EC2_TXD2 / TSEC_1588_ALARM_OUT1	General Purpose Input/Output	AT4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT14/ <b>EC2_TXD1</b> / TSEC_1588_CLK_OUT	General Purpose Input/Output	AU3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT15/ <b>EC2_TXD0</b> / TSEC_1588_PULSE_OUT2	General Purpose Input/Output	AU5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT16/ EC2_TX_EN	General Purpose Input/Output	AV4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT17/ EC2_GTX_CLK	General Purpose Input/Output	AP6	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT18/ EC2_RXD3	General Purpose Input/Output	AR1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT19/ EC2_RXD2	General Purpose Input/Output	AU1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT20/ <b>EC2_RXD1</b> / TSEC_1588_PULSE_OUT1	General Purpose Input/Output	AV2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT21/ <b>EC2_RXD0</b> / TSEC_1588_TRIG_IN2	General Purpose Input/Output	AW3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT22/ EC2_RX_CLK / TSEC_1588_CLK_IN	General Purpose Input/Output	AR3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT23/ <b>EC2_RX_DV</b> / TSEC_1588_TRIG_IN1	General Purpose Input/Output	AW1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT24/ EC_GTX_CLK125	General Purpose Input/Output	AW5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
GPIO4_DAT25/ USB1_DRVVBUS / cfg_soc_use	General Purpose Input/Output	D6	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
GPIO4_DAT26/ USB1_PWRFAULT	General Purpose Input/Output	E5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
General Purpose Input/Output	H2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
FlexTimer Mo	dule			
Channel 0	C3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
Channel 1	AH6	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
Channel 2	Т6	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
Channel 3	Y4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
Channel 4	R5	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
Channel 5	W3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
Channel 6	T2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
Channel 7	AB2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
Channel 0	D4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
Channel 1	T4	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
Channel 2	U5	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	
Channel 3	AA3	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
Channel 4	P2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
Channel 5	V2	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
Channel 6	W1	Ю	OV <sub>DD</sub>	
Channel 7	R1	Ю	$OV_{DD}$	
	General Purpose Input/Output  FlexTimer Mo Channel 0  Channel 1  Channel 2  Channel 3  Channel 5  Channel 6  Channel 7  Channel 0  Channel 1  Channel 2  Channel 4  Channel 5  Channel 5  Channel 5  Channel 6  Channel 6  Channel 6  Channel 7  Channel 6  Channel 6  Channel 6  Channel 6	General Purpose Input/Output H2  FlexTimer Module  Channel 0 C3  Channel 1 AH6  Channel 2 T6  Channel 3 Y4  Channel 5 W3  Channel 6 T2  Channel 1 T4  Channel 1 T4  Channel 2 U5  Channel 3 AA3  Channel 3 AA3  Channel 4 P2  Channel 5 V2  Channel 6 W1	Pin number   Type   Remainder   Remainde	Pin number   Type   Remark   General Purpose Input/Output   H2   IO   OV_DD

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
CAN1_RX/ <b>IIC3_SDA</b> / GPIO1_DAT28 /EVT6_B	Receive Data	N5	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
CAN1_TX/ <b>IIC3_SCL</b> / GPIO1_DAT29 /EVT5_B	Transmit Data	P6	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
CAN2_RX/ <b>IIC4_SDA</b> / GPIO1_DAT26 /EVT8_B	Receive Data	L5	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
CAN2_TX/ <b>IIC4_SCL</b> / GPIO1_DAT27 /EVT7_B	Transmit Data	M4	0	$OV_{DD}$	1
	Power-On-Reset Co	onfiguration			
cfg_eng_use0/ <b>XSPI1_A_SCK</b> / GPIO2_DAT22	Power-on-Reset Configuration	C23	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_eng_use1/ <b>UART1_RTS_B</b> / GPIO1_DAT09 / UART3_SOUT	Power-on-Reset Configuration	AC5	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_eng_use2/ <b>UART2_RTS_B</b> / GPIO1_DAT05 / UART4_SOUT	Power-on-Reset Configuration	AF6	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_gpinput0/ <b>SDHC1_DAT0</b> / GPIO1_DAT17 /SPI1_SIN	General Input	E1	I	EV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_gpinput1/ <b>SDHC1_DAT1</b> / GPIO1_DAT18 /SPI1_PCS2	General Input	F2	I	EV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_gpinput2/ <b>SDHC1_DAT2</b> / GPIO1_DAT19 /SPI1_PCS1	General Input	G1	I	EV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_gpinput3/ <b>SDHC1_DAT3</b> / GPIO1_DAT20 /SPI1_PCS0	General Input	G3	I	EV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_gpinput4/ <b>SDHC2_DAT0</b> / GPIO2_DAT11 /SPI2_SIN / XSPI1_B_DATA0	General Input	A17	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_gpinput5/ <b>SDHC2_DAT1</b> / GPIO2_DAT12 /SPI2_PCS2 / XSPI1_B_DATA1	General Input	B18	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_gpinput6/ <b>SDHC2_DAT2</b> / GPIO2_DAT13 /SPI2_PCS1 / XSPI1_B_DATA2	General Input	C19	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_gpinput7/ <b>SDHC2_DAT3</b> / GPIO2_DAT14 /SPI2_PCS0 / XSPI1_B_DATA3	General Input	C17	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
cfg_rcw_src0/ <b>UART2_SOUT</b> / GPIO1_DAT07	Reset Configuration Word Source	AH4	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_rcw_src1/ <b>UART1_SOUT</b> / GPIO1_DAT11	Reset Configuration Word Source	AD4	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_rcw_src2/ <b>ASLEEP</b> / GPIO2_DAT06 /EVT9_B	Reset Configuration Word Source	AC1	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_rcw_src3/ <b>CLK_OUT</b> / GPIO2_DAT07 /FTM1_CH1	Reset Configuration Word Source	AH6	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_soc_use/ USB1_DRVVBUS / GPIO4_DAT25	Power-on-Reset Configuration	D6	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
cfg_svr0/ <b>XSPI1_A_CS0_B</b> / GPIO2_DAT21	Power-on-Reset Configuration	C25	I	$OV_{DD}$	1, 4
cfg_svr1/ <b>XSPI1_A_CS1_B</b> / GPIO2_DAT20	Power-on-Reset Configuration	F24	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1, 4
	SPI1				'
SPI1_PCS0/ <b>SDHC1_DAT3</b> / GPIO1_DAT20 /cfg_gpinput3	SPI Chip Select	G3	0	EV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI1_PCS1/ <b>SDHC1_DAT2</b> / GPIO1_DAT19 /cfg_gpinput2	SPI Chip Select	G1	0	EV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI1_PCS2/ <b>SDHC1_DAT1</b> / GPIO1_DAT18 /cfg_gpinput1	SPI Chip Select	F2	0	EV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI1_PCS3/ SDHC1_VSEL / GPIO1_DAT15 / <b>SPI3_PCS0</b> / SDHC1_DAT4	SPI Chip Select	J3	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI1_SCK/ <b>SDHC1_CLK</b> / GPIO1_DAT16	SPI Serial Clock	D2	0	EV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI1_SIN/ <b>SDHC1_DAT0</b> / GPIO1_DAT17 /cfg_gpinput0	SPI Serial Data Input	E1	I	EV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI1_SOUT/ <b>SDHC1_CMD</b> / GPIO1_DAT21	SPI Serial Data Output	E3	0	EV <sub>DD</sub>	1
	SPI2			•	-
SPI2_PCS0/ <b>SDHC2_DAT3</b> / GPIO2_DAT14 / XSPI1_B_DATA3 / cfg_gpinput7	SPI Chip Select	C17	О	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI2_PCS1/ <b>SDHC2_DAT2</b> / GPIO2_DAT13 /	SPI Chip Select	C19	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
XSPI1_B_DATA2 / cfg_gpinput6					
SPI2_PCS2/ <b>SDHC2_DAT1</b> / GPI02_DAT12 / XSPI1_B_DATA1 / cfg_gpinput5	SPI Chip Select	B18	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI2_PCS3/ <b>SDHC2_DS</b> / GPIO2_DAT10 / XSPI1_B_DQS	SPI Chip Select	A13	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI2_SCK/ <b>SDHC2_CLK</b> / GPIO2_DAT09 / XSPI1_B_SCK	SPI Serial Clock	C13	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI2_SIN/ <b>SDHC2_DAT0</b> / GPI02_DAT11 / XSPI1_B_DATA0 / cfg_gpinput4	SPI Serial Data Input	A17	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI2_SOUT/ <b>SDHC2_CMD</b> / GPIO2_DAT19 / XSPI1_B_CS1_B	SPI Serial Data Output	B12	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
	SPI3				
SPI3_PCS0/ SDHC1_VSEL / GPIO1_DAT15 /SPI1_PCS3 / SDHC1_DAT4	SPI Chip Select	J3	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI3_PCS1/ SDHC1_CMD_DIR / GPIO1_DAT14 / SDHC1_DAT5	SPI Chip Select	G5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI3_PCS2/ SDHC1_DAT0_DIR / GPIO1_DAT13 / SDHC1_DAT6	SPI Chip Select	H4	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI3_PCS3/ SDHC1_DAT123_DIR / GPIO1_DAT12 / SDHC1_DAT7	SPI Chip Select	J5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
SPI3_SCK/ SDHC1_DS / GPIO4_DAT29	SPI Serial Clock	H2	0	$OV_{DD}$	1
SPI3_SIN/ IIC5_SDA / GPIO1_DAT24 / SDHC1_CLK_SYNC_IN	SPI Serial Data Input	K2	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
SPI3_SOUT/ IIC5_SCL / GPIO1_DAT25 / SDHC1_CLK_SYNC_OUT	SPI Serial Data Output	J1	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
	1588	·			·
TSEC_1588_ALARM_OUT1/ EC2_TXD2 /GPIO4_DAT13	Alarm Out	AT4	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
TSEC_1588_ALARM_OUT2/ EC2_TXD3 /GPIO4_DAT12	Alarm Out	AR5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
TSEC_1588_CLK_IN/ EC2_RX_CLK /GPIO4_DAT22	Clock Input	AR3	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
TSEC_1588_CLK_OUT/ EC2_TXD1 /GPIO4_DAT14	Clock Out	AU3	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
TSEC_1588_PULSE_OUT1/ EC2_RXD1 /GPIO4_DAT20	Pulse Out	AV2	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
TSEC_1588_PULSE_OUT2/ <b>EC2_TXD0</b> /GPIO4_DAT15	Pulse Out	AU5	0	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
TSEC_1588_TRIG_IN1/ EC2_RX_DV /GPIO4_DAT23	Trigger In	AW1	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
TSEC_1588_TRIG_IN2/ <b>EC2_RXD0</b> /GPIO4_DAT21	Trigger In	AW3	I	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1
	Dummy Si	gnals			
DUMMY_A3	GND	A3			17
DUMMY_A47	GND	A47			17
DUMMY_B48	GND	B48			17
DUMMY_C1	GND	C1			17
DUMMY_BH2	SD_GND	BH2			17
DUMMY_BF48	GND	BF48			17
DUMMY_BH46	GND	BH46			17
DUMMY_BG1	SD_GND	BG1			17
	Power and Grou	ınd Signals		•	
GND2	GND	A11			
GND4	GND	B26			
GND7	GND	C5			
GND8	GND	C7			
GND9	GND	C9			

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GND10	GND	C11			
GND11	GND	D14			
GND12	GND	D16			
GND13	GND	D18			
GND14	GND	D20			
GND15	GND	D22			
GND16	GND	D26			
GND17	GND	D28			
GND18	GND	D30			
GND19	GND	D32			
GND20	GND	D34			
GND21	GND	D36			
GND22	GND	D38			
GND23	GND	D40			
GND24	GND	D42			
GND25	GND	D44			
GND26	GND	E7			
GND27	GND	E9			
GND28	GND	E45			
GND29	GND	F4			
GND30	GND	F42			
GND31	GND	G7			
GND32	GND	G9			
GND33	GND	G33			
GND34	GND	G39			
GND35	GND	G45			
GND36	GND	H18			
GND37	GND	H22			
GND38	GND	H26			
GND39	GND	H30			
GND40	GND	H42			

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GND41	GND	J7			
GND42	GND	J9			
GND43	GND	J11			
GND44	GND	J13			
GND45	GND	J15			
GND46	GND	J17			
GND47	GND	J19			
GND48	GND	J21			
GND49	GND	J23			
GND50	GND	J25			
GND51	GND	J27			
GND52	GND	J29			
GND53	GND	J31			
GND54	GND	J39			
GND55	GND	J45			
GND56	GND	K4			
GND57	GND	K42			
GND58	GND	L7			
GND59	GND	L9			
GND60	GND	L11			
GND61	GND	L13			
GND62	GND	L15			
GND63	GND	L17			
GND64	GND	L19			
GND65	GND	L21			
GND66	GND	L23			
GND67	GND	L25			
GND68	GND	L27			
GND69	GND	L29			
GND70	GND	L31			
GND71	GND	L33			

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GND72	GND	L39			
GND73	GND	L45			
GND74	GND	M42			
GND75	GND	N9			
GND76	GND	N11			
GND77	GND	N13			
GND78	GND	N15			
GND79	GND	N17			
GND80	GND	N19			
GND81	GND	N21			
GND82	GND	N23			
GND83	GND	N25			
GND84	GND	N27			
GND85	GND	N29			
GND86	GND	N31			
GND87	GND	N39			
GND88	GND	N45			
GND89	GND	P4			
GND90	GND	P42			
GND91	GND	R7			
GND92	GND	R9			
GND93	GND	R11			
GND94	GND	R13			
GND95	GND	R15			
GND96	GND	R17			
GND97	GND	R19			
GND98	GND	R21			
GND99	GND	R23			
GND100	GND	R25			
GND101	GND	R27			
GND102	GND	R29			

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GND103	GND	R31			
GND104	GND	R33			
GND105	GND	R39			
GND106	GND	R45			
GND107	GND	T42			
GND108	GND	U9			
GND109	GND	U11			
GND110	GND	U13			
GND111	GND	U15			
GND112	GND	U17			
GND113	GND	U19			
GND114	GND	U21			
GND115	GND	U23			
GND116	GND	U25			
GND117	GND	U27			
GND118	GND	U29			
GND119	GND	U31			
GND120	GND	U39			
GND121	GND	U45			
GND122	GND	V4			
GND123	GND	V42			
GND124	GND	W9			
GND125	GND	W11			
GND126	GND	W13			
GND127	GND	W15			
GND128	GND	W17			
GND129	GND	W19			
GND130	GND	W21			
GND131	GND	W23			
GND132	GND	W25			
GND133	GND	W27			

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GND134	GND	W29			
GND135	GND	W31			
GND136	GND	W33			
GND137	GND	W39			
GND138	GND	W45			
GND139	GND	Y2			
GND140	GND	Y42			
GND141	GND	AA9			
GND142	GND	AA11			
GND143	GND	AA13			
GND144	GND	AA15			
GND145	GND	AA17			
GND146	GND	AA19			
GND147	GND	AA21			
GND148	GND	AA23			
GND149	GND	AA25			
GND150	GND	AA27			
GND151	GND	AA29			
GND152	GND	AA31			
GND153	GND	AA39			
GND154	GND	AA45			
GND155	GND	AB4			
GND156	GND	AB6			
GND157	GND	AB42			
GND158	GND	AC9			
GND159	GND	AC11			
GND160	GND	AC13			
GND161	GND	AC15			
GND162	GND	AC17			
GND163	GND	AC19			
GND164	GND	AC21			

Table continues on the next page...

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GND165	GND	AC23			
GND166	GND	AC25			
GND167	GND	AC27			
GND168	GND	AC29			
GND169	GND	AC31			
GND170	GND	AC33			
GND171	GND	AC39			
GND172	GND	AC45			
GND173	GND	AD2			
GND174	GND	AE9			
GND175	GND	AE11			
GND176	GND	AE13			
GND177	GND	AE15			
GND178	GND	AE17			
GND179	GND	AE19			
GND180	GND	AE21			
GND181	GND	AE23			
GND182	GND	AE25			
GND183	GND	AE27			
GND184	GND	AE29			
GND185	GND	AE31			
GND186	GND	AE37			
GND187	GND	AE41			
GND188	GND	AE45			
GND189	GND	AF4			
GND190	GND	AG7			
GND191	GND	AG9			
GND192	GND	AG11			
GND193	GND	AG13			
GND194	GND	AG15			
GND195	GND	AG17			

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GND196	GND	AG19			
GND197	GND	AG21			
GND198	GND	AG23			
GND199	GND	AG25			
GND200	GND	AG27			
GND201	GND	AG29			
GND202	GND	AG31			
GND203	GND	AG33			
GND204	GND	AG45			
GND205	GND	AH2			
GND206	GND	AJ7			
GND207	GND	AJ9			
GND208	GND	AJ11			
GND209	GND	AJ13			
GND210	GND	AJ15			
GND211	GND	AJ17			
GND212	GND	AJ19			
GND213	GND	AJ21			
GND214	GND	AJ23			
GND215	GND	AJ25			
GND216	GND	AJ27			
GND217	GND	AJ29			
GND218	GND	AJ31			
GND219	GND	AJ37			
GND220	GND	AJ41			
GND221	GND	AJ45			
GND222	GND	AK4			
GND223	GND	AL7			
GND224	GND	AL9			
GND225	GND	AL11			
GND226	GND	AL13			

Data Sheet: Technical Data

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GND227	GND	AL15			
GND228	GND	AL17			
GND229	GND	AL19			
GND230	GND	AL21			
GND231	GND	AL23			
GND232	GND	AL25			
GND233	GND	AL27			
GND234	GND	AL29			
GND235	GND	AL31			
GND236	GND	AL33			
GND237	GND	AM2			
GND238	GND	AN7			
GND239	GND	AN9			
GND240	GND	AN11			
GND241	GND	AN13			
GND242	GND	AN15			
GND243	GND	AN17			
GND244	GND	AN19			
GND245	GND	AN21			
GND246	GND	AN23			
GND247	GND	AN25			
GND248	GND	AN27			
GND249	GND	AN29			
GND250	GND	AN31			
GND251	GND	AN37			
GND252	GND	AN41			
GND253	GND	AN45			
GND254	GND	AP4			
GND255	GND	AR7			
GND256	GND	AR9			
GND257	GND	AR11			

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GND258	GND	AR13			
GND259	GND	AR15			
GND260	GND	AR17			
GND261	GND	AR19			
GND262	GND	AR21			
GND263	GND	AR23			
GND264	GND	AR25			
GND265	GND	AR27			
GND266	GND	AR29			
GND267	GND	AR31			
GND268	GND	AR33			
GND269	GND	AT2			
GND270	GND	AU7			
GND271	GND	AU9			
GND272	GND	AU11			
GND273	GND	AU13			
GND274	GND	AU15			
GND275	GND	AU17			
GND276	GND	AU19			
GND277	GND	AU21			
GND278	GND	AU23			
GND279	GND	AU25			
GND280	GND	AU27			
GND281	GND	AU29			
GND282	GND	AU31			
GND283	GND	AU37			
GND284	GND	AU41			
GND285	GND	AU45			
GND286	GND	AW7			
GND287	GND	AW9			
GND288	GND	AW11			

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GND289	GND	AW13			
GND290	GND	AW15			
GND291	GND	AW17			
GND292	GND	AW19			
GND293	GND	AW21			
GND294	GND	AW23			
GND295	GND	AW25			
GND296	GND	AW27			
GND297	GND	AW29			
GND298	GND	AW31			
GND299	GND	AW33			
GND300	GND	BA19			
GND301	GND	BA21			
GND302	GND	BA37			
GND303	GND	BA41			
GND304	GND	BA45			
GND305	GND	BE33			
GND306	GND	BE37			
GND307	GND	BE41			
GND308	GND	BE45			
SENSEGND_CA	GND Sense pin	E17			
SENSEGND_CB	GND Sense pin	D12			
SENSEGND_PL	GND Sense pin	E11			
SD_GND1	SerDes core logic ground	AY2			
SD_GND2	SerDes core logic ground	AY4			
SD_GND3	SerDes core logic ground	AY6			
SD_GND4	SerDes core logic ground	BA3			
SD_GND5	SerDes core logic ground	BA9			
SD_GND6	SerDes core logic ground	BA11			
SD_GND7	SerDes core logic ground	BA13			
SD_GND8	SerDes core logic ground	BA15			

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
SD_GND9	SerDes core logic ground	BA17			
SD_GND10	SerDes core logic ground	BA23			
SD_GND11	SerDes core logic ground	BA25			
SD_GND12	SerDes core logic ground	BA27			
SD_GND13	SerDes core logic ground	BA29			
SD_GND14	SerDes core logic ground	BA31			
SD_GND15	SerDes core logic ground	BB6			
SD_GND16	SerDes core logic ground	BC3			
SD_GND17	SerDes core logic ground	BC7			
SD_GND18	SerDes core logic ground	BC9			
SD_GND19	SerDes core logic ground	BC11			
SD_GND20	SerDes core logic ground	BC13			
SD_GND21	SerDes core logic ground	BC15			
SD_GND22	SerDes core logic ground	BC17			
SD_GND23	SerDes core logic ground	BC19			
SD_GND24	SerDes core logic ground	BC21			
SD_GND25	SerDes core logic ground	BC23			
SD_GND26	SerDes core logic ground	BC25			
SD_GND27	SerDes core logic ground	BC27			
SD_GND28	SerDes core logic ground	BC29			
SD_GND29	SerDes core logic ground	BC31			
SD_GND30	SerDes core logic ground	BE3			
SD_GND31	SerDes core logic ground	BE31			
SD_GND32	SerDes core logic ground	BF4			
SD_GND33	SerDes core logic ground	BF6			
SD_GND34	SerDes core logic ground	BF8			
SD_GND35	SerDes core logic ground	BF10			
SD_GND36	SerDes core logic ground	BF12			
SD_GND37	SerDes core logic ground	BF14			
SD_GND38	SerDes core logic ground	BF16			
SD_GND39	SerDes core logic ground	BF18			

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
SD_GND40	SerDes core logic ground	BF20			
SD_GND41	SerDes core logic ground	BF22			
SD_GND42	SerDes core logic ground	BF24			
SD_GND43	SerDes core logic ground	BF26			
SD_GND44	SerDes core logic ground	BF28			
SD_GND45	SerDes core logic ground	BF30			
SD_GND47	SerDes core logic ground	BG31			
OVDD1	General I/O supply	G21		OV <sub>DD</sub>	
OVDD2	General I/O supply	G23		OV <sub>DD</sub>	
OVDD3	General I/O supply	G25		OV <sub>DD</sub>	
OVDD4	General I/O supply	G27		OV <sub>DD</sub>	
OVDD5	General I/O supply	G29		OV <sub>DD</sub>	
OVDD6	General I/O supply	H20		OV <sub>DD</sub>	
OVDD7	General I/O supply	W7		OV <sub>DD</sub>	
OVDD8	General I/O supply	AA7		OV <sub>DD</sub>	
OVDD9	General I/O supply	AC7		OV <sub>DD</sub>	
OVDD10	General I/O supply	AE5		OV <sub>DD</sub>	
OVDD11	General I/O supply	AE7		OV <sub>DD</sub>	
OVDD12	General I/O supply	AK6		OV <sub>DD</sub>	
OVDD13	General I/O supply	AM6		OV <sub>DD</sub>	
EVDD1	eSDHC1 1.8V supply	Т8		EV <sub>DD</sub>	
EVDD2	eSDHC1 1.8V supply	U7		EV <sub>DD</sub>	
GVDD1	DDR supply	H34			
GVDD2	DDR supply	J33			
GVDD3	DDR supply	K34			
GVDD4	DDR supply	M34			
GVDD5	DDR supply	N33			
GVDD6	DDR supply	P34			
GVDD7	DDR supply	U33			
GVDD8	DDR supply	V34			
GVDD9	DDR supply	Y34			

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
GVDD10	DDR supply	AA33			
GVDD11	DDR supply	AB34			
GVDD12	DDR supply	AD34			
GVDD13	DDR supply	AE33			
GVDD14	DDR supply	AF34			
GVDD15	DDR supply	AJ33			
GVDD16	DDR supply	AM34			
GVDD17	DDR supply	AN33			
GVDD18	DDR supply	AU33			
FA1_CVL	Internal Use Only	BB34		FA1_CVL	12
FA2_DVL	Internal Use Only	F26		FA2_DVL	12
PROG_MTR	Internal Use Only	G15		PROG_MTR	12
TA_PROG_SFP	SFP Fuse Programming supply	F14		TA_PROG_SFP	
TH_VDD	Thermal Monitor Unit supply	V6		TH_V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD1	Supply for cores and platform	G31		$V_{DD}$	
VDD2	Supply for cores and platform	H12		$V_{DD}$	
VDD3	Supply for cores and platform	H14		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD4	Supply for cores and platform	H16		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD5	Supply for cores and platform	H24		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD6	Supply for cores and platform	H28		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD7	Supply for cores and platform	H32		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD8	Supply for cores and platform	K8		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD9	Supply for cores and platform	K10		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD10	Supply for cores and platform	K12		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD11	Supply for cores and platform	K14		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD12	Supply for cores and platform	K16		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD13	Supply for cores and platform	K18		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD14	Supply for cores and platform	K20		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD15	Supply for cores and platform	K22		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD16	Supply for cores and platform	K24		$V_{DD}$	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
VDD17	Supply for cores and platform	K26		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD18	Supply for cores and platform	K28		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD19	Supply for cores and platform	K30		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD20	Supply for cores and platform	K32		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD21	Supply for cores and platform	M8		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD22	Supply for cores and platform	M10		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD23	Supply for cores and platform	M12		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD24	Supply for cores and platform	M14		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD25	Supply for cores and platform	M16		$V_{DD}$	
VDD26	Supply for cores and platform	M18		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD27	Supply for cores and platform	M20		$V_{DD}$	
VDD28	Supply for cores and platform	M22		$V_{DD}$	
VDD29	Supply for cores and platform	M24		$V_{DD}$	
VDD30	Supply for cores and platform	M26		$V_{DD}$	
VDD31	Supply for cores and platform	M28		$V_{DD}$	
VDD32	Supply for cores and platform	M30		$V_{DD}$	
VDD33	Supply for cores and platform	M32		$V_{DD}$	
VDD34	Supply for cores and platform	P8		$V_{DD}$	
VDD35	Supply for cores and platform	P10		$V_{DD}$	
VDD36	Supply for cores and platform	P12		$V_{DD}$	
VDD37	Supply for cores and platform	P14		$V_{DD}$	
VDD38	Supply for cores and platform	P16		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD39	Supply for cores and platform	P18		$V_{DD}$	
VDD40	Supply for cores and platform	P20		$V_{DD}$	
VDD41	Supply for cores and platform	P22		$V_{DD}$	
VDD42	Supply for cores and platform	P24		$V_{DD}$	
VDD43	Supply for cores and platform	P26		$V_{DD}$	
VDD44	Supply for cores and platform	P28		$V_{DD}$	
VDD45	Supply for cores and platform	P30		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD46	Supply for cores and platform	P32		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD47	Supply for cores and platform	T10		$V_{DD}$	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
VDD48	Supply for cores and platform	T12		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD49	Supply for cores and platform	T14		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD50	Supply for cores and platform	T16		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD51	Supply for cores and platform	T18		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD52	Supply for cores and platform	T20		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD53	Supply for cores and platform	T22		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD54	Supply for cores and platform	T24		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD55	Supply for cores and platform	T26		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD56	Supply for cores and platform	T28		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD57	Supply for cores and platform	T30		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD58	Supply for cores and platform	T32		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD59	Supply for cores and platform	V8		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD60	Supply for cores and platform	V10		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD61	Supply for cores and platform	V12		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD62	Supply for cores and platform	V14		$V_{DD}$	
VDD63	Supply for cores and platform	V16		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD64	Supply for cores and platform	V18		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD65	Supply for cores and platform	V20		$V_{DD}$	
VDD66	Supply for cores and platform	V22		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD67	Supply for cores and platform	V24		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD68	Supply for cores and platform	V26		$V_{DD}$	
VDD69	Supply for cores and platform	V28		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD70	Supply for cores and platform	V30		$V_{DD}$	
VDD71	Supply for cores and platform	V32		$V_{DD}$	
VDD72	Supply for cores and platform	Y8		$V_{DD}$	
VDD73	Supply for cores and platform	Y10		$V_{DD}$	
VDD74	Supply for cores and platform	Y12		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD75	Supply for cores and platform	Y14		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD76	Supply for cores and platform	Y16		$V_{DD}$	
VDD77	Supply for cores and platform	Y18		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD78	Supply for cores and platform	Y20		V <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
VDD79	Supply for cores and platform	Y22		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD80	Supply for cores and platform	Y24		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD81	Supply for cores and platform	Y26		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD82	Supply for cores and platform	Y28		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD83	Supply for cores and platform	Y30		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD84	Supply for cores and platform	Y32		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD85	Supply for cores and platform	AB8		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD86	Supply for cores and platform	AB10		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD87	Supply for cores and platform	AB12		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD88	Supply for cores and platform	AB14		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD89	Supply for cores and platform	AB16		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD90	Supply for cores and platform	AB18		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD91	Supply for cores and platform	AB20		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD92	Supply for cores and platform	AB22		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD93	Supply for cores and platform	AB24		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD94	Supply for cores and platform	AB26		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD95	Supply for cores and platform	AB28		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD96	Supply for cores and platform	AB30		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD97	Supply for cores and platform	AB32		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD98	Supply for cores and platform	AD8		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD99	Supply for cores and platform	AD10		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD100	Supply for cores and platform	AD12		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD101	Supply for cores and platform	AD14		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD102	Supply for cores and platform	AD16		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD103	Supply for cores and platform	AD18		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD104	Supply for cores and platform	AD20		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD105	Supply for cores and platform	AD22		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD106	Supply for cores and platform	AD24		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD107	Supply for cores and platform	AD26		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD108	Supply for cores and platform	AD32		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD109	Supply for cores and platform	AF8		$V_{DD}$	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
VDD110	Supply for cores and platform	AF10		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD111	Supply for cores and platform	AF12		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD112	Supply for cores and platform	AF14		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD113	Supply for cores and platform	AF16		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD114	Supply for cores and platform	AF18		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD115	Supply for cores and platform	AF20		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD116	Supply for cores and platform	AF22		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD117	Supply for cores and platform	AF24		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD118	Supply for cores and platform	AF26		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD119	Supply for cores and platform	AF28		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD120	Supply for cores and platform	AF30		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD121	Supply for cores and platform	AF32		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD122	Supply for cores and platform	AH8		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD123	Supply for cores and platform	AH10		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD124	Supply for cores and platform	AH12		$V_{DD}$	
VDD125	Supply for cores and platform	AH14		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD126	Supply for cores and platform	AH16		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD127	Supply for cores and platform	AH18		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD128	Supply for cores and platform	AH20		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD129	Supply for cores and platform	AH22		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD130	Supply for cores and platform	AH24		$V_{DD}$	
VDD131	Supply for cores and platform	AH26		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD132	Supply for cores and platform	AH28		$V_{DD}$	
VDD133	Supply for cores and platform	AH30		$V_{DD}$	
VDD134	Supply for cores and platform	AH32		$V_{DD}$	
VDD135	Supply for cores and platform	AK8		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD136	Supply for cores and platform	AK10		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD137	Supply for cores and platform	AK12		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD138	Supply for cores and platform	AK14		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD139	Supply for cores and platform	AK16		$V_{DD}$	
VDD140	Supply for cores and platform	AK18		V <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
VDD141	Supply for cores and platform	AK20		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD142	Supply for cores and platform	AK22		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD143	Supply for cores and platform	AK24		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD144	Supply for cores and platform	AK26		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD145	Supply for cores and platform	AK28		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD146	Supply for cores and platform	AK30		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD147	Supply for cores and platform	AK32		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD148	Supply for cores and platform	AM8		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD149	Supply for cores and platform	AM10		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD150	Supply for cores and platform	AM12		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD151	Supply for cores and platform	AM14		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD152	Supply for cores and platform	AM16		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD153	Supply for cores and platform	AM18		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD154	Supply for cores and platform	AM20		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD155	Supply for cores and platform	AM22		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD156	Supply for cores and platform	AM24		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD157	Supply for cores and platform	AM26		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD158	Supply for cores and platform	AM28		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD159	Supply for cores and platform	AM30		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD160	Supply for cores and platform	AM32		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD161	Supply for cores and platform	AP8		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD162	Supply for cores and platform	AP10		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD163	Supply for cores and platform	AP12		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD164	Supply for cores and platform	AP14		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD165	Supply for cores and platform	AP16		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD166	Supply for cores and platform	AP18		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD167	Supply for cores and platform	AP20		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD168	Supply for cores and platform	AP22		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD169	Supply for cores and platform	AP24		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD170	Supply for cores and platform	AP26		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD171	Supply for cores and platform	AP28		V <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
VDD172	Supply for cores and platform	AP30		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD173	Supply for cores and platform	AP32		$V_{DD}$	
VDD174	Supply for cores and platform	AT8		$V_{DD}$	
VDD175	Supply for cores and platform	AT10		$V_{DD}$	
VDD176	Supply for cores and platform	AT12		$V_{DD}$	
VDD177	Supply for cores and platform	AT14		$V_{DD}$	
VDD178	Supply for cores and platform	AT16		$V_{DD}$	
VDD179	Supply for cores and platform	AT18		$V_{DD}$	
VDD180	Supply for cores and platform	AT20		$V_{DD}$	
VDD181	Supply for cores and platform	AT22		$V_{DD}$	
VDD182	Supply for cores and platform	AT24		$V_{DD}$	
VDD183	Supply for cores and platform	AT26		$V_{DD}$	
VDD184	Supply for cores and platform	AT28		$V_{DD}$	
VDD185	Supply for cores and platform	AT30		$V_{DD}$	
VDD186	Supply for cores and platform	AT32		$V_{DD}$	
VDD187	Supply for cores and platform	AV8		$V_{DD}$	
VDD188	Supply for cores and platform	AV10		$V_{DD}$	
VDD189	Supply for cores and platform	AV12		$V_{DD}$	
VDD190	Supply for cores and platform	AV14		$V_{DD}$	
VDD191	Supply for cores and platform	AV16		$V_{DD}$	
VDD192	Supply for cores and platform	AV18		$V_{DD}$	
VDD193	Supply for cores and platform	AV20		$V_{DD}$	
VDD194	Supply for cores and platform	AV22		$V_{DD}$	
VDD195	Supply for cores and platform	AV24		$V_{DD}$	
VDD196	Supply for cores and platform	AV26		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD197	Supply for cores and platform	AV28		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD198	Supply for cores and platform	AV30		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD199	Supply for cores and platform	AV32		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD200	Supply for cores and platform	AY20		V <sub>DD</sub>	
VDD201	Supply for cores and platform	AY34		$V_{DD}$	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
TA_BB_VDD	Low Power Security Monitor supply	AA5		TA_BB_V <sub>DD</sub>	
AVDD1	PLL analog power	AD28		AV <sub>DD</sub>	
AVDD2	PLL analog power	AD30		AV <sub>DD</sub>	
AVDD_D1	DDR PHY1 PLL supply	T34		AVDD_D1	
USB_HVDD1	High voltage supply for High Speed operation	F8		USB_HV <sub>DD</sub>	
USB_HVDD2	High voltage supply for High Speed operation	Н8		USB_HV <sub>DD</sub>	
USB_SDVDD1	Analog and digital high speed low voltage supply	F6		USB_SDV <sub>DD</sub>	
USB_SDVDD2	Analog and digital high speed low voltage supply	H6		USB_SDV <sub>DD</sub>	
USB_SVDD1	Analog and digital super speed low voltage supply	F10		USB_SV DD	
USB_SVDD2	Analog and digital super speed low voltage supply	H10		USB_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
AVDD_SD1_PLLF	SerDes1 Analog PLL fast supply	AY16		AVDD_SD1_PLLF	
AVDD_SD1_PLLS	SerDes1 Analog PLL slow supply	BB16		AVDD_SD1_PLLS	
AVDD_SD2_PLLF	SerDes2 Analog PLL fast supply	AY26		AVDD_SD2_PLLF	
AVDD_SD2_PLLS	SerDes2 Analog PLL slow supply	BB28		AVDD_SD2_PLLS	
SD_SVDD1	SerDes core logic supply	AY8		SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_SVDD2	SerDes core logic supply	AY10		SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_SVDD3	SerDes core logic supply	AY12		SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_SVDD4	SerDes core logic supply	AY14		SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_SVDD5	SerDes core logic supply	AY18		SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_SVDD6	SerDes core logic supply	AY22		SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_SVDD7	SerDes core logic supply	AY24		SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_SVDD8	SerDes core logic supply	AY28		SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_SVDD9	SerDes core logic supply	AY30		SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_SVDD10	SerDes core logic supply	AY32		SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
SD_OVDD1	SerDes transceiver supply	BB8		SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_OVDD2	SerDes transceiver supply	BB10		SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_OVDD3	SerDes transceiver supply	BB12		SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_OVDD4	SerDes transceiver supply	BB14		SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_OVDD5	SerDes transceiver supply	BB22		SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_OVDD6	SerDes transceiver supply	BB24		SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_OVDD7	SerDes transceiver supply	BB26		SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_OVDD8	SerDes transceiver supply	BB30		SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SD_OVDD9	SerDes transceiver supply	BB32		SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	
SENSEVDD_CA	VDD Sense pin	G17		SENSEVDD_CA	
SENSEVDD_CB	VDD Sense pin	F12		SENSEVDD_CB	
SENSEVDD_PL	VDD Sense pin	G11		SENSEVDD_PL	
	Reserved	Pins		1	
RSVD_P46	Reserved	P46			
RSVD_N35	Reserved	N35			
RSVD_L41	Reserved	L41			
RSVD_P36	Reserved	P36			
RSVD_T36	Reserved	T36			
RSVD_R35	Reserved	R35			
RSVD_T38	Reserved	T38			
RSVD_U35	Reserved	U35			
RSVD_T40	Reserved	T40			
RSVD_G37	Reserved	G37			
RSVD_J35	Reserved	J35			
RSVD_K36	Reserved	K36			
RSVD_L35	Reserved	L35			
RSVD_W35	Reserved	W35			
RSVD_W37	Reserved	W37			
RSVD_Y36	Reserved	Y36			
RSVD_AA37	Reserved	AA37			
 RSVD_K40	Reserved	K40			

