

## Power line chokes

Current-compensated E core double chokes  
250 V AC, 0.3 ... 1.8 A, 3.3 ... 100 mH, +40 °C

**Series/Type:** B82731T

**Date:** July 2012




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**Current-compensated E core double chokes**
**Rated voltage 250 V AC**
**Rated current 0.3 ... 1.8 A**
**Rated inductance 3.3 ... 100 mH**
**Construction**

- Current-compensated double choke
- Closed E ferrite core
- Closed PET coil former with 4 sections (UL 94 V-0)
- Without encapsulation
- 4-section winding
- Clearances > 2.5 mm, creepage distances > 3 mm


**Features**

- High resonance frequency due to 2-section winding
- High pulse strength
- Low whirring noise
- Approx. 2% stray inductance for symmetrical interference suppression
- Suitable for wave soldering
- Design complies with EN 60938-2 (VDE 0565-2) and UL 1283
- UL and ENEC (VDE) approvals   
- RoHS-compatible

**Applications**

- Suppression of common-mode interferences
- Electronic ballasts for lamps
- Switch-mode power supplies for consumer electronics

**Terminals**

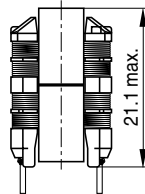
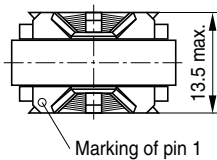
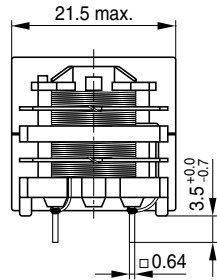
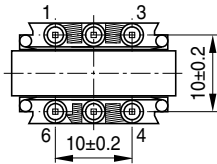
- Pins 0.64 × 0.64 (mm)
- Lead spacing 10 × 10 (mm)

**Marking**

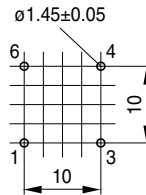
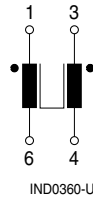
Manufacturer, rated current, rated inductance, approvals, pin 1 marking, ordering code, date of manufacture (YYWW), production place

**Delivery mode**

Blister tray in cardboard box

**Dimensional drawing and pin configuration**


IND0359-Z-E


 Recommended hole arrangement  
(view in mounting direction)

IND0361-L-E

Tolerances to ISO 2768-C unless otherwise noted.  
Dimensions in mm



**Technical data and measuring conditions**

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Rated voltage $V_R$                              | 250 V AC (50/60 Hz)   |
| Test voltage $V_{\text{test}}$                   | 1500 V AC, 2 s (line/line)  |
| Rated temperature $T_R$                          | +40 °C  |
| Rated current $I_R$                              | Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature   |
| Rated inductance $L_R$                           | Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 0.1 mA, +20 °C<br>Inductance is specified per winding.                 |
| Inductance tolerance                             | -30/+50% at +20 °C  |
| Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$               | < 10% at DC magnetic bias with $I_R$ , +20 °C   |
| Stray inductance $L_{\text{stray,typ}}$          | Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 5 mA, +20 °C,<br>typical values  |
| DC resistance $R_{\text{typ}}$                   | Measured at +20 °C, typical values, specified per winding   |
| Solderability (lead-free)                        | Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: +(245 ±5) °C, (3 ±0.3) s<br>Wetting of soldering area ≥ 95%<br>(to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta) |
| Resistance to soldering heat<br>(wave soldering) | +(260 ±5) °C, (10 ±1) s<br>(to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)   |
| Climatic category                                | 40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)  |
| Storage conditions (packaged)                    | -25 °C ... +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH   |
| Weight   | Approx. 15 g  |
| Approvals  | EN 60938-2, UL 1283   |

**Characteristics and ordering codes**

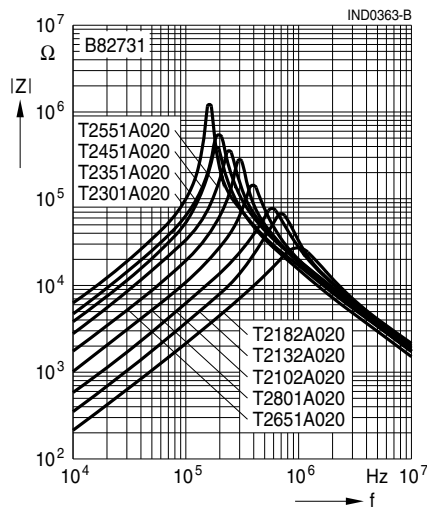
| $I_R$<br>A | $L_R$<br>mH | $L_{\text{stray,typ}}$<br>$\mu\text{H}$ | $R_{\text{typ}}$<br>$\text{m}\Omega$ | Ordering code   | Approvals |   |
|------------|-------------|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|
|            |             |   |                                      |                 |           |   |
| 0.30       | 100         | 2000                                    | 6600                                 | B82731T2301A020 | ×         | × |
| 0.35       | 68          | 1300                                    | 4400                                 | B82731T2351A020 | ×         | × |
| 0.45       | 47          | 950                                     | 2800                                 | B82731T2451A020 | ×         | × |
| 0.55       | 39          | 800                                     | 2200                                 | B82731T2551A020 | ×         | × |
| 0.65       | 27          | 550                                     | 1600                                 | B82731T2651A020 | ×         | × |
| 0.8        | 15          | 300                                     | 950                                  | B82731T2801A020 | ×         | × |
| 1.0        | 10          | 200                                     | 630                                  | B82731T2102A020 | ×         | × |
| 1.3        | 6.8         | 140                                     | 370                                  | B82731T2132A020 | ×         | × |
| 1.8        | 3.3         | 65                                      | 200                                  | B82731T2182A020 | ×         | × |

× = approval granted

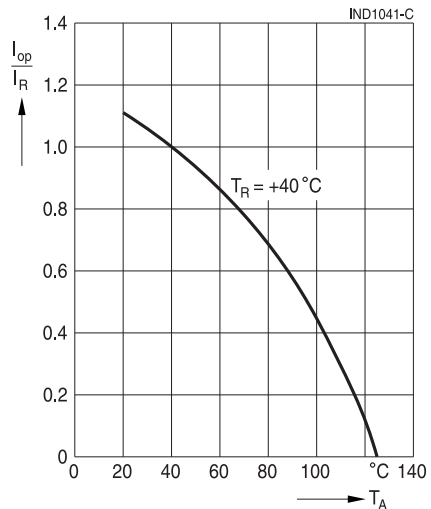
Sample kit available. Ordering code: B82731X002

For more information refer to chapter “Sample kits”.

**Impedance  $|Z|$  versus frequency  $f$**   
measured with windings in parallel at +20 °C  
typical values



**Current derating  $I_{\text{op}}/I_R$**   
**versus ambient temperature  $T_A$**



## Cautions and warnings

### Current-compensated ring core double chokes

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
  - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there. Derating must be applied in case the ambient temperature in the application exceeds the rated temperature of the component.
  - Ensure the operation temperature (which is the sum of the ambient temperature and the temperature rise caused by losses / self-heating) of the component in the application does not exceed the maximum value specified in the climatic category.
  - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.  
Washing processes may damage the product due to the possible static or cyclic mechanical loads (e.g. ultrasonic cleaning). They may cause cracks to develop on the product and its parts, which might lead to reduced reliability or lifetime.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
  - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
  - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
  - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

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