

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No.2015/830

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Savo WC Cleaner Ocean / Domestos Aktiv Kraft WC gel ocean fresh

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Savo WC Cleaner Ocean / Domestos Aktiv Kraft WC gel ocean

fresh

Product code : 8947002

Product description : Toilet Rim Gel
Product type : liquid

Other means of identification : Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Industrial uses Consumer uses Professional uses

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Unilever UK Limited Springfield Drive KT22 7GR Surrey, Leatherhead UNITED KINGDOM

e-mail address of person : unileversds@unileverconsumerlink.co.uk responsible for this SDS

National contact

Not available.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center

Telephone number Not applicable in United Kingdom and Ireland

Supplier

Telephone number 0800 776646/Eire 1850 388 399

Hours of operation

Information limitations Not available.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Met. Corr. 1 H290 Skin Corr./Irrit. 1 H314 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown toxicity Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown

toxicity: 0 %

Ingredients of unknown

ecotoxicity

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown

hazards to the aquatic environment: 0 %

Physical/chemical hazards Not applicable.

Human health hazards Irritating to eyes and skin.

Environmental hazards Not applicable.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Hazard statements May be corrosive to metals.

> Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention P234 Keep only in original container.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P303 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Response

P361 Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

P353 Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305 IF IN EYES:

P351 Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

P338 Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of used up container in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Hydrogen Peroxide

Sulfamic Acid

Supplemental label elements Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings Tactile warning of danger

Yes, applicable.

Yes, applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
PEG-2 Hydrogenated Tallow Amine	RRN: 01- 2119970166-34 EC:291-276-3 CAS: 61791-26- 2 Index:	>=1 - <3	Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319 AquaticAcute 1, H400 M: 10 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M: 1	[1]

PEG-2 Cocamine	RRN: 01- 2119957489-17 EC:263-163-9 CAS: 61791-14- 8 Index:	>=0.3 - <1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr./Irrit. 1C, H314 Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318 AquaticAcute 1, H400 M: 10 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M: 10	[1]
Hydrogen Peroxide	RRN: 01- 2119485845-22 EC:231-765-0 CAS: 7722-84-1 Index:008-003- 00-9	>=1 - <3	Ox. Liq. 1, H271 70 - 100 % Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr./Irrit. 1A, H314 70 - 100 % Acute Tox. 4, H332 Ox. Liq. 2, H272 50 - 70 % Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B, H314 50 - 70 % Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318 8 - 50 % Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319 5 - 8 % Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315 35 - 50 % STOT SE 3, H335 35 - 100 %	[1][2]
Sulfamic Acid	RRN: 01- 2119846728-23 EC:226-218-8 CAS: 5329-14-6 Index:016-026- 00-0	>=3 - <5	Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8. For confidentiality reasons, the levels of components listed in Section 3 are given in percentage bands. The bandings do not reflect potential variation in composition of this formulation, but are used simply to mask the exact component levels, which we consider to be proprietary information. The classification given in Section 2 and 15 reflects the exact composition of this mixture

* exempted according to REACH Art. 2(7) and Annex V; Each starting material of the ionic mixture is registered, if required

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or

physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or

physician. Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus.\'20 If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie,

belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or

physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes

thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or

physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to

and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain

watering redness

Inhalation No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Ingestion**

stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products No specific data.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for

fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

For non-emergency personnel

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.\'20 Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection

for chemical incidents.

Additional information Not available.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk

For emergency responders

through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows.\'20 Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can

Advice on general occupational hygiene

be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.\'20 Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso III Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic 2	200 t	500 t

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific

solutions

Not available.
Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Hydrogen Peroxide	EU. Commission Directive 2009/161/EU establishing a third list of
	indicative occupational exposure limit values(01/08/2007) Time-
	weighted average - Measured or calculated in relation to a reference
	period of eight hours. 1.4 mg/m3
	UK. Health and Safety Commission, EH 40, Workplace exposure
	limits(1997-01-01) Short Term Exposure Limit value for a 15-minute
	reference period expressed in parts per million or in mg/m3. 2.8
	mg/m3, 2 ppm
	UK. Health and Safety Commission, EH 40, Workplace exposure
	limits(1997-01-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 1.4 mg/m3, 1
	ppm

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective

equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following:\'20 European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy)\'20 European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents)\'20 European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNEL/DMEL Summary

Not available.

PNEC Summary

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.\'20 Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. For prolonged or repeated handling, use Latex gloves.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying

with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.\'20 Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.\'20 In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid
Color : blue
Odor : perfumed
Odor threshold : Not available.

PH : <1 [Conc. (% w/w): 1,000 g/l]

Melting point/freezing point : Not available. **Initial boiling point and boiling** : Not available.

range

Flash point : Not available.
Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Density : Not available
Bulk density : Not available
Burning time : Not available.
Burning rate : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or : Lower: Not available. **explosive limits Upper:** Not available.

Vapor pressureNot available.Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.Solubility(ies)Not available.Solubility in waterNot available.Partition coefficient: n-Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: 220.000 mPa.s

Kinematic: Not available.

Explosive properties : Not available. **Oxidizing properties** : Not available.

9.2 Other information

SADT : Not available

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Not available Heat of combustion : Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions

will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air.