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
RSVD_BH34	Reserved	BH34			
RSVD_BH32	Reserved	BH32			
RSVD_BF32	Reserved	BF32			
RSVD_BG33	Reserved	BG33			
RSVD_BH36	Reserved	BH36			
RSVD_BH38	Reserved	BH38			
RSVD_BD34	Reserved	BD34			
RSVD_BD36	Reserved	BD36			
RSVD_BD32	Reserved	BD32			
RSVD_BE35	Reserved	BE35			
RSVD_BC33	Reserved	BC33			
RSVD_BF40	Reserved	BF40			
RSVD_BH40	Reserved	BH40			
RSVD_BH42	Reserved	BH42			
RSVD_BH44	Reserved	BH44			
RSVD_BC37	Reserved	BC37			
RSVD_BC35	Reserved	BC35			
RSVD_BD38	Reserved	BD38			
RSVD_BB36	Reserved	BB36			
RSVD_BG45	Reserved	BG45			
RSVD_BG43	Reserved	BG43			
RSVD_BF44	Reserved	BF44			
RSVD_BC39	Reserved	BC39			
RSVD_BC41	Reserved	BC41			
RSVD_BB38	Reserved	BB38			
RSVD_BB40	Reserved	BB40			
RSVD_AY36	Reserved	AY36			
RSVD_BD44	Reserved	BD44			
RSVD_AW35	Reserved	AW35			
RSVD_AT34	Reserved	AT34			
RSVD_BE47	Reserved	BE47			

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
RSVD_AW37	Reserved	AW37			
RSVD_AT48	Reserved	AT48			
RSVD_AK38	Reserved	AK38			
RSVD_AP46	Reserved	AP46			
RSVD_AM44	Reserved	AM44			
RSVD_AT44	Reserved	AT44			
RSVD_AJ35	Reserved	AJ35			
RSVD_AP44	Reserved	AP44			
RSVD_AN43	Reserved	AN43			
RSVD_AH36	Reserved	AH36			
RSVD_AJ39	Reserved	AJ39			
RSVD_AH38	Reserved	AH38			
RSVD_AK44	Reserved	AK44			
RSVD_AR47	Reserved	AR47			
RSVD_AP48	Reserved	AP48			
RSVD_AK40	Reserved	AK40			
RSVD_AN47	Reserved	AN47			
RSVD_AK46	Reserved	AK46			
RSVD_AF36	Reserved	AF36			
RSVD_AK48	Reserved	AK48			
RSVD_AG41	Reserved	AG41			
RSVD_AG35	Reserved	AG35			
RSVD_AM48	Reserved	AM48			
RSVD_AL47	Reserved	AL47			
RSVD_AG37	Reserved	AG37			
RSVD_AC43	Reserved	AC43			
RSVD_AE43	Reserved	AE43			
RSVD_AD44	Reserved	AD44			
RSVD_AD42	Reserved	AD42			
RSVD_AB44	Reserved	AB44			
RSVD_AF38	Reserved	AF38			

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
RSVD_AF42	Reserved	AF42			
RSVD_AF44	Reserved	AF44			
RSVD_BC43	Reserved	BC43			
RSVD_BB42	Reserved	BB42			
RSVD_AV36	Reserved	AV36			
RSVD_BD48	Reserved	BD48			
RSVD_AY40	Reserved	AY40			
RSVD_AU35	Reserved	AU35			
RSVD_BC47	Reserved	BC47			
RSVD_BB46	Reserved	BB46			
RSVD_AV48	Reserved	AV48			
RSVD_BF34	Reserved	BF34			
RSVD_BF38	Reserved	BF38			
RSVD_BE39	Reserved	BE39			
RSVD_BF46	Reserved	BF46			
RSVD_AM40	Reserved	AM40			
RSVD_AL45	Reserved	AL45			
RSVD_AJ43	Reserved	AJ43			
RSVD_AG43	Reserved	AG43			
RSVD_BD46	Reserved	BD46			
RSVD_BF36	Reserved	BF36			
RSVD_BF42	Reserved	BF42			
RSVD_BE43	Reserved	BE43			
RSVD_AY38	Reserved	AY38			
RSVD_AL41	Reserved	AL41			
RSVD_AL43	Reserved	AL43			
RSVD_AG39	Reserved	AG39			
RSVD_AE39	Reserved	AE39			
RSVD_BA43	Reserved	BA43			
RSVD_BG35	Reserved	BG35			
RSVD_BG39	Reserved	BG39			

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
RSVD_BD40	Reserved	BD40			
RSVD_BG47	Reserved	BG47			
RSVD_AL39	Reserved	AL39			
RSVD_AM46	Reserved	AM46			
RSVD_AH42	Reserved	AH42			
RSVD_AH44	Reserved	AH44			
RSVD_BC45	Reserved	BC45			
RSVD_BG37	Reserved	BG37			
RSVD_BG41	Reserved	BG41			
RSVD_BD42	Reserved	BD42			
RSVD_BA39	Reserved	BA39			
RSVD_AM42	Reserved	AM42			
RSVD_AK42	Reserved	AK42			
RSVD_AH40	Reserved	AH40			
RSVD_AF40	Reserved	AF40			
RSVD_BB44	Reserved	BB44			
RSVD_AT38	Reserved	AT38			
RSVD_AP38	Reserved	AP38			
RSVD_AY42	Reserved	AY42			
RSVD_BB48	Reserved	BB48			
RSVD_AU47	Reserved	AU47			
RSVD_AV44	Reserved	AV44			
RSVD_AY48	Reserved	AY48			
RSVD_AN35	Reserved	AN35			
RSVD_AW45	Reserved	AW45			
RSVD_AY46	Reserved	AY46			
RSVD_AP34	Reserved	AP34			
RSVD_AT36	Reserved	AT36			
RSVD_AR37	Reserved	AR37			
RSVD_AU39	Reserved	AU39			
RSVD_AL35	Reserved	AL35			

Table continues on the next page...

Data Sheet: Technical Data

Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

RSVD_BA47         Reserved         BA47             RSVD_AY44         Reserved         AY44             RSVD_AR36         Reserved         AP36             RSVD_AR43         Reserved         AR43             RSVD_AR35         Reserved         AR35             RSVD_AR36         Reserved         AR41             RSVD_AM38         Reserved         AM38             RSVD_AM36         Reserved         AM36             RSVD_AK36         Reserved         AK34             RSVD_AN39         Reserved         AK36             RSVD_AK36         Reserved         AK36             RSVD_AW39         Reserved         AW38             RSVD_AW40         Reserved         AW41             RSVD_AW41         Reserved         AW41             RSVD_AV40         Reserved         AV40	Signal	Signal Description	Package pin number	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
RSVD_AP36         Reserved         AP36             RSVD_AR43         Reserved         AR43             RSVD_AR35         Reserved         AR35             RSVD_AR41         Reserved         AR41             RSVD_AM38         Reserved         AM38             RSVD_AM36         Reserved         AM36             RSVD_AK34         Reserved         AK34             RSVD_AK34         Reserved         AN39             RSVD_AN39         Reserved         AN39             RSVD_AW36         Reserved         AW36             RSVD_AW39         Reserved         AW38             RSVD_AW38         Reserved         AW43             RSVD_AW40         Reserved         AW41             RSVD_AW40         Reserved         AV40             RSVD_AW46         Reserved         AV46	RSVD_BA47	Reserved	BA47			
RSVD_AR43         Reserved         AR43             RSVD_AR35         Reserved         AR35             RSVD_AR411         Reserved         AR41             RSVD_AM38         Reserved         AM38             RSVD_AM36         Reserved         AM36             RSVD_AM36         Reserved         AK34             RSVD_AN39         Reserved         AN39             RSVD_AK36         Reserved         AK36             RSVD_AW39         Reserved         AW39             RSVD_AW38         Reserved         AW43             RSVD_AW41         Reserved         AW41             RSVD_AW40         Reserved         AV40             RSVD_AV42         Reserved         AV42             RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AV46             RSVD_AW43         Reserved         AW43	RSVD_AY44	Reserved	AY44			
RSVD_AR35         Reserved         AR35	RSVD_AP36	Reserved	AP36			
RSVD_AR41         Reserved         AR41	RSVD_AR43	Reserved	AR43			
RSVD_AM38         Reserved         AM38             RSVD_AM36         Reserved         AM36             RSVD_AK34         Reserved         AK34             RSVD_AN39         Reserved         AN39             RSVD_AL37         Reserved         AK36             RSVD_AK36         Reserved         AK36             RSVD_AW39         Reserved         AW39             RSVD_AW38         Reserved         AV38             RSVD_AV38         Reserved         AW41             RSVD_AW41         Reserved         AW41             RSVD_AW40         Reserved         AV40             RSVD_AV42         Reserved         AV42             RSVD_AR39         Reserved         AV46             RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AV46             RSVD_AW43         Reserved         AW43	RSVD_AR35	Reserved	AR35			
RSVD_AM36         Reserved         AM36             RSVD_AK34         Reserved         AK34             RSVD_AN39         Reserved         AN39             RSVD_AL37         Reserved         AL37              RSVD_AK36         Reserved         AK36              RSVD_AW39         Reserved         AW39              RSVD_AW38         Reserved         AV38              RSVD_AV38         Reserved         AW41              RSVD_AV40         Reserved         AW41              RSVD_AV40         Reserved         AV40              RSVD_AV40         Reserved         AV42              RSVD_AR39         Reserved         AV46               RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AV46               RSV	RSVD_AR41	Reserved	AR41			
RSVD_AK34         Reserved         AK34             RSVD_AN39         Reserved         AN39             RSVD_AL37         Reserved         AL37              RSVD_AK36         Reserved         AK36               RSVD_AW39         Reserved         AW39               RSVD_AV38         Reserved         AV38               RSVD_AV38         Reserved         AW41 <t< td=""><td>RSVD_AM38</td><td>Reserved</td><td>AM38</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	RSVD_AM38	Reserved	AM38			
RSVD_AN39         Reserved         AN39	RSVD_AM36	Reserved	AM36			
RSVD_AL37         Reserved         AL37	RSVD_AK34	Reserved	AK34			
RSVD_AK36         Reserved         AK36             RSVD_AW39         Reserved         AW39             RSVD_AV38         Reserved         AV38             RSVD_AW41         Reserved         AW41             RSVD_AV40         Reserved         AV40             RSVD_AV42         Reserved         AV42             RSVD_AR39         Reserved         AR39             RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AV46             RSVD_AV47         Reserved         AT42             RSVD_AW43         Reserved         AW43             RSVD_AW47         Reserved         AW47             RSVD_AW47         Reserved         AU43             RSVD_AP40         Reserved         AP40             RSVD_AP42         Reserved         AP42             RSVD_AR45         Reserved         AR45 <td>RSVD_AN39</td> <td>Reserved</td> <td>AN39</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	RSVD_AN39	Reserved	AN39			
RSVD_AW39       Reserved       AW39           RSVD_AV38       Reserved       AV38           RSVD_AW41       Reserved       AW41           RSVD_AV40       Reserved       AV40           RSVD_AV42       Reserved       AV42           RSVD_AR39       Reserved       AR39           RSVD_AV46       Reserved       AV46           RSVD_AV42       Reserved       AV46           RSVD_AV46       Reserved       AV46           RSVD_AV46       Reserved       AV46           RSVD_AV40       Reserved       AW43           RSVD_AV40       Reserved       AV47           RSVD_AP40       Reserved       AP40           RSVD_AP42       Reserved       AP42           RSVD_AR45       Reserved       AR45	RSVD_AL37	Reserved	AL37			
RSVD_AV38         Reserved         AV38             RSVD_AW41         Reserved         AW41             RSVD_AV40         Reserved         AV40             RSVD_AV42         Reserved         AV42             RSVD_AR39         Reserved         AR39             RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AV46             RSVD_AV42         Reserved         AV46             RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AV46             RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AV46             RSVD_AV42         Reserved         AV43             RSVD_AW43         Reserved         AV47             RSVD_AV47         Reserved         AV43             RSVD_AP40         Reserved         AP40             RSVD_AP42         Reserved         AP42             RSVD_AR45         Reserved         AR45 <td>RSVD_AK36</td> <td>Reserved</td> <td>AK36</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	RSVD_AK36	Reserved	AK36			
RSVD_AW41         Reserved         AW41             RSVD_AV40         Reserved         AV40             RSVD_AV42         Reserved         AV42             RSVD_AR39         Reserved         AR39             RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AV46             RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AT42             RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AT42             RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AV46             RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AV46              RSVD_AW46         Reserved         AW43               RSVD_AW43         Reserved         AW43               RSVD_AP40         Reserved         AP40              RSVD_AP42         Reserved         AP42             RSVD_AP45         Reserved         AP45	RSVD_AW39	Reserved	AW39			
RSVD_AV40         Reserved         AV40              RSVD_AV42         Reserved         AV42              RSVD_AR39         Reserved         AR39              RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AV46              RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AT42              RSVD_AT42         Reserved         AT42              RSVD_AW43         Reserved         AW43              RSVD_AW47         Reserved         AW47              RSVD_AU43         Reserved         AU43              RSVD_AP40         Reserved         AP40              RSVD_AP42         Reserved         AP42              RSVD_AT46         Reserved         AT46              RSVD_AR45         Reserved         AR45 <td>RSVD_AV38</td> <td>Reserved</td> <td>AV38</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	RSVD_AV38	Reserved	AV38			
RSVD_AV42       Reserved       AV42            RSVD_AR39       Reserved       AR39            RSVD_AV46       Reserved       AV46            RSVD_AT42       Reserved       AT42            RSVD_AW43       Reserved       AW43            RSVD_AT40       Reserved       AT40            RSVD_AW47       Reserved       AW47            RSVD_AU43       Reserved       AU43            RSVD_AP40       Reserved       AP40            RSVD_AP42       Reserved       AP42            RSVD_AT46       Reserved       AT46            RSVD_AR45       Reserved       AR45	RSVD_AW41	Reserved	AW41			
RSVD_AR39         Reserved         AR39             RSVD_AV46         Reserved         AV46             RSVD_AT42         Reserved         AT42             RSVD_AW43         Reserved         AW43             RSVD_AT40         Reserved         AT40             RSVD_AW47         Reserved         AW47             RSVD_AU43         Reserved         AU43             RSVD_AP40         Reserved         AP40             RSVD_AP42         Reserved         AP42             RSVD_AT46         Reserved         AT46             RSVD_AR45         Reserved         AR45	RSVD_AV40	Reserved	AV40			
RSVD_AV46       Reserved       AV46            RSVD_AT42       Reserved       AT42            RSVD_AW43       Reserved       AW43            RSVD_AT40       Reserved       AT40            RSVD_AW47       Reserved       AW47            RSVD_AU43       Reserved       AU43            RSVD_AP40       Reserved       AP40            RSVD_AP42       Reserved       AP42            RSVD_AT46       Reserved       AT46            RSVD_AR45       Reserved       AR45	RSVD_AV42	Reserved	AV42			
RSVD_AT42       Reserved       AT42            RSVD_AW43       Reserved       AW43            RSVD_AT40       Reserved       AT40            RSVD_AW47       Reserved       AW47            RSVD_AU43       Reserved       AU43            RSVD_AP40       Reserved       AP40            RSVD_AP42       Reserved       AP42            RSVD_AT46       Reserved       AT46            RSVD_AR45       Reserved       AR45	RSVD_AR39	Reserved	AR39			
RSVD_AW43       Reserved       AW43            RSVD_AT40       Reserved       AT40            RSVD_AW47       Reserved       AW47            RSVD_AU43       Reserved       AU43            RSVD_AP40       Reserved       AP40            RSVD_AP42       Reserved       AP42            RSVD_AT46       Reserved       AT46            RSVD_AR45       Reserved       AR45	RSVD_AV46	Reserved	AV46			
RSVD_AT40       Reserved       AT40           RSVD_AW47       Reserved       AW47           RSVD_AU43       Reserved       AU43           RSVD_AP40       Reserved       AP40           RSVD_AP42       Reserved       AP42           RSVD_AT46       Reserved       AT46           RSVD_AR45       Reserved       AR45	RSVD_AT42	Reserved	AT42			
RSVD_AW47       Reserved       AW47           RSVD_AU43       Reserved       AU43           RSVD_AP40       Reserved       AP40           RSVD_AP42       Reserved       AP42           RSVD_AT46       Reserved       AT46           RSVD_AR45       Reserved       AR45	RSVD_AW43	Reserved	AW43			
RSVD_AU43         Reserved         AU43             RSVD_AP40         Reserved         AP40             RSVD_AP42         Reserved         AP42             RSVD_AT46         Reserved         AT46             RSVD_AR45         Reserved         AR45	RSVD_AT40	Reserved	AT40			
RSVD_AP40         Reserved         AP40              RSVD_AP42         Reserved         AP42              RSVD_AT46         Reserved         AT46              RSVD_AR45         Reserved         AR45	RSVD_AW47	Reserved	AW47			
RSVD_AP42         Reserved         AP42             RSVD_AT46         Reserved         AT46             RSVD_AR45         Reserved         AR45	RSVD_AU43	Reserved	AU43			
RSVD_AT46 Reserved AT46 RSVD_AR45 Reserved AR45	RSVD_AP40	Reserved	AP40			
RSVD_AR45 Reserved AR45	RSVD_AP42	Reserved	AP42			
_	RSVD_AT46	Reserved	AT46			
RSVD_B2 Reserved B2	RSVD_AR45	Reserved	AR45			
	RSVD_B2	Reserved	B2			

<sup>1.</sup> Functionally, this pin is an output or an input, but structurally it is an I/O because it either sample configuration input during reset, is a muxed pin, or has other manufacturing test functions. This pin will therefore be described as an I/O for boundary scan.

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Table 2. Pinout list by bus (continued)

Signal	Signal Description	Package pin	Pin type	Power Supply	Notes
		number	турс		

- 2. This output is actively driven during reset rather than being tri-stated during reset.
- 3. MDIC is grounded through a  $240\Omega$  precision 1% resistor. For either full or half driver strength calibration of DDR IOs, use the same MDIC resistor value of 240Ω. The memory controller register setting can be used to determine automatic calibration is done to full or half drive strength. This pin is used for automatic calibration of the DDR4 IOs. The MDIC pin must be connected to  $240\Omega$  precision 1% resistors.
- 4. This pin is a power-on-reset (POR) configuration pin. It has a weak internal pull-up resistor that is enabled during POR state only. The internal pull-up resistor allows the default value to be captured at POR de-assertion. This pull-up can be overpowered by an external pull-down resistor in case a change in the default value is required. See the Design Checklist for details.
- 5. Recommend that a weak pull-up resistor be placed on this pin to the respective power supply. Refer to the Design Checklist for details.
- 6. This pin is an open-drain signal.
- 7. This pin has a weak internal pull-up resistor that is always enabled.
- 8. These are test signals for factory use only and must be pulled up  $(100\Omega \text{ to } 1-\text{k}\Omega)$  to the respective power supply for normal operation.
- 9. This pin requires a  $200\Omega$  pull-up to respective power-supply.
- 10. Do not connect. These pins should be left floating.
- 11. This pin requires an external 1-kΩ pull-down resistor to prevent PHY from seeing a valid Transmit Enable before it is actively driven.
- 12. This pin must be pulled to GND.
- 13. This pin requires a 1.5 k $\Omega$  pull-up to respective power-supply.
- 14. These pins should be tied to ground if the diode is not utilized for temperature monitoring.
- 15. Attach 200  $\Omega$  ± 1% 100-ppm/C precision resistor-to-ground. Voltage range is between 0 to 250 mV.
- 16. Refer to the Design Checklist.
- 17. Dummy pins can be connected to the ground on the board.
- 18. Pin must NOT be pulled down during power-on reset. This pin may be pulled up, driven high, or if there are any externally connected devices, left in tristate. If this pin is connected to a device that pulls down during reset, an external pull-up is required to drive this pin to a safe state during reset.
- 19. A 30.1 kΩ (±1%, ±100 ppm/°C) resistor is required between the USBn\_VBUS and the 5 V supply.

# 2.3 Pin grouping links

#### 2.3.1 DDR1

See the DDR1 pins.

## 2.3.2 I2C1

See the I2C1 pins.

2.3.3 I2C2

See the I2C2 pins.

2.3.4 I2C3

See the I2C3 pins.

2.3.5 I2C4

See the I2C4 pins.

2.3.6 I2C5

See the I2C5 pins.

2.3.7 I2C6

See the I2C6 pins.

2.3.8 I2C7

See the I2C7 pins.

2.3.9 I2C8

See the I2C8 pins.

2.3.10 XSPI1

See the XSPI1 pins.

2.3.11 ESDHC1

See the ESDHC1 pins.

2.3.12 ESDHC2

See the ESDHC2 pins.

2.3.13 UART1

See the UART1 pins.

2.3.14 UART2

See the UART2 pins.

2.3.15 UART3

See the UART3 pins.

2.3.16 UART4

See the UART4 pins.

## 2.3.17 Interrupt

See the Interrupt pins.

#### 2.3.18 Trust

See the Trust pins.

# 2.3.19 System Control

See the System Control pins.

## 2.3.20 Clocking

See the Clocking pins.

# 2.3.21 Debug

See the Debug pins.

#### 2.3.22 DFT

See the DFT pins.

## 2.3.23 JTAG

See the JTAG pins.

# 2.3.24 Analog Signals

See the Analog pins.

#### 2.3.25 SerDes1

See the SerDes1 pins.

#### 2.3.26 SerDes2

See the SerDes2 pins.

#### 2.3.27 USB PHY

See the USB PHY pins.

#### 2.3.28 EC1

See the EC1 pins.

## 2.3.29 EC2

See the EC2 pins.

## 2.3.30 Sync Ethernet Clockout

See the Sync Ethernet Clkout pins.

#### 2.3.31 EMI1

See the EMI1 pins.

#### 2.3.32 EMI2

See the EMI2 pins.

#### 2.3.33 GPIO

See the GPIO pins.

#### 2.3.34 FTM

See the FTM pins.

#### 2.3.35 CAN

See the CAN pins.

## 2.3.36 Power-on-Reset Configuration

See the Power-on-Reset Configuration pins.

#### 2.3.37 SPI1

See the SPI1 pins.

#### 2.3.38 SPI2

See the SPI2 pins.

#### 2.3.39 SPI3

See the SPI3 pins.

#### 2.3.40 IEEE 1588

See the 1588 pins.

# 2.3.41 Dummy

See the Dummy pins.

#### 2.3.42 Power and Ground

See the Power and Ground pins.

## 2.3.43 Reserved

See the Reserved pins.

# 3 Electrical characteristics

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the chip. The chip is currently targeted to these specifications, some of which are independent of the I/O cell but are included for a more complete reference. These are not purely I/O buffer design specifications.

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# 3.1 Overall DC electrical characteristics

This section describes the ratings, conditions, and other characteristics.

# 3.1.1 Absolute maximum ratings

This table provides the absolute maximum ratings

Table 3. Absolute maximum ratings <sup>5</sup>

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max Value	Unit	Notes
Core and platform supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	0.88	V	1
PLL supply voltage (core, platform, DDR)	AV <sub>DD</sub> , AV <sub>DD</sub> D1	-0.3	1.98	V	-
SerDes analog PLL fast and PLL slow supply voltage	AV <sub>DD</sub> _SD1_PLLF, AV <sub>DD</sub> _SD2_PLLF, AV <sub>DD</sub> _SD1_PLLS, AV <sub>DD</sub> _SD2_PLLS	-0.3	0.99	V	-
SerDes 1 and SerDes 2 core logic supply	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	0.99	V	-
SerDes 1 and SerDes 2 transceiver supply	SD_OV DD	-0.3	1.98	V	-
SFP fuse programming	TA_PROG_SFP	-0.3	1.98	V	-
Thermal monitor unit supply	TH_V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	1.98	V	-
General I/O supply	OV <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	1.98	V	-
eSDHC1 supply (also includes some GPIO1 and SPI1 pins)	EV <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	1.8 V + 90 mV	V	-
DDR4 DRAM I/O voltage	GV <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	1.32	V	-
USB PHY 3.3V high supply voltage	USB_HV DD	-0.3	3.63	V	-
USB PHY analog and digital HS supply	USB_SDV <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	0.88	V	-
USB PHY analog and digital SS supply	USB_SV DD	-0.3	0.88	V	-
Low power security monitor supply	TA_BB_V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	0.88	V	-
Input voltage for DDR4 DRAM signals	MV IN	-0.3	GV <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V	2
Input voltage for general I/O signals and interfaces powered by OV <sub>DD</sub>	OV IN	-0.3	OV <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V	3, 4
Input voltage for SerDes signals	SV <sub>IN</sub>	-0.4	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V	4

Table 3. Absolute maximum ratings <sup>5</sup> (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max Value	Unit	Notes
Input voltage for USB PHY 3.3V HS signals	USB_HV <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3	USB_HV <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V	4
Input voltage for USB PHY SS signals	USB_SV <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3	USB_SV <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V	4
Input voltage for USBn_ID	USB_ID <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3	1.8	V	
Input voltage for USBn_VBUS	USB_VBUS <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3	3.3	V	
Input voltage for eSDHC1, GPIO1, and SPI1 signals powered by EV <sub>DD</sub>	EV <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3	EV <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V	-
Storage temperature range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55	150	°C	6

- 1. Supply voltage specified at the voltage sense pin. Voltage input pins should be regulated to provide specified voltage at the sense pin.
- 2. Caution: MV  $_{\text{IN}}$  must not exceed GV  $_{\text{DD}}$  by more than 0.3 V. This limit may be exceeded for a maximum of 20 ms during power-on reset and power-down sequences.
- 3. Caution: OV  $_{\rm IN}$  must not exceed OV  $_{\rm DD}$  by more than 0.3 V. This limit may be exceeded for a maximum of 20 ms during power-on reset and power-down sequences.
- 4. (M, O, S)V  $_{IN}$ , USBn\_SV $_{IN}$ , and USBn\_HV  $_{IN}$  may overshoot/undershoot to a voltage and for a maximum duration as shown in the Overshoot/undershoot voltage figure at the end of this section.
- 5. Functional operating conditions are given in Table 2. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operations at the maximums is not guaranteed. Stresses beyond those listed may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device.
- 6. Not to exceed 1008 hours cumulative at 150°C

#### 3.1.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

This table provides the recommended operating conditions for this chip.

WARNING

The values shown are the recommended operating conditions and proper device operation outside these conditions is not guaranteed.

Table 4. Recommended operating conditions <sup>6</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
VID core and platform supply voltage at boot	V <sub>DD</sub>	0.850 - 30 mV	0.850	0.850 + 30 mV	V	1, 2, 3
VID core and platform supply voltage during normal operation	V <sub>DD</sub>	VID - 30 mV	VID	VID + 30 mV	V	1, 2, 3
PLL supply voltage (core, platform, DDR)	AV <sub>DD</sub> , AV <sub>DD</sub> _D1	1.8 V - 90 mV	1.8	1.8 V + 90 mV	V	4

Table 4. Recommended operating conditions <sup>6</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
SerDes analog PLL fast and PLL slow supply voltage	AV <sub>DD_</sub> SD1_PLLF, AV <sub>DD_</sub> SD2_PLLF, AV <sub>DD_</sub> SD1_PLLS, AV <sub>DD_</sub> SD2_PLLS	0.9 V - 30 mV	0.9	0.9 V + 50 mV	V	-
SerDes 1 and SerDes 2 core logic supply	SD_SV <sub>DD</sub>	0.9 V - 30 mV	0.9	0.9 V + 50 mV	V	-
SerDes 1 and SerDes 2 transceiver supply	SD_OV <sub>DD</sub>	1.8 V - 90 mV	1.8	1.8 V + 90 mV	V	-
SFP fuse programming	TA_PROG_SFP	1.8 V - 90 mV	1.8	1.8 V + 90 mV	V	5
Thermal monitor unit supply	TH_V <sub>DD</sub>	1.8 V - 90 mV	1.8	1.8 V + 90 mV	V	-
General I/O supply	OV <sub>DD</sub>	1.8 V - 90 mV	1.8	1.8 V + 90 mV	V	-
eSDHC1 supply (also includes some GPIO1 and SPI1 pins)	EV <sub>DD</sub>	1.8 V - 90 mV	1.8 V	1.8 V + 90 mV	V	-
DDR4 DRAM I/O voltage	GV <sub>DD</sub>	1.2V - 60 mV	1.2	1.2 V + 60 mV	V	-
USB PHY 3.3V high supply voltage	USB_HV <sub>DD</sub>	3.3 - 165 mV	3.3	3.3 V + 165 mV	V	-
USB PHY analog and digital HS supply	USB_SDV DD	0.8 V - 30 mV	0.8	0.8 V + 50 mV	V	-
USB PHY analog and digital SS supply	USB_SV <sub>DD</sub>	0.8 V - 30 mV	0.8	0.8 V + 30 mV	V	-
Low power supply monitor without battery	TA_BB_V <sub>DD</sub>	VDD - 30 mV	VDD	VDD + 30 mV	V	-
Low power supply monitor with battery	TA_BB_V <sub>DD</sub>	0.8 V - 30 mV	0.8	0.85 + 30 mV	V	-
Input voltage for DDR4 DRAM signals	MV IN		GND to GnV <sub>DD</sub>		V	-
Input voltage for general I/O signals and interfaces powered by OV <sub>DD</sub>	OV <sub>IN</sub>	-	GND to OV	-	V	-
Input voltage for SerDes signals	SV IN	-	-400 mV to +400 mV	-	V	-
Input voltage for USB PHY 3.3V HS signals	USB_HV IN	-	GND to USB_HV	-	V	-

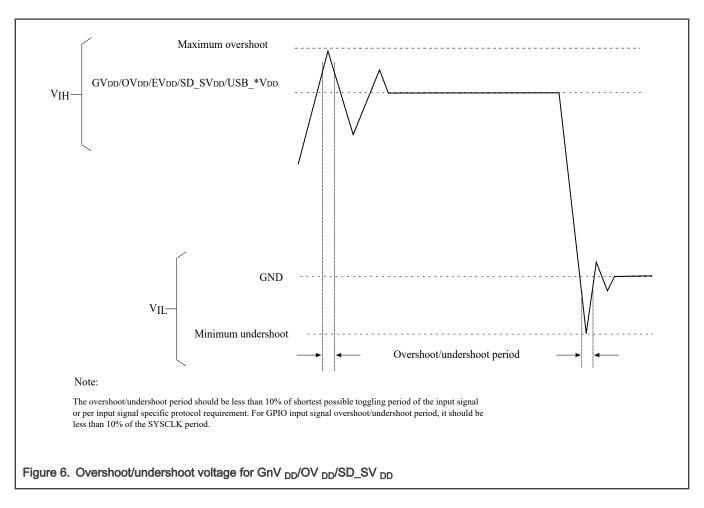
Table 4. Recommended operating conditions <sup>6</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Input voltage for USB PHY SS signals	USB_SV <sub>IN</sub>	-	GND to USB_SVD D IN	-	V	-
Input voltage for eSDHC1, GPIO1, and SPI1 signals powered by EV <sub>DD</sub>	EV <sub>IN</sub>	-	GND to EVDD	-	V	-
Normal operating temperature range	T <sub>A</sub> /T <sub>J</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 5	-	T <sub>J</sub> = 105	°C	-
Secure boot fuse programming operating temperature range	T <sub>A</sub> /T <sub>J</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 0	-	T <sub>J</sub> = 70	°C	5

- 1. Supply voltage specified at the voltage sense pin. Voltage input pins should be regulated to provide specified voltage at the sense pin.
- 2. Operation at 0.88V is allowable for up to 25 ms at initial power on.
- 3. Voltage ID (VID) operating range is between 0.775 V to 0.85 V. It is highly recommended to select a PMBus style regulator with a V <sub>out</sub> range of at least 0.7 V to 0.9 V, with resolution of 12.5 mV or better.
- 4. AV <sub>DD</sub> and AV <sub>DD</sub>\_D1 are measured at the input to the filter and not at the pin of the device.
- 5. TA\_PROG\_SFP must be supplied 1.8V and the chip must operate in the specified fuse programming temperature range only during secure boot fuse programming. For all other operating conditions, PROG\_SFP must be tied to GND, subject to the power sequencing constraints shown in Power Sequencing.
- 6. See Figure 6.

