

## High capacity PhotoMOS Relay. (Load current Max. 0.5A) 1 Form B.

## Power PhotoMOS (AQZ404)

### FEATURES

#### 1. High capacity

A maximum 0.5A load can be controlled with a 5 mA input current. The ON resistance is low at  $2.8\Omega$  (typ.).

#### 2. 1 Form B

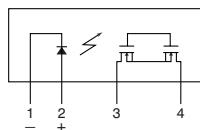
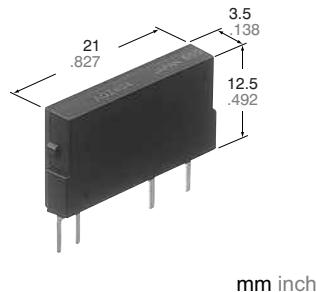
This has been realized thanks to the built-in MOSFET processed by our proprietary method, DSD (Double-diffused and Selective Doping) method.

#### 3. Compact slim-type 4-pin SIL

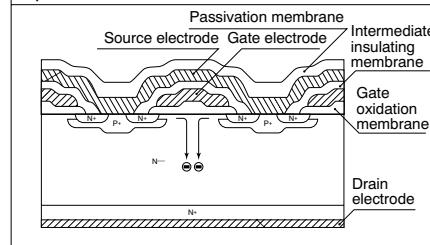
(W)3.5×(D)21.0×(H)12.5 mm

(W).138×(D).827×(H).492 inchx

The compact size of the 4-pin SIL package allows high density mounting.



Cross section of the normally-closed type of power MOS



### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Railroad, traffic signals
- Measurement instruments
- Testing equipment

### TYPES

#### AC/DC type

Output rating*		Part No.	Packing quantity	
Load voltage	Load current		Inner carton	Outer carton
400 V	0.5 A	AQZ404	25 pcs	500 pcs

### RATING

1) Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item		Symbol	AQZ404	Remarks
Input	LED forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	50 mA	
	LED reverse voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5 V	
	Peak forward current	I <sub>FP</sub>	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%
	Power dissipation	P <sub>in</sub>	75 mW	
Output	Load voltage (Peak AC)	V <sub>L</sub>	400 V	
	Continuous load current (Peak AC)	I <sub>L</sub>	0.5 A	
	Peak load current	I <sub>peak</sub>	1.5 A	100 ms (1 shot), V <sub>L</sub> = DC
	Power dissipation	P <sub>out</sub>	1.6 W	
Total power dissipation		P <sub>T</sub>	1.6 W	
I/O isolation voltage		V <sub>Iso</sub>	2,500 V AC	
Temperature limits	Operating	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures
	Storage	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F	

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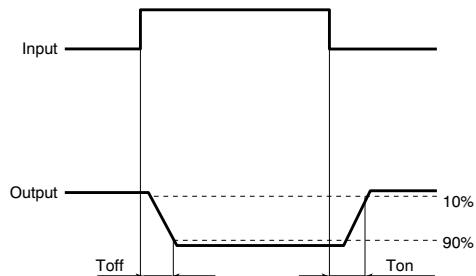
2) Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item			Symbol	AQZ404	Condition	
Input	LED operate (OFF) current		I <sub>Foff</sub>	1.0 mA	I <sub>L</sub> = 100 mA V <sub>L</sub> = 10 V	
				3.0 mA		
Output	LED reverse (ON) current		I <sub>Fon</sub>	0.4 mA	I <sub>L</sub> = 100 mA V <sub>L</sub> = 10 V	
				0.9 mA		
Transfer characteristics	LED dropout voltage		V <sub>F</sub>	1.25 V (1.16 V at I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA)	I <sub>F</sub> = 50 mA	
				1.5 V		
	On resistance		R <sub>on</sub>	2.8 Ω	I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA I <sub>L</sub> = Max. Within 1 s on time	
				4.0 Ω		
Off state leakage current			I <sub>Leak</sub>	10 μA	I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA V <sub>L</sub> = Max.	
Switching speed	Operating (OFF) time*	Typical Maximum	T <sub>off</sub>	3.9 ms	I <sub>F</sub> = 0 → 10 mA I <sub>L</sub> = 100 mA V <sub>L</sub> = 10 V	
				7.5 ms		
				9.4 ms	I <sub>F</sub> = 0 → 5 mA I <sub>L</sub> = 100 mA V <sub>L</sub> = 10 V	
				15 ms		
	Reverse (ON) time*	Typical Maximum	T <sub>on</sub>	0.8 ms	I <sub>F</sub> = 5 mA → 0 or 10 mA → 0 I <sub>L</sub> = 100 mA V <sub>L</sub> = 10 V	
				3.0 ms		
	I/O capacitance		C <sub>so</sub>	0.8 pF	f = 1 MHz V <sub>B</sub> = 0 V	
				1.5 pF		
Initial I/O isolation resistance			R <sub>iso</sub>	1,000 MΩ	500 V DC	
Maximum operating frequency			—	0.5 cps	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA Duty factor = 50% I <sub>L</sub> =Max., V <sub>L</sub> =Max.	