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

alkalis metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hydrogen Peroxide				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 2,000 mg/kg	-
Sulfamic Acid				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3,160 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Very low toxicity to humans or animals.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	25,000 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
PEG-2 Hydrogenated	Eyes -	Rabbit			-
Tallow Amine	Moderate				
	irritant				
	Eyes -	Rabbit			-
	Severe				
	irritant				
Hydrogen Peroxide	Eyes -	Rabbit			-
	Severe				
	irritant				
Sulfamic Acid	Eyes -	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Severe				
	irritant				
	Skin - Mild	Human		120 hrs	-
	irritant				

Skin -	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
Severe			
irritant			
Eyes -	Rabbit		-
Moderate			
irritant			

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eyes : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory : Considered to be of low irritating potential for inhalation. Contains

a substance that may cause irritation by inhalation, but is below

threshold for classification.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : No sensitization studies have been performed on the mixture.

Based on the composition as indicated in section 3, it's not likely

that the mixture will cause sensitisation by skin contact

Respiratory: No inhalation irritancy studies have been performed on the

mixture. Based on the composition as indicated in section 3, it is not likely that this mixture will cause irritation of the respiratory

tract.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : No additional remark.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrogen Peroxide	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes

of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available. **Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not available.Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Very low toxicity to humans or animals.

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure		
PEG-2 Hydrogenated Tallow Amine					
	Acute LC50 1 mg/l	Fish - Zebra danio	96 h		
	Acute EC50 1 mg/l	Aquatic plants -	72 h		
		Aquatic plants			
Hydrogen Peroxide					

	Acute LC50 30 mg/l	Fish - Catfish Order	96 h
	Fresh water		
	Acute LC50 150 mg/l	Fish - Bluegill	96 h
	Fresh water		
	Acute LC50 93 mg/l	Fish - Rainbow	96 h
	Fresh water	trout,donaldson trout	
	Acute EC50 2,320 μg/l	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	Fresh water	Water flea	
	Acute EC50 24 mg/l	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	Fresh water	Water flea	
	Acute EC50 1.2 mg/l	Aquatic plants - Green	72 h
	Marine water	algae	
	Acute EC50 5.38 mg/l	Aquatic plants - Green	96 h
	Fresh water	algae	
	Acute EC50 5.53 mg/l	Aquatic plants - Green	72 h
	Fresh water	algae	
	Acute EC50 5.74 mg/l	Aquatic plants - Green	72 h
	Fresh water	algae	
	Acute EC50 5.74 mg/l	Aquatic plants - Green	96 h
	Fresh water	algae	
	Acute EC50 5.81 mg/l	Aquatic plants - Green	3 d
	Fresh water	algae	
	Acute EC50 6.49 mg/l	Aquatic plants - Green	4 d
	Fresh water	algae	
Sulfamic Acid			
	Acute LC50 14,200	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	μg/l Fresh water		
	Acute LC50 70,300	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	μg/l Fresh water		
HHC/SLC/RIODJ/OCEAN			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Toxic to aquatic life with	long lasting effects.	
invertebrates.:			

Conclusion/Summary

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

The surfactants used in this mixture are readily biodegradable., The surfactant(s) contained in this preparation complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hydrogen Peroxide	-1.36	-	low
Sulfamic Acid	0.101	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Not available.

Mobility : Mixture is highly soluble

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : P: Not available.

B: Not available. T: Not available.

vPvB vP: Not available.

vB: Not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible.\'20 Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.\'20 Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction

compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a

hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3264	UN3264	UN3264	UN3264
14.2 UN proper	CORROSIVE	CORROSIVE	CORROSIVE	CORROSIVE
shipping name	LIQUID, ACIDIC	LIQUID, ACIDIC	LIQUID, ACIDIC	LIQUID, ACIDIC
	INORGANIC	INORGANIC	INORGANIC	INORGANIC
	N.O.S (Sulphamic	N.O.S (Sulphamic	N.O.S (Sulphamic	N.O.S (Sulphamic
	acid, hydrogen	acid, hydrogen	acid, hydrogen	acid, hydrogen
	peroxide)	peroxide)	peroxide)	peroxide)

14.3 Transport				
hazard class(es)	Class 8: Corrosive	Class 8: Corrosive	Class 8: Corrosive	Class 8: Corrosive
	substances.	substances.	substances.	substances.
14.4 Packing	III	III	III	III
group				
14.5.	No.	No.	No.	Not regulated.
Environmental				
hazards				
Additional	Tunnel code: (E)		Emergency	
information			schedules (EmS): F-	
			A, S-B	

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.'

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Not determined.

Not listed

Not listed

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV: None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern: None of the components are listed.

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory

Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Air

Integrated pollution prevention

and control list (IPPC) - Water

Aerosol dispensers Not applicable.

Seveso III Directive

Danger criteria

Category

E2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic 2

National regulations

Remark No additional remark.

International regulations

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule III Chemicals

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

AISE = Association Internationale de la Savonnerie, de la Détergence et des Produits d'Entretien, International Association

for Soaps, Detergents and Maintenance Products'

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation

[Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and

sources for data

Evaluation method used for mixture classification: Calculation

method.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Met. Corr. 1, H290	On basis of test data	
Skin Corr./Irrit. 1, H314	On basis of test data	
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eve damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Ox. Liq. 1, H271: OXIDIZING LIQUIDS - Category 1

Met. Corr. 1, H290: CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 Acute Tox. 4, H302: ACUTE TOXICITY: oral - Category 4

Skin Corr./Irrit. 1, H314: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 Skin Corr./Irrit. 1A, H314: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A Skin Corr./Irrit. 1C, H314: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION -

Category 1

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Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION -

Category 2

Acute Tox. 4, H332: ACUTE TOXICITY: inhalation - Category 4 STOT SE 3, H335: SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

EXPOSURE) [Respiratory tract irritation] - Category 3

Aquatic Acute 1, H400: AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410: AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411: AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412: AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

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