See the Recommended operating conditions table for actual recommended core voltage. Voltage to the processor interface I/Os are provided through separate sets of supply pins and must be provided at the voltages shown in the Recommended operating conditions table. The input voltage threshold scales with respect to the associated I/O supply voltage. OVDD-based receivers are simple CMOS I/O circuits and satisfy appropriate LVCMOS type specifications. The DDR SDRAM interface uses differential receivers referenced by the internally generated VREF signal. The DDR DQS receivers cannot be operated in single-ended fashion. The complement signal must be properly driven and cannot be grounded.

This figure shows the undershoot and overshoot voltages at the interfaces of the chip.



# 3.1.3 Output drive capabilities

This chip provides information on the characteristics of the output driver strengths.

Table 5. Output drive capability 1, 2

Driver Type	Minimum <sup>1</sup>	Тур	Maximum <sup>2</sup>	Supply_Vol tage
General I/O signals	30	45	60	OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V

- 1. Minimum values reflect estimated numbers based on best-case processed device.
- 2. Maximum values reflect estimated numbers based on worst-case processed device.

# 3.2 General AC timing

This table provides AC timing specifications for the sections not covered under the specific interface sections.

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Table 6. General AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input signal rise and fall times	tR/tF	-	5	ns	1

<sup>1.</sup> Rise time refers to signal transitions from 10% to 90% of Supply; fall time refers to transitions from 90% to 10% of supply.

## 3.3 Power sequencing

For power up, the following sequence should be followed:

- 1. During V<sub>DD</sub> ramping, PORESET\_B must be held low and TA\_PROG\_SFP must be grounded. All other power supplies (G<sub>n</sub>V<sub>DD</sub>, OV<sub>DD</sub>, EV<sub>DD</sub>, USB\_HV<sub>DD</sub>, USB\_SV<sub>DD</sub>, USB\_SDV<sub>DD</sub>, SD\_SV<sub>DD</sub>, SD\_OV<sub>DD</sub>, TA\_BB\_V<sub>DD</sub>, TH\_V<sub>DD</sub>, AV<sub>DD</sub> (cores, platform, DDR), and AV<sub>DD</sub>\_SD<sub>m</sub>\_PLL<sub>n</sub>) have no ordering requirement with respect to one another and with respect to V<sub>DD</sub>. All supplies must be at their stable values within 400 ms.
- 2. Negate PORESET\_B input as long as the required assertion/hold time has been met per the RESET initialization table.
- 3. For secure boot fuse programming, use the following steps:
  - a. After negation of PORESET\_B, drive TA\_PROG\_SFP = 1.80 V after a required minimum delay per Table 7.
  - b. After fuse programming is completed, it is required to return TA\_PROG\_SFP = GND before the system is power cycled (PORESET\_B assertion) or powered down (V<sub>DD</sub> ramp down) per the required timing specified in Table 7. See Security fuse processor, for additional details.



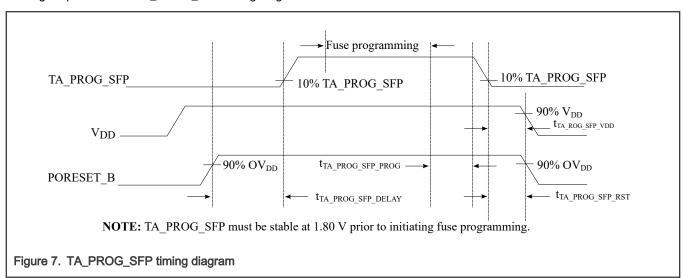
If using Trust Architecture Security Monitor battery backed features, prior to  $V_{DD}$  ramping up to 0.5 V level, ensure that  $SD\_SV_{DD}$  is properly ramped and DIFF\_SYSCLK\_P / DIFF\_SYSCLK\_N is running. The clock should have a frequency of 100 MHz.

#### Warning

No activity other than that required for secure boot fuse programming is permitted while TA\_PROG\_SFP is driven to any voltage above GND, including the reading of the fuse block. The reading of the fuse block may only occur while TA\_PROG\_SFP = GND.

Only 300,000 POR cycles are permitted per lifetime of a device. Note that this value is based on design estimates.

This figure provides the TA\_PROG\_SFP timing diagram.



This table provides information on the power-down and power-up sequence parameters for TA\_PROG\_SFP.

Table 7. TA\_PROG\_SFP timing 5

Driver type	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
t <sub>TA_PROG_SFP_DELAY</sub>	100	_	SYSCLKs	1
t <sub>TA_PROG_SFP_PROG</sub>	0	_	μs	2
t <sub>TA_PROG_SFP_VDD</sub>	0	_	μs	3
t <sub>TA_PROG_SFP_RST</sub>	0	_	μs	4

- 1. Delay required from the de-assertion of PORESET\_B to driving TA\_PROG\_SFP ramp up. Delay measured from PORESET\_B deassertion at 90% OV<sub>DD</sub> to 10% TA\_PROG\_SFP ramp up.
- 2. Delay required from fuse programming finished to TA\_PROG\_SFP ramp down start. Fuse programming must complete while TA\_PROG\_SFP is stable at 1.80 V. No activity other than that required for secure boot fuse programming is permitted while TA\_PROG\_SFP driven to any voltage above GND, including the reading of the fuse block. The reading of the fuse block may only occur while TA\_PROG\_SFP = GND. After fuse programming is completed, it is required to return TA\_PROG\_SFP = GND.
- 3. Delay required from TA\_PROG\_SFP ramp down complete to  $V_{DD}$  ramp down start. TA\_PROG\_SFP must be grounded to minimum 10% TA\_PROG\_SFP before  $V_{DD}$  is at 90%  $V_{DD}$ .
- 4. Delay required from TA\_PROG\_SFP ramp down complete to PORESET\_B assertion. TA\_PROG\_SFP must be grounded to minimum 10% TA\_PROG\_SFP before PORESET\_B assertion reaches 90% OV<sub>DD</sub>.
- 5. Only two secure boot fuse programming events are permitted per lifetime of a device.

#### Warning

TA\_PROG\_SFP ramp up slew rate must not exceed 18,000V/s. Ramp down does not have a slew rate constraint.

## 3.4 Power-down requirements

The power-down cycle must complete such that power supply values are below 0.3 V before a new power-up cycle can be started.

If performing secure boot fuse programming per Power sequencing, it is required that TA\_PROG\_SFP = GND before the system is power cycled (PORESET\_B assertion) or powered down (V<sub>DD</sub> ramp down) per the required timing specified in Table 7.

NOTE

All input signals, including I/Os that are configured as inputs, driven into the chip need to monotonically increase/decrease through entire rise/fall durations.

## 3.5 Power characteristics

This table shows the thermal V<sub>DD</sub> at 85°C.

Table 8. Thermal V<sub>DD</sub> power at 85°C

A72 frequency	Coherency	Platform	DDR data rate		Power (W)	
(MHz)	domain frequency (MHz)	frequency (MHz)	(MHz)	LX2162A	LX2122A	LX2082A
2.0 GHz	1300	650	2900	23.9	21.6	20.1

Table 8. Thermal V<sub>DD</sub> power at 85°C (continued)

A72 frequency	Coherency	Platform	DDR data rate		Power (W)	
(MHz)	domain frequency (MHz)	frequency (MHz)	(MHz)	LX2162A	LX2122A	LX2082A

#### Notes:

1. Thermal power assumes Dhrystone running with activity factor of 60% (on all cores) and executing DMA on the platform. VDD must run at VID voltage level.

This table shows the estimated power dissipation on the TA\_BB\_V<sub>DD</sub> supply for the LX2162A at allowable voltage levels.

Table 9. TA\_BB\_V<sub>DD</sub> power dissipation

Supply	Maximum	Unit	Notes
TA_BB_V <sub>DD</sub> (LX2xx2A off, 70°C)	36	uW	1
TA_BB_V <sub>DD</sub> (LX2xx2A off, 40°C)	5	uW	1

#### Notes:

1. When the device is off, TA\_BB\_VDD may be supplied by battery power to retain the Zeroizable Master Key and other trust architecture state. Board should implement a PMIC, which switches TA\_BB\_VDD to battery when SoC powered down. See the device reference manual trust architecture chapter for more information.

# 3.6 Power-on ramp rate

This section describes the AC electrical specifications for the power-on ramp rate requirements. Controlling the maximum power-on ramp rate is required to avoid excess in-rush current.

This table provides the power supply ramp rate specifications.

Table 10. Power supply ramp rate

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Required ramp rate for all voltage supplies except those noted below	_	25	V/ms	1, 2
Required ramp rate for GV <sub>DD</sub> and AV <sub>DD</sub> supplies	_	5	V/ms	1, 2
Required ramp rate for TA_PROG_SFP supply	_	18	V/ms	1, 2

#### Notes:

- 1. Ramp rate is specified as a linear ramp from 10 to 90%. If non-linear (for example, exponential), the maximum rate of change from 200 to 500 mV is the most critical as this range might falsely trigger the ESD circuitry.
- 2. Over full recommended operating temperature range (see Recommended Operating Conditions).

# 3.7 Input clocks

## 3.7.1 USB reference clock specifications

The reference clock of the USB PHY is the DIFF\_SYSCLK\_P/DIFF\_SYSCLK\_N. Refer to Differential system clock (DIFF\_SYSCLK\_P/DIFF\_SYSCLK\_N) timing specifications.

## 3.7.2 Gigabit Ethernet reference clock timing

This table provides the Ethernet gigabit reference clock DC electrical characteristics with  $OV_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ .

Table 11. EC\_GTX\_CLK125 DC electrical characteristics (OV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V)<sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	_	_	V	2
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	_	_	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	_	_	6	pF	_
Input current (V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>IN</sub> = OV <sub>DD</sub> )	I <sub>IN</sub>	_	_	± 50	μA	3

#### Notes:

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. The min  $V_{IL}$  and max  $V_{IH}$  values are based on the respective min and max  $V_{IN}$  values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 3. The symbol  $V_{\text{IN}}$ , in this case, represents the  $OV_{\text{IN}}$  symbol referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.

This table provides the Ethernet gigabit reference clock AC timing specifications.

Table 12. EC\_GTX\_CLK125 AC timing specifications <sup>1</sup>

Parameter/Condition	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
EC_GTX_CLK125 frequency	f <sub>G125</sub>	125 - 100 ppm	125	125 + 100 ppm	MHz	_
EC_GTX_CLK125 cycle time	t <sub>G125</sub>	-	8	-	ns	_
EC_GTX_CLK125 rise and fall time OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V	t <sub>G125R</sub> /t <sub>G125F</sub>	_	_	0.75	ns	2
EC_GTX_CLK125 duty cycle 1000Base-T for RGMII	t <sub>G125H</sub> /t <sub>G125</sub>	40	_	60	%	3

#### Notes:

- 1. At recommended operating conditions with OV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V ± 90mV. See Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Rise and fall times for EC\_GTX\_CLK125 are measured from 0.36 and 1.44 V for  $OV_{DD}$  = 1.8 V.
- 3. See RGMII AC timing specifications for duty cycle for the 10Base-T and 100Base-T reference clocks. The frequency of EC\_RX\_CLK (input) should not exceed the frequency of EC\_GTX\_CLK125/EC\_n\_TX\_CLK (input) by more than 300 ppm.

## 3.7.3 DDR clock (DDRCLK)

This section provides the DDRCLK DC electrical characteristics and AC timing specifications.

# 3.7.3.1 DDRCLK DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the DDR clock (DDRCLK) DC electrical characteristics.

Table 13. DDRCLK DC electrical characteristics<sup>3</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	_	_	V	1
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	_	_	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	1
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	_	7	12	pF	_
Input current (V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V or V <sub>IN</sub> = OV <sub>DD</sub> )	I <sub>IN</sub>	_	_	± 50	μΑ	2

#### Notes:

- 1. The min V<sub>IL</sub> and max V<sub>IH</sub> values are based on the respective min and max OV<sub>IN</sub> values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. The symbol OV<sub>IN</sub>, in this case, represents the OV<sub>IN</sub> symbol referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 3. At recommended operating conditions with OV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V. See Recommended Operating Conditions.

### 3.7.3.2 DDRCLK AC timing specifications

This table provides the DDR clock (DDRCLK) AC timing specifications.

Table 14. DDRCLK AC timing specifications<sup>5</sup>

Parameter/Condition	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
DDRCLK frequency	f <sub>DDRCLK</sub>		100		MHz	1, 2
DDRCLK frequency offset	F <sub>DDRCLK_OFFSET</sub>	-300.0	_	300.0	ppm	
DDRCLK duty cycle	t <sub>KHK</sub> /t <sub>DDRCLK</sub>	42.5	50	57.5	%	2
DDRCLK slew rate	_	1.0	_	10	V/ns	3
DDRCLK peak period jitter	_	_	_	± 150	ps	4

#### Notes:

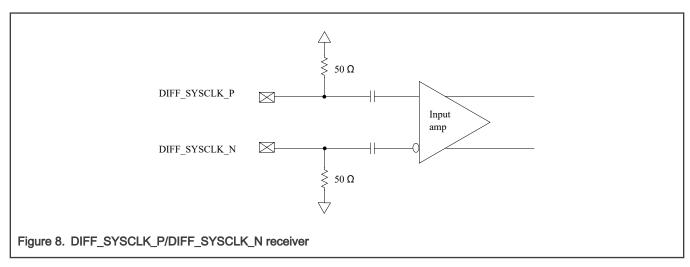
- 1. Caution: The memory controller complex PLL multiplier/ratio (RCW[MEM\_PLL\_RAT]) must be chosen such that the resulting DDR data rate does not exceed its respective maximum or minimum operating frequencies.
- 2. Measured at the rising edge and/or the falling edge at OV<sub>DD</sub>/2.
- 3. Slew rate as measured from 0.25 x  $OV_{DD}$  to 0.75 x  $OV_{DD}$ .
- 4. Peak period jitter is calculated according to the JEDEC standard expression 8.22 \* RMS jitter.
- 5. At recommended operating conditions with OV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V. See Recommended Operating Conditions.

## 3.7.4 Differential system clock (DIFF\_SYSCLK\_P/DIFF\_SYSCLK\_N) timing specifications

The differential system clocking mode requires an on-board oscillator to provide reference clock input to the differential system clock pair (DIFF\_SYSCLK\_P/DIFF\_SYSCLK\_N).

This differential clock pair can be configured to provide the clock to core, platform, and USB PLLs.

This figure shows a receiver reference diagram of the differential system clock.



This section provides the differential system clock DC and AC timing specifications.

## 3.7.4.1 Differential system clock DC electrical characteristics

For DC electrical characteristics, see DC-level requirement for SerDes reference clocks.

The differential system clock receiver's power supply voltage requirements (SD\_SV<sub>DD)</sub> are specified in Recommended Operating Conditions.

## 3.7.4.2 Differential system clock AC timing specifications

This table provides the differential system clock AC timing specificiatons.

For additional AC timing specifications, see SerDes reference clocks AC timing specifications.

Table 15. Differential System Clock AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Reference clock frequency	fsysclk	-	100	-	MHz	-
Reference clock frequency- offset	F <sub>REF_OFFSET</sub>	-300.0	-	300.0	ppm	-
Reference clock random jitter (RMS)	JRMS <sub>REF_CLK</sub>	-	-	2.6	ps	1, 2
Reference clock cycle-to- cycle jitter	DJ <sub>REF_CLK</sub>	-	-	150.0	ps	3
Reference clock duty cycle	t <sub>KHK</sub> /t <sub>SYSCLK</sub>	40	-	60	%	-

- 1. 1.5 MHz to Nyquist frequency. For example, for 100 MHz reference clock, the Nyquist frequency is 50 MHz.
- 2. The peak-to-peak Rj specification is calculated at 14.069 times the RJ<sub>RMS</sub> for 10<sup>-12</sup> BER.
- 3. DJ across all frequencies.

## 3.7.5 Other input clocks

A description of the overall clocking of this device is available in the chip reference manual in the form of a clock subsystem block diagram. For information about the input clock requirements of functional modules sourced external of the chip, see the specific interface section.

# 3.8 Reset initialization timing specifications

This table provides the RESET initialization timing specifications.

Table 16. RESET initialization timing specifications

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Required assertion time of PORESET_B after SYSCLK/DIFF_SYSCLK and all power rails are stable	1.0	-	ms	1
Required input assertion time of HRESET_B	32.0	-	SYSCL Ks	2, 3
Maximum rise/fall time of HRESET_B	-	10.0	SYSCL K	4
Maximum rise/fall time of PORESET_B	-	1	SYSCL K	4
Input setup time for POR configs with respect to negation of PORESET_B	4.0	-	SYSCL Ks	2
Input hold time for all POR configs with respect to negation of PORESET_B	2.0	-	SYSCL Ks	2
Maximum valid-to-high impedance time for actively driven POR configs with respect to negation of PORESET_B	-	5.0	SYSCL Ks	2

- 1. PORESET\_B must be driven asserted before the core and platform power supplies are powered up.
- 2. The DIFF\_SYSCLK is the primary clock input for the chip.
- 3. The device asserts HRESET\_B as an output when PORESET\_B is asserted to initiate the power-on reset process. The device releases HRESET\_B sometime after PORESET\_B is deasserted. The exact sequence of HRESET\_B deassertion is documented in the reference manual's "Power-on Reset Sequence" section.
- 4. The system/board must be designed to ensure the input requirement to the device is achieved. Proper device operation is guaranteed for inputs meeting this requirement by design, simulation, characterization, or functional testing.

## 3.9 Battery-backed security monitor and tamper detect

This section describes the DC and AC electrical characteristics for the battery-backed security monitor interface, which includes the TA\_BB\_TMP\_DETECT\_B pin. It also describes the DC electrical characteristics for the TA\_TMP\_DETECT\_B pin.

# 3.9.1 Battery-backed security monitor and tamper detect DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the battery-backed security monitor interface (TA BB TMP DETECT B) operating at TA\_BB\_V <sub>DD</sub>.

Table 17. Battery-backed security monitor interface DC electrical characteristics (TA\_BB\_V <sub>DD</sub> = VID) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.75 x TA_BB_VDD			V	2, 4
Input low voltage	V IL		-	0.30 x TA_BB_VDD	V	2
Input current (V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V or V <sub>IN</sub> = TA_BB_V <sub>DD</sub> )	I <sub>IN</sub>	-	-	50.0	μΑ	3

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. The min V IL and max V IH values are based on the respective min and max TA\_BB\_V IN values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 3. The symbol TA\_BB\_V DD represents the recommended operating voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 4. If the signal falls below V<sub>IH</sub>, it can cause a false trigger.

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the tamper detect security monitor (TA\_TMP\_DETECT\_B) operating at OV<sub>DD</sub>.

Table 18. Tamper detect monitor interface DC electrical characteristics (OV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) 1

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OVDD			V	2, 4
Input low voltage	V IL		-	0.3 x OVDD	V	2
Input current (V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V or V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V <sub>IN</sub> )	I <sub>IN</sub>	-	-	50.0	μΑ	3

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. The min V <sub>IL</sub> and max V <sub>IH</sub> values are based on the respective min and max OV <sub>IN</sub> values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 3. The symbol OV IN represents the recommended operating voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 4. If the signal falls below V<sub>IH</sub>, it can cause a false trigger.

## 3.9.2 Battery-backed security monitor AC timing specifications

This table provides the AC timing specifications for the battery-backed security monitor interface.

Table 19. Battery-backed security monitor interface AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
TA_BB_TMP_DETECT_B	t <sub>TMP</sub>	100.0	-	ns	1
1 TA BB TMP DETECT B is asynchro	nous to any c	lock			

#### 3.10 DDR4 SDRAM controller

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the DDR4 SDRAM controller interface. Note that the required  $GV_{DD}(typ)$  voltage is 1.2 V when interfacing to DDR4 SDRAM.

#### 3.10.1 DDR4 SDRAM controller DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the recommended opearting conditions for the DDR SDRAM controller when interfacing to DDR4 SDRAM.

Table 20. DDR4 SDRAM interface DC electrical characteristics (GV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.2V) <sup>1, 6, 7</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	VREF + 0.085	_	V	2, 3
Input low voltage	V IL	_	VREF - 0.085	V	2, 3
I/O leakage current	I <sub>IN</sub> /I <sub>OZ</sub>	-50	50	μΑ	4, 5

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Input capacitance load for DQ, DQS, and DQS\_B are available in the IBIS models.
- 3. Internal VREF is trained.
- 4. Refer to IBIS model for the complete output IV curve characteristics.
- 5. Output leakage is measured with all outputs diabled, 0 V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ GV <sub>DD</sub>. Applies to each pin.
- 6. GV  $_{DD}$  is expected to be within 60 mV of the DRAM's voltage supply at all times. The DRAM's and memory controller's voltage supply may or may not be from the same source. GV  $_{DD}$  min = 1.14 V, GV  $_{DD}$  max = 1.26 V, and GV  $_{DD}$  typ = 1.2 V.
- 7. VTT and VREFCA are applied directly to the DRAM device. Both VTT and VREFCA voltages must track GV DD/2.

## 3.10.2 DDR4 SDRAM controller AC timing specifications

This table provides the input AC timing specifications for the DDR controller when interfacing to DDR4 SDRAM.

Table 21. DDR4 SDRAM interface input AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
AC input low voltage	V <sub>ILAC</sub>	-	VREF - 0.085	V	Internal VREF is trained.
AC input high voltage	V <sub>IHAC</sub>	VREF + 0.085	-	V	Internal VREF is trained.

This table provides the input AC timing specifications for the DDR controller when interfacing to DDR4 SDRAM.

Table 22. DDR4 SDRAM interface input AC timing specifications <sup>3</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Controller Skew for MDQS-MDQ/MECC	t <sub>CISKEW</sub>	-	-	ps	-
Data Rate of 1300 MT/s in DDR4		-125.0	125.0		1
Data Rate of 1600 MT/s in DDR4		-112.0	112.0		1

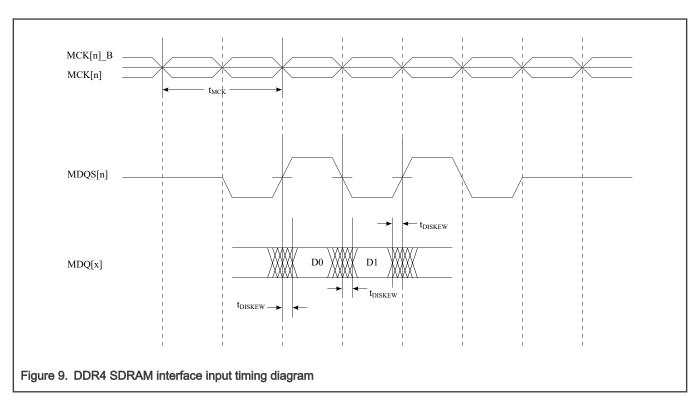
Table 22. DDR4 SDRAM interface input AC timing specifications <sup>3</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Data Rate of 1800 MT/s in DDR4		-93.0	93.0		1
Data Rate of 2100 MT/s in DDR4		-82.0	82.0		1
Data Rate of 2400 MT/s in DDR4		-78.0	78.0		1
Data Rate of 2600 MT/s in DDR4		-74.0	74.0		1
Data Rate of 2900 MT/s in DDR4		-69.0	69.0		1
Tolerated Skew for MDQS-MDQ/MECC	t DISKEW	-	-	ps	-
Data Rate of 1300 MT/s in DDR4		-250.0	250.0		2
Data Rate of 1600 MT/s in DDR4		-200.0	200.0		2
Data Rate of 1800 MT/s in DDR4		-175.0	175.0		2
Data Rate of 2100 MT/s in DDR4		-152.0	152.0		2
Data Rate of 2400 MT/s in DDR4		-130.0	130.0		2
Data Rate of 2600 MT/s in DDR4		-114.0	114.0		2
Data Rate of 2900 MT/s in DDR4		-102.0	102.0		2

<sup>1.</sup>  $t_{CISKEW}$  represents the amount of skew consumed by the controller between MDQS[n] and any corresponding bit that will be captured with MDQS[n]. This should be subtracted from the total timing budget.

<sup>2.</sup> The amount of skew that can be tolerated from MDQS to a corresponding MDQ signal is called t  $_{DISKEW}$ . This can be determined by the following equation: t  $_{DISKEW}$  = +/-(T / 4 - abs(t  $_{CISKEW}$ )), where T is the clock period and abs(t  $_{CISKEW}$ ) is the absolute value of t  $_{CISKEW}$ .

<sup>3.</sup> See Figure 9.



This table contains the output AC timing targets for the DDR4 SDRAM interface.

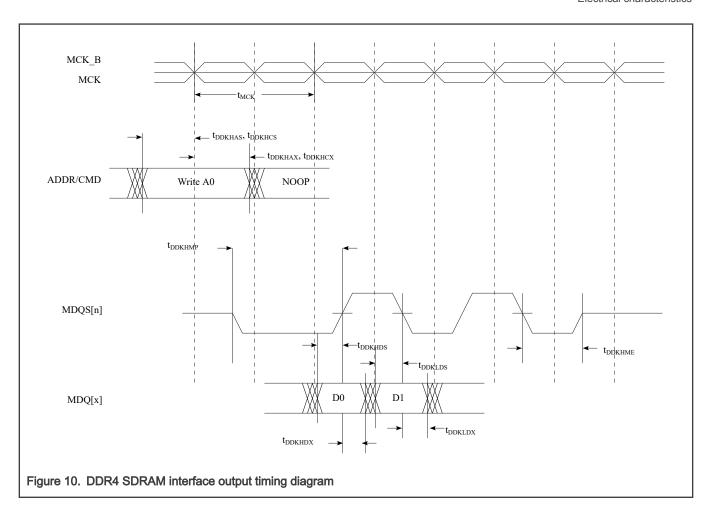
Table 23. DDR4 SDRAM interface output AC timing specifications <sup>6</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
MCK[n] cycle time	t <sub>MCK</sub>	625.0	1500.0	ps	1
ADDR/CMD/CNTL output setup with respect to MCK	t <sub>DDKHAS</sub>	-	-	ps	-
Data Rate of 1300 MT/s in DDR4		606.0	-		3, 4
Data Rate of 1600 MT/s in DDR4		495.0	-		3, 4
Data Rate of 1800 MT/s in DDR4		410.0	-		3, 4
Data Rate of 2100 MT/s in DDR4		350.0	-		3, 4
Data Rate of 2400 MT/s in DDR4		321.0	-		3, 4
Data Rate of 2600 MT/s in DDR4		289.0	-		3, 4
Data Rate of 2900 MT/s in DDR4		263.0	-		3, 4
ADDR/CMD/CNTL output hold with respect to MCK	t <sub>DDKHAX</sub>	-	-	ps	-
Data Rate of 1300 MT/s in DDR4		606.0	-		3, 4

Table 23. DDR4 SDRAM interface output AC timing specifications <sup>6</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Data Rate of 1600 MT/s in DDR4		495.0	-		3, 4
Data Rate of 1800 MT/s in DDR4		390.0	-		3, 4
Data Rate of 2100 MT/s in DDR4		350.0	-		3, 4
Data Rate of 2400 MT/s in DDR4		321.0	-		3, 4
Data Rate of 2600 MT/s in DDR4		289.0	-		3, 4
Data Rate of 2900 MT/s in DDR4		263.0	-		3, 4
MDQ/MECC/MDM output data eye	t DDKXDEYE	-	-	ps	-
Data Rate of 1300 MT/s in DDR4		500.0	-		4, 5
Data Rate of 1600 MT/s in DDR4		400.0	-		4, 5
Data Rate of 1800 MT/s in DDR4		350.0	-		4, 5
Data Rate of 2100 MT/s in DDR4		320.0	-		4, 5
Data Rate of 2400 MT/s in DDR4		280.0	-		4, 5
Data Rate of 2600 MT/s in DDR4		250.0	-		4, 5
Data Rate of 2900 MT/s in DDR4		225.0	-		4, 5
MDQS preamble	t <sub>DDKHMP</sub>	0.9 * t <sub>MCK</sub>	-	ps	4
MDQS postamble	t <sub>DDKHME</sub>	0.4 * t <sub>MCK</sub>	0.6 * t <sub>MCK</sub>	ps	4

- 1. All MCK/MCK\_B and MDQS/MDQS\_B referenced measurements are made from the crossing of the two signals.
- 2. See Figure 9.
- 3. ADDR/CMD/CNTL includes all DDR SDRAM output signals except MCK/MCK\_B, and MDQ/MECC/MDM/MDQS/MDQS\_B.
- 4. The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of t (first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state) (reference)(state) for inputs and t (first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state) for outputs. Output hold time can be read as DDR timing (DD) from the rising or falling edge of the reference clock (KH or KL) until the output went invalid (AX or DX). For example, tDDKHAS symbolizes DDR timing (DD) for the time tMCK memory clock reference (K) goes from the high (H) state until outputs (A) are setup (S) or output valid time.
- 5. Available eye for data (MDQ), ECC (MECC), and data mask (MDM) outputs at the pin of the processor. Memory controller will center the strobe (MDQS) in the available data eye at the DRAM (end point) during the initialization.
- 6. See Figure 10.



# 3.11 Enhanced secure digital host controller (eSDHC)

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the eSDHC interface.

## 3.11.1 eSDHC DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the eSDHC interface.

Table 24. eSDHC DC electrical characteristics (EV  $_{\rm DD}$ /OV  $_{\rm DD}$  = 1.8V)  $^{1}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x EV <sub>DD</sub> /OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	2
Input low voltage	V IL	-	0.3 x EV <sub>DD</sub> /OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2
Input/output leakage current	I <sub>IN</sub> /I <sub>OZ</sub>	-	-250/+50	μA	-
Output high voltage (I <sub>OH</sub> = -2mA at EV <sub>DD</sub> /OV <sub>DD</sub> min)	V <sub>OH</sub>	EV <sub>DD</sub> /OV <sub>DD</sub> - 0.45	-	V	-
Output low voltage (I <sub>OL</sub> = 2mA at EV <sub>DD</sub> /OV <sub>DD</sub> min)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.45	V	-

Table 24. eSDHC DC electrical characteristics (EV <sub>DD</sub>/OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. The min V IL and max V IH values are based on the respective min and max EV IN/OV IN values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.

#### 3.11.2 eSDHC AC timing specifications

This table provides the eSDHC AC timing specifications as defined in the eSDHC clock input timing diagram.

Table 25. eSDHC AC timing specifications (full-speed mode) 1, 3, 5

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
SDHC_CLK frequency SD/SDIO	f <sub>SHSCK</sub>	0.0	25.0	MHz	1, 2, 3
SDHC_CLK frequency eMMC	f <sub>SHSCK</sub>	0.0	26.0	MHz	1, 2, 3
SDHC_CLK clock low time	t SHSCKL	10.0	-	ns	3
SDHC_CLK clock high time	t <sub>SHSCKH</sub>	10.0	-	ns	3
SDHC_CLK clock rise and fall times	t <sub>SHSCKR</sub> /t SHSCKF	-	3.0	ns	3
Input setup times (SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx to SDHC_CLK)	t <sub>SHSIVKH</sub>	2.5	-	ns	3, 4
Input hold times (SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx to SDHC_CLK)	t <sub>SHSIXKH</sub>	2.5	-	ns	3
Output hold time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx valid)	t <sub>SHSKHOX</sub>	-3.0	-	ns	3
Output delay time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx valid)	t shskhov	-	3.0	ns	3

- $1. The symbols used for timing specifications herein follow the pattern of t_{(first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state)} (reference)(state) for timing specifications herein follows the pattern of t_{(first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state)} (reference)(state) for timing specifications herein follows the pattern of t_{(first two letters of functional block)})(signal)(state) (reference)(state) for timing specifications herein follows the pattern of t_{(first two letters of functional block)})(signal)(state) (reference)(state) for the pattern of t_{(first two letters of functional block)}) (signal)(state) (reference)(state) for the pattern of t_{(first two letters of functional block)}) (signal)(state) (reference)(state) for the pattern of t_{(first two letters of functional block)}) (signal)(state) (reference)(state) for the pattern of t_{(first two letters of functional block)}) (signal)(state) (reference)(state) for the pattern of t_{(first two letters of functional block)}) (signal)(state) (reference)(state) for the pattern of t_{(first two letters of functional block)}) (signal)(state) (signal)(signal)(state) (signal)(signal)(signal)(signal)(signal)(signal)(signal)(signal)(signal)(signal)(signal)(signal)(signal)(signal)(signal)$ inputs and  $t_{\text{(first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)}}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{\text{SHKHOX}}$  symbolizes eSDHC highspeed mode device timing (SH) clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state, with respect to the output (O) reaching the invalid state (X) or output hold time. Note that in general, the clock reference symbol is based on five letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).
- 2. In full-speed mode, the clock frequency value can be 0-25MHz for an SD/SDIO card and 0-26MHz for an MMC card.
- 3. C  $_{CARD} \le$  10 pF, (1 card), and C  $_{L}$  = C  $_{BUS}$  + C  $_{HOST}$  + C  $_{CARD} \le$  40 pF.
- 4. SDHC\_SYNC\_OUT/IN loop back is recommended to compensate the clock delay. In case the SDHC\_SYNC\_OUT/IN loopback is not used, to satisfy setup timing, one-way board-routing delay between host and card, on SDHC\_CLK, SDHC\_CMD, and SDHC\_DATx should not exceed 1ns for any high-speed MMC card. For any high-speed or default speed mode SD card, the one-way board-routing delay between host and card, on SDHC CLK, SDHC CMD, and SDHC DATx should not exceed 1.5ns.
- 5. See Figure 16.

This table provides the eSDHC AC timing specifications as defined in the eSDHC clock input timing diagram.