Note: Recommendable LED forward current I<sub>F</sub> = 5 to 10 mA.

Type of connection

\*Operate/Reverse time

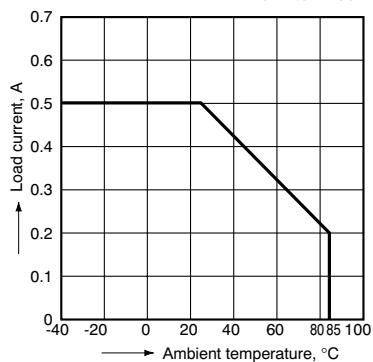


- Dimensions
- Schematic and Wiring Diagrams
- Cautions for Use

## REFERENCE DATA

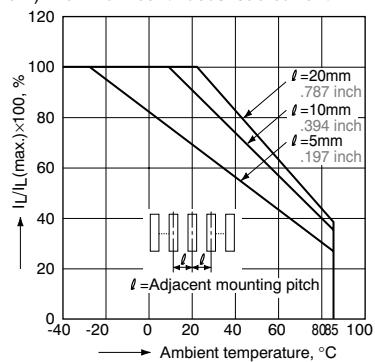
### 1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C  
-40°F to +185°F



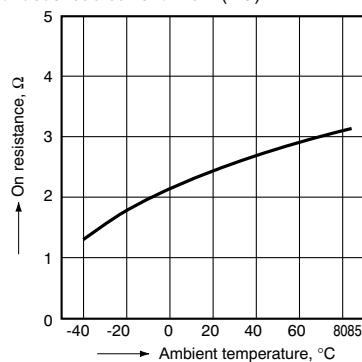
### 2. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics in adjacent mounting

I<sub>L</sub>: Load current;  
I<sub>L</sub>(max.): Maximum continuous load current



### 3. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

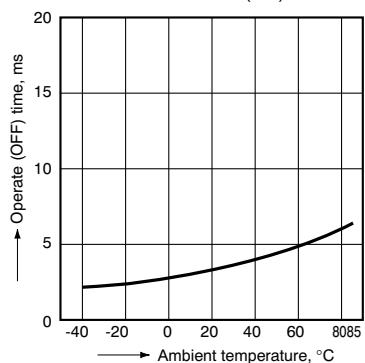
LED current: 0 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC)  
Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



# Power PhotoMOS (AQZ404)

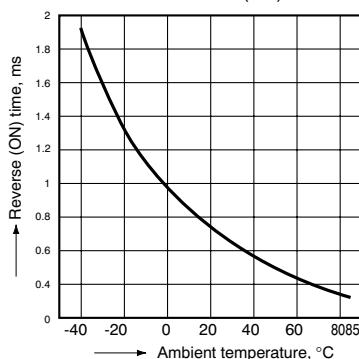
## 4. Operate (OFF) time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 10 mA; Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



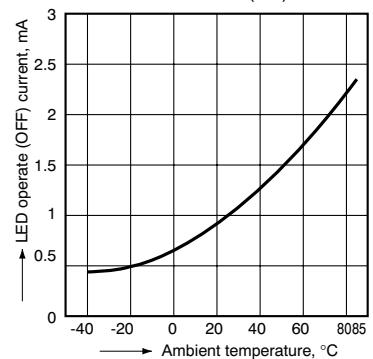
## 5. Reverse (ON) time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 10 mA; Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



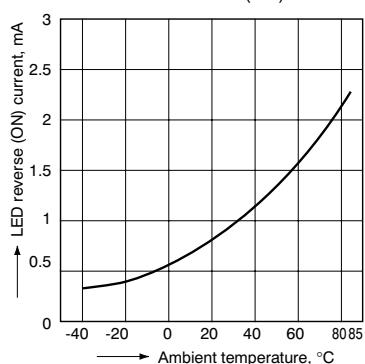
## 6. LED operate (OFF) current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



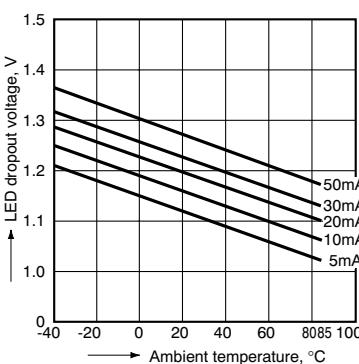
## 7. LED reverse (ON) current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