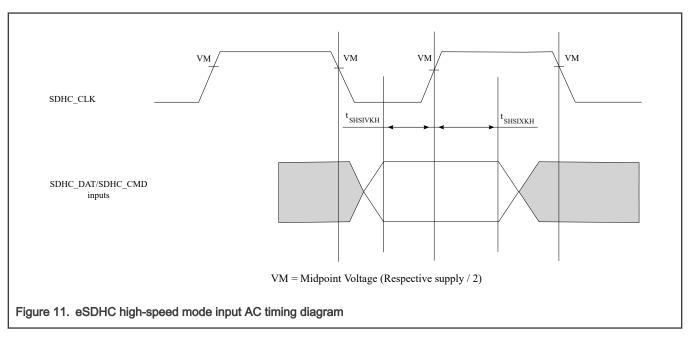
Table 26. eSDHC AC timing specifications (high-speed mode) 1, 3, 5, 6, 7

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
SDHC_CLK frequency SD/SDIO	f <sub>SHSCK</sub>	0.0	50.0	MHz	1, 2, 3
SDHC_CLK frequency eMMC	f <sub>SHSCK</sub>	0.0	52.0	MHz	1, 2, 3
SDHC_CLK clock low time	t SHSCKL	7.0	-	ns	3
SDHC_CLK clock high time	t <sub>SHSCKH</sub>	7.0	-	ns	3
SDHC_CLK clock rise and fall times	t <sub>SHSCKR</sub> /t SHSCKF	-	3.0	ns	3
Input setup times (SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx to SDHC_CLK)	t <sub>SHSIVKH</sub>	2.5	-	ns	3, 4
Input hold times (SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx to SDHC_CLK)	t <sub>SHSIXKH</sub>	2.5	-	ns	3
Output hold time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx valid)	t <sub>SHSKHOX</sub>	-3.0	-	ns	3
Output delay time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx valid)	t <sub>SHSKHOV</sub>	-	3.0	ns	3

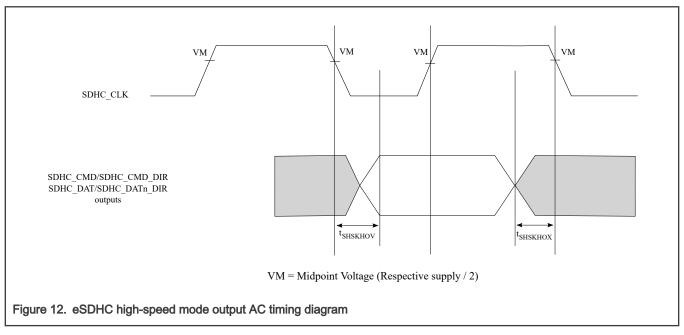
<sup>1.</sup> The symbols used for timing specifications herein follow the pattern of t (first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state) for inputs and t (first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state) for outputs. For example, t SHKHOX symbolizes eSDHC highspeed mode device timing (SH) clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state, with respect to the output (O) reaching the invalid state (X) or output hold time. Note that in general, the clock reference symbol is based on five letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).

- 2. In high-speed mode, the clock frequency value can be 0-50MHz for an SD/SDIO card and 0-52MHz for an MMC card.
- 3. C <sub>CARD</sub>  $\leq$  10 pF, (1 card), and C <sub>L</sub> = C <sub>BUS</sub> + C <sub>HOST</sub> + C <sub>CARD</sub>  $\leq$  40 pF.
- 4. SDHC\_SYNC\_OUT/IN loop back is recommended to compensate the clock delay. In case the SDHC\_SYNC\_OUT/IN loopback is not used, to satisfy setup timing, one-way board-routing delay between host and card, on SDHC\_CLK, SDHC\_CMD, and SDHC\_DATx should not exceed 1ns for any high-speed MMC card. For any high-speed or default speed mode SD card, the one-way board-routing delay between host and card, on SDHC\_CLK, SDHC\_CMD, and SDHC\_DATx should not exceed 1.5ns.
- 5. See Figure 16.
- 6. See Figure 11.
- 7. See Figure 12.

This figure provides the input AC timing diagram for high-speed mode.



This figure provides the output AC timing diagram for high-speed mode.



This table provides the SDHC1 and SDHC2 AC timing specifications for the DDR (1.8V) mode without voltage translator.

Table 27. SDHC1 and SDHC2 AC timing specifications (DDR (1.8V) mode without voltage translator) 1, 2, 3, 4

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
SDHC_CLK duty cycle	t <sub>SHSCK</sub>	47.0	53.0	%	6
SDHC_CLK frequency	f <sub>SHCK</sub>		50.0	MHz	

Table 27. SDHC1 and SDHC2 AC timing specifications (DDR (1.8V) mode without voltage translator) 1, 2, 3, 4 (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
SDHC_CLK rise and fall times	t <sub>SHCKR</sub> /t SHCKF		2.0	ns	
Skew between SDHC_CLK_SYNC_OUT and SDHC_CLK	t <sub>SHSKEW</sub>				
SDHC1		-0.6	0.1	ns	
SDHC2		-0.275	0.275	ns	
Input setup times (SDHC_DATx to SDHC_CLK_SYNC_IN)	t <sub>SHDIVKH</sub>	1.6		ns	5
Input hold times (SDHC_DATx to SDHC_CLK_SYNC_IN)	t <sub>SHDIXKH</sub>	0.7		ns	5
Output hold time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_DATx valid)	t <sub>SHDKHOX</sub>	3.4		ns	5
Output delay time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_DATx valid)	t SHDKHOV		6.1	ns	5
Input setup time (SDHC_CMD to SDHC_CLK_SYNC_IN)	t <sub>SHCIVKH</sub>	4.5		ns	5
Input hold time (SDHC_CMD to SDHC_CLK_SYNC_IN)	t shcixkh	0.7		ns	5
Output hold time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD valid)	t <sub>SHCKHOX</sub>	3.9		ns	5
Output delay time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD valid)	t <sub>SHCKHOV</sub>		15.3	ns	5

<sup>1.</sup> C  $_L$  = C  $_{BUS}$  + C  $_{HOST}$  + C  $_{CARD}$   $\leq$  20 pF for MMC,  $\leq$  25pF for Input Data of DDR50,  $\leq$  30pF for Input CMD of DDR50.

- 3. See Figure 17.
- 4. See Figure 18.
- 5. Board skew: -0.2 to 0.2 ns
- 6. Characterized.

This table provides the eSDHC AC timing specifications for SDR104/eMMC HS200 mode without voltage translator.

<sup>2.</sup> The symbols used for timing specifications herein follow the pattern of t (first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state) (reference)(state) for inputs and t (first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state) for outputs. For example, t SHKHOX symbolizes eSDHC highspeed mode device timing (SH) clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state, with respect to the output (O) reaching the invalid state (X) or output hold time. Note that in general, the clock reference symbol is based on five letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).

Table 28. eSDHC AC timing specifications (SDR104/HS200 mode) 2, 3

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
SDHC_CLK duty cycle	t <sub>SHSCK</sub>	47.0	53.0	%	4
SDHC_CLK frequency	f <sub>SHCK</sub>	-	-	MHz	-
SD/SDIO SDR104 mode		-	208.0		-
eMMC HS200 mode		-	200.0		-
SDHC_CLK rise and fall times	t <sub>SHCKR</sub> /t SHCKF	-	1.0	ns	1
Output hold time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx valid)	T <sub>SHKHOX</sub>	-	-	ns	-
SD/SDIO SDR104 mode		1.58	-		1
eMMC HS200 mode		1.6	-		1
Output delay time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx valid)	T <sub>SHKHOV</sub>	-	-	ns	-
SD/SDIO SDR104 mode		-	2.9		1
eMMC HS200 mode		-	3.0		1
Input data window (UI)	t <sub>SHIDV</sub>	-	-	Unit	-
SD/SDIO SDR104 mode		0.5	-	interva	1
eMMC HS200 mode		0.475	-		1

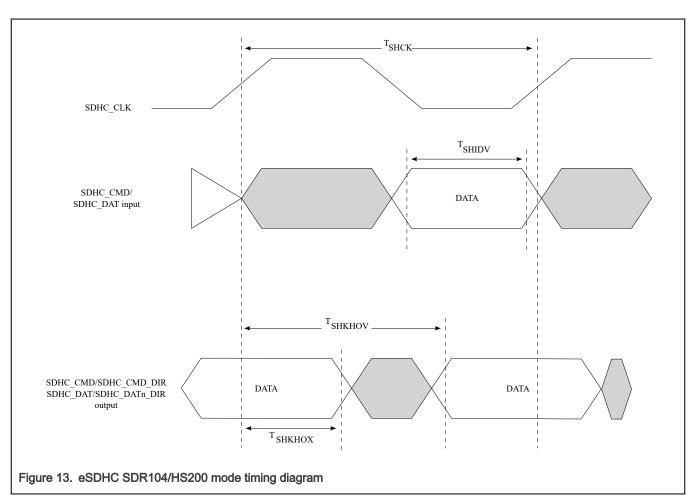
<sup>1.</sup> C  $_{L}$  = C  $_{BUS}$  + C  $_{HOST}$  + C  $_{CARD}$   $\leq$  15pF.

4. Characterized.

This figure provides the eSDHC SDR104/HS200 mode timing diagram.

<sup>2.</sup> The symbols used for timing specifications herein follow the pattern of t (first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state) (reference)(state) for inputs and t (first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state) for outputs. For example, t SHKHOX symbolizes eSDHC highspeed mode device timing (SH) clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state, with respect to the output (O) reaching the invalid state (X) or output hold time. Note that in general, the clock reference symbol is based on five letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).

<sup>3.</sup> See Figure 13.



This table provides the eSDHC AC timing specifications for eMMC HS400 mode.

Table 29. eSDHC AC timing specifications (HS400 mode) <sup>2, 3, 4, 5</sup>

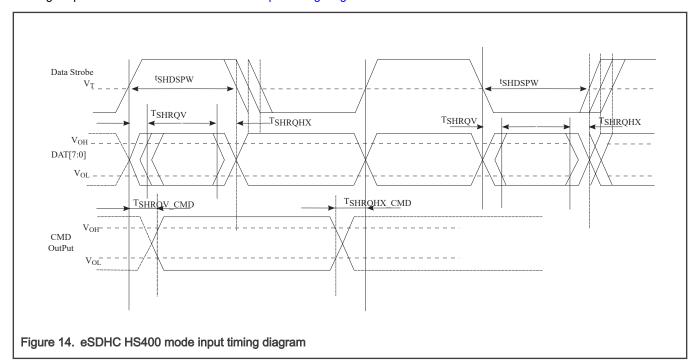
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
SDHC_CLK frequency	f <sub>SHCK</sub>	-	200.0	MHz	-
Output hold time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx valid)	T <sub>SHKHOX</sub>	0.75	-	ns	1
Output delay time (SDHC_CLK to SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DATx valid)	T <sub>SHKHOV</sub>	-	1.75	ns	1
Data valid skew to DQS	T <sub>SHRQV</sub>	-	0.45	ns	1
Data hold skew to DQS	T <sub>SHRQHX</sub>	-	0.45	ns	1
Command valid skew to DQS	T SHRQV_CMD	-	0.45	ns	1
Command hold skew to DQS	T SHRQHX_CM D	-	0.45	ns	1

Table 29. eSDHC AC timing specifications (HS400 mode) 2, 3, 4, 5 (continued)

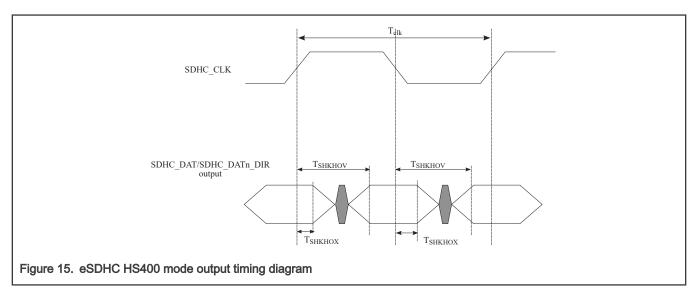
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
DQS pulse width	T <sub>SHDSPWS</sub>	1.97	-	ns	1
Duty cycle distortion	t SHSCK_DIS	0.0	0.3	ns	1, 6

- 1.  $C_L = C_{BUS} + C_{HOST} + C_{CARD} \le 15pF$ .
- 2. The symbols used for timing specifications herein follow the pattern of t (first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state) (reference)(state) for inputs and t (first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state) for outputs. For example, t SHKHOX symbolizes eSDHC highspeed mode device timing (SH) clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state, with respect to the output (O) reaching the invalid state (X) or output hold time. Note that in general, the clock reference symbol is based on five letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).
- 3. See Figure 14.
- 4. See Figure 15.
- 5. For HS400 without enhanced strobe (DQS) command, see Figure 13.
- 6. Characterized.

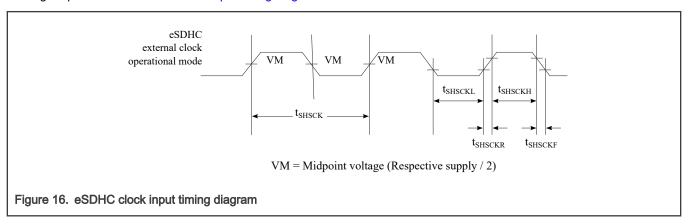
This figure provides the eSDHC HS400 mode input timing diagram.



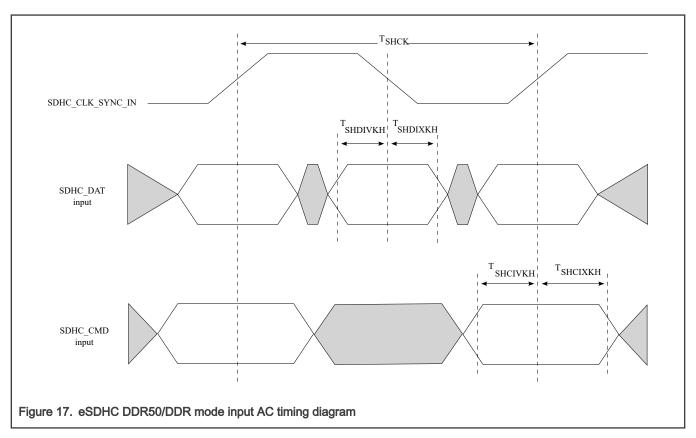
This figure provides the eSDHC HS400 mode output timing diagram.



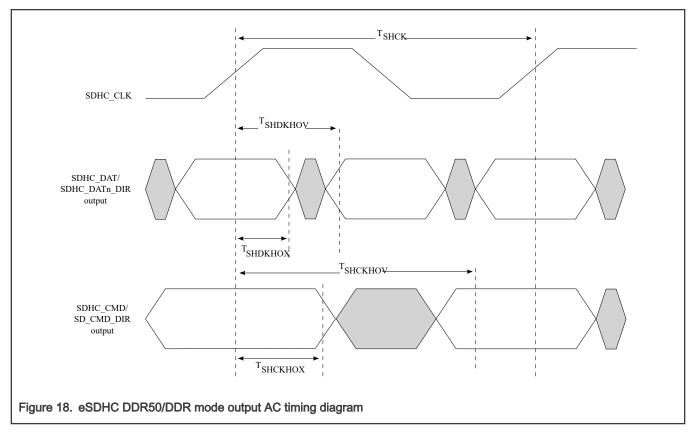
This figure provides the eSDHC clock input timing diagram.



This figure provides the eSDHC DDR50/DDR mode input AC timing diagram.



This figure provides the eSDHC DDR50/DDR mode output AC timing diagram.



# 3.12 Universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter (UART)

## 3.12.1 UART DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the UART interface.

Table 30. UART DC electrical characteristics (OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	2
Input low voltage	V IL	-	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2
Input current (V IN = 0V or V IN = OV DD)	L <sub>IN</sub>	-	±50	μΑ	3
Output high voltage (I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.5 mA)	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.35	-	V	-
Output low voltage (I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5 mA)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.45	V	-

<sup>1.</sup> For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.

# 3.12.2 UART AC timing specifications

This table provides the AC timing specifications for the UART interface.

Table 31. UART AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Baud rate	baud	300.0	921600.0	bits/se c	1, 2

<sup>1.</sup> The middle of a start bit is detected as the 8th sampled 0 after the 1-to-0 transition of the start bit. Subsequent bit values are sampled each 16th sample.

# 3.13 Ethernet interface (EMI, RGMII, and IEEE Std 1588<sup>™</sup>)

This section describes the DC and AC electrical characteristics for the EMI, RGMII, and IEEE Std 1588 interfaces.

## 3.13.1 Ethernet management interface (EMI)

This section describes the electrical characteristics for the Ethernet management interface (EMI) interface.

The EMI1 and EMI2 interface timings are compatible with IEEE Std 802.3<sup>™</sup> clauses 22 and 45, respectively.

#### 3.13.1.1 EMI DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the EMI DC electrical characteristics.

<sup>2.</sup> The min V  $_{\rm IL}$  and max V  $_{\rm IH}$  values are based on the respective min and max OV  $_{\rm IN}$  values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.

<sup>3.</sup> The symbol OV IN represents the input voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.

<sup>2.</sup> The actual attainable baud rate is limited by the latency of interrupt processing.

Table 32. EMI DC electrical characteristics (OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	2
Input low voltage	V IL	-	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2
Input current (V IN = 0 or V IN = OV IN)	L <sub>IN</sub>	-	±50	μΑ	3
Output high voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.5 mA)	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.35	-	V	-
Output low voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5 mA)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.4	V	-

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. The min V IL and max V IH values are based on the respective min and max OV IN values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 3. The symbol OV IN represents the input voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.

## 3.13.1.2 EMI AC timing specifications

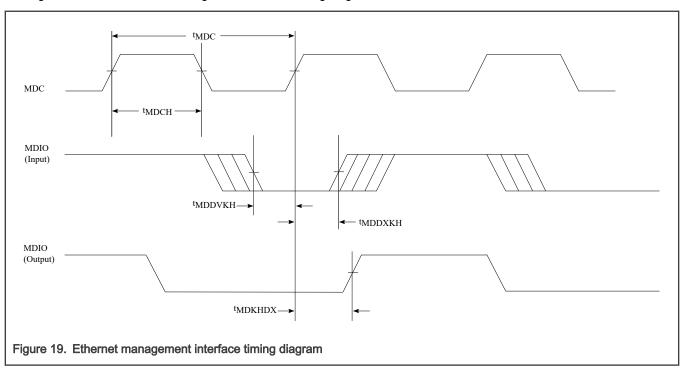
This table provides the EMI AC timing specifications.

Table 33. EMI AC timing specifications 4, 5, 6

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
MDC frequency	f <sub>MDC</sub>	-	5.0	MHz	1
MDC clock pulse width high	t <sub>MDCH</sub>	80.0	-	ns	-
MDC to MDIO delay	t <sub>MDKHDX</sub>	Y x t <sub>enet_clk</sub> - 3	Y x t <sub>enet_clk</sub> + 3	ns	2, 3
MDIO to MDC setup time	t <sub>MDDVKH</sub>	8.0	-	ns	-
MDIO to MDC hold time	t <sub>MDDXKH</sub>	0	-	ns	

- 1. This parameter is dependent on the Ethernet clock frequency. The MDIO CFG [MDIO CLK DIV] field determines the clock frequency of the MgmtClk Clock EC\_MDC.
- 2. t enet\_clk is the Ethernet clock period x 2.
- 3. MDIO timing is configurable by programming the EMDIO\_CFG register fields. The default value of Y = 5. Y is the value determined by EMDIO\_CFG[NEG], EMDIO\_CFG[MDIO\_HOLD], and MDIO[EHOLD]. The easiest way is to program NEG=1, then MDIO is driven at negative edge of MDC, satisfying both setup and hold time requirement of Ethernet PHY.
- 4. The symbols used for timing specifications follow these patterns: t (first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state)(reference)(state) for inputs  $and\ t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)}\ for\ outputs.\ For\ example,\ t_{MDKHDX}\ symbolizes\ management\ data\ timing$ (MD) for the time tMDC from clock reference (K) high (H) until data outputs (D) are invalid (X) or data hold time. Also, t MDDVKH symbolizes management data timing (MD) with respect to the time data input signals (D) reach the valid state (V) relative to the tMDC clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time.
- 5. Assumes a maximum load of 338 pF.
- 6. See Figure 19.

This figure shows the Ethernet management interface timing diagram.



# 3.13.2 Reduced media-independent interface (RGMII)

#### 3.13.2.1 RGMII DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the RGMII interface.

Table 34. RGMII DC electrical characteristics (OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	2
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2
Input current (V <sub>IN</sub> =0 or V <sub>IN</sub> = OV <sub>IN</sub> )	I <sub>IN</sub>	-	±50	μΑ	3
Output high voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.5 mA)	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.35	-	V	3
Output low voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5 mA)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.4	V	3

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. The min V <sub>IL</sub> and max V <sub>IH</sub> values are based on the respective min and max OV <sub>IN</sub> values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 3. The symbol OV <sub>DD</sub> represents the recommended operating voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended **Operating Conditions.**

#### 3.13.2.2 RGMII AC timing specifications

This table provides the RGMII AC timing specifications.

Table 35. RGMII AC timing specifications 7,8

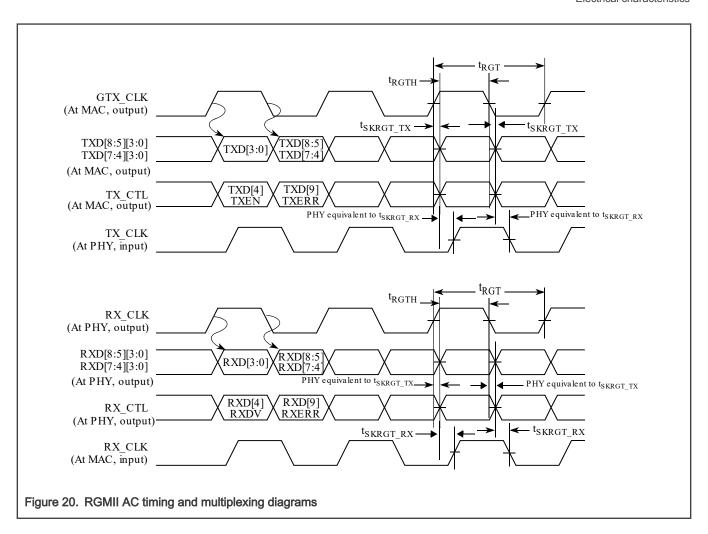
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Data to clock output skew (at transmitter)	t SKRGT_TX	-500.0	0.0	500.0	ps	1
Data to clock input skew (at receiver)	t SKRGT_RX	1.0	-	2.6	ns	2
Clock period duration	t <sub>RGT</sub>	7.2	8.0	8.8	ns	3
Duty cycle for 10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX	t <sub>RGTH</sub> /t	40.0	50.0	60.0	%	3, 4
Duty cycle for Gigabit	t <sub>RGTH</sub> /t	45.0	50.0	55.0	%	-
Rise time (20%-80%) OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V	t <sub>RGTR</sub>	-	-	0.75	ns	5, 6
Fall time (20%-80%) OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V	t <sub>RGTF</sub>	-	-	0.75	ns	5, 6

- 1. The frequency of ECn\_RX\_CLK (input) should not exceed the frequency of ECn\_GTX\_CLK (output) by more than 300 ppm.
- 2. This implies that PC board design will require clocks to be routed such that an additional trace delay of greater than 1.5 ns is added to the associated clock signal. Many PHY vendors already incorporate the necessary delay inside their device. If so, additional PCB delay is probably not needed.
- 3. For 10 and 100 Mbps,  $t_{RGT}$  scales to 400 ns  $\pm$  40 ns and 40 ns  $\pm$  4 ns, respectively.
- 4. Duty cycle may be stretched/shrunk during speed changes or while transitioning to a received packet's clock domains as long as the minimum duty cycle is not violated and stretching occurs for no more than three tRGT of the lowest speed transitioned between.
- 5. Applies to inputs and outputs.
- 6. The system/board must be designed to ensure this input requirement to the chip is achieved. Proper device operation is guaranteed for inputs meeting this requirement by design, simulation, characterization, or functional testing.
- 7. In general, the clock reference symbol representation for this section is based on the symbols RGT to represent RGMII timing. Note that the notation for rise (R) and fall (F) times follows the clock symbol that is being represented. For symbols representing skews, the subscript is skew (SK) followed by the clock that is being skewed (RGT).
- 8. See Figure 20.

#### NOTE

NXP guarantees timings generated from the MAC. Board designers must ensure delays needed at the PHY or the MAC.

This figure shows the RGMII AC timing and multiplexing diagrams.



## 3.13.3 IEEE 1588

#### 3.13.3.1 IEEE 1588 DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the IEEE 1588 DC electrical characteristics.

Table 36. IEEE 1588 DC electrical characteristics (OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	2
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2
Input current (V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 or V <sub>IN</sub> = OV <sub>DD</sub> )	I <sub>IN</sub>	-	±50	μΑ	3
Output high voltage (OV $_{\rm DD}$ = min, I $_{\rm OH}$ = -0.5 mA)	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.35	-	V	-
Output low voltage (OV $_{\rm DD}$ = min, I $_{\rm OL}$ = 0.5 mA)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.4	V	-

Table 36. IEEE 1588 DC electrical characteristics (OV  $_{DD}$  = 1.8V)  $^{1}$  (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. The min V  $_{\rm IL}$  and max V  $_{\rm IH}$  values are based on the respective min and max OV  $_{\rm IN}$  values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 3. The symbol OV IN represents the input voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.

# 3.13.3.2 IEEE 1588 AC timing specifications

This table provides the AC timing specifications for the IEEE 1588 interface.

Table 37. IEEE 1588 AC timing specifications <sup>2, 3</sup>

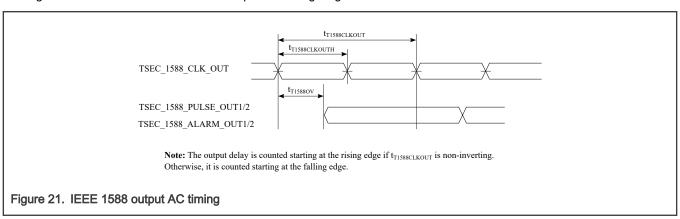
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
TSEC_1588_CLK_IN clock period	t <sub>1588CLK</sub>	6.0	-		ns	-
TSEC_1588_CLK_IN duty cycle	t T1588CLKH /t <sub>T1588CLK</sub>	40.0	50.0	60.0	%	-
TSEC_1588_CLK_IN peak-to- peak jitter	t T1588CLKI NJ	-	-	250.0	ps	-
Rise time TSEC_1588_CLK_IN (20% to 80%)	t T1588CLKI NR	1.0	-	2.0	ns	-
Fall time TSEC_1588_CLK_IN (80% to 20%)	t T1588CLKI NF	1.0	-	2.0	ns	-
TSEC_1588_CLK_OUT clock period	t T1588CLKO UT	2 x t <sub>1588CLK</sub>	-	-	ns	-
TSEC_1588_CLK_OUT duty cycle	t T1588CLKO TH/t T1588CLKO UT	30.0	50.0	70.0	%	-
TSEC_1588_PULSE_OUT1/2, TSEC_1588_ALARM_OUT1/2	t <sub>T1588OV</sub>	0.5	-	4.0	ns	-
TSEC_1588_TRIG_IN1/2 pulse width	t T1588TRIG H	2 x t <sub>1588CLK</sub>	-	-	ns	1

3. See Figure 22.

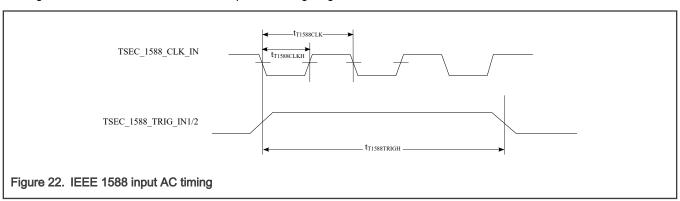
Table 37. IEEE 1588 AC timing specifications <sup>2, 3</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
This needs to be at least two times the clock period of the clock selected by TMR_CTRL[CKSEL]. See the chip referer manual for a description of TMR_CTRL registers.						
2. See Figure 21.						

This figure shows the data and command output AC timing diagram.



This figure shows the data and command input AC timing diagram.



# 3.14 General purpose input/output (GPIO)

## 3.14.1 GPIO DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the GPIO interface.

Table 38. GPIO DC electrical characteristics (OV  $_{DD}$  = 1.8V)  $^{1}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	2
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2

Table 38. GPIO DC electrical characteristics (OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input current (V IN = 0V or V IN= OV DD)	I <sub>IN</sub>	-	±50	μΑ	3
Output high voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.5 mA)	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.35	-	V	-
Output low voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5 mA)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.4	V	-

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. The min V  $_{\rm IL}$  and max V  $_{\rm IH}$  values are based on the respective min and max OV  $_{\rm IN}$  values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 3. The symbol OV IN represents the input voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.

# 3.14.2 GPIO AC timing specifications

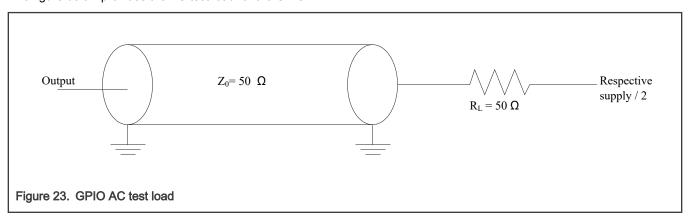
This table provides the GPIO input and output AC timing specifications.

Table 39. GPIO AC timing specifications <sup>2</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
GPIO inputs-minimum pulse width	t <sub>PIWID</sub>	20.0	-	ns	1

- 1. GPIO inputs and outputs are asynchronous to any visible clock. GPIO outputs must be synchronized before use by any external synchronous logic. GPIO inputs are required to be valid for at least t <sub>PIWID</sub> ns to ensure proper operation.
- 2. See Figure 23.

The figure below provides the AC test load for the GPIO.



## 3.15 Flextimer interface

#### 3.15.1 Flextimer DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the Flextimer interface.

Table 40. Flextimer DC electrical characteristics (OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	2
Input low voltage	V IL	-	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2
Input current (V IN = 0V or V IN= OV DD)	I <sub>IN</sub>	-	±50	μΑ	3
Output high voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.5 mA)	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.35	-	V	-
Output low voltage (OV $_{\rm DD}$ = min, I $_{\rm OL}$ = 0.5 mA)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.4	V	-

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. The min V  $_{\rm IL}$  and max V  $_{\rm IH}$  values are based on the respective min and max OV  $_{\rm IN}$  values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 3. The symbol OV IN represents the input voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.

# 3.15.2 Flextimer AC timing specifications

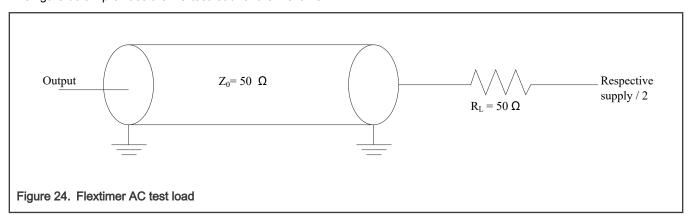
This table provides the Flextimer input and output AC timing specifications.

Table 41. Flextimer AC timing specifications <sup>2</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Flextimer inputs-minimum pulse width	t <sub>PIWID</sub>	20.0	-	ns	1

- 1. Flextimer inputs and outputs are asynchronous to any visible clock. Flextimer outputs must be synchronized before use by any external synchronous logic. Flextimer inputs are required to be valid for at least t <sub>PIWID</sub> ns to ensure proper operation.
- 2. See Figure 24.

The figure below provides the AC test load for the Flextimer.



# 3.16 Generic interrupt controller (GIC)

#### 3.16.1 GIC DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the GIC interface.

Table 42. GIC DC electrical characteristics (OV  $_{DD}$  = 1.8V)  $^{1}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	2
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2
Input current (V IN = 0V or V IN= OV DD)	I <sub>IN</sub>	-	±50	μΑ	3
Output high voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.5 mA)	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.35	-	V	-
Output low voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5 mA)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.4	V	-

<sup>1.</sup> For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.

## 3.16.2 GIC AC timing specifications

This table provides the GIC input and output AC timing specifications.

Table 43. GIC AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
GIC inputs-minimum pulse width	t <sub>PIWID</sub>	3.0	-	SYSC LKs	1

<sup>1.</sup> GIC inputs and outputs are asynchronous to any visible clock. GIC outputs must be synchronized before use by any external synchronous logic. GIC inputs are required to be valid for at least tPIWID ns to ensure proper operation when working in edge triggered mode.

## 3.17 I2C

#### 3.17.1 I2C DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the I<sup>2</sup>C interface.

Table 44. I<sup>2</sup>C DC electrical characteristics (OV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V)<sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	2
Input low voltage	V IL	-	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2

<sup>2.</sup> The min  $V_{IL}$  and max  $V_{IH}$  values are based on the respective min and max  $OV_{IN}$  values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.

<sup>3.</sup> The symbol OV IN represents the input voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.

Table 44.  $I^2C$  DC electrical characteristics (OV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V)<sup>1</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Output low voltage (OV $_{DD}$ = min, IOL = 2 mA, OV $_{DD}$ ≤ 2V)	V <sub>OL</sub>	0.0	0.36	V	-
Pulse width of spikes that must be suppressed by the input filter	t <sub>I2KHKL</sub>	0.0	50.0	ns	3
Input current each I/O pin (input voltage is between 0.1 x OV <sub>DD</sub> (min) and 0.9 x OV <sub>DD</sub> (max))	11	-	±50	μΑ	4
Capacitance for each I/O pin	Cı	-	10.0	pF	-

<sup>1.</sup> For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.

- 3. See the chip reference manual for information about the digital filter used.
- 4. I/O pins obstruct the SDA and SCL lines if the supply is switched off.

# 3.17.2 I2C AC timing specifications

This table provides the AC timing specifications for the I<sup>2</sup> C interface.

Table 45. I<sup>2</sup>C AC timing specifications <sup>3, 4, 5</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
SCL clock frequency	f <sub>I2C</sub>	0.0	400.0	kHz	-
Low period of the SCL clock	t <sub>I2CL</sub>	1.3	-	μs	-
High period of the SCL clock	t <sub>I2CH</sub>	0.6	-	μs	-
Setup time for a repeated START condition	t <sub>I2SVKH</sub>	0.6	-	μs	-
Hold time (repeated) START condition (after this period, the first clock pulse is generated)	t <sub>I2SXKL</sub>	0.6	-	μs	-
Data setup time	t <sub>I2DVKH</sub>	100.0	-	ns	-
Data input hold time (CBUS compatible masters, I <sup>2</sup> C bus devices)	t <sub>I2DXKL</sub>	0.0	-	μs	1
Data output delay time	t <sub>I2OVKL</sub>	-	0.9	μs	2
Setup time for STOP condition	t <sub>I2PVKH</sub>	0.6	-	μs	-

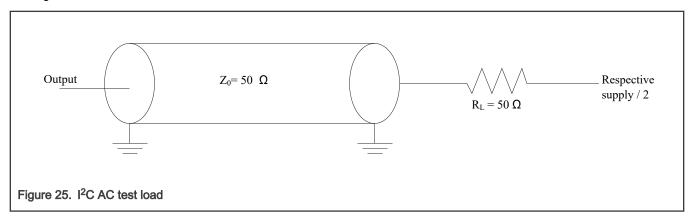
<sup>2.</sup> The min V  $_{\text{IL}}$  and max V  $_{\text{IH}}$  values are based on the respective min and max OV  $_{\text{IN}}$  values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.

Table 45. I<sup>2</sup>C AC timing specifications <sup>3, 4, 5</sup> (continued)

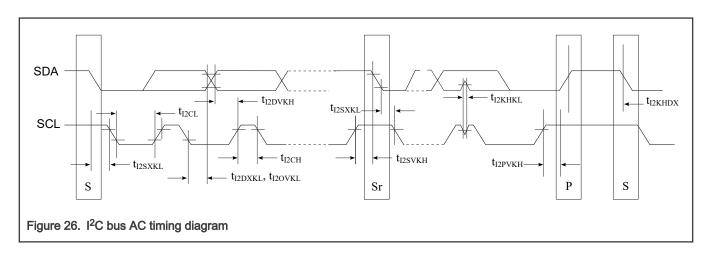
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	t <sub>I2KHDX</sub>	1.3	-	μs	-
Noise margin at the LOW level for each connected device (including hysteresis)	V <sub>NL</sub>	0.1 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	-
Noise margin at the HIGH level for each connected device (including hysteresis)	V <sub>NH</sub>	0.2 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	-
Capacitive load for each bus line	Cb	-	400.0	pF	-

- 1. As a transmitter, the chip provides a delay time of at least 300 ns for the SDA signal (referred to the V <sub>IHmin</sub> of the SCL signal) to bridge the undefined region of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of a START or STOP condition. When the chip acts as the I<sup>2</sup>C bus master while transmitting, it drives both SCL and SDA. As long as the load on SCL and SDA are balanced, the chip does not generate an unintended START or STOP condition. Therefore, the 300 ns SDA output delay time is not a concern.
- 2. The maximum t <sub>I2OVKL</sub> has to be met only if the device does not stretch the LOW period (t <sub>I2CL</sub>) of the SCL signal.
- 3. The symbols used for timing specifications herein follow these patterns:  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(signal)(state)(reference)(state)}$  for inputs and  $t_{(first\ two\ letters\ of\ functional\ block)(reference)(state)}$  for outputs. For example,  $t_{12DVKH}$  symbolizes  $I^2C$  timing ( $I^2C$ ) with respect to the time data input signals (D) reaching the valid state (V) relative to the  $t_{12C}$  clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time. Also,  $t_{12SXKL}$  symbolizes  $I^2C$  timing ( $I^2C$ ) for the time that the data with respect to the START condition (S) went invalid (X) relative to the  $t_{12C}$  clock reference (K) going to the low (L) state or hold time. Also,  $t_{12PVKH}$  symbolizes  $I^2C$  timing ( $I^2C$ ) for the time that the data with respect to the STOP condition (P) reaches the valid state (V) relative to the  $t_{12C}$  clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time.
- 4. See Figure 25.
- 5. See Figure 26.

This figure shows the AC test load for the I<sup>2</sup>C.



This figure shows the AC timing diagram for the I<sup>2</sup>C bus.



## 3.18 JTAG

This section describes the DC and AC electrical specifications for the JTAG (IEEE 1149.1) interface.

## 3.18.1 JTAG DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the JTAG (IEEE 1149.1) interface.

Table 46. JTAG DC electrical characteristics (OV  $_{DD}$  = 1.8V)  $^{1}$ 

<u> </u>						
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes	
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	2	
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2	
Input current (V IN = 0V or V IN = OV DD)	I <sub>IN</sub>	-	-100/+50	μΑ	3	
Output high voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.5 mA)	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.35	-	V	-	
Output low voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5 mA)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.4	V	-	

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. The min V  $_{\rm IL}$  and max V  $_{\rm IH}$  values are based on the respective min and max OV  $_{\rm IN}$  values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 3. The symbol OV IN represents the input voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.

## 3.18.2 JTAG AC timing specifications

This table provides the JTAG AC timing specifications as defined in Figure 27, Figure 28, Figure 29, and Figure 30.

Table 47. JTAG AC timing specifications 3, 4, 5, 6, 7

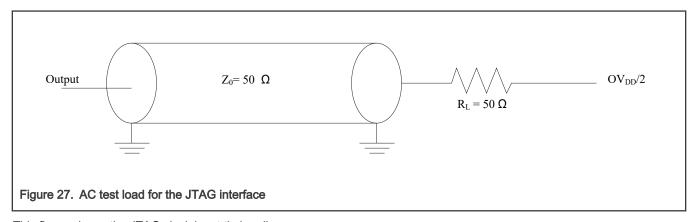
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
JTAG external clock frequency of operation	F <sub>JTG</sub>	0	25	MHz	-

Table 47. JTAG AC timing specifications 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 (continued)

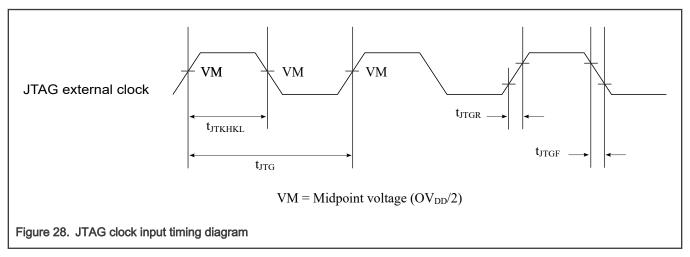
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
JTAG external clock cycle time	t <sub>JTG</sub>	40	-	ns	-
JTAG external clock pulse width measured at 1.4 V	t <sub>JTKHKL</sub>	20	-	ns	-
JTAG external clock rise and fall times	t <sub>JTGR</sub> /t <sub>JTGF</sub>	0.0	2.0	ns	-
TRST_B assert time	t <sub>TRST</sub>	25.0	-	ns	1
Input setup times	t <sub>JTDVKH</sub>	6	-	ns	-
Input hold times	t <sub>JTDXKH</sub>	10.0	-	ns	-
Output valid times: boundary-scan data	t <sub>JTKLDV</sub>	-	20.0	ns	2
Output valid times: TDO	t <sub>JTKLDV</sub>	-	14	ns	2
Output hold times	t <sub>JTKLDX</sub>	0.0	-	ns	2

- 1. TRST\_B is an asynchronous level sensitive signal. The setup time is for test purposes only.
- 2. All outputs are measured from the midpoint voltage of the falling edge of t  $_{TCLK}$  to the midpoint of the signal in question. The output timings are measured at the pins. All output timings assume a purely resistive 50- $\Omega$  load. Time-of-flight delays must be added for trace lengths, vias, and connectors in the system.
- 3. The symbols used for timing specifications follow these patterns: t(first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state)(reference) (state) for inputs and t(first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state) for outputs. For example, t JTDVKH symbolizes JTAG device timing (JT) with respect to the time data input signals (D) reaching the valid state (V) relative to the tJTG clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state or setup time. Also, tJTDXKH symbolizes JTAG timing (JT) with respect to the time data input signals (D) reaching the invalid state (X) relative to the tJTG clock reference (K) going to the high (H) state. Note that, in general, the clock reference symbol representation is based on three letters representing the clock of a particular function. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).
- 4. See Figure 27.
- 5. See Figure 28.
- 6. See Figure 29.
- 7. See Figure 30.

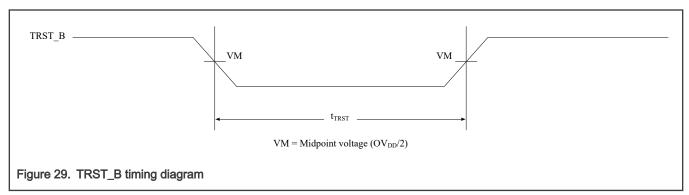
This figure shows the AC test load for TDO and the boundary-scan outputs of the device.



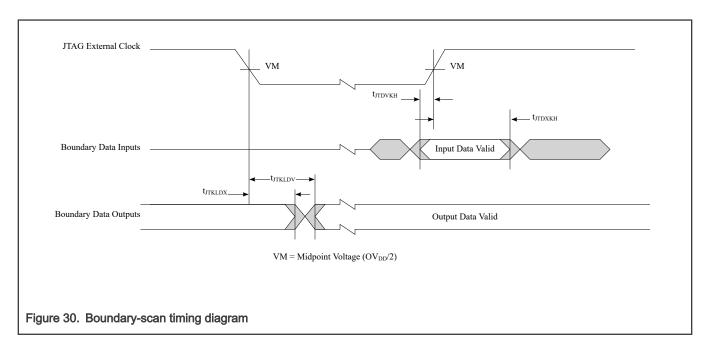
This figure shows the JTAG clock input timing diagram.



This figure shows the TRST\_B timing diagram.



This figure shows the boundary-scan timing diagram.



# 3.19 Flex serial peripheral interface (FlexSPI)

### 3.19.1 FlexSPI DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the FlexSPI interface.

Table 48. FlexSPI DC electrical characteristics (OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	2
Input low voltage	V IL	-	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2
Input current (0V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ OV <sub>DD</sub> )	I <sub>IN</sub>	-	±50	μΑ	3
Output high voltage (I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA)	V <sub>OH</sub>	0.85xOV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	-
Output low voltage (I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.15xOV <sub>DD</sub>	V	-

<sup>1.</sup> For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.

### 3.19.2 FlexSPI AC timing specifications

This table provides the FlexSPI timing in SDR mode where FlexSPIn\_MCR0[RXCLKSRC] = 0x0

<sup>2.</sup> The min V IL and max V IH values are based on the respective min and max OV IN values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.

<sup>3.</sup> The symbol OV IN represents the input voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.

Table 49. SDR mode with FlexSPIn\_MCR0[RXCLKSRC] = 0x0 <sup>2, 3, 4</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Min Ma		Unit	Notes
Clock frequency	F <sub>SCK</sub>	-	100.0	MHz	-
Duty cycle	T <sub>LOW</sub> /T HIGH	45	55	%	6
CS output hold time	t <sub>FSKHOX2</sub>	FLSHxyCR1[TCSH] * T - 0.15	-	ns	1, 5
CS output delay	t <sub>FSKHOV2</sub>	((FLSHxyCR1[TCS S]+ 0.5) * T) - 5.15	-	ns	1, 5
Setup time for incoming data- without DQS	t <sub>FSIVKH</sub>	2.4	-	ns	5
Hold time for incoming data without DQS	t <sub>FSIXKH</sub>	1.05	-	ns	-
Output data delay	t <sub>FSKHOV</sub>		2.35	ns	-
Output data hold	t <sub>FSKHOX</sub>	-1.35	-	ns	-

- 1. Refer the FLSHxyCR1 QorlQ LXxxxxARM for more details, where x: A or B, y: 1 or 2
- 2. See Figure 32.
- 3. See Figure 33.
- 4. See Figure 34.
- 5. T = FlexSPI clock period
- 6. Characterized.

This table provides the FlexSPI timing in SDR mode where FlexSPIn\_MCR0[RXCLKSRC] =0x1 or 0x2

Table 50. SDR mode with FlexSPIn\_MCR0[RXCLKSRC] = 0x1 or 0x2 <sup>2, 3, 4</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Clock frequency	F <sub>SCK</sub>	-	100.0	MHz	-
Duty cycle	T <sub>LOW</sub> /T HIGH	45	55	%	6
CS output hold time	t <sub>FSKHOX2</sub>	FLSHxyCR1[TCSH] * T - 0.15	-	ns	1, 5
CS output delay	t <sub>FSKHOV2</sub>	((FLSHxyCR1[TCS S] + 0.5) * T) - 5.15	-	ns	1, 5
Setup time for incoming data- without DQS	t <sub>FSIVKH</sub>	2.4	-	ns	-
Hold time for incoming data without DQS	t <sub>FSIXKH</sub>	1.05	-	ns	-

Table 50. SDR mode with FlexSPIn\_MCR0[RXCLKSRC] = 0x1 or 0x2 2, 3, 4 (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Output data delay	t <sub>FSKHOV</sub>		2.35	ns	-
Output data hold	t <sub>FSKHOX</sub>	-1.35	-	ns	-

- 1. Refer the FLSHxyCR1 QorlQ LXxxxxARM for more details, where x: A or B, y: 1 or 2
- 2. See Figure 32.
- 3. See Figure 33.
- 4. See Figure 34.
- 5. T = FlexSPI clock period
- 6. Characterized.

This table provides the FlexSPI timing in DDR mode where FlexSPIn\_MCR0[RXCLKSRC] =0x1 or 0x2.

Table 51. DDR mode with FlexSPIn\_MCR0[RXCLKSRC] = 0x1, or 0x2 4, 5, 6

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Clock frequency	F <sub>SCK</sub>	-	75	MHz	-
Duty cycle	T <sub>LOW</sub> /T HIGH			%	8
CS output hold time	t <sub>FSKHOX2</sub>	FSKHOX2 ((FLSHxyCR1[TCS - H]+ 0.5) * T/2) - 0.61		ns	1, 7
CS output delay	t <sub>FSKHOV2</sub>	((FLSHxyCR1[TCS - S]+ 0.5) * T/2) - 5.15		ns	1, 7
Data Valid Window	t <sub>FSIDVW</sub>	0.3	-	UI	2, 3
Output data delay	t FSKHOV/	-	3.94	ns	-
Output data hold	t FSKHOX/	3.0	-	ns	-

- 1. Refer the FLSHxyCR1 QorlQ LXxxxxARM for more details, where x: A or B, y: 1 or 2
- 2. For DDR, Unit Internval (UI) is half of period. For example, 5 ns for 100 MHz
- 3. See "Data Learning Feature" section in QorlQ LXxxxxARM for details
- 4. See Figure 32.
- 5. See Figure 33.
- 6. See Figure 35.
- 7. T = FlexSPI clock period
- 8. Characterized.

This table provides the FlexSPI timing in DDR mode where FlexSPIn\_MCR0[RXCLKSRC] =0x3.

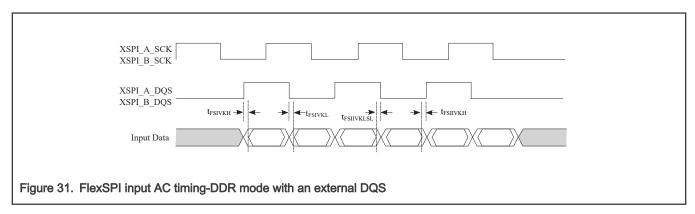
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Table 52. DDR mode with FlexSPIn\_MCR0[RXCLKSRC] = 0x3 <sup>2, 3, 4, 5</sup>

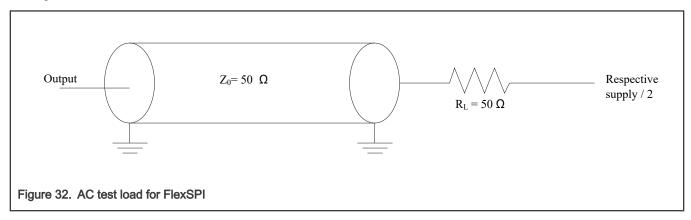
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Clock frequency	F <sub>SCK</sub>	-	-	200	MHz	-
Duty cycle	T <sub>LOW</sub> /T	45	-	55	%	9
CS output hold time	t FSKHOX2	((FLSHxyCR1[T CSH]+ 0.5) * T/2) - 0.61	-	-	ns	1, 6
CS output delay	t FSKHOV2	((FLSHxyCR1[T CSH]+ 0.5) * T/2) - 5.15	-	-	ns	1, 6
DQS to data skew	t <sub>FSIVKH/</sub> tFSIVKL	-		0.6	ns	7, 8
DQS to data hold skew	t <sub>FSIIVKH</sub> / tFSIIVKL	-		0.9	ns	7, 8
Output data delay	t <sub>FSKHOV/</sub> tFSKLOV	-	-	1.7	ns	8
Output data hold	t <sub>FSKHOX/</sub> tFSKLOX	0.87	-	-	ns	-

- 1. Refer the FLSHxyCR1 QorlQ LXxxxxARM for more details, where x: A or B, y: 1 or 2
- 2. See Figure 32.
- 3. See Figure 33.
- 4. See Figure 35.
- 5. See Figure 31.
- 6. T = FlexSPI clock period
- 7. When DLLxCR = 0x0000\_1100, where x: A or B.
- 8. The routine skew between XSPI clock/DQS to XSPI data lines must be less than 85 ps.
- 9. Characterized.

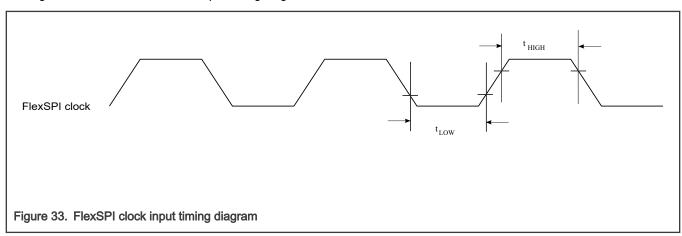
This figure shows the FlexSPI data input timing in DDR mode with an external DQS.



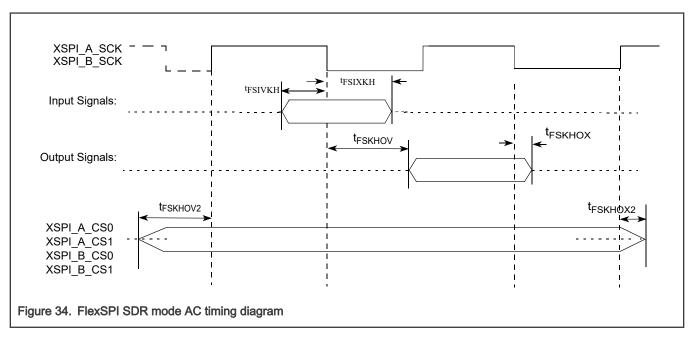
This figure shows the AC test load for the FlexSPI interface.



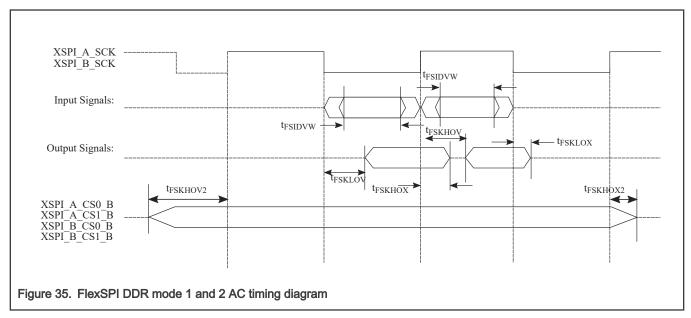
This figure shows the FlexSPI clock input timing diagram.



This figure shows the FlexSPI AC timing diagram for SDR mode.



This figure shows the FlexSPI AC timing diagram for DDR mode 1 and 2.



# 3.20 Serial peripheral interface (SPI)

### 3.20.1 SPI DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the SPI interface when operating with a single master device.

Table 53. SPI DC electrical characteristics (OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	2

Table 53. SPI DC electrical characteristics (OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input low voltage	V IL	-	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2
Input current (V IN = 0V or V IN = OV DD)	I <sub>IN</sub>	-	±50	μΑ	3
Output high voltage (I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA)	V <sub>OH</sub>	0.85xOV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	-
Output low voltage (I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.15xOV <sub>DD</sub>	V	-

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. The min V  $_{\rm IL}$  and max V  $_{\rm IH}$  values are based on the respective min and max OV  $_{\rm IN}$  values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 3. The symbol OV IN represents the input voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.

### 3.20.2 SPI AC timing specifications

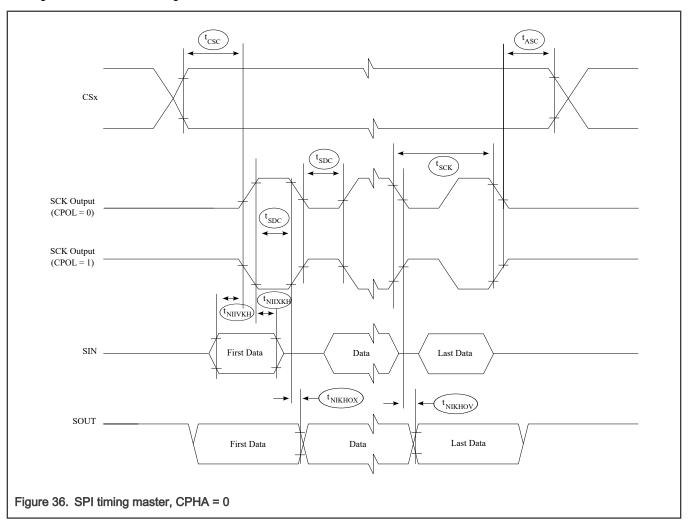
This table provides the SPI timing specifications when operating with a single master device.

Table 54. SPI AC timing specifications 5, 6

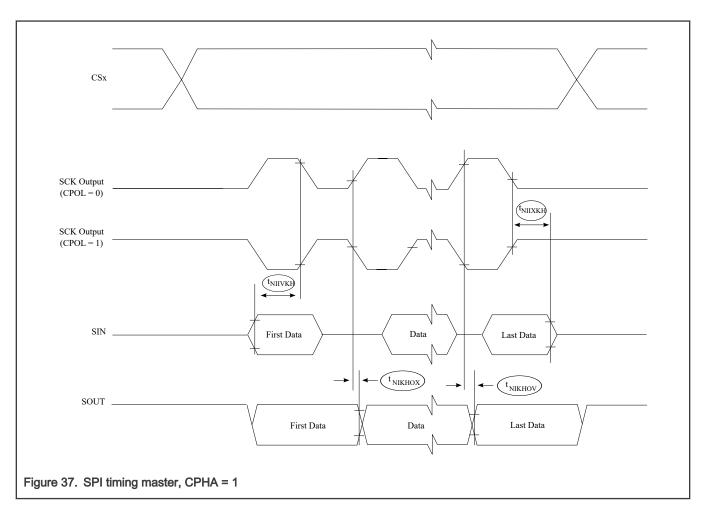
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
SCK cycle time	t <sub>SCK</sub>	20	-	ns	
SCK clock pulse width	t <sub>SDC</sub>	40.0	60.0	%	
CS to SCK delay	t <sub>CSC</sub>	tp*2 - 2.16	-	ns	1, 2, 3
After SCK delay	t ASC	tp*2 + 0.42	-	ns	1, 4, 5
Data setup time for inputs	t <sub>NIIVKH</sub>	9.0	-	ns	1
Data hold time for inputs	t <sub>NIIXKH</sub>	0.0	-	ns	1
Data valid (after SCK edge) for outputs	t <sub>NIKHOV</sub>	-	5.0	ns	1
Data hold time for outputs	t <sub>NIKHOX</sub>	0.0	-	ns	1

- 1. Master mode
- 2. Refer the CTARx register in QorlQ LX2162ARM for more details. The tCSC = tp\*(Delay Scaler Value)\*CTARx[PCSSCK] 2.16, where the Delay Scaler Value comes from Table Delay Scaler Encoding. For example, the tCSC = tp\*4\*3 2.16 when CTARx[PCSSCK] = 0b01, CTARx[CSSCK]=0b0001
- 3. tp is the input clock period for the SPI controller.
- 4. Refer the CTARx register in QorlQ LX2162ARM for more details. The tASC = tp \* (Delay Scaler Value) \* CTARx[PASC] + 0.42, where the Delay Scaler Value comes from Table Delay Scaler Encoding. For example, the tASC = tp \* 8 \* 3 + 0.42 when CTARx[PASC] = 0b01, CTARx[ASC]=0b0010
- 5. See Figure 36.
- 6. See Figure 37.

This figure shows the SPI timing master when CPHA = 0.



This figure shows the SPI timing master when CPHA = 1.



# 3.21 Universal serial bus 3.0 (USB)

This section describes the specification for the on-chip Super Speed (SS) USB 3.0 PHY signals. For High Speed (HS), Full Speed (FS), and Low Speed (LS) specifications of the USB PHY signals, see Chapter 7 in the Universal Serial Bus Revision 2.0 Specification for more information.

### 3.21.1 USB 3.0 DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the USB 3.0 transmitter DC electrical characteristics at package pins.

Table 55. USB 3.0 transmitter DC electrical characteristics (USB\_HV<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, USB\_SV<sub>DD</sub> = 0.8 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Differential output voltage	V <sub>tx-diff-pp</sub>	800.0	1000.0	1200.0	mV <sub>p-p</sub>
Low power differential output voltage	V <sub>tx-diff-pp-</sub>	400.0	-	1200.0	mV <sub>p-p</sub>
Transmit de-emphasis	V <sub>tx-de-ratio</sub>	3.0	-	4.0	dB
Differential impedance	Z <sub>diffTX</sub>	72.0	100.0	120.0	Ω

Table 55. USB 3.0 transmitter DC electrical characteristics (USB\_HV<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, USB\_SV<sub>DD</sub> = 0.8 V) (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmit common mode impedance	R <sub>TX-DC</sub>	18.0	-	30.0	Ω
Absolute DC common mode voltage between U1 and U0	T <sub>TX-CM-DC-</sub> ACTIVEIDLE- DELTA	-	-	200.0	mV
DC electrical idle differential output voltage	V <sub>TX-IDLE-</sub>	0.0	-	10.0	mV

This table provides the USB 3.0 receiver DC electrical characteristics at the receiver package pins.

Table 56. USB 3.0 receiver DC electrical characteristics (USB\_HV<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, USB\_SV<sub>DD</sub> = 0.8 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes		
Differential receiver input impedance	R <sub>RX-DIFF-</sub>	72.0	100.0	120.0	Ω	-		
Receiver DC common mode impedance	R <sub>RX-DC</sub>	18.0	-	30.0	Ω	-		
DC input CM input impedance for V > 0 during reset or power down	Z <sub>RX-HIGH-</sub>	25000.0	-	-	Ω	-		
LFPS detect threshold	V <sub>TRX-</sub> IDLE-DET- DC-DIFFpp	100.0	-	300.0	mV	1		
Below the minimum is noise. Must wake up above the maximum.								

# 3.21.2 USB 3.0 AC timing specifications

This table provides the USB 3.0 transmitter AC timing specifications at package pins.

Table 57. USB 3.0 transmitter AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	
Speed	f <sub>USB</sub>	-	5.0	-	Gb/s	-	
Transmitter eye	T <sub>TX-EYE</sub>	0.625	-	-	UI	-	
Unit Interval	UI	199.94	200.0	200.06	ps	1	
AC coupling capacitor	AC <sub>CAP</sub>	75.0	-	200.0	nF	-	
UI does not account for SSC-caused variations.							

This table provides the USB 3.0 receiver AC timing specifications at the receiver package pins.

Table 58. USB 3.0 receiver AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	
Unit Interval	UI	199.94	200.0	200.06	ps	1	
UI does not account for SSC-caused variations.							

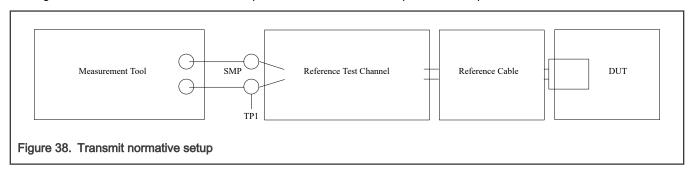
This table provides the key LFPS electrical specifications at the transmitter.

Table 59. LFPS electrical specifications at the transmitter <sup>2</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Period	t <sub>Period</sub>	20.0	100.0	ns	-
Peak-to-peak differential amplitude	V <sub>tx-diff-pp-lfps</sub>	800.0	1200.0	mV	-
Rise/fall time	t <sub>rise/fall</sub>	-	4.0	ns	1
Duty cycle	DC <sub>LFPS</sub>	40.0	60.0	%	1, 2

- 1. Measured at compliance TP1. See the Transmit normative setup figure below for details.
- 2. See Figure 38.

This figure shows the transmit normative setup with reference channel as per USB 3.0 specifications.



# 3.22 Controller Automatic Network interface (CAN)

### 3.22.1 CAN DC electrical chracteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for CAN-FD pins operating at OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V.

Table 60. DC electrical characteristics for CAN-FD (OV  $_{\rm DD}$  = 1.8V)  $^{\rm 1}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	-	V	2
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	0.3 x OV <sub>DD</sub>	V	2
Input current (VIN = 0 V or VIN= OV <sub>DD</sub> )	I <sub>IN</sub>	-	±50	μΑ	3

Table 60. DC electrical characteristics for CAN-FD (OV  $_{DD}$  = 1.8V)  $^{1}$  (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Output high voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, IOH = -0.5 mA)	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.35	-	V	-
Output low voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, IOL = -0.5 mA)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.4	V	-

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. The min V  $_{\rm IL}$  and max V  $_{\rm IH}$  values are based on the respective min and max OV  $_{\rm IN}$  values found in Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 3. The symbol OV IN represents the input voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.

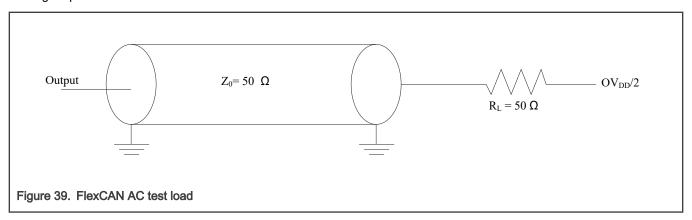
#### 3.22.2 CAN AC electrical characteristics

This table provides the CAN-FD AC timing specifications.

Table 61. CAN-FD AC timing specifications <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Baud rate	10.0	8000.0	kbps
1. See Figure 39.			

This figure provides the CAN-FD AC test load.



## 3.23 High-speed serial interfaces (HSSI)

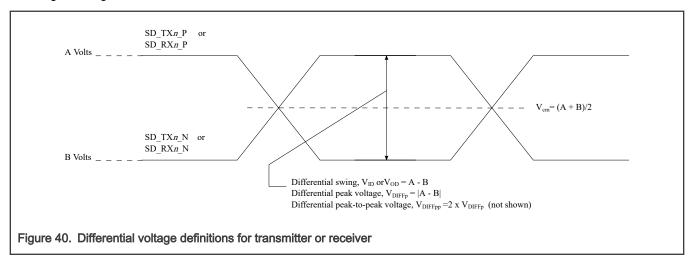
The chip features a Serializer/Deserializer (SerDes) interface to be used for high-speed serial interconnect applications. The SerDes interface can be used for PCI Express, SGMII, 1000Base-KX, USXGMII, XFI, SFI, 10GBase-KR, 25GAUI, 50GAUI-2, XLAUI, and serial ATA (SATA) data transfers.

This section describes the most common portion of the SerDes DC electrical specifications: the DC requirement for SerDes reference clocks. The SerDes data lane's transmitter (Tx) and receiver (Rx) reference circuits are also described.

### 3.23.1 Signal terms definitions

The SerDes uses differential signaling to transfer data across the serial link. This section defines the terms that are used in the description and specification of differential signals.

This figure shows how the signals are defined. For illustration purposes only, one SerDes lane is used in the description. This figure shows the waveform for either a transmitter output (SD\_TXn\_P and SD\_TXn\_N) or a receiver input (SD\_RXn\_P and SD\_RXn\_N). Each signal swings between A volts and B volts where A > B.



Using this waveform, the definitions are as described in the following list. To simplify the illustration, the definitions assume that the SerDes transmitter and receiver operate in a fully symmetrical differential signaling environment:

#### Single-Ended Swing

The transmitter output signals and the receiver input signals SD\_TX*n*\_P, SD\_TX*n*\_N, SD\_RX*n*\_P and SD\_RX*n*\_N each have a peak-to-peak swing of A - B volts. This is also referred to as each signal wire's single-ended swing.

## Differential Output Voltage, V<sub>OD</sub> (or Differential Output Swing)

The differential output voltage (or swing) of the transmitter,  $V_{OD}$ , is defined as the difference of the two complementary output voltages:  $V_{SD\_TX} P - V_{SD\_TX} The V_{OD}$  value can be either positive or negative.

## Differential Input Voltage, V <sub>ID</sub> (or Differential Input Swing)

The differential input voltage (or swing) of the receiver,  $V_{ID}$ , is defined as the difference of the two complementary input voltages:  $V_{SD\_RXn\_P}$ -  $V_{SD\_RXn\_N}$ . The  $V_{ID}$  value can be either positive or negative.

# Differential Peak Voltage, V <sub>DIFFp</sub>

The peak value of the differential transmitter output signal or the differential receiver input signal is defined as the differential peak voltage,  $V_{DIFFo} = |A - B|$  volts.

# Differential Peak-to-Peak, V <sub>DIFFp-p</sub>

Because the differential output signal of the transmitter and the differential input signal of the receiver each range from A - B to -(A - B) volts, the peak-to-peak value of the differential transmitter output signal or the differential receiver input signal is defined as differential peak-to-peak voltage,  $V_{DIFFp-p} = 2 \times V_{DIFFp} = 2 \times |(A - B)|$  volts, which is twice the differential swing in amplitude, or twice the differential peak. For example, the output differential peak-to-peak voltage can also be calculated as  $V_{TX-DIFFp-p} = 2 \times |V_{OD}|$ .

## Differential Waveform

The differential waveform is constructed by subtracting the inverting signal ( $SD_TXn_N$ , for example) from the non-inverting signal ( $SD_TXn_N$ , for example) within a differential pair. There is only one signal trace curve in a differential waveform. The voltage represented in the differential waveform is not referenced to ground. See Figure 45 as an example for differential waveform.

## Common Mode Voltage, V <sub>cm</sub>

The common mode voltage is equal to half of the sum of the voltages between each conductor of a balanced interchange circuit and ground. In this example, for SerDes output,  $V_{cm\_out} = (V_{SD\_TXn\_P} + V_{SD\_TXn\_N}) \div 2 = (A + B) \div 2$ , which is the arithmetic mean of the two complementary output voltages within a differential pair. In a system, the common mode voltage may often differ from one component's output to the other's input. It may be different between the receiver input and driver output circuits within the same component. It is also referred to as the DC offset on some occasions.