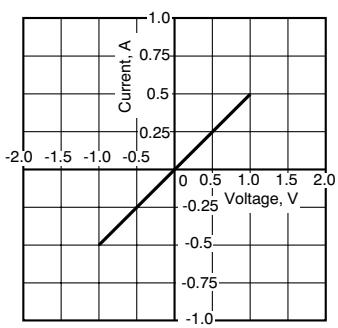
## 8. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Sample: all types; LED current: 5 to 50 mA



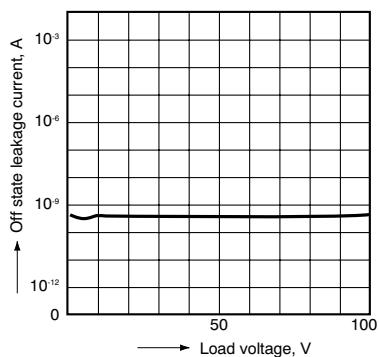
## 9. Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



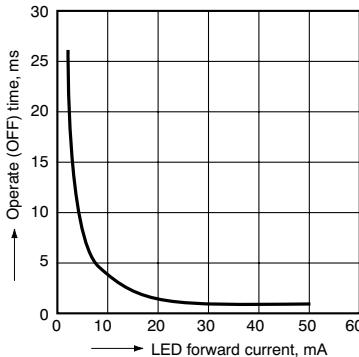
## 10. Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



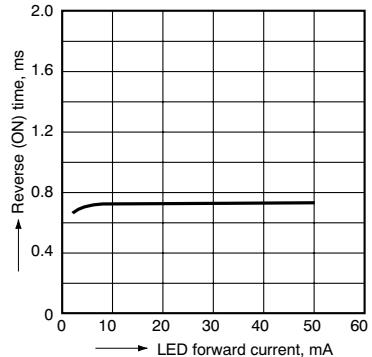
## 11. Operate (OFF) time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



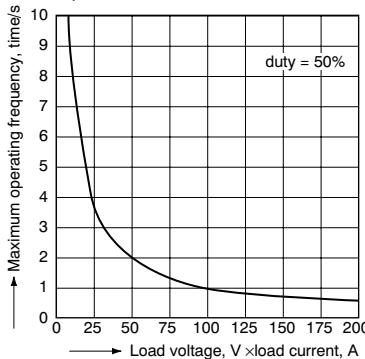
## 12. Reverse (ON) time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



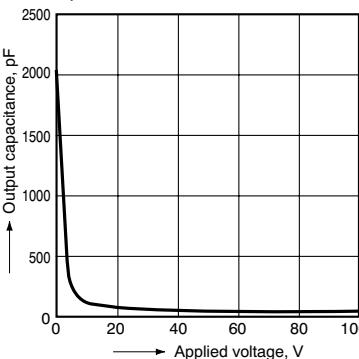
## 13. Maximum operating frequency vs. load voltage/current characteristics

LED current: 10 mA; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



## 14. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Frequency: 1 MHz; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



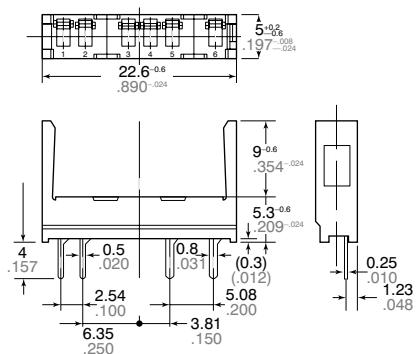
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## ACCESSORY

mm inch

### Socket

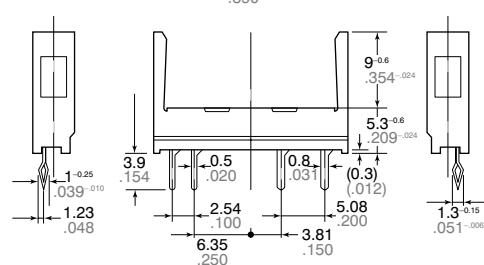
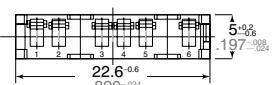
Standard type



PA1a-PS

General Tolerance:  $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

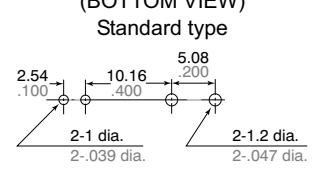
Self clinching type



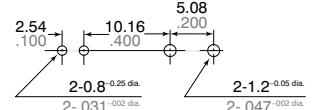
PA1a-PS-H

General Tolerance:  $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.012$

PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW) Standard type



Self clinching type



Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1 \pm 0.004$