To illustrate these definitions using real values, consider the example of a current mode logic (CML) transmitter that has a common mode voltage of 2.25 V and outputs, TD and TD\_B. If these outputs have a swing from 2.0 V to 2.5 V, the peak-to-peak voltage swing of each signal (TD or TD\_B) is 500 mV p-p, which is referred to as the single-ended swing for each signal. Because the differential signaling environment is fully symmetrical in this example, the transmitter output's differential swing ( $V_{OD}$ ) has the same amplitude as each signal's single-ended swing. The differential output signal ranges between 500 mV and -500 mV. In other words,  $V_{OD}$  is 500 mV in one phase and -500 mV in the other phase. The peak differential voltage ( $V_{DIFFp}$ ) is 500 mV. The peak-to-peak differential voltage ( $V_{DIFFp-p}$ ) is 1000 mV p-p.

### 3.23.2 SerDes reference clocks

The SerDes reference clock inputs are applied to an internal PLL whose output creates the clock used by the corresponding SerDes lanes. The SerDes reference clocks inputs are SD1\_PLLF\_REF\_CLK/SD1\_PLLF\_REF\_CLK\_B for SerDes 1 and SD2\_PLLF\_REF\_CLK/SD2\_PLLF\_REF\_CLK\_B and SD2\_PLLS\_REF\_CLK/SD2\_PLLS\_REF\_CLK\_B for SerDes 2.

SerDes 1-2 may be used for various combinations of the following IP blocks based on the RCW Configuration field SRDS\_PRTCLn:

- SerDes 1: SGMII, PCIe, USXGMII/XFI/SFI, 50GE, 40GE, 25GE
- SerDes 2: SGMII, PCIe, USXGMII/XFI/SFI, SATA

The following sections describe the SerDes reference clock requirements and provide application information.

### 3.23.2.1 SerDes spread-spectrum clock source recommendations

SDn\_REF\_CLKn\_P and SDn\_REF\_CLKn\_N are designed to work with spread-spectrum clocking for the PCI Express protocol only with the spreading specification defined in Table 62. When using spread-spectrum clocking for PCI Express, both ends of the link partners should use the same reference clock. For best results, a source without significant unintended modulation must be used.

The SerDes transmitter does not support spread-spectrum clocking for the SATA protocol. The SerDes receiver does support spread-spectrum clocking on receive, which means the SerDes receiver can receive data correctly from a SATA serial link partner using spread-spectrum clocking.

Spread-spectrum clocking cannot be used if the same SerDes reference clock is shared with other non-spread-spectrum-supported protocols. For example, if spread-spectrum clocking is desired on a SerDes reference clock for the PCI Express protocol and the same reference clock is used for any other protocol, such as SATA or SGMII because of the SerDes lane usage mapping option, spread-spectrum clocking cannot be used at all.

This table provides the source recommendations for SerDes spread-spectrum clocking.

Table 62. SerDes spread-spectrum clock source recommendations <sup>1</sup>

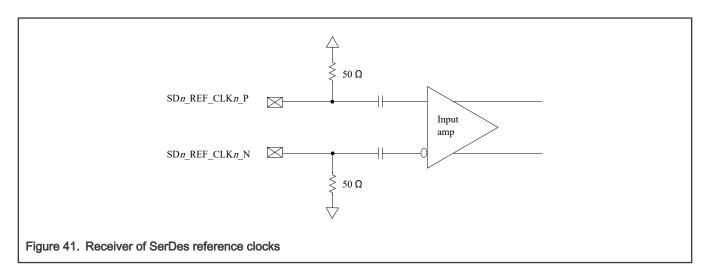
Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Frequency modulation	30	33	kHz	_
Frequency spread	+0	-0.5	%	2

#### Notes:

- 1. At recommended operating conditions. See Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Only down-spreading is allowed.

### 3.23.2.2 SerDes reference clock receiver characteristics

This figure shows a receiver reference diagram of the SerDes reference clocks.

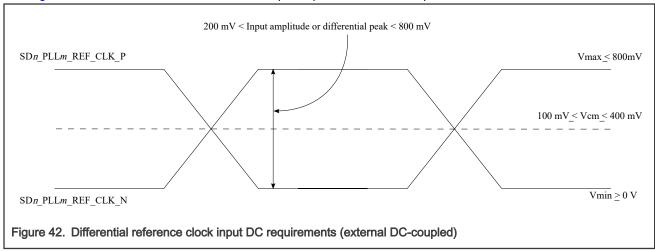


### 3.23.2.3 DC-level requirement for SerDes reference clocks

The DC level requirement for the SerDes reference clock inputs is different depending on the signaling mode used to connect the clock driver chip and SerDes reference clock inputs, as described below.

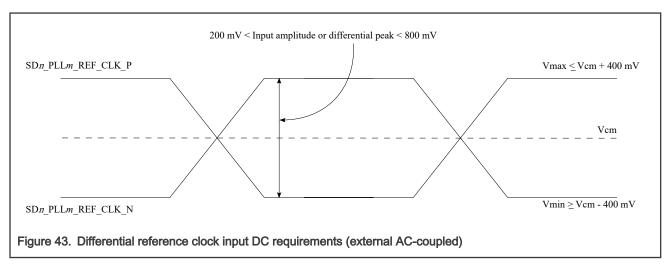
### Differential mode:

- The input amplitude of the differential clock must be between 400 mV and 1600 mV differential peak-to-peak (or between 200 mV and 800 mV differential peak). In other words, each signal wire of the differential pair must have a single-ended swing of less than 800 mV and greater than 200 mV. This requirement is the same for both external DC-coupled or AC-coupled connection.
- For an external DC-coupled connection, as described in SerDes reference clock receiver characteristics, the maximum
  average current requirements sets the requirement for average voltage (common mode voltage) as between 100 mV and 400
  mV. Figure 42 shows the SerDes reference clock input requirement for DC-coupled connection scheme.



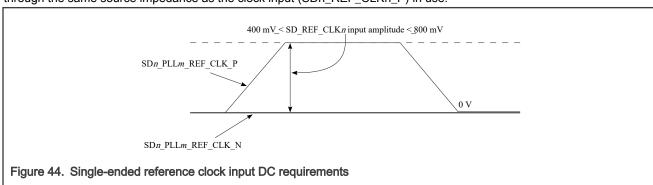
For an external AC-coupled connection, there is no common mode voltage requirement for the clock driver. Because the
external AC-coupling capacitor blocks the DC level, the clock driver and the SerDes reference clock receiver operate in
different common mode voltages. The SerDes reference clock receiver in this connection scheme has its common mode
voltage set to SD\_GND. Each signal wire of the differential inputs is allowed to swing below and above the common mode
voltage (SD\_GND). Figure 43 shows the SerDes reference clock input requirement for AC-coupled connection scheme.

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#### Single-ended mode:

- The reference clock can also be single-ended. The SDn\_REF\_CLKn\_P input amplitude (single-ended swing) must be between 400 mV and 800 mV peak-to-peak (from V<sub>MIN</sub> to V<sub>MAX</sub>) with SDn\_REF\_CLKn\_N either left unconnected or tied to ground.
- The SDn\_REF\_CLKn\_P input average voltage must be between 200 and 400 mV. Figure 44 shows the SerDes reference clock input requirement for single-ended signaling mode.
- · To meet the input amplitude requirement, the reference clock inputs may need to be DC- or AC-coupled externally. For the best noise performance, the reference of the clock could be DC- or AC-coupled into the unused phase (SDn\_REF\_CLKn\_N) through the same source impedance as the clock input (SDn REF CLKn P) in use.



### 3.23.2.4 SerDes reference clocks AC timing specifications

For protocols with data rates up to 5 Gb/s where there is not reference clock jitter specification (ex: SGMII), use the PCIe 2.5G clock jitter requirements.

For protocols with data rates greater than 5 Gb/s and less than 8 Gb/s where there is no reference clock jitter specification, use the PCIe 5G clock jitter requirements.

For protocols with data rates greater than 8 Gb/s and less than 16 Gb/s where there is no reference clock jitter specification (ex: XLAUI, USXGMII-10.3125G), use the PCIe 8G or XFI clock jitter requirements.

For protocols with data rates greater than 16 Gb/s where there is no reference clock jitter specification (ex: 25GAUI/50GAUI-2 use the PCIe 16G clock jitter requirements).

Use the protocol's reference clock frequency tolerance specification (ex: +/-100 ppm for SGMII/USXGMII/XFI/SFI/10GBaseKR/ 1000Base-KX/XLAUI/25GAUI/50GAUI-2 and +/-300 ppm for PCIe).

This table defines the AC requirements for SerDes reference clocks for PCI Express. SerDes reference clocks need to be verified by the customer's application design.

Table 63. SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_P and SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_N input clock requirements for PCI Express

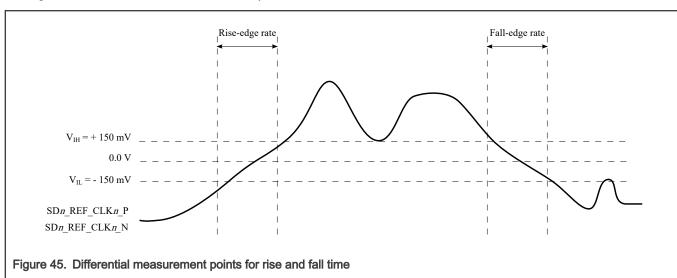
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_P/ SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_N frequency range	t <sub>CLK_REF</sub>	-	100/125	-	MHz	-
SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_P/ SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_N clock frequency tolerance	t <sub>CLK_TOL</sub>	-300.0	-	300.0	ppm	1
SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_P/ SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_N reference clock duty cycle	t <sub>CLK_DUTY</sub>	40.0	50.0	60.0	%	2
PCIe 2.5G SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_P/ SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_N max deterministic peak-to-peak jitter at 10 <sup>-6</sup> BER	t <sub>CLK_DJ</sub>	-	-	42.0	ps P-P	3, 4
PCIe 2.5G SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_P/ SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_N total reference clock jitter at 10 <sup>-6</sup> BER	t <sub>CLK_TJ</sub>	-	-	86.0	ps P- P	3, 4
PCIe 5G SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_P/ SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_N 10 kHz to 1.5 MHz RMS jitter	t <sub>REFCLK</sub> - LF-RMS	-	-	3.0	ps RMS	5
PCIe 5G SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_P/ SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_N > 1.5 MHz to Nyquist RMS jitter	t <sub>REFCLK</sub> - HF-RMS	-	-	3.1	ps RMS	5
PCIe 8G SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_P/ SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_N RMS reference clock jitter	t <sub>REFCLK</sub> - RMS-DC	-	-	1.0	ps RMS	6
SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_P/ SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_N rising/ falling edge rate	t <sub>CLKRR</sub> / t <sub>CLKFR</sub>	0.6	-	4.0	V/ns	7, 8
Differential input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	150.0	-	-	mV	2
Differential input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	-	-150.0	mV	2
Rising edge rate (SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_P) to falling edge rate	Rise-Fall matching	-	-	20.0	%	9, 10, 11

Table 63. SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_P and SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_N input clock requirements for PCI Express (continued)

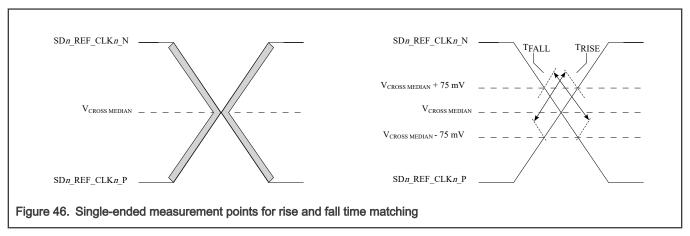
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
(SDn_PLLm_REF_CLK_N) matching						

- 1. For PCI Express (2.5, 5, and 8 GT/s).
- 2. Measurement taken from differential waveform.
- 3. Limits from PCI Express CEM Rev 2.0.
- 4. For PCI Express 2.5 GT/s
- 5. For PCI Express 5 GT/s
- 6. For PCI Express 8 GT/s
- 7. Measured from -150 mV to +150 mV on the differential waveform (derived from SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_P minus SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_N). The signal must be monotonic through the measurement region for rise and fall time. The 400 mV measurement window is centered on the differential zero crossing.
- 8. See Figure 45.
- 9. Measurement taken from single-ended waveform.
- 10. Matching applies to rising edge for SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_P and falling edge rate for SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_N. It is measured using a +/- 75 mV window centered on the median cross point where SDn PLLm REF CLK P rising meets SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_N falling. The median cross point is used to calculate the voltage thresholds that the oscilloscope uses for the edge rate calculations. The rise edge rate of SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_P must be compared to the fall edge rate of SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_N, the maximum allowed difference should not exceed 20% of the slowest edge rate.
- 11. See Figure 46.

This figure shows the differential measurement points for rise and fall time.



This figure shows the single-ended measurement points for rise and fall time matching.



This table defines the AC requirements for SerDes reference clocks for XFI, XLAUI, 25GAUI, and 50GAUI-2. SerDes reference clocks need to be verified by the customer's application design.

Table 64. SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_P and SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_N input clock requirements for XFI , SFI, XLAUI, and 50GAUI-2/25GAUI

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Frequency range	t <sub>CLK_REF</sub>	-	156.25/ 161.1328125	-	MHz	-
Clock frequency tolerance	t <sub>CLK_TOL</sub>	-100.0	-	100.0	ppm	-
Reference clock duty cycle	t <sub>CLK_DUTY</sub>	40.0	50.0	60.0	%	1
Single side band noise at 1 kHz	at 1 kHz	-	-	-85.0	dBC/ Hz	2
Single side band noise at 10 kHz	at 10 kHz	-	-	-108.0	dBC/ Hz	2
Single side band noise at 100 kHz	at 100 kHz	-	-	-128.0	dBC/ Hz	2
Single side band noise at 1 MHz	at 1 MHz	-	-	-138.0	dBC/ Hz	2
Single side band noise at 10 MHz	at 10 MHz	-	-	-138.0	dBC/ Hz	2
Random jitter (1.2 MHz to 15 MHz)	t <sub>CLK_RJ</sub>	-	-	0.8	ps	-
Total reference clock jitter at 10 <sup>-12</sup> BER (1.2 MHz to 15 MHz)	t <sub>CLK_TJ</sub>	-	-	11.0	ps	-
Spurious noise (1.2 MHz to 15 MHz)	NA	-	-	-75.0	dBC	-

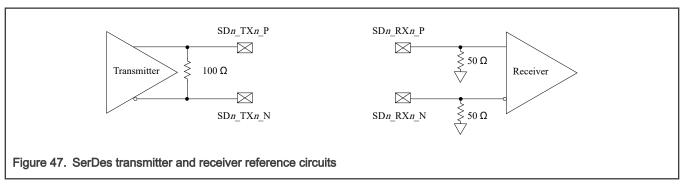
1. Measurement taken from differential waveform.

Table 64. SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_P and SDn\_PLLm\_REF\_CLK\_N input clock requirements for XFI, XLAUI, and 50GAUI-2/25GAUI (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
2. Per XFP specification, Rev 4.5, In the CDR mode, the host is contri			•	output is 10mUI (RI	MS) and	d 100 mUI (p-p).

### 3.23.3 SerDes transmitter and receiver reference circuits

This figure shows the reference circuits for SerDes data lane's transmitter and receiver.



The DC and AC specifications of the SerDes data lanes are defined in each interface protocol section below based on the application usage:

- PCI Express
- SATA
- SGMII
- USXGMII
- XFI
- SFI
- 50GAUI-2, 25G-AUI
- XLAUI
- · 40GBase-KR

Note that an external AC-coupling capacitor is required for the above serial transmission protocols with the capacitor value defined in the specification of each protocol section.

### 3.23.4 PCI Express

#### 3.23.4.1 Clocking dependencies

The ports on the two ends of a link must transmit data at a rate that is within 600 ppm of each other at all times. This is specified to allow bit rate clock sources with a ±300 ppm tolerance.

### 3.23.4.2 PCI Express clocking requirements for SDn\_PLLF\_REF\_CLK and SDn\_PLLS\_REF\_CLK

SerDes 1 and SerDes 2 SD[1:2]\_PLLF\_REF\_CLK/SD[1:2]\_PLLF\_REF\_CLK\_B and SerDes 2 SD2\_PLLS\_REF\_CLK/ SD2 PLLS REF CLK B may be used for various SerDes PCI Express configurations based on the RCW Configuration field SRDS\_PRTCL. PCI Express is supported on SerDes 1 and 2.

For more information on these specifications, see SerDes reference clocks.

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### 3.23.4.3 PCI Express DC electrical characteristics

This section describes the PCI Express DC physical layer transmitter specifications for 2.5 GT/s, 5 GT/s, and 8 GT/s.

This table defines the PCI Express 1.0 (2.5 GT/s) DC electrical characteristics for the differential output at all transmitters. The parameters are specified at the component pins.

Table 65. PCI Express 1.0 (2.5 GT/s) differential transmitter output DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Differential peak-to-peak output voltage	V <sub>TX-</sub>	800.0	1000.0	1200.0	mV	2
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub>	3.0	3.5	4.0	dB	3
DC differential transmitter impedance	Z <sub>TX-DIFF-</sub>	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω	4
Transmitter DC impedance	Z <sub>TX-DC</sub>	40.0	50.0	60.0	Ω	5

<sup>1.</sup> For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.

- 2.  $V_{TX_DIFFp-p} = 2 x | V_{TX-D+} V_{TX-D-} |$
- 3. Ratio of V<sub>TX-DIFFp-p</sub> of the second and following bits after a transition divided by the V<sub>TX-DIFFp-p</sub> of the first bit after a transition.
- 4. Transmitter DC differential mode low impedance
- 5. Required transmitter D+ as well as D- DC Impedance during all states.

This table defines the DC electrical characteristics for the PCI Express 1.0 (2.5 GT/s) differential input at all receivers. The parameters are specified at the component pins.

Table 66. PCI Express 1.0 (2.5 GT/s) differential receiver input DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Differential peak-to-peak voltage	V <sub>RX-</sub>	175.0	1000.0	1200.0	mV	2, 3
DC differential input impedance	Z <sub>RX-DIFF-</sub>	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω	4, 5
DC input impedance	Z <sub>RX-DC</sub>	40.0	50.0	60.0	Ω	6, 3, 5
Powered down DC input impedance	Z <sub>RX-HIGH-</sub>	50.0	-	-	kΩ	7, 8
Electrical idle detect threshold	V <sub>RX-IDLE-</sub> DET-DIFF <sub>p</sub> -	65.0	-	175.0	mV	9, 3

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2.  $V_{RX\_DIFFp-p} = 2 \times |V_{RX-D+} V_{RX-D-}|$
- 3. Measured at the package pins with a test load of  $50\Omega$  to GND on each pin.

Table 66. PCI Express 1.0 (2.5 GT/s) differential receiver input DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes

- 4. Receiver DC differential mode impedance.
- 5. Impedance during all LTSSM states. When transitioning from a fundamental reset to detect (the initial state of the LTSSM) there is a 5 ms transition time before receiver termination values must be met on all configured lanes on a port.
- 6. Required receiver D+ as well as D- DC impedance (50 ± 20% tolerance).
- 7. Required receiver D+ as well as D- DC impedance when the receiver terminations do not have power.
- 8. The receiver DC common mode impedance that exists when no power is present or fundamental reset is asserted. This helps ensure that the receiver detect circuit does not falsely assume a receiver is powered on when it is not. This term must be measured at 300mV above the receiver ground.
- 9.  $V_{RX-IDLE-DET-DIFFp-p} = 2 \times |V_{RX-D+} V_{RX-D-}|$

This table defines the PCI Express 2.0 (5 GT/s) DC electrical characteristics for the differential output at all transmitters. The parameters are specified at the component pins.

Table 67. PCI Express 2.0 (5 GT/s) differential transmitter output DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Differential peak-to-peak output voltage	V <sub>TX-</sub>	800.0	1000.0	1200.0	mV	2
Low power differential peak-peak output voltage	V <sub>TX-</sub> DIFFP-P- LOW	400.0	500.0	1200.0	mV	2
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-3.5d B	3.0	3.5	4.0	dB	3
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-6.0d B	5.5	6.0	6.5	dB	3
DC differential transmitter impedance	Z <sub>TX-DIFF-</sub>	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω	4
Transmitter DC impedance	Z <sub>TX-DC</sub>	40.0	50.0	60.0	Ω	5

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2.  $V_{TX DIFFp-p} = 2 x | V_{TX-D+} V_{TX-D-} |$
- 3. Ratio of V TX-DIFFp-p of the second and following bits after a transition divided by the V TX-DIFFp-p of the first bit after a transition.
- 4. Transmitter DC differential mode low impedance
- 5. Required transmitter D+ as well as D- DC Impedance during all states.

This table defines the DC electrical characteristics for the PCI Express 2.0 (5 GT/s) differential input at all receivers. The parameters are specified at the component pins.

Table 68. PCI Express 2.0 (5 GT/s) differential receiver input DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Differential peak-to-peak voltage	V <sub>RX-</sub>	120.0	1000.0	1200.0	mV	2, 3
DC differential input impedance	Z <sub>RX-DIFF-</sub>	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω	4, 5
DC input impedance	Z <sub>RX-DC</sub>	40.0	50.0	60.0	Ω	6, 3, 5
Powered down DC input impedance	Z <sub>RX-HIGH-</sub> IMP-DC	50.0	-	-	kΩ	7, 8
Electrical idle detect threshold	V <sub>RX-IDLE-</sub> DET-DIFF <sub>p</sub> -	65.0	-	175.0	mV	9, 3

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2.  $V_{RX\ DIFFp-p} = 2 x | V_{RX-D+} V_{RX-D-} |$
- 3. Measured at the package pins with a test load of  $50\Omega$  to GND on each pin.
- 4. Receiver DC differential mode impedance.
- 5. Impedance during all LTSSM states. When transitioning from a fundamental reset to detect (the initial state of the LTSSM) there is a 5 ms transition time before receiver termination values must be met on all configured lanes on a port.
- 6. Required receiver D+ as well as D- DC impedance (50 ± 20% tolerance).
- 7. Required receiver D+ as well as D- DC impedance when the receiver terminations do not have power.
- 8. The receiver DC common mode impedance that exists when no power is present or fundamental reset is asserted. This helps ensure that the receiver detect circuit does not falsely assume a receiver is powered on when it is not. This term must be measured at 300mV above the receiver ground.
- 9.  $V_{RX-IDLE-DET-DIFFp-p} = 2 \times |V_{RX-D+} V_{RX-D-}|$

This table defines the PCI Express 3.0 (8 GT/s) DC electrical characteristics for the differential output at all transmitters. The parameters are specified at the component pins.

Table 69. PCI Express 3.0 (8 GT/s) differential transmitter output DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV DD = 1.8V) 1

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Full swing transmitter voltage with no TX Eq	V <sub>TX-FS-</sub>	800.0	-	1300.0	mVp-	2
Reduced swing transmitter voltage with no TX Eq	V <sub>TX-RS-</sub>	400.0	-	1300.0	mV	2
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-3.5d B	3.0	3.5	4.0	dB	3

Table 69. PCI Express 3.0 (8 GT/s) differential transmitter output DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-6.0d B	5.5	6.0	6.5	dB	3
Minimum swing during EIEOS for full swing	V <sub>TX-</sub> EIEOS-FS	250.0	-	-	mVp-	4
Minimum swing during EIEOS for reduced swing	V <sub>TX-</sub> EIEOS-RS	232.0	-	-	mVp-	4
DC differential transmitter impedance	Z <sub>TX-DIFF-</sub>	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω	5
Transmitter DC impedance	Z <sub>TX-DC</sub>	40.0	50.0	60.0	Ω	6

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Voltage measurements for V  $_{\text{TX-FS-NO-EQ}}$  and V  $_{\text{TX-RS-NO-EQ}}$  are made using the 64-zeroes/64-ones pattern in the compliance pattern.
- 3. Ratio of V<sub>TX-DIFFp-p</sub> of the second and following bits after a transition divided by the V<sub>TX-DIFFp-p</sub> of the first bit after a transition.
- 4. Voltage limits comprehend both full swing and reduced swing modes. The transmitter must reject any changes that would violate this specification. The maximum level is covered in the V <sub>TX-FS-NO-EQ</sub> measurement which represents the maximum peak voltage the transmitter can drive. The V <sub>TX-EIEOS-FS</sub> and V <sub>TX-EIEOS-RS</sub> voltage limits are imposed to guarantee the EIEOS threshold of 175 mV <sub>P-P</sub> at the receiver pin. This parameter is measured using the actual EIEOS pattern that is part of the compliance pattern and then removing the ISI contribution of the breakout channel.
- 5. Transmitter DC differential mode low impedance
- 6. Required transmitter D+ as well as D- DC Impedance during all states.

This table defines the DC electrical characteristics for the PCI Express 3.0 (8 GT/s) differential input at all receivers. The parameters are specified at the component pins.

Table 70. PCI Express 3.0 (8 GT/s) differential receiver input DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
DC differential input impedance	Z <sub>RX-DIFF-</sub> DC	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω	2, 3
DC input impedance	Z <sub>RX-DC</sub>	40.0	50.0	60.0	Ω	4, 5, 3
Powered down DC input impedance	Z <sub>RX-HIGH-</sub>	50.0	-	-	kΩ	6, 7
Electrical idle detect threshold	V <sub>RX-IDLE-</sub> DET-DIFFp- p	65.0	-	175.0	mV	8, 5

Table 70. PCI Express 3.0 (8 GT/s) differential receiver input DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Generator launch voltage	V <sub>RX-</sub> LAUNCH-8 G	-	800.0	-	mV	9
Eye height (-20dB channel)	V <sub>RX-</sub> sv-8G	25.0	-	-	mV	10
Eye height (-12dB channel)	V <sub>RX-</sub> sv-8G	50.0	-	-	mV	10
Eye height (-3dB channel)	V <sub>RX-</sub> SV-8G	200.0	-	-	mV	10

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Receiver DC differential mode impedance.
- 3. Impedance during all LTSSM states. When transitioning from a fundamental reset to detect (the initial state of the LTSSM) there is a 5 ms transition time before receiver termination values must be met on all configured lanes on a port.
- 4. Required receiver D+ as well as D- DC impedance (50 ± 20% tolerance).
- 5. Measured at the package pins with a test load of  $50\Omega$  to GND on each pin.
- 6. Required receiver D+ as well as D- DC impedance when the receiver terminations do not have power.
- 7. The receiver DC common mode impedance that exists when no power is present or fundamental reset is asserted. This helps ensure that the receiver detect circuit does not falsely assume a receiver is powered on when it is not. This term must be measured at 300mV above the receiver ground.
- 8.  $V_{RX-IDLE-DET-DIFFp-p} = 2 x | V_{RX-D+} V_{RX-D-} |$
- 9. Measured at TP1 per PCI Express base specification Rev 3.0.
- 10. Measured at TP2 per PCI Express base specification Rev 3.0. V RX-SV-8G is tested at three different voltages to ensure the receiver device under test is capable of equalizing over a range of channel loss profiles. In the parameter names, "SV" refers to stressed voltage. V RX-SV-8G is referenced to TP2P and is obtained after post-processing data is captured at TP2.

### 3.23.4.4 PCI Express AC timing specifications

This section describes the PCI Express AC physical layer transmitter specifications for 2.5 GT/s, 5 GT/s, and 8 GT/s.

This table defines the PCI Express 1.0 (2.5 GT/s) AC specifications for the differential output at all transmitters. The parameters are specified at the component pins. The ACtiming specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 71. PCI Express 1.0 (2.5 GT/s) differential transmitter output AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval	UI	399.88	400.0	400.12	ps	1
Minimum transmitter eye width	T <sub>TX-EYE</sub>	0.75	-	-	UI	2, 3, 4, 5

Table 71. PCI Express 1.0 (2.5 GT/s) differential transmitter output AC timing specifications (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Maximum time between the jitter median and maximum deviation from the median	T <sub>TX-EYE-</sub> MEDIAN-to- MAX- JITTER	-	-	0.125	UI	6, 3, 4, 5
AC coupling capacitor	C <sub>TX</sub>	75.0	-	200.0	nF	7, 8

- 1. Each UI is 400 ps ± 300 ppm. UI does not account for spread-spectrum clock dictated variations.
- 2. The maximum transmitter jitter can be derived as T  $_{\text{TX-MAX-JITTER}}$  = 1 -T  $_{\text{TX-EYE}}$  = 0.25 UI. Does not include spread-spectrum or REFCLK jitter. Includes devices random jitter at 10 <sup>-12</sup>.
- 3. Specified at the measurement point into a timing and voltage test load and measured over any 250 consecutive transmitter Uis.
- 4. A T  $_{\text{TX-EYE}}$  0.75 UI provides for a a total sum of deterministic and random jitter budget of T  $_{\text{TX-JITTER-MAX}}$  = 0.25 UI for the transmitter collected over any 250 consecutive transmitter Uis. The T  $_{\text{TX-EYE-MEDIAN-to-MAX-JITTER}}$  median is less than half of the total transmitter budget collected over any 250 consecutive transmitter UIs. It must be noted that the median is not the same as the mean. The jitter median describes the point in time where the number of jitter points on either side is approximately equal as opposed to the averaged time value.
- 5. See Figure 48.
- 6. Jilter is defined as the measurement variation of the crossing points ( $V_{TX-DIFFp-p} = 0 V$ ) in relation to a recovered transmitter UI. A recovered transmitter UI is calculated over 3500 consecutive unit intervals of sample data. Jitter is measured using all edges of the 250 consecutive UI in the center of the 3500 UI used for calculating the transmitter UI.
- 7. All transmitters must be AC coupled. The AC coupling is required either within the media or within the transmitting component itself.
- 8. The chip's SerDes transmitter does not have C TX built-in. An external AC coupling capacitor is required.

This table defines the AC timing specifications for the PCI Express 1.0 (2.5 GT/s) differential input at all receivers. The parameters are specified at the component pins. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 72. PCI Express 1.0 (2.5 GT/s) differential receiver input AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval	UI	399.88	400.0	400.12	ps	1
Minimum receiver eye width	T <sub>RX-EYE</sub>	0.4	-	-	UI	2, 3, 4
Maximum time between the jitter median and maximum deviation from the median	T <sub>RX-EYE-</sub> MEDIAN-to- MAX- JITTER	-	-	0.3	UI	3, 4, 5

- 1. Each UI is 400 ps ± 300 ppm. UI does not account for spread-spectrum clock dictated variations.
- 2. The maximum interconnect media and transmitter jitter that can be tolerated by the receiver can be derived as T <sub>RX-MAX-JITTER</sub> = 1 T <sub>RX-EYE</sub> = 0.6 UI.

Table 72. PCI Express 1.0 (2.5 GT/s) differential receiver input AC timing specifications (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes

- 3. Jitter is defined as the measurement variation of the crossing points (V RX-DIFFD-D = 0 V) in relation to a recovered transmitter UI. A recovered transmitter UI is calculated over 3500 consecutive unit intervals of sample data. Jitter is measured using all edges of the 250 consecutive UI in the center of the 3500 UI used for calculating the transmitter UI.
- 4. A T RX-FYF = 0.40 UI provides for a total sum of 0.60 UI deterministic and random jitter budget for the transmitter and interconnect collected any 250 consecutive UIs. The T RX-EYE-MEDIAN-to-MAX-JITTER specification ensures a jitter distribution in which the median and the maximum deviation from the median is less than half of the total. UI jitter budget collected over any 250 consecutive transmitter UIs. It must be noted that the median is not the same as the mean. The jitter median describes the point in time where the number of jitter points on either side is approximately equal as opposed to the averaged time value. If the clocks to the receiver and transmitter are not derived from the same reference clock, the transmitter UI recovered from 3500 consecutive UI must be used as the reference for the eye diagram.
- 5. It is recommended that the recovered transmitter UI is calculated using all edges in the 3500 consecutive UI interval with a fit algorithm using a minimization merit function. Least squares and median deviation fits have worked well with experimental and simulated data.

This table defines the PCI Express 2.0 (5 GT/s) AC specifications for the differential output at all transmitters. The parameters are specified at the component pins. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 73. PCI Express 2.0 (5 GT/s) differential transmitter output AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval	UI	199.94	200.0	200.06	ps	1
Minimum transmitter eye width	T <sub>TX-EYE</sub>	0.75	-	-	UI	2, 3, 4, 5
Transmitter deterministic jitter > 1.5 MHz	T <sub>TX-HF-</sub>	-	-	0.15	UI	-
Transmitter RMS jitter < 1.5 MHz	T <sub>TX-LF-</sub>	-	3.0	-	ps	6
AC coupling capacitor	Стх	75.0	-	200.0	nF	7, 8

- 1. Each UI is 200 ps ± 300 ppm. UI does not account for spread-spectrum clock dictated variations.
- 2. The maximum transmitter jitter can be derived as T TX-MAX-JITTER = 1 -T TX-EYE = 0.25 UI. Does not include spread-spectrum or REFCLK jitter. Includes devices random jitter at 10 <sup>-12</sup>.
- 3. Specified at the measurement point into a timing and voltage test load and measured over any 250 consecutive transmitter Uis.
- 4. A T TX-EYE 0.75 UI provides for a a total sum of deterministic and random jitter budget of T TX-JITTER-MAX = 0.25 UI for the transmitter collected over any 250 consecutive transmitter Uis. The T TX-EYE-MEDIAN-to-MAX-JITTER median is less than half of the total transmitter budget collected over any 250 consecutive transmitter UIs. It must be noted that the median is not the same as the mean. The jitter median describes the point in time where the number of jitter points on either side is approximately equal as opposed to the averaged time value.
- 5. See Figure 48.
- 6. Reference input clock RMS jitter (< 1.5 MHz) at pin < 1 ps.

Table 73. PCI Express 2.0 (5 GT/s) differential transmitter output AC timing specifications (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes		
7. All transmitters must be AC coupled. The AC coupling is required either within the media or within the transmitting component itself.								
8. The chip's SerDes transmitter does not have C <sub>TX</sub> built-in. An external AC coupling capacitor is required.								

This table defines the AC timing specifications for the PCI Express 2.0 (5 GT/s) differential input at all receivers. The parameters are specified at the component pins. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 74. PCI Express 2.0 (5 GT/s) differential receiver input AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	
Unit Interval	UI	199.4	200.0	200.06	ps	1	
Max receiver inherent timing error	T <sub>RX-TJ-CC</sub>	-	-	0.4	UI	-	
Max receiver inherent deterministic timing error	T <sub>RX-DJ-</sub> DD-CC	-	-	0.3	UI	-	
1. Each UI is 200 ps ± 300 ppm. UI does not account for spread-spectrum clock dictated variations.							

This table defines the PCI Express 3.0 (8 GT/s) AC specifications for the differential output at all transmitters. The parameters are specified at the component pins. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 75. PCI Express 3.0 (8 GT/s) differential transmitter output AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval	UI	124.9625	125.0	125.0375	ps	1
AC coupling capacitor	C <sub>TX</sub>	176.0	-	265.0	nF	2, 3
Transmitter uncorrelated total jitter	T <sub>TX-UTJ</sub>	-	-	31.25	ps p-	-
Transmitter uncorrelated deterministic jitter	T <sub>TX-UDJ-</sub>	-	-	12.0	ps p-	-
Total uncorrelated pulse width jitter (PWJ)	T <sub>TX-UPW-</sub>	-	-	24.0	ps p-	4, 5
Deterministic data dependent jitter (DjDD) uncorrelated pulse width jitter (PWJ)	T <sub>TX-UPW-</sub>	-	-	10.0	ps p-	4, 5
Data-dependent jitter	T <sub>TX-DDJ</sub>	-	-	18.0	ps p-	4, 5, 6

<sup>1.</sup> Each UI is 125 ps ± 300 ppm. UI does not account for spread-spectrum clock dictated variations.

Table 75. PCI Express 3.0 (8 GT/s) differential transmitter output AC timing specifications (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes

- 2. All transmitters must be AC coupled. The AC coupling is required either within the media or within the transmitting component itself.
- 3. The chip's SerDes transmitter does not have C TX built-in. An external AC coupling capacitor is required.
- 4. Measured with optimized preset value after de-embedding to transmitter pin.
- 5. PWJ parameters shall be measured after data-dependent jitter (DDJ) separation.
- 6. The AC specifications do not include Refclk jitter

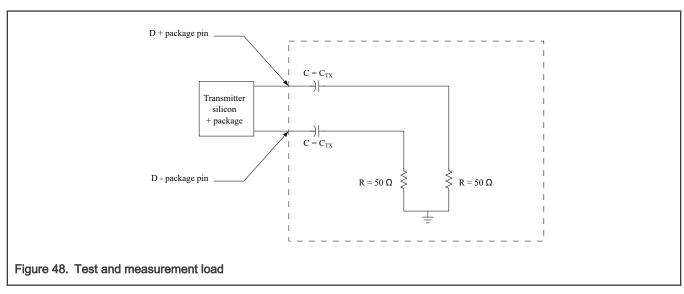
This table defines the AC timing specifications for the PCI Express 3.0 (8 GT/s) differential input at all receivers. The parameters are specified at the component pins. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 76. PCI Express 3.0 (8 GT/s) differential receiver input AC timing specifications

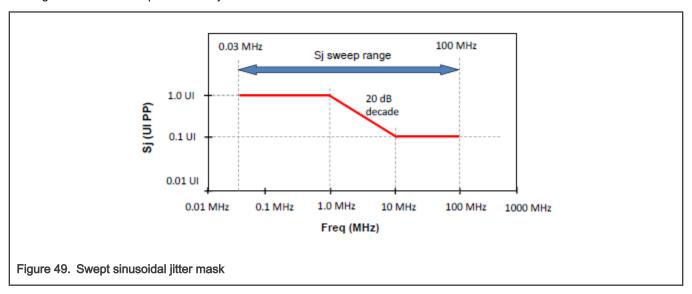
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval	UI	124.9625	125.0	125.0375	ps	1, 2
Eye width at TP2P	T <sub>RX-</sub> SV-8G	0.3	-	0.35	UI	2
Differential mode interference	V <sub>RX-SV-</sub>	14.0	-	-	mV	3
Sinusoidal jitter at 100 MHz	T <sub>RX-SV-</sub> SJ-8G	-	-	0.1	UI p-p	4, 5
Random jitter	T <sub>RX-SV-</sub>	-	-	2.0	ps RMS	6, 5

- 1. Each UI is 125 ps ± 300 ppm. UI does not account for spreadspectrum clock dictated variations.
- 2. T <sub>RX-SV</sub> is referenced to TP2P and is obtained after post-processing data is captured at TP2. T <sub>RX-SV</sub> includes the effects of applying the behavioral receiver model and receiver behavioral equalization.
- 3. Frequency = 2.1 GHz. V <sub>RX-SV-DIFF-8G</sub> voltage may need to be adjusted over a wide range for the different loss calibration channels.
- 4. Fixed at 100 MHz. The sinusoidal jitter in the total jitter tolerance may have any amplitude and frequency.
- 5. See Figure 49.
- 6. Random jitter spectrally flat before filtering. Random jitter (Rj) is applied over the following range: The low frequency limit may be between 1.5 and 10 MHz, and the upper limit is 1.0 GHz. Rj may be adjusted to meet the 0.3 UI value for T <sub>RX-SV-8G</sub>.

The AC timing and voltage parameters must be verified at the measurement point. The package pins of the device must be connected to the test/measurement load within 0.2 inches of that load, as shown in the following figure. Note that the allowance of the measurement point to be within 0.2 inches of the package pins is meant to acknowledge that package/board routing may benefit from D+ and D- not being exactly matched in length at the package pin boundary. If the vendor does not explicitly state where the measurement point is located, the measurement point is assumed to be the D+ and Dpackage pins.



This figure shows the swept sinusoidal jitter mask.



# 3.23.5 Serial ATA (SATA)

### 3.23.5.1 SATA DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the differential transmitter output DC characteristics for the SATAinterface at Gen1i/1m or 1.5 Gbits/s transmission.

Table 77. SATA Gen 1i/1m 1.5G transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter differential output voltage	V SATA_TXDI FF	400.0	500.0	600.0	mV p-p	Terminated by a $50\Omega$ load.

Table 77. SATA Gen 1i/1m 1.5G transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter differential pair impedance	Z SATA_TXDI FFIM	85.0	100.0	115.0	Ω	DC impedance.

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Terminated by a  $50\Omega$  load.
- 3. DC impedance.

This table provides the Gen1i/1m or 1.5 Gbits/s differential receiver input DC characteristics for the SATA interface.

Table 78. SATA Gen 1i/1m 1.5G receiver input DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Differential input voltage	V SATA_RXDI FF	240.0	500.0	600.0	mV p-p	2
Differential receiver input impedance	Z SATA_RXS EIM	85.0	100.0	115.0	Ω	3
OOB signal detection threshold	V SATA_OOB	50.0	120.0	240.0	mV p-p	-

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Voltage relative to common of either signal comprising a differential pair.
- 3. DC impedance.

This table provides the differential transmitter output DC characteristics for the SATA interface at Gen2i/2m or 3.0 Gbits/s transmission.

Table 79. SATA Gen 2i/2m 3G transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV  $_{DD}$  = 1.8V)  $^{1}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter differential output voltage	V SATA_TXDI FF	400.0	-	700.0	mV p-p	Terminated by a $50\Omega$ load.
Transmitter differential pair impedance	Z SATA_TXDI FFIM	85.0	100.0	115.0	Ω	DC impedance.

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Terminated by a  $50\Omega$  load.
- 3. DC impedance.

This table provides the Gen2i/2m or 3 Gbits/s differential receiver input DC characteristics for the SATA interface.

Table 80. SATA Gen 2i/2m 3G receiver input DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Differential input voltage	V SATA_RXDI FF	240.0	-	750.0	mV p-p	2
Differential receiver input impedance	Z SATA_RXS EIM	85.0	100.0	115.0	Ω	3
OOB signal detection threshold	V SATA_OOB	75.0	120.0	240.0	mV p-p	-

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Voltage relative to common of either signal comprising a differential pair.
- 3. DC impedance.

This table provides the differential transmitter output DC characteristics for the SATA interface at Gen 3i transmission.

Table 81. SATA Gen 3i transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter differential output voltage	V SATA_TXDI FF	240.0	-	900.0	mV p-p	Terminated by a $50\Omega$ load.
Transmitter differential pair impedance	Z SATA_TXDI FFIM	85.0	100.0	115.0	Ω	DC impedance.

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Terminated by a  $50\Omega$  load.
- 3. DC impedance.

This table provides the Gen 3i differential receiver input DC characteristics for the SATAinterface.

Table 82. SATA Gen 3i receiver input DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Differential input voltage	V SATA_RXDI FF	240.0	-	1000.0	mV p-p	2
Differential receiver input impedance	Z SATA_RXS EIM	85.0	100.0	115.0	Ω	3

Table 82. SATA Gen 3i receiver input DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
OOB signal detection threshold	V	75.0	120.0	200.0	mV	-
	SATA_OOB				р-р	

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Voltage relative to common of either signal comprising a differential pair.
- 3. DC impedance.

### 3.23.5.2 SATA AC timing specifications

This table provides the AC requirements for the SATA reference clock. These requirements must be guaranteed by the customer's application design.

Table 83. SATA reference clock input requirements

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
SDn_REF_CLKn_P/ SDn_REF_CLKn_N frequency range	t CLK_REF	-	100 / 125	-	MHz	1
SDn_REF_CLK z_P/ SDn_REF_CLKn_N frequency tolerance	t <sub>CLK_TOL</sub>	-350.0	-	350.0	ppm	-
SDn_REF_CLKn_P/ SDn_REF_CLKn_N reference clock duty cycle	t CLK_DUTY	40	50	60	%	2
SDn_REF_CLKn_P/ SDn_REF_CLKn_N cycle-to- cycle clock jitter (period jitter)	t <sub>CLK_CJ</sub>	-	-	100.0	ps	3
SDn_REF_CLKn_P/ SDn_REF_CLKn_N total reference clock jitter, phase jitter (peak-to-peak)	t <sub>CLK_PJ</sub>	-50.0	-	50.0	-	3, 4, 5

- 1. Caution: Only 100 MHz and 125 MHz have been tested. In-between values do not work correctly with the rest of the system.
- 2. Measurement taken from differential waveform.
- 3. At RefClk input.
- 4. In a frequency band from 150 kHz to 15 MHz at BER of 10 -12.
- 5. Total peak-to-peak deterministic jitter must be less than or equal to 50 ps.

This table provides the differential transmitter output AC characteristics for the SATA interface at Gen 1i/1m or 1.5 Gbits/s transmission. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 84. Gen 1i/1m 1.5 G transmitter AC timing specifications

Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
UI	666.4333	666.6667	670.2333	-	-
t CH_SPEED	-	1.5	-	Gbps	-
U SATA_TXTJ 5UI	-	-	0.355	UI p-p	1
U SATA_TXTJ 250UI	-	-	0.47	UI p-p	1
U SATA_TXDJ 5UI	-	-	0.175	UI p-p	1
U SATA_TXDJ 250UI	-	-	0.22	UI p-p	1
	UI  t CH_SPEED  U SATA_TXTJ 5UI  U SATA_TXTJ 250UI  U SATA_TXDJ 5UI  U SATA_TXDJ	UI 666.4333  t	UI 666.4333 666.6667  t	UI 666.4333 666.6667 670.2333  t	UI       666.4333       666.6667       670.2333       -         t       -       1.5       -       Gbps         U       -       -       0.355       UI p-p         SATA_TXTJ 5UI       -       -       0.47       UI p-p         U       -       -       0.175       UI p-p         SATA_TXDJ 5UI       -       -       0.22       UI p-p

This table provides the Gen1i/1m or 1.5 Gbits/s differential receiver input AC characteristics for the SATA interface. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 85. Gen 1i/1m 1.5 G receiver AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval	UI	666.4333	666.6667	670.2333	-	-
Total jitter, data-data 5 UI	U SATA_RXTJ 5UI	-	-	0.43	UI p-p	Measured at the receiver.
Total jitter, data-data 250 UI	U SATA_RXTJ 250UI	-	-	0.6	UI p-p	Measured at the receiver.
Deterministic jitter, data-data 5 UI	U SATA_RXDJ 5UI	-	-	0.25	UI p-p	Measured at the receiver.
Deterministic jitter, data-data 250 UI	U SATA_RXDJ 250UI	-	-	0.35	UI p-p	Measured at the receiver.

This table provides the differential transmitter output AC characteristics for the SATA interface at Gen 2i/2m or 3.0 Gbits/s transmission. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 86. Gen 2i/2m 3 G transmitter AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval	UI	333.2167	333.3333	335.1167	-	-
Channel speed	t CH_SPEED	-	3.0	-	Gbps	-
Total jitter, f <sub>C3DB</sub> = f <sub>BAUD</sub> ÷ 500	U SATA_TXTJ fB/500	-	-	0.37	UI p-p	1
Total jitter, f <sub>C3DB</sub> = f <sub>BAUD</sub> ÷ 1667	U SATA_TXTJ fB/1667	-	-	0.55	UI p-p	1
Deterministic jitter, f <sub>C3DB</sub> = f <sub>BAUD</sub> ÷ 500	U SATA_TXTJ fB/500	-	-	0.19	UI p-p	1
Deterministic jitter, f <sub>C3DB</sub> = f <sub>BAUD</sub> ÷ 1667	U SATA_TXTJ fB/1667	-	-	0.35	UI p-p	1

This table provides the differential receiver input AC characteristics for the SATA interface at Gen2i/2m or 3.0 Gbits/s

Table 87. Gen 2i/2m 3 G receiver AC timing specifications

transmission. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval	UI	333.2167	333.3333	335.1167	-	-
Total jitter, f <sub>C3DB</sub> = f <sub>BAUD</sub> ÷ 500	U SATA_RXTJ fB/500	-	-	0.6	UI p-p	Measured at the receiver.
Total jitter, f <sub>C3DB</sub> = f <sub>BAUD</sub> ÷ 1667	U SATA_RXTJ fB/1667	-	-	0.65	UI p-p	Measured at the receiver.
Deterministic jitter, f <sub>C3DB</sub> = f <sub>BAUD</sub> ÷ 500	U SATA_RXTJ fB/500	-	-	0.42	UI p-p	Measured at the receiver.
Deterministic jitter, f <sub>C3DB</sub> = f <sub>BAUD</sub> ÷ 1667	U SATA_RXTJ fB/1667	-	-	0.35	UI p-p	Measured at the receiver.

This table provides the differential transmitter output AC characteristics for the SATA interface at Gen 3i transmission. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 88. Gen 3i transmitter AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Unit Interval	UI	166.6083	167.6667	167.5583	-
Channel speed	t CH_SPEED	-	6.0	-	Gbps
Total jitter before and after compliance interconnect channel	J <sub>T</sub>	-	-	0.52	UI p-p
Random jitter before compliance interconnect channel	J <sub>R</sub>	-	-	0.18	UI p-p

This table provides the differential receiver input AC characteristics for the SATA interface at Gen 3i transmission The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 89. Gen 3i receiver AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Unit Interval	UI	166.6083	167.6667	167.5583	-
Total jitter before and after compliance interconnect channel	J <sub>T</sub>	-	-	0.6	UI p-p
Random jitter before compliance interconnect channel	J <sub>R</sub>	-	-	0.18	UI p-p

## 3.23.6 SGMII interface

Each SGMII port features a 4-wire AC-coupled serial link from the SerDes interface of the chip, as shown in Figure 50, where  $C_{TX}$  is the external (on board) AC-coupled capacitor. Each SerDes transmitter differential pair features  $100-\Omega$  output impedance. Each input of the SerDes receiver differential pair features  $50-\Omega$  on-die termination to XGNDn. The reference circuit of the SerDes transmitter and receiver is shown in figure SerDes transmitter and receiver reference circuits.

### 3.23.6.1 SGMII clocking requirements for SDn\_REF\_CLK1\_P and SDn\_REF\_CLK1\_N

When operating in SGMII mode, a SerDes reference clock is required on SDn\_REF\_CLK[1:2]\_P and SDn\_REF\_CLK[1:2]\_N pins. Both SerDes 1 and SerDes 2 may be used for SGMII configurations based on the RCW Configuration field SRDS\_PRTCL.

For more information on these specifications, see SerDes reference clocks.

### 3.23.6.2 SGMII DC electrical characteristics

This table describes the SGMII SerDes transmitter AC-coupled DC electrical characteristics. Transmitter DC characteristics are measured at the transmitter outputs (SDn\_TXn\_P and SDn\_TXn\_N), as shown in the SGMII transmitter DC measurement circuit figure below.

Table 90. SGMII DC transmitter electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1, 12, 13</sup>

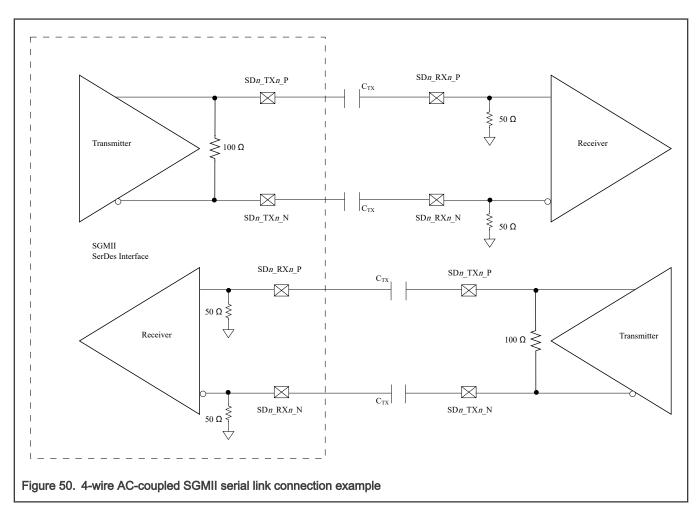
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Output high voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	-	-	1.5 x  V <sub>OD</sub>   <sub>-max</sub>	mV	2

Table 90. SGMII DC transmitter electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1, 12, 13</sup> (continued)

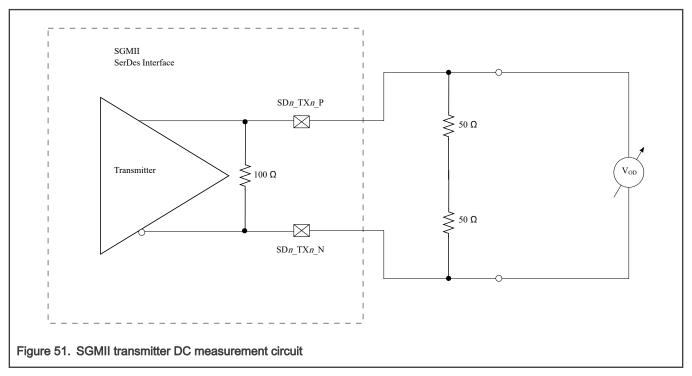
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Output low voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>OD</sub>   <sub>-min</sub> /2	-	-	mV	2
Output differential voltage	IV OD	320.0	500.0	725.0	mV	3, 4, 5
Output differential voltage	IV OD	293.8	459.0	665.6	mV	3, 4, 6
Output differential voltage	IV OD	266.9	417.0	604.7	mV	3, 4, 7
Output differential voltage	IV OD	240.6	376.0	545.2	mV	3, 4, 8
Output differential voltage	IV OD	213.1	333.0	482.9	mV	3, 4, 9
Output differential voltage	IV OD	186.9	292.0	423.4	mV	3, 4, 10
Output differential voltage	IV OD	160.0	250.0	362.5	mV	3, 4, 11
Output impedance (differential)	Ro	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω	-

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. This does not align to DC-coupled SGMII.
- 3.  $|V_{OD}| = |V_{SD\_TXn\_P} V_{SD\_TXn\_N}|$ .  $|V_{OD}|$  is also referred to as output differential peak voltage.  $|V_{TX-DIFFp-p}| = 2 \times |V_{OD}|$ .
- 4. The  $|V_{OD}|$  value shown in Typ column is based on the condition of XnVDD-Typ = 1.35 V, no common mode offset variation. SerDes transmitter is terminated with 100- $\Omega$  differential load between SDn\_TXn\_P and SDn\_TXn\_N.
- 5. TECR0[AMP\_RED]=0b000000
- 6. TECR0[AMP\_RED]=0b000001
- 7. TECR0[AMP\_RED]=0b000011
- 8. TECR0[AMP\_RED]=0b000010
- 9. TECR0[AMP\_RED]=0b000110 (default)
- 10. TECR0[AMP\_RED]=0b000111
- 11. TECR0[AMP\_RED]=0b010000
- 12. See Figure 50.
- 13. See Figure 51.

This figure shows an example of a 4-wire AC-coupled SGMII serial link connection.



This figure shows the SGMII transmitter DC measurement circuit.



This table lists the SGMII DC receiver electrical characteristics. Source synchronous clocking is not supported. Clock is recovered from the data.

Table 91. SGMII DC receiver electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
DC input voltage range	V IN	N/A	N/A	-	2
Input differential voltage (REIDL_TH = 001, default)	V <sub>RX_DIFFp-p</sub>	100.0	1200.0	mV	3, 4
Input differential voltage (REIDL_TH = 100)	V <sub>RX_DIFFp-p</sub>	175.0	1200.0	mV	3, 4
Loss of signal threshold (REIDL_TH = 001, default)	V <sub>LOS</sub>	30.0	100.0	mV	5, 4
Loss of signal threshold (REIDL_TH = 100)	V <sub>LOS</sub>	65.0	175.0	mV	5, 4
Receiver differential input impedance	Z <sub>RX_DIFF</sub>	80.0	120.0	Ω	-

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Input must be externally AC coupled.
- 3. V  $_{\text{RX\_DIFFp-p}}$  is also referred to as peak-to-peak input differential voltage.
- 4. The REIDL\_TH shown in the table referes to the chip's SRDSxLNmGCR1[REIDL\_TH] bit field.
- 5. The concept of this parameter is equivalent to the electrical idle detect threshold parameter in PCI Express.

### 3.23.6.3 SGMII AC timing specifications

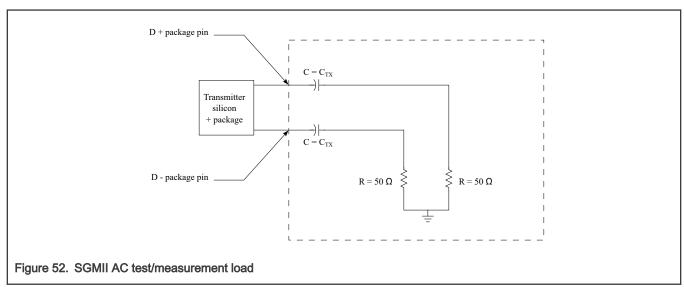
This table provides the SGMII transmit AC timing specifications. A source synchronous clock is not supported. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 92. SGMII transmitter AC timing specifications <sup>4</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Deterministic jitter	J <sub>D</sub>	-	-	0.17	UI p-p	-
Total jitter	J <sub>T</sub>	-	-	0.35	UI p-p	1
Unit interval: 1.25 GBaud (SGMII)	UI	800-100ppm	800.0	800+100ppm	ps	2
AC coupling capacitor	C <sub>TX</sub>	10.0	-	200.0	nF	3

- 1. See Figure 53.
- 2. Each UI is 800 ps ± 100 ppm or 320 ps ± 100 ppm.
- 3. The external AC coupling capacitor is required. It is recommended that it be placed near the device transmitter output.
- 4. See Figure 52.

Transmitter and receiver AC characteristics are measured at the transmitter outputs (SDn\_TXn\_P and SDn\_TXn\_N) or at the receiver inputs (SDn\_RXn\_P and SDn\_RXn\_N) respectively, as shown in this figure.



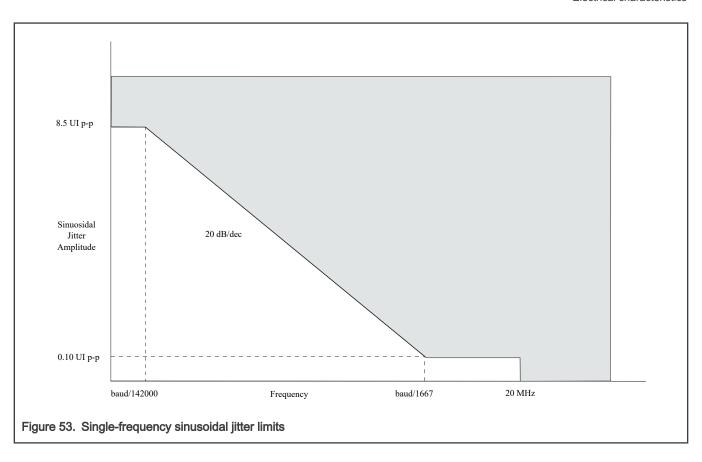
This table provides the SGMII receiver AC timing specifications. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter. Source synchronous clocking is not supported. Clock is recovered from the data.

Table 93. SGMII receiver AC timing specifications <sup>3</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Deterministic jitter tolerance	J <sub>D</sub>	-	-	0.37	UI p-p	1
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	J <sub>DR</sub>	-	-	0.55	UI p-p	1
Total jitter tolerance	J <sub>T</sub>	-	-	0.65	UI p-p	1, 2, 3
Unit interval: 1.25 GBaud (SGMII)	UI	800-100ppm	800.0	800+100ppm	ps	1
Bit error ratio	BER	-	-	10 <sup>-12</sup>	-	-

- 1. Measured at receiver.
- 2. Total jitter is composed of three components: deterministic jitter, random jitter, and single frequency sinusoidal jitter. The sinusoidal jitter may have any amplitude and frequency in the unshaded region of the Single-frequency sinusoidal jitter limits figure shown below. The sinusoidal jitter component is included to ensure margin for low frequency jitter, wander, noise, crosstalk and other variable system effects.
- 3. See Figure 53.

The sinusoidal jitter in the total jitter tolerance may have any amplitude and frequency in the unshaded region of this figure.



### 3.23.7 XFI

### 3.23.7.1 XFI clocking requirements for SDn\_REF\_CLKn\_P and SDn\_REF\_CLKn\_N

SerDes 1 and SerDes 2 (SD1\_REF\_CLK[1:2]\_P and SD1\_REF\_CLK[1:2]\_N and SD2\_REF\_CLK[1:2]\_P and SD2\_REF\_CLK[1:2]\_N) may be used for SerDes XFI configurations based on the RCW Configuration field SRDS\_PRTCL.

For more information on these specifications, see SerDes reference clocks.

### 3.23.7.2 XFI DC electrical characteristics

This table defines the XFI transmitter DC electrical characteristics.

Table 94. XFI transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Output differential voltage	V <sub>TX-DIFF</sub>	360.0	-	770.0	mV	LNmTECR0[E Q_AMP_RED ]= 000111
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 1.14dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-1.14 dB	0.6	1.1	1.6	dB	LNmTECR0[E Q_POST1Q]= 00011

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Table 94. XFI transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 3.5dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-3.5d B	3.0	3.5	4.0	dB	LNmTECR0[E Q_POST1Q]= 01000
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 4.66dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-4.66 dB	4.1	4.6	5.1	dB	LNmTECR0[E Q_POST1Q]= 01010
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 6.0dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-6.0d B	5.5	6.0	6.5	dB	LNmTECR0[E Q_POST1Q]= 01100
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 9.5dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-9.5d B	9.0	9.5	10.0	dB	LNmTECR0[E Q_POST1Q]= 10000
Differential resistance	T <sub>RD</sub>	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω	-

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. LNmTECR0[EQ\_AMP\_RED]= 000111
- 3. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 00011
- 4. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 01000
- 5. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 01010
- 6. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 01100
- 7. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 10000

This table defines the XFI receiver DC electrical characteristics.

Table 95. XFI receiver DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Differential resistance	R <sub>RD</sub>	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω	-
Input differential voltage	V <sub>RX-DIFF</sub>	110.0	-	1050.0	mV	Measured at receiver.

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Measured at receiver.

### 3.23.7.3 XFI AC timing specifications

This table defines the XFI transmitter AC timing specifications. RefClk jitter is not included.

Table 96. XFI transmitter AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter baud Rate	T <sub>BAUD</sub>	10.3125-100ppm	10.3125	10.3125+100ppm	Gb/s
Unit Interval	UI	-	96.96	-	ps
Deterministic jitter	DJ	-	-	0.15	UI p-p
Total jitter tolerance	T J	-	-	0.3	UI p-p

This table defines the XFI receiver AC timing specifications. RefClk jitter is not included.

Table 97. XFI receiver AC timing specifications <sup>3</sup>

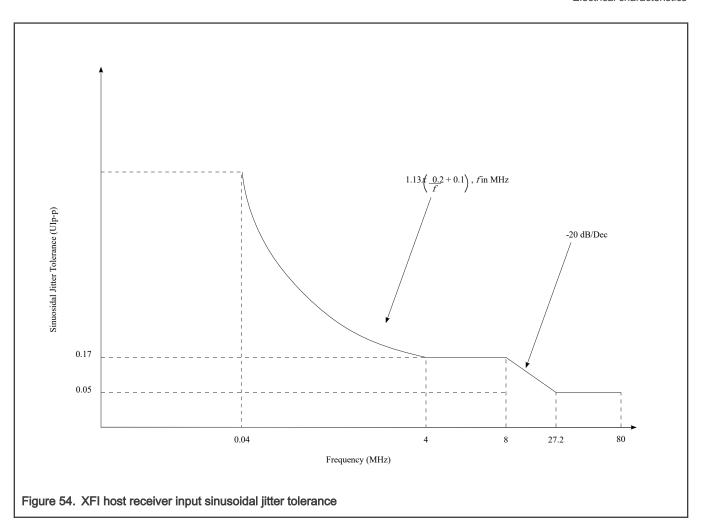
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval	UI	-	96.96	-	ps	-
Receiver baud rate	R <sub>BAUD</sub>	10.3125-100pp m	10.3125	10.3125+100pp m	Gb/s	-
Total non-EQJ jitter	T <sub>NON-EQJ</sub>	-	-	0.45	UI p-p	1
Total jitter tolerance	Т	-	-	0.65	UI p-p	1, 2

<sup>1.</sup> The total jitter (TJ) consists of Random Jitter (RJ), Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD), Periodic Jitter (PJ), and Inter-Symbol Interference (ISI). Non-EQJ jitter can include duty cycle distortion (DCD), random jitter (RJ), and periodic jitter (PJ). Non-EQJ jitter is uncorrelated to the primary data stream with exception of the DCD and so cannot be equalized by the receiver under test. It can exhibit a wide spectrum. Non - EQJ = TJ - ISI = RJ + DCD + PJ.

3. See Figure 54.

This figure shows the sinusoidal jitter tolerance of XFI receiver.

<sup>2.</sup> The XFI channel has a loss budget of 9.6 dB @5.5GHz. The channel loss including connector @ 5.5GHz is 6dB. The channel crosstalk and reflection margin is 3.6dB. Manual tuning of TX Equalization and amplitude will be required for performance optimization.



## 3.23.8 SFI

## 3.23.8.1 SFI DC electrical characteristics

This table defines the SFI+ transmitter DC electrical characteristics.

Table 98. SFI+ host transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Output differential voltage	V <sub>TX-DIFF</sub>	190	-	700	mV <sub>p-p</sub>	2
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 1.14dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-1.14 dB	0.6	1.1	1.6	dB	3
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 3.5dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-3.5d B	3	3.5	4	dB	4

Table 98. SFI+ host transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 4.66dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-4.66 dB	4.1	4.6	5.1	dB	5
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 6.0dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-6.0d B	5.5	6.0	6.5	dB	6
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 9.5dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-9.5d B	9	9.5	10	dB	7
Differential resistance	T <sub>RD</sub>	80	100	120	Ω	-

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. LNmTECR0[EQ\_AMP\_RED]= 000111
- 3. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 00011
- 4. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 01000
- 5. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 01010
- 6. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 01100
- 7. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 10000

This table defines the SFI+ host receiver DC electrical characteristics.

Table 99. SFI+ host receiver DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV<sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Differential resistance	R <sub>RD</sub>	80		120	Ω	-
Input differential voltage	V <sub>RX-DIFF</sub>	300	-	850	mV <sub>p-p</sub>	-

<sup>1.</sup> For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.

### 3.23.8.2 SFI AC timing specifications

This table defines the SFI+ host transmitter AC timing specifications.

Table 100. SFI+ host transmitter AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter baud Rate	T <sub>BAUD</sub>	10.3125-100ppm	10.3125	10.3125+100ppm	Gb/s
Unit Interval	UI	-	96.96	-	ps
Data dependent jitter	DDJ	-	-	0.1	UI p-p

Table 100. SFI+ host transmitter AC timing specifications (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Data dependent pulse width shrinkage	DDPWS			0.055	UI p-p
Uncorrelated jitter	UJ			0.023	UI (RMS)
Total jitter tolerance	T <sub>J</sub>	-	-	0.28	UI p-p

<sup>1.</sup> Duty cycle distortion (DCD) and Pulse Width Shrinkage (DDPWS) are components of DDJ. DDJ is the range (max-min) of the timing variations.

This table defines the SFI+ host receiver AC timing specifications.

Table 101. SFI+ host receiver AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval	UI	-	96.96	-	ps	-
Receiver baud rate	R <sub>BAUD</sub>	10.3125-100pp m	10.3125	10.3125+100pp m	Gb/s	-
99% jitter	J2			0.42		1
Pulse width shrinkage jitter	DDPWS	-	-	0.3	UI p-p	2
Total jitter	T <sub>J</sub>	-	-	0.7	UI p-p	

<sup>1.</sup> The 99% jitter is per SFF-8431 Rev4.1 and includes sinusoidal jitter, per Figure 55.

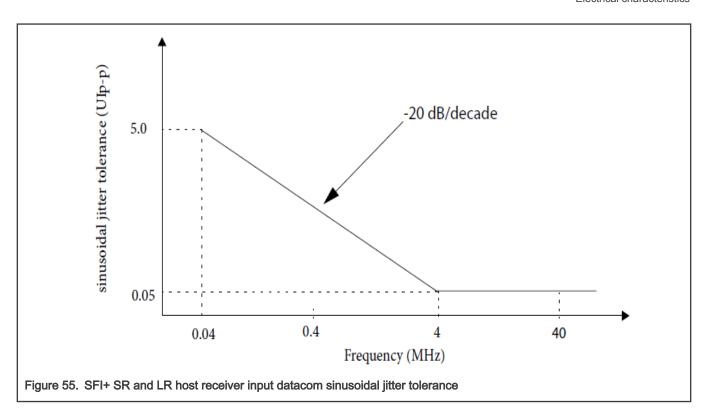
This figure shows the sinusoidal jitter tolerance of SFI receiver.

<sup>2.</sup> The AC specifications do not include Refclk jitter.

<sup>2.</sup> In practice the test implementer may trade DDPWS with other pulse width shrinkage from the sinusoidal interferer per SFF-8431 Rev4.1.

<sup>3.</sup> The SFI total channel Link Budget when measured with Host Compliance board is 9.0 dB @5.5GHz. The channel loss including connector measured with Host Compliance board @ 5.5GHz is 6.5dB. The penalty for reflections and other impairments is 2.5dB. Manual tuning of TX Equalization and amplitude will be required for performance optimization.

<sup>4.</sup> The AC specifications do not include Refclk jitter.



## 3.23.9 SFP+ direct attach copper

SFP+ Direct Attach Copper is supported for passive copper cable compliant per SFF-8472.

### 3.23.9.1 SFP+ direct attach copper DC electrical characteristics

The SFP+ host supporting direct attach cables must meet transmitter output DC specifications in Table 98 at reference point B per SFF-8472. In addition, the SFP+ host transmitter must meet the specifications in the table below.

This table defines the SFP+ host transmitter ouput DC specifications.

Table 102. SFP+ host transmitter output DC electrical characteristics at B for Cu (SD\_OV<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameters - B	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Voltage modulation amplitude (p-p)	VMA	300			mV
Transmitter Qsq	Qsq	63.1			
Output AC common mode voltage				12.0	mV (RMS)
Host output TWDPc	TWDPc			10.7	dBe

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. Qsq = 1/RN if the one level and zero level noises are identical. RN is relative noise per SFF-8472.
- 3. Host electrical output measured with LRM 14 taps FFE and 5 taps DFE Equalizer with PRBS9 for copper direct attach stressor.
- 4. The TWDPc is the host transmitter penalty for copper cable stressor.

The SFP+ host supporting direct attach cables must meet the receiver output DC specifications in Table 99.

### 3.23.9.2 SFP+ direct attach AC timing specifications

The SFP+ host supporting direct attach cables must meet the transmitter output AC specifications in Table 100 at reference point B per SFF-8472.

The SFP+ host supporting direct attach cables must meet the AC specifications in Table 101 in at reference point B per SFF-8472. In addition, the SFP+ host receiver must meet required 1×10<sup>-12</sup> BER when tested with the stressed signal described per SFF-847.

### 3.23.10 1000Base-KX

### 3.23.10.1 1000Base-KX DC electrical characteristics

This table describes the 1000Base-KX SerDes transmitter DC specification at TP1 per IEEE Std 802.3-2015. Transmitter DC characteristics are measured at the transmitter outputs (SDn\_TXn\_P and SDn\_TXn\_N).

Table 103. 1000Base-KX transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Output differential voltage	V <sub>TX-</sub>	800.0	-	1600.0	mV	2
Differential resistance	T <sub>RD</sub>	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω	-

<sup>1.</sup> For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.

This tableprovides the 1000Base-KX receiver DC timing specifications.

Table 104. 1000Base-KX receiver DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input differential voltage	V <sub>RX-DIFFp-p</sub>	-	1600.0	mV
Differential resistance	T <sub>RDIN</sub>	80.0	120.0	Ω
1 For recommended operating conditions, see	Pecommended (	Operating Conditions		ı

For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.

### 3.23.10.2 1000Base-KX AC timing specifications

This table defines the 1000Base-KX transmitter AC timing specifications.

Table 105. 1000Base-KX transmitter AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Baud rate	T <sub>BAUD</sub>	1.25-100ppm	1.25	1.25+100ppm	Gb/s	-
Uncorrelated high probability jitter/ Random Jitter	T <sub>UHPJ</sub> / T	-	-	0.15	UI p-p	-
Deterministic jitter tolerance	T <sub>DJ</sub>	-	-	0.1	UI p-p	-
Total jitter tolerance	T <sub>TJ</sub>	-	-	0.25	UI p-p	1

<sup>2.</sup> SRDSxLNmTECR0[AMP\_RED]=00\_0000

Table 105. 1000Base-KX transmitter AC timing specifications (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
1. Total jitter is specified at a BER	of 10 <sup>-12</sup> .					

This table defines the 1000Base-KX receiver AC timing specifications.

Table 106. 1000Base-KX receiver AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Baud rate	R <sub>BAUD</sub>	1.25-100ppm	1.25	1.25+100ppm	Gb/s	-
Total jitter tolerance	R <sub>TJ</sub>	-	-	Per IEEE 802.3ap-clause 70.	UI p-p	1
Random jitter	R <sub>RJ</sub>	-	-	0.15	UI p-p	2
Sinusoidal jitter (maximum)	R <sub>SJ-max</sub>	-	-	0.1	UI p-p	1

<sup>1.</sup> The receiver interference tolerance level of this parameter shall be measured as described in Annex 69A of the IEEE Std 802.3ap-2007.

### 3.23.11 10GBase-KR

### 3.23.11.1 10GBase-KR clocking requirements for SDn\_REF\_CLKn and SDn\_REF\_CLKn\_B

Only SerDes 1 and SerDes 2 may be used for SerDes 10GBase-KR configurations based on the RCW Configuration field SRDS\_PRTCL.

For more information on these specifications, see SerDes reference clocks .

### 3.23.11.2 10GBase-KR DC electrical characteristics

This table defines the 10GBase-KR transmitter DC electrical characteristics.

Table 107. 10GBase-KR transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Output differential voltage	V <sub>TX-DIFF</sub>	800.0	-	1200.0	mV	2
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 1.14dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-1.14 dB	0.6	1.1	1.6	dB	3
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 3.5dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-3.5d B	3.0	3.5	4.0	dB	4

<sup>2.</sup> Random jitter is specified at a BER of 10 <sup>-12</sup>.

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Table 107. 10GBase-KR transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup> (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 4.66dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-4.66 dB	4.1	4.6	5.1	dB	5
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 6.0dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-6.0d B	5.5	6.0	6.5	dB	6
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 9.5dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-9.5d B	9.0	9.5	10.0	dB	7
Differential resistance	T <sub>RD</sub>	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω	-

- 1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.
- 2. LNmTECR0[EQ\_AMP\_RED]= 000000
- 3. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 00011
- 4. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 01000
- 5. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 01010
- 6. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 01100
- 7. LNmTECR0[EQ\_POST1Q]= 10000

This table defines the 10GBase-KR receiver DC electrical characteristics.

Table 108. 10GBase-KR receiver DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit			
Input differential voltage	V <sub>RX-DIFF</sub>	-	1200.0	mV			
Differential resistance	R <sub>RD</sub>	80.0	120.0	Ω			
1 For recommended operating conditions, see Percommended Operating Conditions							

#### For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.

### 3.23.11.3 10GBase-KR AC timing specifications

This table defines the 10GBase-KR transmitter AC timing specifications. RefClk jitter is not included.

Table 109. 10GBase-KR transmitter AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter baud rate	T <sub>BAUD</sub>	10.3125 - 100 ppm	10.3125	10.3125 + 100 ppm	GBd
Deterministic jitter	T_DJ	-	-	0.15	UI p-p
Total jitter	T_TJ	-	-	0.3	UI p-p

This table defines the 10GBase-KR receiver AC timing specifications. RefClk jitter is not included.

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Table 110. 10GBase-KR receiver AC timing specifications <sup>3</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Receiver baud rate	R <sub>BAUD</sub>	10.3125 - 100 ppm	10.3125	10.3125 + 100 ppm	GBd	-
Total jitter	T J	-	-	1.0	UI p-p	1, 2
Random jitter	R J	-	-	0.13	UI p-p	1
Sinusoidal jitter, maximum	S <sub>J-max</sub>	-	-	0.115	UI p-p	1
Duty cycle distortion	D <sub>CD</sub>	-	-	0.035	UI p-p	1

- 1. The AC specifications do not include Refclk jitter.
- 2. The total applied Jitter Tj = ISI + Rj + DCD + Sj-max, where ISI is jitter due to frequency dependent loss.
- 3. TX equalization and amplitude tuning is through software for performance optimization, as in NXP provided SDKs.

### 3.23.12 25GAUI and 50GAUI-2

The IEEE Std 802.3-2015 100 Gb/s Attachment Unit Interface (CAUI-4) is intended for use as a chip-to-chip or a chip-to-module interface. The LX2162A supports 25GAUI (single lane @ 25.78125 GBaud) and 50GAUI-2 (2 lanes, each running @ 25.78125 GBaud).

#### 3.23.12.1 25GAUI/50GAUI-2 DC electrical characteristics

This table defines the 25GAUI/50GAUI-2 transmitter DC electrical characteristics.

Table 111. 25GAUI/50GAUI-2 transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Differential peak-to-peak output voltage	V <sub>TX-DIFF</sub>			1200.0	mV		
Differential peak-to-peak output voltage transmitter disabled	V <sub>TX-DIS-</sub>	0.0	-	30.0	mV		
DC common mode voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	0.0	-	1.9	V		
Output waveform steady state voltage	V f	0.4	-	0.6	V		
Output waveforem linear fit pulse peak	V <sub>P(k)</sub>	0.71 * V <sub>f</sub>	-	-	V		
Differential resistance	Z <sub>TX-DIFF-DC</sub>	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω		
For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.							

This table defines the 25GAUI/50GAUI-2 receiver DC electrical characteristics.

Table 112. 25GAUI/50GAUI-2 receiver DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit				
Differential resistance	Z <sub>RX-DIFF-DC</sub>	80.0	120.0	Ω				
For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.								

## 3.23.12.2 25GAUI/50GAUI-2 AC timing characteristics

This table defines the 25GAUI/50GAUI-2 transmitter AC timing specifications.

Table 113. 25GAUI/50GAUI-2 transmitter AC timing specifications 1,2

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter baud Rate	T <sub>BAUD</sub>	25.78125-100ppm	25.78125	25.78125+100ppm	Gb/s
AC common mode output voltage RMS	V <sub>CM</sub>	-	-	0.012	V
Bounded uncorrelated jitter	T <sub>BUJ</sub>			0.1	UI p-p
Even-odd jitter	T <sub>EOJ</sub>	-	-	0.035	UI
Total uncorrelated jitter	T <sub>TU J</sub>	-	-	0.26	UI p-p
Signal-to-noise-and-distortion ratio	SINAD	27.0	-	-	dB

<sup>1.</sup> See Figure 56.

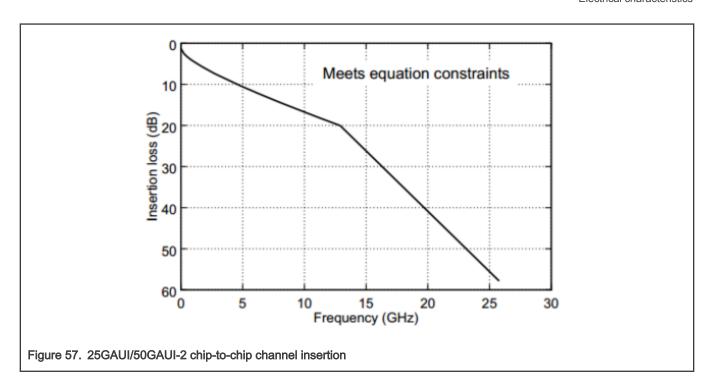
This figure shows the applied sinusoidal jitter tolerance of the 25GAUI/50GAUI-2 receiver.

Frequency range	Sinusoidal jitter, peak-to-peak (UI)
f<100 kHz	Not specified
100 kHz < f ≤ 10 MHz	5 × 10 <sup>5</sup> / f
10 MHz < f < 10 LB <sup>a</sup>	0.05

Figure 56. 25GAUI/50GAUI-2 receiver applied sinusoidal jitter

This figure provides the ISI channel loss profile.

<sup>2.</sup> See Figure 57.



## 3.23.13 USXGMII interface (USXGMII)

### 3.23.13.1 USXGMII DC electrical characteristics

This table defines the 10G-SXGMII transmitter DC electrical characteristics.

Table 114. 10G-SXGMII transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit			
Output differential voltage	V <sub>TX-DIFF</sub>	800.0	-	1200.0	mV			
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 1.14dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-1.14dB	0.6	1.1	1.6	dB			
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 3.5dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-3.5dB	3.0	3.5	4.0	dB			
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 4.66dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-4.66dB	4.1	4.6	5.1	dB			
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 6.0dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-6.0dB	5.5	6.0	6.5	dB			
De-emphasized differential output voltage (ratio at 9.5dB)	V <sub>TX-DE-</sub> RATIO-9.5dB	9.0	9.5	10.0	dB			
Differential resistance	T <sub>RD</sub>	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω			
1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.								

This table defines the 10G-SXGMIIreceiver DC electrical characteristics.

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Table 115. 10G-SXGMII receiver DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit			
Input differential voltage	V <sub>RX-DIFF</sub>	-	1200.0	mV			
Differential resistance	R <sub>RD</sub>	80.0	120.0	Ω			
1 For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions							

For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.

## 3.23.13.2 USXGMII AC timing characteristics

This table defines the 10G-SXGMIltransmitter AC timing specifications. RefClk jitter is not included.

Table 116. 10G-SXGMII transmitter AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Transmitter baud rate	T <sub>BAUD</sub>	10.3125 - 100 ppm	10.3125	10.3125 + 100 ppm	GBd
Uncorrelated high probability jitter/ Random Jitter	T <sub>UHPJ</sub> /T <sub>RJ</sub>	-	-	0.15	UI p-p
Deterministic jitter	DJ	-	-	0.15	UI p-p
Total jitter	Т	-	-	0.3	UI p-p

This table defines the 10G-SXGMIIreceiver AC timing specifications. RefClk jitter is not included.

Table 117. 10G-SXGMII receiver AC timing specifications 3

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Receiver baud rate	R <sub>BAUD</sub>	10.3125 - 100 ppm	10.3125	10.3125 + 100 ppm	GBd	-
Total jitter	T J	-	-	1.0	UI p-p	1, 2
Random jitter	RJ	-	-	0.13	UI p-p	1
Sinusoidal jitter, maximum	S <sub>J-max</sub>	-	-	0.115	UI p-p	1
Duty cycle distortion	D <sub>CD</sub>	-	-	0.035	UI p-p	1

<sup>1.</sup> The AC specifications do not include Refclk jitter.

## 3.23.14 XLAUI interface (XLAUI)

The XLAUI standard achieves 40 Gbps with four 10.3125 Gbps lanes.

<sup>2.</sup> The total applied Jitter Tj = ISI + Rj + DCD + Sj-max, where ISI is jitter due to frequency dependent loss.

<sup>3.</sup> TX equalization and amplitude tuning is through software for performance optimization, as in NXP provided SDKs.

### 3.23.14.1 XLAUI DC electrical characteristics

This table defines the XLAUI transmitter DC electrical characteristics. The parameters are specified at the transmitter compliance point per IEEE Std 802.3-2015.

Table 118. XLAUI transmitter DC electrical characteristics (SD\_OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Differential peak-to-peak output voltage	V <sub>TX-DIFF</sub>			760.0	mV p-	
De-emphasis		4.4	-	7.0	dB	
Differential resistance	Z <sub>TX-DIFF-DC</sub>	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ω	
For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.						

This table defines the XLAUI receiver DC electrical characteristics. The parameters are specified per IEEE 802.3-2015.

Table 119. XLAUI receiver DC electrical characteristics (SD\_SV <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Differential input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	85.0		850.0	mV p-	
Differential receive input impedance	V IN	80.0	100.0	120.0	Ohm	
1. For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.						

### 3.23.14.2 XLAUI AC timing characteristics

This table defines the XLAUItransmitter AC timing specifications. The parameters are specified per IEEE 802.3-2015. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 120. XLAUI transmitter AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Deterministic jitter eye mask (far end)	J <sub>D</sub>			0.17	UI p-p
Total jitter eye mask (far end)	J <sub>T</sub>	-	-	0.32	UI p-p
Transmitter baud rate	T <sub>BAUD</sub>	10.3125-100ppm	10.3125	10.3125+100ppm	Gb/s

This table defines the XLAUIreceiver AC timing specifications. The parameters are specified per IEEE 802.3-2015. The AC timing specifications do not include RefClk jitter.

Table 121. XLAUI receiver AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input AC common-mode voltage tolerance		20.0	-	-	RMS

Table 121. XLAUI receiver AC timing specifications (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Deterministic jitter tolerance	J <sub>D</sub>	0.42			UI p-p
Total jitter tolerance	J <sub>T</sub>	0.62	-		UI p-p
Bit error ratio	BER	-	10 -12	-	-
Receiver baud rate	R <sub>BAUD</sub>	10.3125-100ppm	10.3125	10.3125+100ppm	Gb/s

## 3.23.15 SerDes Recovered Clock Outputs

The RCLK[0:1] pins provide the recovered clocks from SerDes lanes running Ethernet protocols (SGMII 1G, XFI, USXGMII, 50GAUI-2, 25GAUI, and XLAUI) on SerDes 1 and SerDes 2.

#### 3.23.15.1 SerDes 1 and 2 receive recovered clocks DC electrical characteristics

This table provides the DC electrical characteristics for the recovered clock output.

Table 122. RCLK DC electrical characteristics (OV <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8V) <sup>1</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Output high voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.5 mA)	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.35	-	V	2
Output low voltage (OV <sub>DD</sub> = min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5 mA)	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	0.4	V	2

<sup>1.</sup> For recommended operating conditions, see Recommended Operating Conditions.

### 3.23.15.2 SerDes 1 and 2 receive recovered clocks AC timing characteristics

This table provides the AC electrical characteristics of the recovered clock output.

Table 123. RCLK AC timing specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
RCLK frequency	f <sub>RCLK</sub>	0.0	-	161.1328125	MHz	-
RCLK pulse width	t <sub>RCLKPW</sub>	40.0	50.0	60.0	%	-
LP filter < 1 MHz	TJ <sub>pk-pk</sub>	-	-	30	ps	1
RCLK peak-to-peak jitter	DJ <sub>pk-pk</sub>	-	-	10	ps	

<sup>1.</sup> Values listed for RCLK peak-to-peak jitter represent the jitter generation limits without any input data jitter or input PLL reference clock jitter. It is recommended that system designers use RCLK with an external jitter cleaning PLL when intending to use RCLK as a reference clock for the system. Jitter calculations for such a system should include the quoted RCLK

<sup>2.</sup> The symbol OV DD represents the recommended operating voltage of the supply referenced in Recommended Operating Conditions.

Table 123. RCLK AC timing specifications (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
	-		**			

peak-to-peak jitter, the system's SerDes PLL reference clock jitter, and the system's receiver input data jitter. Determination of both the SerDes PLL reference clock peak-to-peak jitter and the receiver peak-to-peak input data jitter should include the use of a low pass filter with a bandwidth of 1 MHz with a roll off of at least 20 dB per decade.

## 4 Hardware design considerations

## 4.1 Clock ranges

This table provides the clocking specifications for the processor core, coherency domain, platform, memory, and DCE.

Table 124. Processor, platform, and memory clocking specifications

Characteristic	· ·	ocessor core iency	Unit	Notes	
	2000	MHz			
	Min	Max			
Core cluster group PLL frequency	700	2000	MHz		
Core frequency	175	2000	MHz	1	
Coherency Domain frequency	1000	1300	MHz		
Platform clock frequency	500	650	MHz	1	
Memory bus clock	650	1450	MHz	1, 2	
Decompression/compression acceleration engine (DCE) frequency	300	400	MHz		

### Notes:

## 4.2 Platform clock requirements for Ethernet

This table shows the minimum platform clock frequency required to run Ethernet at different speeds.

Table 125. Platform clocking restrictions

Ethernet Speed	Platform clock requirement
10G	516 MHz
25G	645 MHz
40G	261 MHz
50G	350 MHz

<sup>1.</sup> **Caution:** The coherency domain clock to SYSCLK ratio and core to SYSCLK ratio settings must be chosen such that the resulting SYSCLK frequency, core frequency, coherency domain and platform clock frequency do not exceed their respective maximum or minimum operating frequencies.

<sup>2.</sup> The memory bus clock speed is half the DDR4 data rate.

## 4.3 Platform clock requirement for PCle

PCIe3 is capable of x8/x4/x2/1 and SR-IOV. PCIe1 and PCIe4 are capable of x4/x2/x1 and do not support SR-IOV.

This table shows the PCIe speed/width capability based on the platform clock. There is no speed/width limitation when the platform clock runs at 533 MHz or higher. If the platform clock is less than 533 MHz, PCIe3 will have limited speed or width.

Table 126. Platform clock requirement for the PCle controllers

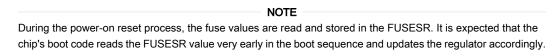
PCIe controllers	Platform clock requirement	Max speed, width
PCle3	533 MHz and higher	No limitation - Gen 3 rate at x8 width
	Less than 533 MHz	Gen 1/Gen 2 rate at x8 width or Gen 3 at x4 width
PCle1, PCle4	533 MHz and higher	No limitation - Gen 3 rate at x4 width
	Less than 533 MHz	

## 4.4 Power supply design

For additional details on the power supply design, see the applicable chip design checklist.

### 4.4.1 Voltage ID (VID) controllable supply

To guarantee performance and power specifications, a specific method of selecting the optimum voltage-level must be implemented when the chip is used. As part of the chip's boot process, software must read the VID efuse values stored in the Fuse Status register (FUSESR) and then configure the external voltage regulator based on this information. This method requires a point of load voltage regulator for each chip.



The default voltage regulator setting that is safe for the system to boot is the recommended operating  $V_{DD}$  at boot of 0.850 V. It is highly recommended to select a regulator with a Vout range of at least 0.7 V to 0.9 V, with a resolution of 12.5 mV or better, when implementing a VID solution.

The table below lists the valid VID efuse values that will be programmed at the factory for this chip.

Table 127. Fuse Status Register (DCFG\_CCSR\_FUSESR)

Binary value of DA_V / DA_ALT_V	V <sub>DD</sub> voltage
00000	default (0.850 V)
00010	0.775 V
10000	0.800 V
10010	0.825 V
10100	0.850 V
All other values	Reserved

For additional information on VID, see the chip reference manual.

## 5 Thermal

This table shows the thermal rating for the chip.

Table 128. Package thermal characteristics

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit	Notes
Junction to case thermal resistance	R <sub>OJC</sub>	0.45	°C/W	1

#### Notes:

1. Junction-to-Case thermal resistance is determined using an isothermal cold plate heat extraction through the top side of the package. Case temperature is the surface temperature at the package lid's geometric centre.

### 5.1 Recommended thermal model

Information about Flotherm models of the package or thermal data not available in this document can be obtained from your local NXP sales office.

## 5.2 Temperature diode

The chip has temperature diodes that can be used to monitor its temperature by using an external temperature monitoring device (such as NXP SA56004x).

The following are the specifications of the chip's on-board temperature diodes:

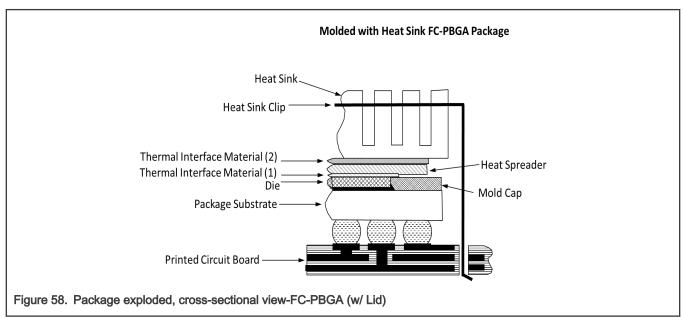
Operating range: 14 - 240 µA

The ideality factor over temperature range  $85C^{\circ}$  to  $105C^{\circ}$ , n =  $1.022 \pm 0.003$ , with approximate error +/-  $1.5 C^{\circ}$  and approximate error under +/-  $3 C^{\circ}$  for temperature range  $0 C^{\circ}$  to  $85C^{\circ}$  and  $105 C^{\circ}$  to  $125C^{\circ}$ .

## 5.3 Thermal management information

This section provides thermal management information for the flip-chip, plastic-ball, grid array (FC-PBGA) package for air-cooled applications. Proper thermal control design is primarily dependent on the system-level design-the heat sink, airflow, and thermal interface material.

The recommended attachment method to the heat sink is illustrated in Figure 58. The heat sink should be attached to the printed-circuit board with the spring force centered over the lid. This spring force should not exceed 47 pounds force (209 Newton).



The system board designer can choose between several types of heat sinks to place on the device. There are several commercially-available thermal interfaces to choose from in the industry. Ultimately, the final selection of an appropriate heat sink depends on many factors, such as thermal performance at a given air velocity, spatial volume, mass, attachment method, assembly, and cost.

### 5.3.1 Thermal interface materials

A thermal interface material is required at the package-to-heat sink interface to minimize the thermal contact resistance. The performance of thermal interface materials improves with increasing contact pressure; this performance characteristic chart is generally provided by the thermal interface vendor. The recommended method of mounting heat sinks on the package is by means of a spring clip attachment to the printed-circuit board (see Figure 58).

The system board designer can choose among several types of commercially available thermal interface materials.

## 6 Package information

## 6.1 Package parameters for the FC-PBGA

The package parameters are as provided in the following list.

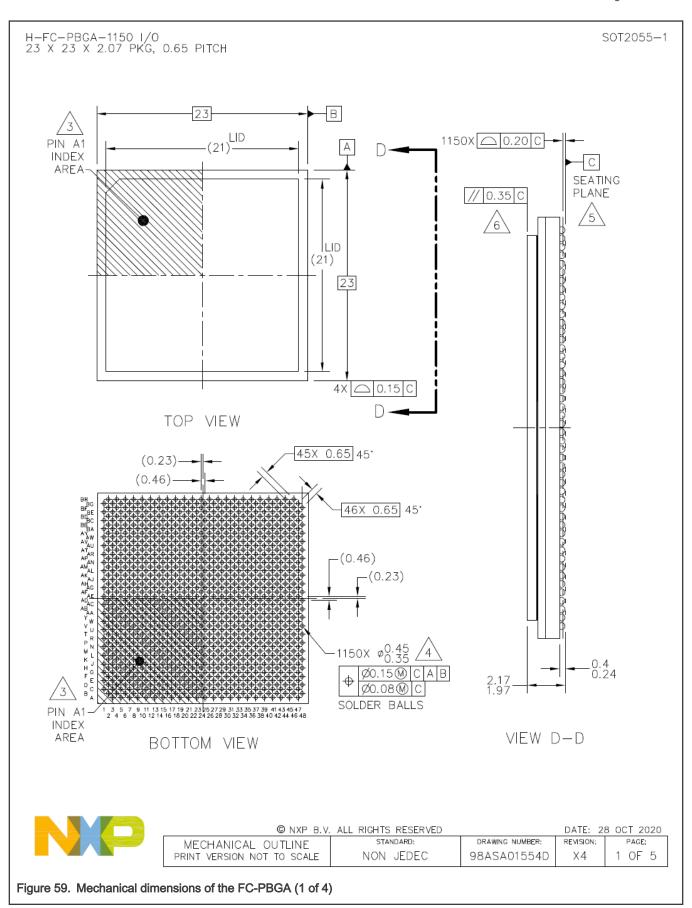
Package: 1150 I/O, 23 x 23 x 2.07 mm, lidded FC-PBGA

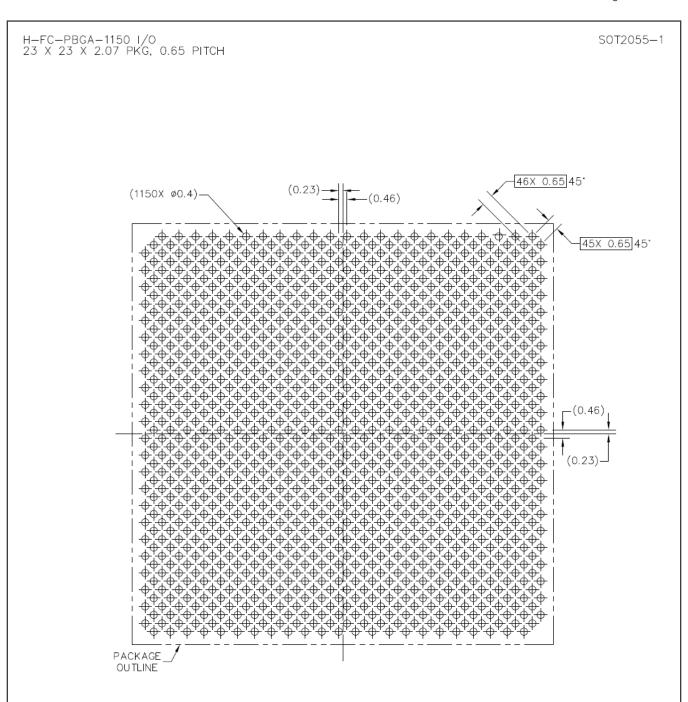
BGA pitch: 0.65 mm checkerboard grid
Case outline number: 98ASA01554D

## 6.2 Mechanical dimensions of the FC-PBGA

These figures show the mechanical dimensions and bottom surface nomenclature of the chip.

Data Sheet: Technical Data 169 / 177





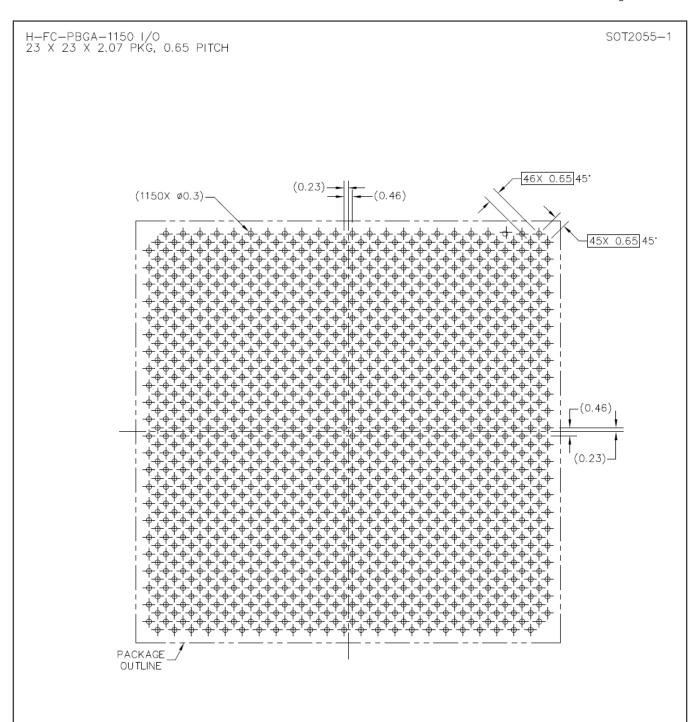
### PCB DESIGN GUIDELINES - SOLDER MASK OPENING PATTERN

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PRINT VERSION NOT TO SCALE	NON JEDEC	98ASA01554D	X4	2

Figure 60. Mechanical dimensions of the FC-PBGA (2 of 4)



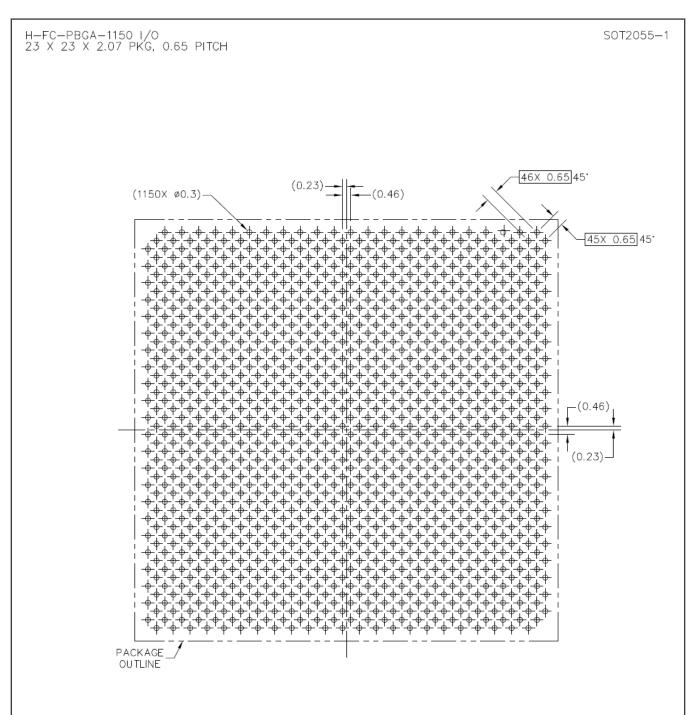
## PCB DESIGN GUIDELINES - I/O PADS AND SOLDERABLE AREA

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Figure 61. Mechanical dimensions of the FC-PBGA (3 of 4)



RECOMMENDED STENCIL THICKNESS 0.1 MM

### PCB DESIGN GUIDELINES - SOLDER PASTE STENCIL

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Figure 62. Mechanical dimensions of the FC-PBGA (4 of 4)

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#### NOTES:

ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS.

DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.

3.

PIN A1 FEATURE SHAPE, SIZE AND LOCATION MAY VARY.



MAXIMUM SOLDER BALL DIAMETER MEASURED PARALLEL TO DATUM C.



DATUM C, THE SEATING PLANE, IS DETERMINED BY THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE SOLDER BALLS.



PARALLELISM MEASUREMENT SHALL EXCLUDE ANY EFFECT OF MARK ON TOP SURFACE OF PACKAGE.

7. LID OVERHANG ON SUBSTRATE NOT ALLOWED.

## 7 Security fuse processor

This chip implements the QorlQ platform's trust architecture, supporting capabilities such as secure boot. Use of the trust architecture features is dependent on programming fuses in the Security Fuse Processor (SFP). The details of the trust architecture and SFP can be found in the chip reference manual.

To program SFP fuses, the user is required to supply 1.80 V to the TA\_PROG\_SFP pin per Power sequencing. TA\_PROG\_SFP should only be powered for the duration of the fuse programming cycle, with a per device limit of two fuse programming cycles. All other times TA\_PROG\_SFP should be connected to GND. The sequencing requirements for raising and lowering TA\_PROG\_SFP are shown in Figure 7. To ensure device reliability, fuse programming must be performed within the recommended fuse programming temperature range per Recommended Operating Conditions.

NOTE

Users not implementing the QorlQ platform's trust architecture features should connect TA\_PROG\_SFP to GND.

# 8 Ordering information

Contact your local NXP sales office or regional marketing team for order information.

## 8.1 Part numbering nomenclature

This table provides the NXP Layerscape platform part numbering nomenclature.

Table 129. Part numbering nomenclature

Process Generation	Tier	Number of Cores	Derivative	Temp Range	Enabled Options	Package Type	CPU Frequency, DDR Data Rate	Die Revision
LX = 16FFC production PLX = 16FFC prototype	2 = mid	08 = 8 12 = 12 16 = 16	2 = small package version	P = Prototype R = Indoor specification	C = SEC enabled, CAN- FD enabled E = SEC enabled, CAN 2.0b enabled (no CAN-FD support) N = SEC disabled, CAN 2.0b enabled (no CAN-FD support)	8 = 23x23mm FC PBGA pb- free C4/C5	2029 = 2000 MHz, 2900 MT/s	B = Rev 2.0

# 8.2 Part marking

Parts are marked as in the example shown in this figure.

# NXP LX2162XXXXXXXXX AWLYYWW

## MMMMM CCCCC YWWLAZ

### FC-PBGA

#### Legend:

LX2162XXXXXXXXX is the part marking on the die.
AWLYYWW is the test traceability code.
MMMMM is the mask number.
CCCCC is the country code.
YWWLAZ is the assembly traceability code.

Figure 63. Part marking for FC-PBGA chip

# 9 Revision history

This table summarizes revisions to this document.

Table 130. Revision history

Revision	Date	Description
0	02/2021	Initial release

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